

Assignment-2

Q.1

$$\text{Total initial wet mass} \rightarrow M_i = M_{\text{prop}} + M_{\text{rocket}} + M_{\text{pay}}$$

$$M_{\text{prop}} = M_{\text{fuel}} + M_{\text{oxi}}$$

$$M_{\text{prop}} = x M_i$$

$$\Delta v = I_{sp} g_0 \cdot \ln \left[\frac{M_i}{M_i - M_{\text{prop}}} \right] = I_{sp} g_0 \cdot \ln \left[\frac{M_i}{M_i - x M_i} \right]$$

$$\Delta v = I_{sp} g_0 \cdot \ln \left[\frac{1}{1-x} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 1-x = e^{-(\Delta v / I_{sp} g_0)}$$

$$\therefore x = 1 - e^{-(\Delta v / I_{sp} g_0)}$$

$$\Delta v = 7.6 \text{ km/s} = 7600 \text{ m/s} \quad I_{sp} = 400 \text{ s}$$

$$g_0 = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\Delta v}{I_{sp} g_0} = \frac{7600}{400 \times 9.8} = \frac{190}{98} = 1.938$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 - e^{-1.938} = 1 - 0.143 = 0.857$$

$$\therefore \boxed{x = 0.857} \rightarrow \text{fraction of } M_i, M_{\text{prop}} \text{ should be.}$$

Q.2

$$F_{\text{thrust}} = -c \frac{dm}{dt}$$

$$n = \frac{F_{\text{thrust}}}{m_0 g} \quad u = \frac{m(t)}{m_0}$$

$$I_{sp} = \frac{F_{\text{thrust}}}{g_0 \frac{dm}{dt}} = \frac{-c}{g_0} \rightarrow \boxed{I_{sp} g_0 = -c}$$

$$\Delta v = I_{sp} g_0 \ln \left(\frac{m_0}{m_f} \right) = -c \ln \left(\frac{m_0}{m_f} \right)$$

$$-c \frac{dm}{dt} = n m_0 g \rightarrow -c dm = n m_0 g \int dt$$

$$F_{\text{thrust}} = m \frac{dv}{dt} = -c \frac{dm}{m(t) dt} \Rightarrow v \frac{dv}{dx} = \frac{dm}{m dt}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\Delta v} dv = c \int_{m_0}^m \frac{dm}{m} \Rightarrow \Delta v = c \ln \left(\frac{m(t)}{m_0} \right) = c \ln(u)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{V = c \ln(u)} \rightarrow \text{Velocity of rocket} \\ \text{Initial velocity is 0}$$

$$V = \frac{dz}{dt} = c \ln\left(\frac{m(t)}{m_0}\right) \rightarrow \int dz = c \int \ln\left(\frac{m(t)}{m_0}\right) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow z(t) = c \int \ln(m(t)) dt - c \ln(m_0) \int dt$$

$$\Delta V = -V_{ex} \ln\left(\frac{m(t)}{m_0}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow \ln\left(\frac{m(t)}{m_0}\right) = \frac{-V}{V_{ex}}$$

$$\rightarrow \ln(u) = \frac{-V}{V_{ex}} \quad \& \quad \ln(u) = \frac{V}{c}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{c = -V_{ex}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m(t) &= m_0 - \frac{dm}{dt} t \\ \frac{dm}{dt} &= -\frac{m}{V} \frac{dV}{dt} \\ dm &= -\frac{m}{V} dV \\ \frac{dm}{m} &= -\frac{dV}{V} \end{aligned}$$

Final mass of rocket is m_f at $t=t_0$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{c}{m(t)} \left(\frac{dm}{dt}\right) \quad \& \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = -\frac{V_{ex}}{m_0} \frac{dm}{dt}$$

$$\Rightarrow m(t) = m_0$$

$$\boxed{z(t) = c \int \ln(u) dt}$$

$$V = \frac{dz}{dt} \Rightarrow dt = \frac{dz}{c \ln(u)} \Rightarrow \int \ln(u) dt = \int \frac{dz}{c}$$

$$\eta = \frac{F_{thrust}}{m_0 g} \rightarrow \left[\text{it is the ratio of the rocket's acceleration} \right. \\ \left. \text{and acceleration due to gravity} \right]$$

Q3) Initial mass $\rightarrow M_0 = (M_{prop1} + M_{prop2}) + M_{pay1} + (M_{rock1} + M_{rock2})$

For DSTO

$$M_{f1} = M_{prop2} + M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}$$

$$M_{f2} = M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}$$

$$\Delta V = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{M_{in}}{M_{fin}}\right)$$

$$\Delta V_1 = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{M_{prop1} + M_{prop2} + M_{pay1} + M_{rock1} + M_{rock2}}{M_{prop2} + M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}}\right)$$

$$\Delta V_2 = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{M_{prop2} + M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}}{M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}}\right)$$

$$\Delta V_1 = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left[1 + \frac{M_{prop1} + M_{rock1}}{M_{prop2} + M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}}\right]$$

$$\Delta V_2 = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left[1 + \frac{M_{prop2}}{M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}}\right]$$

$$\Delta V = \Delta V_1 + \Delta V_2 = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left[\frac{M_0}{M_{f2}}\right]$$

$$= I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left[1 + \frac{M_{prop1} + M_{prop2} + M_{rock1}}{M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}}\right]$$

$$\Delta V_1 = \Delta V_2 = 4 \text{ km/s}$$

$$\Delta V = 8 \text{ km/s}$$

$$\frac{M_{prop1} + M_{rock1}}{M_{prop2} + M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}} = \frac{M_{prop2}}{M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}}$$

For SSTO

$$\Delta V = I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left[\frac{M_{prop} + M_{pay2} + M_{rock}}{M_{pay2} + M_{rock}}\right]$$

$$= I_{sp} \cdot g_0 \cdot \ln\left[1 + \frac{M_{prop}}{M_{pay2} + M_{rock}}\right] = 8 \text{ km/s}$$

Now ① = ② as $\Delta V = 8 \text{ kmph}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{M_{prop1} + M_{prop2} + M_{rock1}}{M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}} = \frac{M_{prop}}{M_{pay2} + M_{rock}}$$

// Now take $M_{prop1} + M_{prop2} = M_{prop}$
 $M_{rock1} + M_{rock2} = M_{rock}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{M_{prop} + M_{rock1}}{M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}} = \frac{M_{prop}}{M_{pay2} + M_{rock}}$$

$$\Rightarrow [M_{pay1} + M_{rock2}] = \left[1 + \frac{M_{rock1}}{M_{prop}}\right] [M_{pay2} + M_{rock}]$$

$$\Rightarrow [M_{pay1} + \cancel{M_{rock1}}] - M_{rock1} = [M_{pay2} + \cancel{M_{rock2}}] + [M_{pay2} + M_{rock}] \left[\frac{M_{rock1}}{M_{prop}}\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{pay1} = [M_{pay2} + M_{rock}] \left[\frac{M_{rock1}}{M_{prop}}\right] + M_{rock1}$$



$$M_{pay1} > M_{pay2}$$

\Rightarrow DSTO can carry more payload ~~than~~ than SSTO

Q.4 $\Delta V = 8 \text{ kmph}$ $I_{sp} \rightarrow [350, 400, 450]$

$$\Delta V = I_{sp} g_0 \ln \left[\frac{M_i}{M_f} \right] \quad \lambda = \frac{M_{rocket}}{M_{rocket} + M_{pay}}$$

$$= I_{sp} g_0 \ln \left[1 + \frac{M_{prop}}{M_{pay} + M_{rocket}} \right]$$

$$M_{pay} = 2000 \text{ kg.}$$

$M_i \rightarrow$ initial wet mass
 $\lambda \rightarrow$ structural coeff.



$$M_i = 2000 + M_{rocket} + M_{prop}$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = 1 + \frac{M_{pay}}{M_{rocket}}$$

$\zeta \Rightarrow$ Propellant mass fraction

$$\zeta = \frac{M_{prop}}{M_0} \quad \text{Assume } M_{prop} \rightarrow \text{constant}$$

$$\Rightarrow M_i = \frac{M_{prop}}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{\zeta}{1-\lambda}\right)\right]}$$

$$e\left(\frac{\Delta v}{I_{sp} \cdot g_0}\right) = \frac{M_i}{M_i - M_{prop}} = \frac{1/\left[1 - \left(\frac{\zeta}{1-\lambda}\right)\right]}{1/\left[1 - \left(\frac{\zeta}{1-\lambda}\right)\right] - 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - 1 + \left(\frac{\zeta}{1-\lambda}\right)} = \left(\frac{1-\lambda}{\zeta}\right) = e\left(\frac{\Delta v}{I_{sp} \cdot g_0}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\frac{1-\lambda}{M_{prop}}\right] = M_i e^{(\Delta v / I_{sp} g_0)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = 1 - M_i \left[M_{prop} e^{(\Delta v / I_{sp} g_0)} \right]$$

$$\Delta v = 8000 \text{ m/s}$$

$$g_0 = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

~~AD~~

$$I_{sp} = [350, 400, 450]$$

$$M_{pay} = 2000 \text{ kg}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{M_{\text{rocket}}}{M_i - M_{\text{prop}}}$$

$$\lambda + 1 = \frac{2M_{\text{rocket}} + M_{\text{pay}}}{M_i - M_{\text{prop}}}$$

$$\therefore \lambda + 1 = \frac{M_{\text{rocket}} + M_i - M_{\text{pay}}}{M_i - M_{\text{prop}}}$$

$$M_i = M_{\text{prop}} + [M_{\text{pay}} + M_{\text{rocket}}] = M_{\text{prop}} + \frac{M_{\text{rocket}}}{\lambda}$$