Building a Private Coding Copilot with a Local LLM on Mac M1 Max

A walkthrough of setting up a local, offline AI assistant for coding using Ollama and DeepSeek-Coder

Introduction: I wanted a fast, private, and local coding assistant that didn't rely on cloud APIs or send data to external servers. With the rise of open-source LLMs and tools like Ollama, I realized I could run a full-featured code copilot directly on my Mac M1 Max. This document walks through the setup, tools used, model choices, and how I'm using this private AI assistant in my coding workflow. This project was developed with the assistance of AI tools to enhance research, analysis, and code efficiency.

System & Tools:

Hardware and Tools Used

Device: MacBook Pro (M1 Max chip)

Operating System: macOS Sonoma (or list your current version)

Local LLM Platform: Ollama

Optional Tools: Terminal, DeepSeek-Coder 6.7B (quantized for M1 compatibility)

Installation Steps:

Install Ollama for macOS

Open in bash: ollama run codellama

Install DeepSeek: ollama run deepseek-coder

Test: Write a Python function that checks if a number is prime: Output:

Test: Can you help me debug this error in my code? def calculate_total(items):

return sum(item.price for item in items)

```
Elissa — ollama run codellama — 140×50
a few issues with this code:
1. The `sum` function expects an iterable as its argument, but `item.price
for item in items` is not an iterable. It's a generator expression, which
is a type of expression that returns a generator object, rather than a
list or other iterable. To fix this, you can convert the generator
expression to a list using the `list()` function:
def calculate_total(items):
    return sum(list(item.price for item in items))
...
2. The `sum` function will only work if all of the elements in the
iterable are numbers or can be converted to numbers. In this case, you may have items that do not have a price attribute, or where the price attribute is not a number. You can handle this by using a conditional statement to check for missing prices and returning `None` if there is no
def calculate_total(items):
         total = 0
        for item in items:
                if hasattr(item, 'price') and isinstance(item.price, (int,
                       total += item.price
                else:
                       return None
  return total
This will return `None` if any of the items do not have a price or if the price is not a number. You can also choose to throw an error instead of returning `None`.
3. Another issue with this code is that it does not handle negative
prices. If you want to allow for negative prices, you should modify the
conditional statement to check for both positive and negative numbers:
def calculate_total(items):
total = 0
for item in items:
if hasattr(item, 'price') and isinstance(item.price, (int, float))
and item.price >= 0:
total += item.price
               else:
                       return None
   return total
This will allow for negative prices and handle them correctly by returning
`None`. You can also choose to throw an error instead of returning `None`.
```

Test:Translate this Python code into JavaScript: for i in range(10):

print(i)

```
Elissa — ollama run codellama — 75×16

... Translate this Python code into JavaScript:
... for i in range(10):
... print(i)

Here is the equivalent JavaScript code for the above Python code:

'``

for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    console.log(i);
}

Note that in JavaScript, the `range` function is not necessary, as you can use a simple loop to iterate over a range of numbers.

Additionally, the `print` statement is used instead of the `console.log` function in JavaScript to print output to the console.

>>> end a message (/? for help)
```

Building a Private AI Chatbot Trained on Internal Business Policies

Creating a secure, local LLM assistant using Ollama, LangChain, and simulated company documentation

Introduction: I wanted to demonstrate how a large language model (LLM) could be customized to assist with internal business workflows — specifically, answering questions about company policies and procedures in a secure, private environment.

Using open-source tools like Ollama and LlamaIndex, I built a fully local AI chatbot that runs entirely offline, without relying on cloud APIs or sending sensitive data over the internet.

This document walks through the tools used, how the model was connected to business policy data, and how the chatbot is able to retrieve and answer questions based on simulated company documentation — mimicking a real-world enterprise use case.

Simulated company policy:

https://doc.clickup.com/9013904302/d/h/8cmagxe-53/ae1ae01503eecf7

System & Tools:

Device: MacBook Pro (M1 Max chip) Operating System: macOS Sonoma

LLM Platform: Ollama (local model runner)

LLM Used: Code LLaMA (switchable to DeepSeek-Coder or Mistral)

Embedding Model: Mistral (for local document embedding)

RAG Framework: <u>LlamaIndex</u> (for retrieval-augmented generation)

Document Type: Simulated internal HR and IT policy document (sample employee handbook)

Languages/Tools: Python 3.11, Terminal, venv for virtual environments

Installation:

Upload policy using bash:

cd ~/Documents mkdir -p solara_chatbot/docs cd solara_chatbot/docs nano solara_employee_handbook.txt

Set up virtually environment and update packages:

cd ~/Documents/solara_chatbot python3 -m venv venv source venv/bin/activate pip install langchain llama-index pypdf ollama ollama pull mistral

Create python script:

touch chatbot.py nano chatbot.py

Link to script used:

https://github.com/Eesterlein/Building-Local-LLMs-for-Private-Workflows/blob/main/solara_policy_chatbot.py

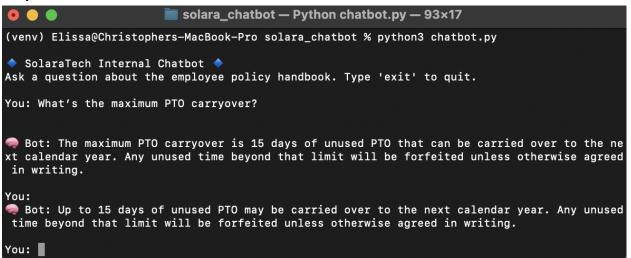
Run chatbot:

python chatbot.py

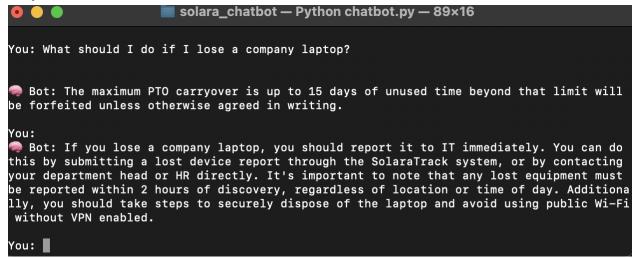
Test:

What's the maximum PTO carryover?

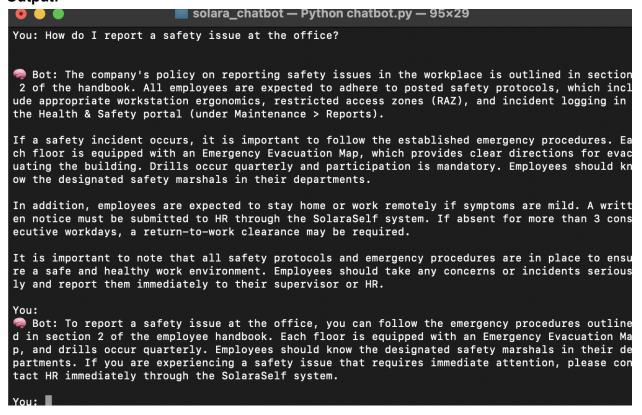
Output:



Test: What should I do if I lose a company laptop? Output:



Test: How do I report a safety issue at the office? Output:



Project Summary:

This project demonstrates how a local LLM can be used to support internal business operations, such as HR or IT support, without relying on cloud APIs. By integrating open-source tools like ollama and LlamaIndex, I built a secure chatbot that can respond to questions about company policy documents using retrieval-augmented generation (RAG). This solution showcases how businesses can retain full data privacy while deploying powerful AI tools.