NetSDK (AI)

Programming Manual



Foreword

Purpose

Welcome to use NetSDK (hereinafter referred to be "SDK") programming manual (hereinafter referred to as "the Manual").

SDK, also known as network device SDK, is a development kit for developer to develop the interfaces for network communication among surveillance products such as Network Video Recorder (NVR), Network Video Server (NVS), IP Camera (IPC), Speed Dome (SD), and intelligence devices.

The Manual describes the SDK interfaces and processes of the intelligent function modules for Intelligent Video Surveillance System (IVSS), Network Video Recorder (NVR), IP Camera (IPC), Intelligent Traffic Camera (ITC), people flow statistics devices and barrier. For more function modules and data structures, refer to NetSDK Development Manual.

The example codes provided in the Manual are only for demonstrating the procedure and not assured to copy for use.

Readers

- SDK software development engineers
- Project managers
- Product managers

Safety Instructions

The following categorized signal words with defined meaning might appear in the manual.

Signal Words	Meaning
DANGER	Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
WARNING	Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, could result in slight or moderate injury.
A CAUTION	Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in property damage, data loss, lower performance, or unpredictable result.
OT TIPS	Provides methods to help you solve a problem or save you time.
NOTE	Provides additional information as the emphasis and supplement to the text.

Revision History

Version	Revision Content	Release Time
	Added general behavior event	
	Added intelligent transport event	
	Added object monitoring event	
	Added city management event	
V1.0.4	Added parking space detection event	August 2021
	Added crowd map event	
	Added vehicle density map event	
	Added heat map event	
	Added stereo analysis event	
V1.0.3	V1.0.3 Deleted fisheye correction library.	
	Deleted function library avnetsdk.dll and libavnetsdk.so	
V1.0.2	related content, changed font and example codes in	March 2021
	2.5.4.1 and 3.2.4.1.	
V1.0.1	Change the callback functions of login and device	March 2020
V 1.U.1	searching.	March 2020
V1.0.0 First release.		October 2018

Privacy Protection Notice

As the device user or data controller, you might collect personal data of others such as face, fingerprints, car plate number, email address, phone number, GPS and so on. You need to be in compliance with the local privacy protection laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of other people by implementing measures include but not limited to: providing clear and visible identification to inform data subject the existence of surveillance area and providing related contact.

About the Manual

- The manual is for reference only. Slight differences might be found between the manual and the product.
- We are not liable for any loss caused by the operations that do not comply with the manual.
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Glossary

This chapter provides the definitions to some of the terms appear in the Manual to help you understand the function of each module.

Term	Definition
	Intelligent Video Surveillance System is different with the NVR
IVSS	devices which only support the storage function. The IVSS adds the
1733	intelligent analysis function to form an integrated management
	system.
Face Detection	Do the intelligent analysis to detect the people face, age, sex and
Tace Detection	expression in the video.
	It contains the face detection. You can detect whether the faces in
Face Recognition	the video are in the face library or not through the intelligent
	analysis.
History library	It can be used to storage the face pictures that captured by the
Thistory library	device.
	You can detect whether the faces are in the face library or not
Face library	through importing some face images to the IVSS, NVR or the
	front-end devices in advance.
	Arm/Disarm one or multiple face library to one channel. The scene:
Arm by channel	The detected face in this channel contrast with the arm library and
	return the result. It belongs to one mode of the face library arming.
	Arm the face library to one or multiple channel. The scene: The
Arm by library	people face detected by the channel contrast with this face library
7 till by library	and return the result. It belongs to one mode of the face library
	arming.
	You can import a picture and a similarity value, and then the IVSS and
Search picture by	NVR will search the history library and the face library by this picture
picture	to make sure whether there have two same faces between the two
	libraries. And then it will return the right picture.
ITC	Intelligent Traffic Camera. It can capture the vehicle pictures and
TIC	automatically analyze the traffic events.
Tripwire detect	Automatically detect the cross trip wire.
Intrusion detect	Automatically detect whether the object enter the alert area or not.
People flow	People information in the camera marking area.
Poople counting	Real-time count the number of people entering or leaving the
People counting	camera marking area.
People counting in area	Real-time count the number of people in the camera marking area.

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1 Overview

1.1 General

The Manual introduces SDK interfaces reference information that includes main function modules, interface definition, and callback definition.

The main function contains the general functions, face detection and face recognition, body detection, people flow statistics, general behavior event, intelligent traffic and barrier.

The development kit might be different dependent on the different environments.

Table 1-1 The files included in development kit

Library type	Library file name	Library file description	
	dhnetsdk.h	Header file	
Function library	dhnetsdk.lib	Lib file	
Function library	dhnetsdk.dll	Library file	
	avnetsdk.dll	Library file	
	avglobal.h	Header file	
Configuration library	dhconfigsdk.h	Header file	
Configuration library	dhconfigsdk.lib	Lib file	
	dhconfigsdk.dll	Library file	
Auxiliary library of playing	dhalaydll	Playing library	
(coding and decoding)	dhplay.dll		
Auxiliary library of	IvsDrawer.dll	Image display library	
"dhnetsdk.dll" StreamConvertor.dll		Transcoding library	

Table 1-2 The files included in development kit

Library type	Library file name	Library file description	
	dhnetsdk.h	Header file	
Function library	libdhnetsdk.so	Library file	
	libavnetsdk.so	Library file	
	avglobal.h	Header file	
Configuration library	dhconfigsdk.h	Header file	
	libdhconfigsdk.so	Library file	
Auxiliary library of "libdhnetsdk.so"	libStreamConvertor.so	Transcoding library	



- The function library and configuration library are necessary libraries.
- The function library is the main body of SDK, which is used for communication interaction between client and products, remotely controls device, queries device data, configures device data information, as well as gets and handles the streams.
- The configuration library packs and parses the structures of configuration functions.
- It is recommended to use auxiliary library of playing (coding and decoding) to parse and play the streams.

• The auxiliary library decodes the audio and video streams for the functions such as monitoring and voice talk, and collects the local audio.

1.2 Applicability

- Recommended memory: No less than 512 M.
- System supported by SDK:
 - Windows
 Windows 10/ Windows 8.1/ Windows 7/ vista/ 2000 and Windows Server 2008/ 2003.
 - Linux
 The common Linux systems such as Red Hat/SUSE

1.3 Application Scenario

1.3.1 Face Detection/Face Recognition/Body Detection

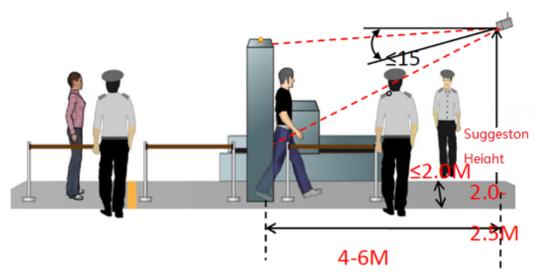


Figure 1-1 Face recognition

Figure 1-2 Face detection scenario

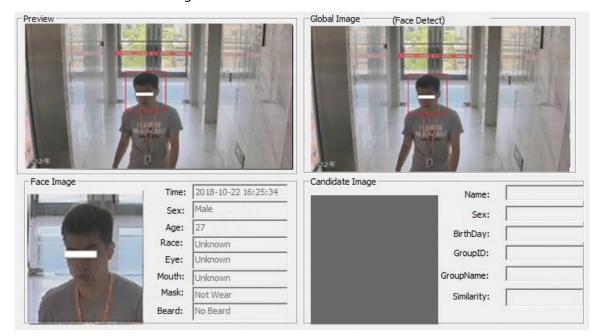


Figure 1-3 Face recognition scenario



Figure 1-4 Body detection scenario



1.3.2 People Flow Statistics

For the application of people flow devices, see Figure 1-5.

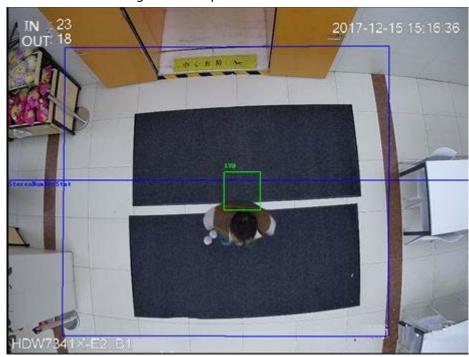


Figure 1-5 People flow scene

1.3.3 Intelligent Traffic

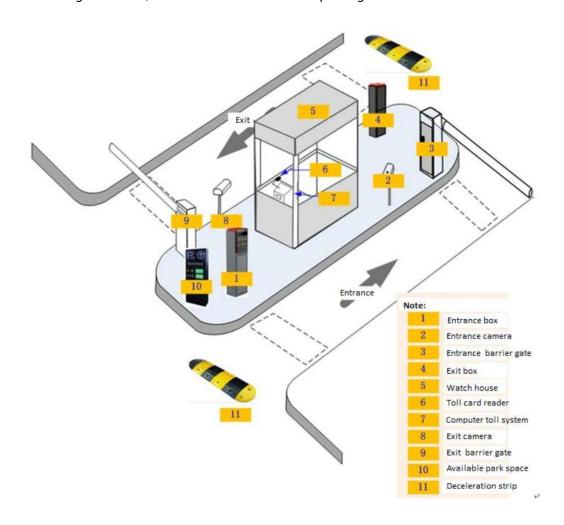
ITC and ITSE used at the traffic junction capture the traffic violations and count the vehicle flow. See Figure 1-6.

Figure 1-6 ITC and ITSET used at the traffic junction



ITC, ITSE and IPMECK used at the parking access control the vehicle enter and exit the parking and monitor whether there is any parking space. See Figure 1-7.

Figure 1-7 ITC, ITSE and IPMECK used at the parking access



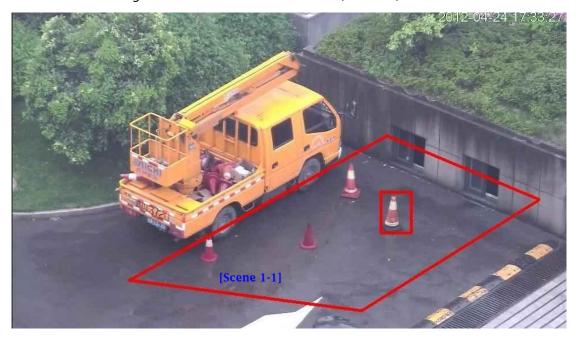
1.3.4 General Behavior

People or vehicle across the rule line (tripwire) or intruding the alert zone (intrusion) can generate alarm events. Meanwhile this function can distinguish the target objects (People or vehicle).

Figure 1-8 General behavior scenario (tripwire)



Figure 1-9 General behavior scenario (intrusion)



1.3.5 Access Control System

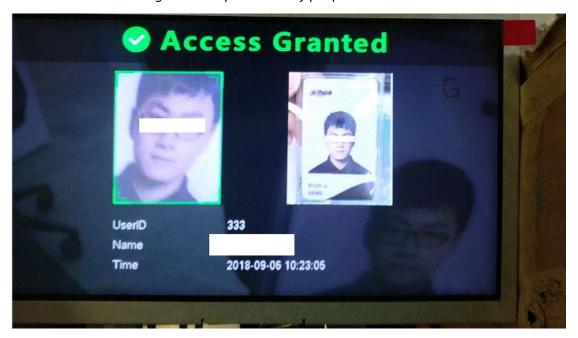
Access control barrier mainly used at the campus, school, business building. You can send the people face pictures and people information to the platform, and then the platform send the data to the barrier system.

Figure 1-10 The appearance of swing barrier



You can open the barrier system by people face or card.

Figure 1-11 Open barrier by people face



2 Function Module

2.1 SDK Initialization

2.1.1 Introduction

Initialization is the first step of SDK to conduct all the function modules. It does not have the surveillance function but can set some parameters that affect the SDK overall functions.

- Initialization occupies some memory.
- Only the first initialization is valid within one process.
- After using this function, call CLIENT_Cleanup to release SDK resource.

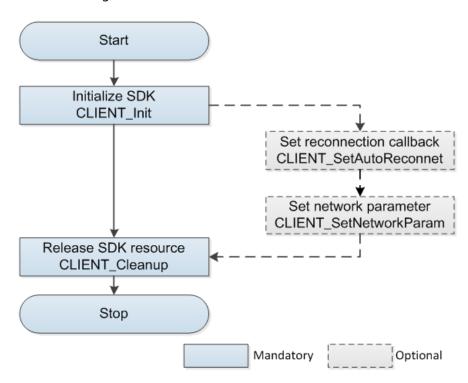
2.1.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-1 Interfaces of SDK initialization

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_Init	SDK initialization.
CLIENT_Cleanup	SDK cleaning up.
CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect	Setting of reconnection after disconnection.
CLIENT_SetNetworkParam	Setting of network environment.

2.1.3 Process

Figure 2-1 Process of SDK initialization



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> (Optional) Call **CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect** to set reconnection callback to allow the auto reconnecting after disconnection.
- <u>Step 3</u> (Optional) Call **CLIENT_SetNetworkParam** to set network login parameter that includes connection timeout and connection attempts.
- <u>Step 4</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Call **CLIENT_Init** and **CLIENT_Cleanup** in pairs. It supports multiple calling but it is suggested to call the pair for only one time overall.
- Initialization: Calling CLIENT_Init multiple times is only for internal count without repeating applying resources.
- Cleaning up: The interface **CLIENT_Cleanup** clears all the opened processes, such as login, real-time monitoring, and alarm subscription.
- Reconnection: SDK can set the reconnection function for the situations such as network disconnection and power off. SDK will keep logging until succeeded. Only the real-time monitoring, alarm and snapshot subscription can be resumed after reconnection is successful.

2.1.4 Example Code

```
// Set this callback through CLIENT_Init. When the device is disconnected, SDK informs the user through this callback.
void CALLBACK DisConnectFunc(LONG | Login|D, char *pchDVRIP, LONG nDVRPort, DWORD dwUser)
{
    printf("Call DisConnectFunc: | Login|D[0x%x]\n", | Login|D);
}

// Initialize SDK

BOOL bNetSDKInitFlag = CLIENT_Init(DisConnectFunc, 0);
if (FALSE == bNetSDKInitFlag)
{
    printf("Initialize client SDK fail; \n");
    return -1;
}

// Clean up the SDK resource
if (TRUE == bNetSDKInitFlag)
{
    CLIENT_Cleanup();
}
```

2.2 Device Login

2.2.1 Introduction

Device login, also called user authentication, is the precondition of all the other function modules.

You will obtain a unique login ID upon logging in to the device and should call login ID before using other SDK interfaces. The login ID becomes invalid once logged out.

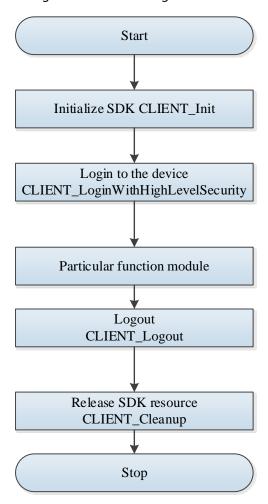
2.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-2 Interfaces of device login

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity	Log in to the device with high level security.
	CLIENT_LoginEx2 can still be used,but there are security
	risks,so it is highly recommended to use the interface
	CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log in to the
	device.
CLIENT_Logout	Logout.

2.2.3 Process

Figure 2-2 Proces of login



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> After successful login, you can realize the required function module.
- <u>Step 4</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Login handle: When the login is successful, the returned value is not 0 (even the handle is smaller than 0, the login is also successful). One device can login multiple times with different handle at each login. If there is not special function module, it is suggested to login only one time. The login handle can be repeatedly used on other function modules.
- Logout: The interface will release the opened functions internally, but it is not suggested to rely
 on the cleaning up function. For example, if you opened the monitoring function, you should
 call the interface that stops the monitoring function when it is no longer required.
- Use login and logout in pairs: The login consumes some memory and socket information and release sources once logout.
- Login failure: It is suggested to check the failure through the error parameter of the login interface.

Error code Meaning Wrong password. 2 The user name does not exist. 3 Login timeout. 4 The account has logged in. 5 The account has been locked. 6 The account is in the blocklist.. 7 The device resource is insufficient and the system is busy. 8 Sub connection failed. 9 Main connection failed. 10 Exceeds the maximum allowed number of user connections. 11 Lack avnetsdk or the dependent libraries of avnetsdk. USB flash disk is not inserted into device, or the USB flash disk information 12 The IP at client is not authorized for login. 13

Table 2-3 Common error code

For more information about error codes, see "CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity interface" in Network SDK Development Manual.chm. When the network is poor and this make the error code 3 occur easily, then you can use the following codes to increase timeout time:

NET_PARAM stuNetParam = {0};
stuNetParam.nWaittime = 8000; // unit ms
CLIENT SetNetworkParam (&stuNetParam);

2.2.4 Example Code

```
NET_IN_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY stInparam;
memset(&stInparam, 0, sizeof(stInparam));
stInparam.dwSize = sizeof(stInparam);
strncpy(stInparam.szIP, "192.168.1.108", sizeof(stInparam.szIP) - 1);
strncpy(stInparam.szPassword, "123456", sizeof(stInparam.szPassword) - 1);
strncpy(stInparam.szUserName, "admin", sizeof(stInparam.szUserName) - 1);
stInparam.nPort = 37777;
stInparam.emSpecCap = EM_LOGIN_SPEC_CAP_TCP;

NET_OUT_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY stOutparam;
memset(&stOutparam, 0, sizeof(stOutparam));
stOutparam.dwSize = sizeof(stOutparam);
LLONG ILoginID = CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity(&stInparam, &stOutparam);
```

2.3 Real-time Monitoring

2.3.1 Introduction

Real-time monitoring obtains the real-time stream from the storage device or front-end device, which is an important part of the surveillance system.

SDK can get the main stream and sub stream from the device once it logged.

- Supports calling the window handle for SDK to directly decode and play the stream (Windows system only).
- Supports calling the real-time stream for you to perform independent treatment.
- Supports saving the real-time record to the specific file though saving the callback stream or calling the SDK interface.

2.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-4 Interfaces of re	al-time monitoring

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_RealPlayEx	Start real-time monitoring.
CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx	Stop real-time monitoring.
CLIENT SaveRealData	Start saving the real-time monitoring data to the
CLIENT_SaverealData	local path.
CLIENT StopSovePoolDate	Stop saving the real-time monitoring data to the
CLIENT_StopSaveRealData	local path.
CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx	Set real-time monitoring data callback.

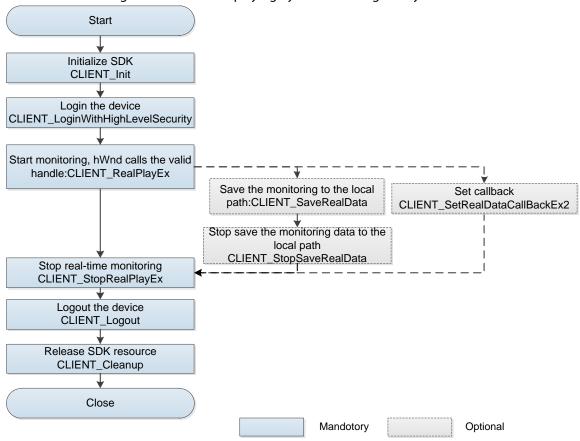
2.3.3 Process

You can realize the real-time monitoring through SDK decoding library or your play library.

2.3.3.1 SDK Decoding Play

Call PlaySDK library from the SDK auxiliary library to realize real-time play.

Figure 2-3 Process of playing by SDK decoding library



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_RealPlayEx** to enable the real-time monitoring. The parameter hWnd is a valid window handle.
- <u>Step 4</u> (Optional) Call **CLIENT_SaveRealData** to start saving the monitoring data.
- <u>Step 5</u> (Optional) Call **CLIENT_StopSaveRealData** to end the saving process and generate the local video file.
- <u>Step 6</u> (Optional) If you call **CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx2**, you can choose to save or forward the video file. If save the video file, see the step 4 and step 5.
- <u>Step 7</u> After completing the real-time monitoring, call **CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx** to stop real-time monitoring.
- <u>Step 8</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 9</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- SDK decoding play only supports Windows system. You need to call the decoding after getting the stream in other systems.
- Multi-thread calling: Multi-thread calling is not supported for the functions within the same login session; however, multi-thread calling can deal with the functions of different login sessions although such calling is not recommended.
- Timeout: The request on applying for monitoring resources should have made some agreement with the device before requiring the monitoring data. There are some timeout settings (see "NET_PARAM structure"), and the field about monitoring is nGetConnInfoTime. If there is timeout due to the reasons such as bad network connection, you can modify the value of nGetConnInfoTime bigger. The example code is as follows. Call it for only one time after having called CLIENT_Init.

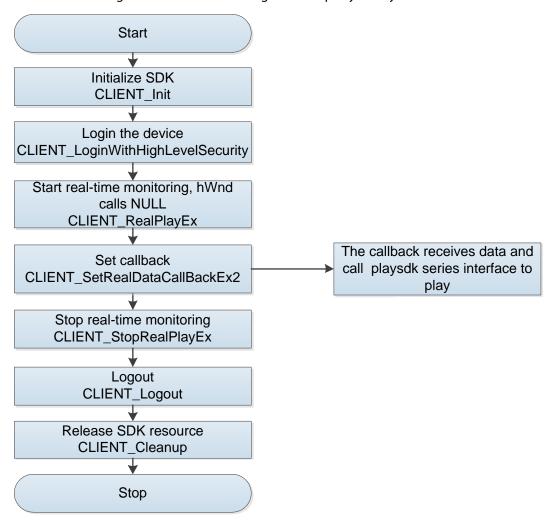
```
NET_PARAM stuNetParam = {0};
stuNetParam. nGetConnInfoTime = 5000; // unit ms
CLIENT_SetNetworkParam (&stuNetParam);
```

- Failed to repeat opening: For some models, the same channel cannot be opened for multiple times during a login. If you are trying to open it repeatedly, you will success in the first try but get failed afterwards. In this case, you can try the following:
 - Close the opened channel. For example, if you have already opened the main stream video on the channel 1 and still want to open the sub stream video on the same channel, you can close the main stream first and then open the sub stream.
 - ♦ Login twice to obtain two login handles to deal with the main stream and sub stream respectively.
- Calling succeeded but no image: SDK decoding needs to use dhplay.dll. It is suggested to check if dhplay.dll and its auxiliary library are missing under the running directory. See Table 1-1.
- If the system resource is insufficient, the device might return error instead of stream. You can receive an event DH_REALPLAY_FAILD_EVENT in the alarm callback that is set in CLIENT_SetDVRMessCallBack. This event includes the detailed error codes. See "DEV_PLAY_RESULT Structure" in Network SDK Development Manual.chm.
- 32 channels limit: The decoding consumes resources especially for the high definition videos.
 Considering the limited resources at the client, currently the maximum channels are set to be 32.
 If more than 32, it is suggested to use third party play library. See "2.3.3.2 Call Third Party Library".

2.3.3.2 Call Third Party Library

SDK calls back the real-time monitoring stream to you and you call PlaySDK to decode and play.

Figure 2-4 Process of calling the third party library



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> After successful login, call **CLIENT_RealPlayEx** to enable real-time monitoring. The parameter hWnd is NULL.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx** to set the real-time data callback.
- <u>Step 5</u> In the callback, pass the data to PlaySDK to finish decoding.
- <u>Step 6</u> After completing the real-time monitoring, call **CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx** to stop real-time monitoring.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 8</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Stream format: It is recommended to use PlaySDK for decoding.
- Lag image
 - When using PlaySDK for decoding, there is a default channel cache size (the PLAY_OpenStream interface in playsdk) for decoding. If the stream resolution value is big, it is recommended to modify the parameter value smaller such as 3 M.

SDK callbacks can only moves into the next process after returning from you. It is not recommended for you to consume time for the unnecessary operations; otherwise the performance could be affected.

2.3.4 Example Code

2.3.4.1 SDK Decoding Play

```
// Take opening the main stream monitoring of channel 1 as an example. The parameter hWnd is a handle of
interface window.
LLONG IRealHandle = CLIENT_RealPlayEx(ILoginHandle, 0, hWnd, DH_RType_Realplay);
if (NULL == IRealHandle)
{
    printf("CLIENT_RealPlayEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
printf("input any key to quit!\n");
getchar();
// Stop preview
if (NULL != IRealHandle)
{
    CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx(IRealHandle);
}
```

2.3.4.2 Call Third Party Library

```
Take opening the main stream monitoring of channel 1 as an example.

LLONG | RealHandle = CLIENT_RealPlayEx(| LoginHandle, 0, NULL, DH_RType_Realplay);

if (NULL == | RealHandle)
{
    printf("CLIENT_RealPlayEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
else
{
    DWORD dwFlag = 0x00000001;
    CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx(| RealHandle, & RealDataCallBackEx, NULL, dwFlag);
}
// Stop preview
if (0 != | RealHandle)
{
    CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx(| RealHandle);
```

```
void CALLBACK RealDataCallBackEx(LLONG IRealHandle, DWORD dwDataType, BYTE *pBuffer, DWORD
dwBufSize, LONG param, LDWORD dwUser)
{
// Call PlaySDK interface to get the stream data from the device. See SDK monitoring demo source data for
more details.
    printf("receive real data, param: IRealHandle[%p], dwDataType[%d], pBuffer[%p], dwBufSize[%d]\n",
IRealHandle, dwDataType, pBuffer, dwBufSize);
}
```

2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event

2.4.1 Introduction

Intelligent event subscribe, is that the front-end devices or the back-end devices do the real-time stream analyzing. When detect the preset intelligent event, it uploads the event to the user. The intelligent events in this manual contain general action analysis (such as tripwire, Intrusion), face detection, face recognition, body detection, the intelligent events of intelligent traffic (such as traffic junction, over speed, low speed and traffic jam).

2.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-5 Interfaces of subscribing to intelligent event

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx	Subscribe intelligent event.
CLIENT_StopLoadPic	Cancel subscribing the intelligent event.

2.4.3 Process

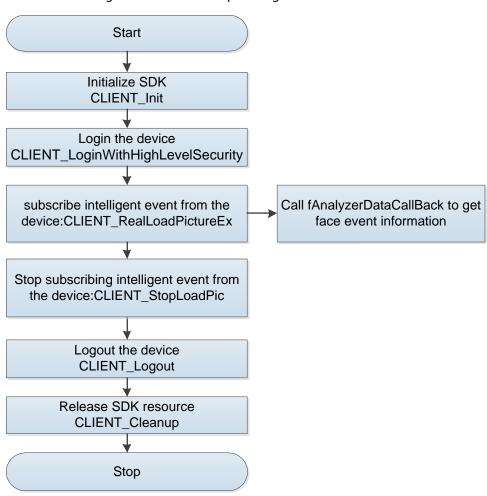


Figure 2-5 Process of uploading face event

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx** to subscribe intelligent event from the device.
- Step 4 After successful subscribe, call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to upload the intelligent events. Through this function, you can filter out the intelligent events you need.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the intelligent event function, call **CLIENT_StopLoadPic** to stop subscribing intelligent events.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Support to subscribe single intelligent event and all the intelligent events (EVENT_IVS_ALL).
- Setting of cache for receiving pictures: Because SDK default cache is 2M, when the data is over 2M, call CLIENT_SetNetworkParam to set the receiving cache; otherwise the data pack will be lost.

 Set whether to receive picture or not: You can call CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx to set bNeedPicFile as False, and then SDK will only receive the face event without picture.

2.4.4 Example Code

```
// Intelligent event uploading callback function
int CALLBACK AnalyzerDataCallBack(LLONG IAnalyzerHandle, DWORD dwAlarmType, void* pAlarmInfo, BYTE
*pBuffer, DWORD dwBufSize, LDWORD dwUser, int nSequence, void *reserved)
    switch(dwAlarmType)
    // Filter out the right intelligent events
     . . . . . . . . . . . .
    case EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION: // Face recognition events
    default:
    break;
// Subscribe the uploading of the intelligent event
LLONG IAnalyerHandle = CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx(ILoginHandle, 0, (DWORD)EVENT_IVS_ALL, TRUE,
AnalyzerDataCallBack, NULL, NULL);
if(NULL == |AnalyerHandle)
{
    printf("CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
}
// Cancel Subscribing the uploading of the intelligent event
CLIENT_StopLoadPic(IAnalyerHandle);
```

2.5 Searching for/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture

2.5.1 Introduction

When the device intelligent calculation analysis the real-time stream, once one intelligent event is detected, and then the video and picture of this intelligent event will be saved. You can search the

video and picture of the intelligent events which are saved in the device, and also you can do the downloading and playing back operation to the searching result.

2.5.2 Interface Overview

Table 2-6 Interfaces of searching/playvacking/downloading video and picture

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FindFileEx	Search the video and picture by conditions, and set the
	searching conditions.
CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount	Obtain the number of video and picture searched now.
CLIENT_FindNextFileEx	Search the specified number of video and picture.
CLIENT_FindCloseEx	Stop searching.
CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2	Start playing back the video by time.
CLIENT_StopPlayBack	Stop playing back the video.
CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx	Download video.
CLIENT_StopDownload	Stop downloading the video.
CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile	Download pictures.

2.5.3 Process

2.5.3.1 Searching Process of Video and Picture

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT_Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity set the searching conditions for video and picture CLIENT_FindFileEx get the number of video and picture searched CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount search the specified number of file Display the video and picture CLIENT_FindNextFileEx stop the searching CLIENT_FindCloseEx Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 2-6 Searching process of video and picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FindFileEx** to set the searching conditions. After successfully setting, return the searching handle. To judge the right searching type according to the different values of emType.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount** to get the total number of video and picture searched.
- Step 5 Call **CLIENT_FindNextFileEx** to search the specified number of video and picture. Save the video and picture and do the playing back and downloading operation to the video and picture.

- <u>Step 6</u> Call **CLIENT_FindCloseEx** to stop the searching.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 8</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

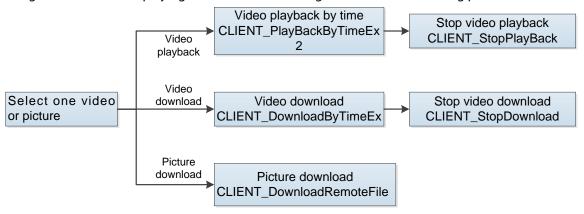
Notes for Process

- The parameter pQueryCondition of CLIENT_FindFileEx is requested and released by the user.
 The specific type is defined by the enumeration type of emType.
- If CLIENT_FindFileEx successfully search, the searching handle will be returned.
 CLIENT_FindNextFileEx will take the searching handle as a parameter to search specific video and picture. You should call CLIENT_FindCloseEx to close the searching handle.
- Call **CLIENT_FindNextFileEx** to set the searching number. If the number is more than 1, then the parameter pMediaFileInfo should be taken as a data pointer.

2.5.3.2 Process of Playing Back and Downloading Video and Downloading

Picture

Figure 2-7 Process of playing back and downloading video and downloading picture



Process Description

Select one result searched by **CLIENT FindNextFileEx**, and then download or playback the result.

- Playing back the video
- <u>Step 1</u> If is video file, use start time and end time in the video searching result, call **CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2** to playback the video.
- <u>Step 2</u> During the playback process or after playing back, call **CLIENT_StopPlayBack** to stop playing back the video.
- Download video
- Step 1 If is video file, use start time and end time in the video searching result, call **CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx** to download the video.
- Step 2 After downloading, call **CLIENT StopDownload** to stop downloading the video.
- Download the picture

If is picture file, use file name and picture type in the picture searching result, call CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile to download the picture.

Notes for Process

The video playing back and downloading and picture downloading are all relied on the searching result of video and picture, and then you can take the result as the condition of playing back and downloading.

2.5.4 Example Code

2.5.4.1 Searching for Video and Picture

```
// Searching conditions
MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_PARAM param;
memset(&param, 0, sizeof(param));
param.dwSize = sizeof(param);
param.stuDetail.dwSize = sizeof(MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_DETAIL_PARAM);
param.nChannelID = -1;
param.stuStartTime = startTime;
param.stuEndTime = endTime
param.emPicType = NET_FACEPIC_TYPE_SMALL; // The small picture of people face.
param.bDetailEnable = FALSE;
param.emSex = EM_DEV_EVENT_FACEDETECT_SEX_TYPE_MAN;
param.bAgeEnable = FALSE;
param.nEmotionValidNum = 0;
param.emGlasses = EM_FACEDETECT_WITH_GLASSES;
// Search the small picture of face detection
LLONG IFindFileHandle = CLIENT_FindFileEx(g_lLoginHandle, DH_FILE_QUERY_FACE_DETECTION, &param,
NULL,5000);
if (IFindFileHandle == 0)
    printf("CLIENT_FindFileEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
// Get the number of people face that searched
BOOL nRet = CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount(IFindFileHandle,&nCount,NULL);
if (!nRet)
    printf("CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
```

```
// Searching number
int nMaxConut = 10;

MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO* pMediaFileInfo = NEW MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO[nMaxConut];
memset (pMediaFileInfo, 0, sizeof (MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO) * nMaxConut);
for (int i = 0; i < nMaxConut; i++)
{
    pMediaFileInfo[i].dwSize = sizeof(MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO);
}

// Start searching
int nRet = CLIENT_FindNextFileEx(IFindFileHandle, nMaxConut, (void*)pMediaFileInfo, nMaxConut *
sizeof(MEDIAFILE_FACE_DETECTION_INFO), NULL,3000);
if (nRet < 0)
{
    printf("CLIENT_FindNextFileEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}

Close searching
CLIENT_FindCloseEx(IFindFileHandle);
```

2.5.4.2 Playing Back the Video

```
// Set the stream type when the video is playing back, here set it as the main stream
int nStreamType = 0; // 0-main and sub stream, 1-main stream, 2-sub stream
CLIENT_SetDeviceMode(ILoginHandle, DH_RECORD_STREAM_TYPE, &nStreamType);
// Set the file type of the video when playing back, here set it as all video.
NET_RECORD_TYPE emFileType = NET_RECORD_TYPE_ALL; // All video
CLIENT_SetDeviceMode(ILoginHandle, DH_RECORD_TYPE, &emFileType);
// Start playing back the video
int nChannelID = 0; // Channel number.
NET_IN_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO stln = {0};
NET_OUT_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO stOut = {0};
memcpy(&stln.stStartTime, &stuStartTime, sizeof(stuStartTime));
memcpy(&stln.stStopTime, &stuStopTime, sizeof(stuStopTime));
stIn.hWnd = hWnd;
stln.fDownLoadDataCallBack = DataCallBack;
stln.dwDataUser = NULL;
stln.cbDownLoadPos = NULL;
stln.dwPosUser = NULL;
```

```
stln.nPlayDirection = emDirection;
stln.nWaittime = 10000;
LLONG | PlayHandle = CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2(| LoginHandle, nChannel| D, &stln, &stOut);
if (0 == | PlayHandle)
{
    printf("CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}

if (FALSE == CLIENT_StopPlayBack(| PlayHandle))
{
    printf("CLIENT_StopPlayBack Failed, | RealHandle[%x]!Last Error[%x]\n", | PlayHandle,
    CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
```

2.5.4.3 Downloading Video

```
// Playback progress function
void CALLBACK TimeDownLoadPosCallBack(LLONG IPlayHandle, DWORD dwTotalSize, DWORD
dwDownLoadSize, int index, NET_RECORDFILE_INFO recordfileinfo, LDWORD dwUser);
// Playback or download data callback function
int CALLBACK DataCallBack(LLONG IRealHandle, DWORD dwDataType, BYTE *pBuffer, DWORD
dwBufSize, LDWORD dwUser);
int main()
    // Set the video stream type when searching, here set it as the main and sub stream.
    int nStreamType = 0; // 0-main and sub stream, 1-main stream, 2-sub stream
    CLIENT_SetDeviceMode(ILoginHandle, DH_RECORD_STREAM_TYPE, &nStreamType);
    // Set the downloading start and end time
    int nChannelID = 0; // Channel number.
    NET_TIME stuStartTime = {0};
    stuStartTime.dwYear = 2018;
    stuStartTime.dwMonth = 9;
    stuStartTime.dwDay = 17;
    NET_TIME stuStopTime = {0};
    stuStopTime.dwYear = 2018;
```

```
stuStopTime.dwMonth = 9;
    stuStopTime.dwDay = 18;
    Start downloading the video.
    // One of the formal parameters sSavedFileName and fDownLoadDataCallBack should be valid, otherwise
the input parameter is wrong.
    IDownloadHandle = CLIENT DownloadByTimeEx(ILoginHandle, nChannelID, EM RECORD TYPE ALL,
&stuStartTime, &stuStopTime, "test.dav", TimeDownLoadPosCallBack, NULL, DataCallBack, NULL);
    if (IDownloadHandle == 0)
    {
        printf("CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    }
    // Close downloading. Call the function after or during the downloading.
    if (0 != IDownloadHandle)
    {
        if (!CLIENT_StopDownload(IDownloadHandle))
        {
             printf("CLIENT_StopDownload Failed, IDownloadHandle[%x]!Last Error[%x]\n",
             IDownloadHandle, CLIENT_GetLastError());
        }
    }
void CALLBACK TimeDownLoadPosCallBack(LLONG IPlayHandle, DWORD dwTotalSize, DWORD
dwDownLoadSize, int index, NET_RECORDFILE_INFO recordfileinfo, LDWORD dwUser)
    // You can deal with the progress callback function.
}
int CALLBACK DataCallBack(LLONG IRealHandle, DWORD dwDataType, BYTE *pBuffer, DWORD
dwBufSize, LDWORD dwUser)
    switch(dwDataType)
    {
    case 0:
        // Original data
        // You can save the stream data here. After leaving callback function, do the decoding and
forwarding and so on.
        break;
```

```
case 1://Standard video data
break;
case 2: //yuv data
break;
case 3://pcm audio data
break;
default:
break;
}
return 0;
}
```

2.5.4.4 Downloading the Picture

```
DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE stuRemoteFileParm;

memset(&stuRemoteFileParm, 0, sizeof(DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE));

stuRemoteFileParm.dwSize = sizeof(DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE);

stuRemoteFileParm.pszFileName = plnfo->stObjectPic.szFilePath;

stuRemoteFileParm.pszFileDst = szFileName;

DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE *fileinfo = NEW DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE;

fileinfo->dwSize = sizeof(DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE);

if (!CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile(g_ILoginHandle, &stuRemoteFileParm, fileinfo))

{
    printf("CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile Failed,Last Error[%x]\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
```

3 Face Detection and Recognition

3.1 Subscribing Face Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out face detection and recognition events, which are EVENT_IVS_FACEDETECT for people face detection events and EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION for people face recognition events.

3.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Face Library

3.2.1 Introduction

A face library includes face picture and face information, supports the adding, deleting, modifying and searching the face library function.

3.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 3-1 Interfaces of adding/deleting/modifying/searching the face library

		 				<u> </u>
Interface		lmı	plicati	on		
CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognition	Group	Add	d, dele	te and modif	y the fac	ce library.
CLIENT FindGroupInfo		Sea	rch th	e information	n of face	library.

3.2.3 Process

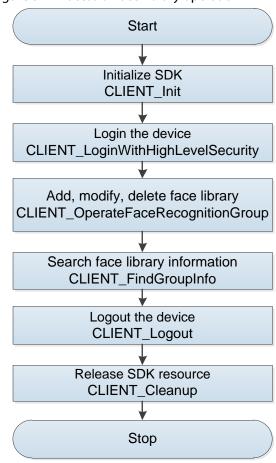


Figure 3-1 Process of face library operation

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup** to add, modify and delete the face library according to enumeration type.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_FindGroupInfo** to get the information of face library.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Adding face library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_ADD, the corresponding structure is NET_ADD_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO.
- Modify face library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_MODIFY, the corresponding structure is NET_MODIFY_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO. You need to specify GroupID and the face library type emFaceDBType when modifying face library. The specified GroupID should be exists in the device.

 Deleting face library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_DELETE, the corresponding structure is NET_DELETE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO. If you specify GroupID when deleting face library, the corresponding GroupID of face library is deleted; If you do not specify GroupID, all of the face libraries are deleted.

3.2.4 Example Code

3.2.4.1 Searching for Face Library Information

```
// Set the searching conditions of face library
NET_IN_FIND_GROUP_INFO stuInParam = {sizeof(stuInParam)};
NET_OUT_FIND_GROUP_INFO stuOutParam = {sizeof(stuOutParam)};
stuOutParam.nMaxGroupNum = 100;
NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO *pGroupInfo = NULL;
stuOutParam.pGroupInfos = new NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO[100];
memset(stuOutParam.pGroupInfos, 0,sizeof(NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO)*100);
for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++)
stuOutParam.pGroupInfos[i].dwSize = sizeof (FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO);
// Search the face library
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_FindGroupInfo(ILoginHandle, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if(FALSE == bRet)
{
    printf("CLIENT_FindGroupInfo: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1:
delete[] pGroupInfo;
```

3.2.4.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying the Face Library

```
enum EM_OPERATION_TYPE

{
    FACEDB_DELETE, // Delete
    FACEDB_ADD, // Add
    FACEDB_MODIFY // Modify
};

// Set the face library ID for deleting.

NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO *pstGroupInfo = m_pstSelectGroup;

NET_IN_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP stuInParam = {sizeof(stuInParam)};
```

```
NET OUT OPERATE FACERECONGNITION GROUP stuOutParam = {sizeof(stuOutParam)};
NET_ADD_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO stuAddGroupInfo = {sizeof(stuAddGroupInfo)};
NET_MODIFY_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO stuEditGroupInfo = {sizeof(stuEditGroupInfo)};
EM_OPERATION_TYPE emType = mType;
switch(emType)
         // Delete the face library
         case FACEDB_DELETE:
                   stuInParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_DELETE;
                   NET_DELETE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_INFO stuDeleteInfo;
                   memset(&stuDeleteInfo, 0, sizeof(stuDeleteInfo));
                   stuDeleteInfo.dwSize = {sizeof(stuDeleteInfo)};
                   strncpy(stuDeleteInfo.szGroupId, pstGroupInfo->szGroupId, sizeof(stuDeleteInfo.szGroupId)-1);
                   stulnParam.pOPerateInfo = &stuDeleteInfo;
                   break:
                   }
                   // Add the face library
                   case FACEDB_ADD:
                   stulnParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_ADD;
                   stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo);
                   stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.emFaceDBType = NET_FACE_DB_TYPE_BLACKLIST;
                    strncpy (stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupName, pcGroupName, sizeof (stuAddGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.stuGro
oupInfo.szGroupName)-1);
                   stulnParam.pOPerateInfo = &stuAddGroupInfo;
                   break;
                   Modifying the face library
                   case FACEDB_MODIFY:
                   stulnParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP_MODIFY;
                   stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo);\\
                   stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.emFaceDBType = NET_FACE_DB_TYPE_BLACKLIST;
                    strncpy(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupName,
                                                                                                                                                                                               pcGroupName,
sizeof(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupName)-1);
                    strncpy(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupId,
                                                                                                                                                                      m stuGroupInfo.szGroupId,
sizeof(stuEditGroupInfo.stuGroupInfo.szGroupId)-1);
```

```
stuInParam.pOPerateInfo = &stuEditGroupInfo;
break;
}
default:
break;
}
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup(m_ILoginID, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if(FALSE == bRet)
{
    printf("CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognition: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
}
```

3.3 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching People Face

3.3.1 Introduction

The face library includes face information. This function supports adding, deleting, modifying and searching people face information.

3.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 3-2 Interfaces of adding/deleting/modifying/searching people face

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB	Add, delete and modify the people face.
CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition	Set the searching conditions of people face.
CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition	Search the face data of specified number.
CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition	Stop searching.

3.3.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Add, modify, delete face CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB Set face searching conditions CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition Start searching CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition Stop searching CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 3-2 Process of adding/deleting/modifying/searching people face

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB** to add, modify and delete the face library according to enumeration type.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition** to set the searching conditions of people face.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition** to get the searching result.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition** to stop searching.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 8</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

 Adding people face to the library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_ADD. The input parameter in the structure, pBuffer can save

- people face you need. You can request and release the resource by yourself. GroupID must be filled-in. If people add successful, the device returns UID, is also called the only people ID, means the only people. See pstOutParam -> szUID.
- Modify the people face in the library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_MODIFY, The input parameter in the structure pBuffer can save people face you need. You can request and release the resource by yourself. The GroupID and szUID must be filled-in in the stPersonInfo.
- Delete the people face in the library: The corresponding value of operation type emOperateType is NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_DELETE. The GroupID and szUID must be filled-in in the stPersonInfo.

3.3.4 Example Code

3.3.4.1 Adding/Deleting/Modifying the People Face

```
// Add and modify the people
NET_IN_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuInParam = { sizeof(stuInParam) };
NET_OUT_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuOutParam = { sizeof(stuOutParam) };
// Add the information of people
{
    stulnParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_ADD;
}
// Modify the information of people
    //stuInParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_MODIFY;
    //strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID, strUID, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID) - 1);
}
stuInParam.bUsePersonInfoEx = TRUE;
stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.bySex = 1; // Male
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.byIDType = 1; // ID card
stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.wYear = time.GetYear();
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.byMonth = time.GetMonth();
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.byDay = time.GetDay();
strncpy (stuIn Param.st PersonInfo Ex.sz PersonName, pstrName, size of (stuIn Param.st PersonInfo Ex.sz PersonName)\\
- 1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID, pstrCardID, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID) - 1);
strncpy(stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupName,
                                                                                        m_szGroupName,
sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupName) - 1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID, m_szGroupId, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID) - 1);
stulnParam.nBufferLen = nPictureBufferLen;
stuInParam.pBuffer = pPictureBuffer;
stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.wFacePicNum = 1;
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwOffSet = 0;
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwFileLenth = nLength;
```

```
bRet = CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB(m_ILoginID, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if (FACE_PERSON_ADD == m_nOpreateType)
{
    printf("CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
}
// Delete the information of people
NET_IN_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuInParam = { sizeof(stuInParam) };
NET_OUT_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB stuOutParam = { sizeof(stuOutParam) };
// Only need szGroupID and szUID.
stulnParam.emOperateType = NET_FACERECONGNITIONDB_DELETE;
stuInParam.bUsePersonInfoEx = TRUE;
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID,
m_pstPersonSelectInfo->stuCandidate.stPersonInfo.szUID,sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szUID) - 1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID, m_szGroupId, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID) - 1);
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB(lLoginHandle, &stulnParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if (!bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB failed! Error code %x.\n",CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
}
```

3.3.4.2 Searching the People Face

```
// Set searching conditions of people face.
NET_IN_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuInParam = {sizeof(stuInParam)};
NET OUT STARTFIND FACERECONGNITION stuOutParam = {sizeof(stuOutParam)};
stulnParam.stMatchOptions.dwSize = sizeof(stulnParam.stMatchOptions);
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stulnParam.stFilterInfo);
stuInParam.bPersonExEnable = TRUE;
stuInParam.stFilterInfo.nRangeNum = 1;
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.szRange[0] = (BYTE)NET_FACE_DB_TYPE_BLACKLIST;
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szPersonName,
                                                                                           m PersonName,
sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szPersonName)-1);
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.bySex = 0;
stuln Param. stFilterInfo. stBirthday Range Start = Birthday Range Start; \\
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.stBirthdayRangeEnd = BirthdayRangeEnd;
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID, pcCard, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szID)-1);
strncpy(stuInParam.stFilterInfo.szGroupId[0], m_szGroupId, sizeof(m_szGroupId)-1);
```

```
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.nGroupIdNum = 1;
strncpy(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID, m_szGroupId, sizeof(stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szGroupID)-1);
BOOL
         bRet
                        CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition(m_ILoginID,
                                                                        &stulnParam,
                                                                                        &stuOutParam,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (!bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}
// Start searching
NET_IN_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuInDoFind = {sizeof(stuInDoFind)};
NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuOutDoFind = {sizeof(stuOutDoFind)};
stuOutDoFind.bUseCandidatesEx = TRUE;
stulnDoFind.lFindHandle = m lFindPersonHandle;
stuInDoFind.emDataType = EM_NEEDED_PIC_TYPE_HTTP_URL;
stuInDoFind.nCount = 10;
stuInDoFind.nBeginNum = m_nCurPos;
bRet = CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition(&stuInDoFind, &stuOutDoFind, WAIT_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
```

3.4 Arming by Channel or Library

3.4.1 Introduction

Arm by channel, means one channel arm one or multiple face libraries.

Arm by library, means one face library arm one or multiple channels.

These two ways are all arms of face library.

3.4.2 Interface Overview

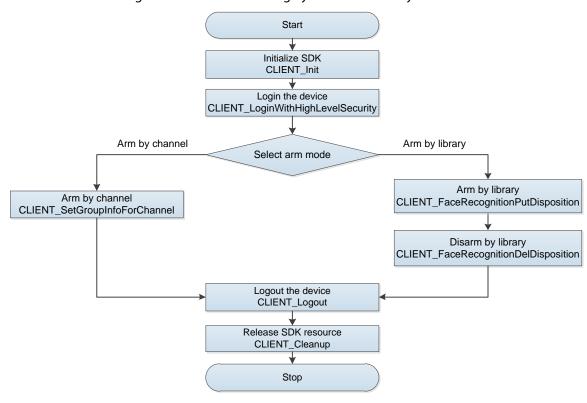
Table 3-3 Interfaces of arming by channel or library

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition	Arm by library.

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition	Disarm by library.
CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel	Arm by channel.

3.4.3 Process

Figure 3-3 Process of arming by channel or library



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- Step 3 Select arm way.
 - Arm by library
 - 1) Select arm by library, call **CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition** to arm the library.
 - After using the function module, call CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition to disarm the library.
 - Arm by channel
 Select arm by channel, call CLIENT SetGroupInfoForChannel to arm the channel.
- <u>Step 4</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Arm by channel and arm by library are two ways of arming the face library.
- Arm by channel, means one channel arm multiple face libraries. Arm by library, means multiple channel arm one face libraries.

- When arm by channel, call **CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel** to cover the old configurations. Disarm by channel, sent the empty arm information.
- When arm by library, call CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition to disarm some channels.
 For example, 3 channels are armed, you can disarm 2 channels, and the other one stay the same.

3.4.4 Example Code

3.4.4.1 Arm by channel

```
// Input parameter
NET IN SET GROUPINFO FOR CHANNEL
                                                             stInChannelDeploy
{ sizeof(NET_IN_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL)};
stInChannelDeploy.nChannelID = 0;
stInChannelDeploy.nGroupIdNum = 2; // Set the face library number at this channel.
strncpy(stlnChannelDeploy.szGroupId[0], strGroupId1, DH_COMMON_STRING_64-1); // Copy the face library
ID.
strncpy(stlnChannelDeploy.szGroupId[1], strGroupId2, DH_COMMON_STRING_64-1);
stlnChannelDeploy.nSimilaryNum = 2; //The similarity value number, which is equal to people groups.
stlnChannelDeploy.nSimilary[0] = 85; // The similarity value at the first face library.
stlnChannelDeploy.nSimilary[1] = 90; // The similarity value at the second face library.
// Output parameter
NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL
                                                             stOutChannelDeploy
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL)};
// Arm by library
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel(ILoginHandle, &stInChannelDeploy, &stOutChannelDeploy);
if (flase == bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
}
// Disarm by channel, sent the empty arm information.
if (NULL != IRealHandle)
    memset(stInChannelDeploy, 0, sizeof(NET_IN_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL));
    memset(stOutChannelDeploy, 0, sizeof(NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL));
    stInChannelDeploy.dwSize = sizeof(NET_IN_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL);
    stOutChannelDeploy.dwSize = sizeof(NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL);
    CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel(ILoginHandle, &stInChannelDeploy, &stOutChannelDeploy);
```

3.4.4.2 Arm by library

```
// Input parameter
NET IN FACE RECOGNITION PUT DISPOSITION INFO
                                                               stInFaceRecognitionDeploy
{ sizeof(NET_IN_FACE_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO);
strncpy(stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.szGroupId, strGroupId, DH_COMMON_STRING_64-1); // Face library that
need to arm
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.nDispositionChnNum = 2; // Number of video channel that armed
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[0].nChannelID = 0;
                                                                   // Face library deploy channel.
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[0].nSimilary = 90;
                                                                  // Similarity value.
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[1].nChannelID = 2;
stInFaceRecognitionDeploy.stuDispositionChnInfo[1].nSimilary = 85;
// Output parameter
NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO
                                                               stOutFaceRecognitionDeploy
{sizeof(NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO)};
// Arm by face library
bool
                     CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition(ILoginHandle,
                                                                           &stInFaceRecognitionDeploy,
&stOutFaceRecognitionDeploy);
if(false = nRet)
{
     printf("CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
// Disarm input parameter, you can disarm some channels.
NET IN FACE RECOGNITION DEL DISPOSITION INFO
                                                                stInFaceRecognitionDel
{sizeof(NET_IN_FACE_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO)};
stInFaceRecognitionDel
strncpy(stlnFaceRecognitionDel.szGroupId, strGroupId, DH_COMMON_STRING_64-1);
stInFaceRecognitionDel.nDispositionChnNum = 2; // Number of channel that armed
stInFaceRecognitionDel.nDispositionChn[0] = 0; // Disarm channel 1
stlnFaceRecognitionDel.nDispositionChn[1] = 1;
// Disarm output parameter
NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO
                                                                stOutFaceRecognitionDel
{sizeof(NET_OUT_FACE_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO)};
                       CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition(ILoginHandle,
bool
         nRet
                                                                              &stInFaceRecognitionDel,
&stOutFaceRecognitionDel);
if(false = nRet)
```

```
{
    printf("CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition: failed! Error code: %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
```

3.5 Searching for Picture by Picture

3.5.1 Introduction

You can import a picture and a similarity value, and then the IVSS and NVR devices will search the history library and the face library by this picture to make sure whether there is the matched face in the two libraries. And then it will return the right picture.

3.5.2 Interface Overview

Table 3-4 Interfaces of searching for picture by picture

3 · F · · · · · · · · · ·			
Interface	Implication		
CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition	Set the searching conditions of people face.		
CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState	Subscribe searching conditions of people face.		
CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState	Cancel subscribing the progress of searching conditions.		
CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition	Start searching.		
CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition	Stop searching.		

3.5.3 Process

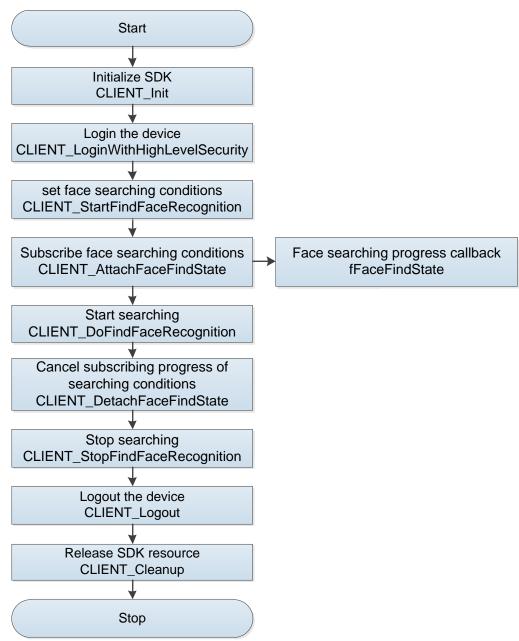


Figure 3-4 Process of searching picture by picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition** to set the searching conditions of people face.
- <u>Step 4</u> Check the return value in the Step3, If the nTotalCount in the output parameter structure returns -1, you need to wait until device searching complete.
- Step 5 Call CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState to subscribe the status of people face searching. Wait until the return progress of the progress callback function is 100, the searching is complete.
 Call CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState to cancel subscribing the searching progress.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition** to get the searching result.
- <u>Step 7</u> Call **CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition** to stop searching.

3.5.4 Example Code

```
// Search progress callback function
void CALLBACK FaceFindState(LLONG ILoginID, LLONG IAttachHandle, NET_CB_FACE_FIND_STATE* pstStates,
int nStateNum, LDWORD dwUser)
    if (pstStates->nProgress== 100) // Means the searching progress is 100%.
         //Stop subscribe the progress of people face searching
         CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState(IAttachHandle);
         // Start searching
         DoFind();
         }
         return;
// Configure searching conditions
NET_IN_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuInParam = { sizeof(stuInParam) };
NET_OUT_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuOutParam = { sizeof(stuOutParam) };
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.dwSize = sizeof(stulnParam.stFilterInfo);
stulnParam.stMatchOptions.dwSize = sizeof(stulnParam.stMatchOptions);
stuInParam.bPersonExEnable = TRUE;
stuInParam.nChannelID = 0;
stulnParam.stMatchOptions.nSimilarity = 80;
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.stStartTime = startTime;
stulnParam.stFilterInfo.stEndTime = endTime:
stuInParam.nBufferLen = nPicBufLen;
stuInParam.pBuffer = strPicBuf; // Picture Buffer
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.wFacePicNum = 1;
stulnParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwOffSet = 0;
stuInParam.stPersonInfoEx.szFacePicInfo[0].dwFileLenth = nLength;
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition(m_lLoginId, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, 5000);
if (!bRet)
    printf("CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return -1;
```

```
if (-1 == stuOutParam.nTotalCount)
    // When the total searching number is -1, it means the device searching is not completed. You need to
subscribe the progress of device searching.
    NET IN FACE FIND STATE stuInFindState = { sizeof(stuInFindState) };
    NET_OUT_FACE_FIND_STATE stuOutFindState = { sizeof(stuOutFindState) };
    stuInFindState.nTokenNum = 1;
    int nToken = stuOutParam.nToken;
    stuInFindState.nTokens = &nToken;
    stulnFindState.cbFaceFindState = FaceFindState; // Progress callback function.
    stuInFindState.dwUser = (DWORD)this;
    m\_IAttachHandle = CLIENT\_AttachFaceFindState (m\_ILoginId, \&stuInFindState, \&stuOutFindState, 5000);
else
    // Start searching.
    DoFind();
void DoFind()
    NET_IN_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION stuInDoFind = { sizeof(NET_IN_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION) };
    NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION
                                                                stuOutDoFind
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITION) };
    stuOutDoFind.bUseCandidatesEx = TRUE;
    stulnDoFind.nCount = 20; // Search for 20 information one time, the total searching number is more than
20.
    stuInDoFind.lFindHandle = m_lFindHandle;
    stuInDoFind.emDataType = EM_NEEDED_PIC_TYPE_HTTP_URL;// The returned picture format by
specified searching result is http link.
    stuInDoFind.nBeginNum = 0; // Search from 0.
    BOOL bRet = CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition(&stuInDoFind, &stuOutDoFind, 10000);
    if (!bRet)
        printf("CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition: failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
        return;
```

```
{\it CLIENT\_StopFindFaceRecognition} (m\_IFindHandle);
```

3.6 Searching for and Downloading Face Video and Picture

The face intelligent event is one of the intelligent events, so for more details, See "2.5 Searching for/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call CLIENT_FindFileEx to set searching conditions. The following is about the face searching operation and the value of parameter emType.

- DH_FILE_QUERY_FACE: Search face recognition picture
- DH_FILE_QUERY_FACE_DETECTION: Search face detection picture
- DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search video

The structure pointer of ET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE, the nEventLists field in the structure is as the following:

- EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION: Face recognition video searching
- EVENT_IVS_FACEDETECT: Face detection video searching

4 Body Detection

4.1 Subscribing Body Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out body detection, which is EVENT_IVS_HUMANTRAIT for body detection events.

4.2 Searching for the Body Picture

4.2.1 Introduction

For the code of body detection picture searching, see "2.5 Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture". The following section shows the description for body detection picture downloading.

4.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 4-1 Interface of body picture searching

Interface	Implication	
CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile	Download file.	

4.2.3 Process

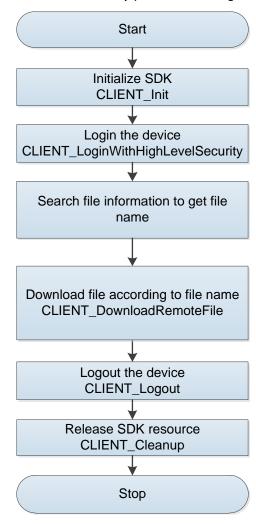


Figure 4-1 Process of body picture searching

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call SDK interface to search file information and to get the file name.
- <u>Step 4</u> Using the searched file information, call **CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile** to download file.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

4.2.4 Example Code

```
DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE stuInDownloadFile = {sizeof(DH_IN_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE )};
stuInDownloadFile.pszFileName = strFileName
stuInDownloadFile.pszFileDst = strDownloadName;

DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE stuOutDownloadFile = {sizeof(DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE )};
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile(m_ILoginHandle, &stuInDownloadFile, &stuOutDownloadFile);
```

```
if (bRet == FALSE)
{
    MessageBox(ConvertString("Download Failed"), ConvertString("Prompt"));
    return;
}
```

5 People Flow Statistics

5.1 Subscribing to People Flow Event

5.1.1 Introduction

This is the real-time subscribe of flow statistics data function.

You can install the front-end devices in the specified areas to precise statistics the in and out number of people real-time in each entrance by the intelligent analysis server according to video data collected by the front-end devices.

You can also get the total in and out number of people in one single day and real-time in and out number of people.

5.1.2 Interface Overview

Table 5-1 Interfaces of subscribing people flow

<u> </u>		
Interface	Implication	
CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary	Subscribe people flow event.	
CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary	Cancel subscribing people flow event.	

5.1.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT_Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Subscribe people flow event from the fVideoStatSumCallBack device Get people flow information CLIENT AttachVideoStatSummary Stop subscribing people flow event from the device CLIENT DetachVideoStatSummary Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 5-1 Process of subscribing people flow

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary** to subscribe people flow events from the device.
- <u>Step 4</u> After successful subscribe, call fVideoStatSumCallBack to get the face events and notify users.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using the flow statistics event function, call **CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary** to stop subscribing people flow events.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

5.1.4 Example Code

void_CALLBACK VideoStatSumCallback(LLONG IAttachHandle, NET_VIDEOSTAT_SUMMARY* pBuf, DWORD
dwBufLen, LDWORD dwUser)
{

```
// Produce callback data

NET_IN_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM InParam = {sizeof(NET_IN_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM)};

NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM OutParam = {sizeof(NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM)};

InParam.nChannel=0;

InParam.cbVideoStatSum=VideoStatSumCallback; // Subscribe callback function.

// Subscribe people flow statistics

LLONG attachHnd = CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary(ILoginID,&InParam,&OutParam,5000)

if(0 == attachHnd)

{
    printf("CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}

// Cancel subscribing people flow statistics

CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary(attachHnd);
```

5.2 Alarm of People Flow Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out people flow event, which is EVENT_IVS_NUMBERSTAT for people counting events and EVENT_IVS_MAN_NUM_DETECTION for area people counting events.

5.3 Searching for History Data of People Flow Statistics

5.3.1 Introduction

You can specify the start time and the end time of people flow information, and then the device end will send back the searching data to the SDK.

5.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 5-2 Interfaces of searching history data of people flow statistics

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat	Start searching history people flow information.
CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat	Continue to search history people flow information.
CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat	Stop searching history people flow information.

5.3.3 Process

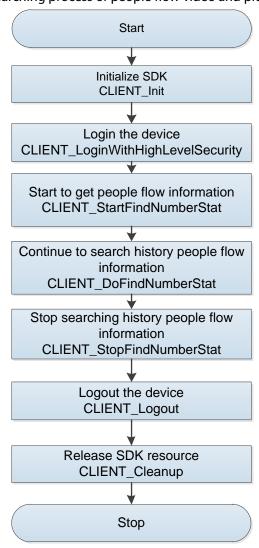


Figure 5-2 Searching process of people flow video and picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat** to get people flow statistics information.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat** to continue searching people flow statistics information at some period.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat** to stop searching records.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

5.3.4 Example Code

// Set searching conditions

NET_IN_FINDNUMBERSTAT inParam = { sizeof(NET_IN_FINDNUMBERSTAT)};

inParam.nChannelID = nChannelID; // The channel number you want to search

```
inParam.nGranularityType = 1; // Searching unit, 0: minute, 1: hour, 2: day, 3: week, 4: month, 5: season, 6: year
inParam.nWaittime = 5000; // Time-out for waiting received data
NET_OUT_FINDNUMBERSTAT outParam { sizeof(NET_OUT_FINDNUMBERSTAT)};
LLONG findHnd = CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat(pLoginHandle, &inParam, &outParam);
if (findHand == 0)
{
    printf("CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
NET_IN_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT inDoFind = {sizeof(NET_IN_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT)};
NET_OUT_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT outDoFind = {sizeof(NET_OUT_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT)};
inDoFind.nBeginNumber = 0; // Search from 0
stuInDoFind.nCount = 10; // Search for 10 information one time.
inDoFind.nWaittime = 5000; // The time-out of interface is 5s.
outDoFind.pstuNumberStat = new DH_NUMBERSTAT[10];
outDoFind.nBufferLen = 10 * sizeof(DH_NUMBERSTAT);
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    outDoFind.pstuNumberStat[i].dwSize = sizeof(DH_NUMBERSTAT);
}
// Search
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat(findHand, &inDoFind, &outDoFind)
if (FALSE == bRet)
    printf("CLIENT DoFindNumberStat failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT GetLastError());
    delete[] outDoFind.pstuNumberStat;
    return;
}
// Stop searching people flow statistics
CLINET_StopFindNumberStat(findHand);
delete[] outDoFind.pstuNumberStat;
```

6 General Behavior Event

6.1 Subscribing to General Behavior Event

For more details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out general behavior events:

- EVENT_IVS_CROSSLINEDETECTION, tripwire event
- EVENT_IVS_CROSSREGIONDETECTION, intrusion event
- EVENT_IVS_CROSSFENCEDETECTION, cross fence event
- EVENT_IVS_LEFTDETECTION, abandoned object event
- EVENT_IVS_MOVEDETECTION, fast moving event
- EVENT_IVS_RIOTERDETECTION, crowd gathering event
- EVENT_IVS_TAKENAWAYDETECTION, missing object event
- EVENT_IVS_PARKINGDETECTION, parking detection event
- EVENT_IVS_WANDERDETECTION, loitering detection event

6.2 Video Searching and Downloading of General Behavior

Event

The general behavior is one of the intelligent events. For more details, see "2.5 Searching for /Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the searching conditions when searching. For the searching operation of general behavior video, the value of emType is as the follow:

- emType: DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE, searching for video,
- pQueryCondition: The structure pointer of type NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE. The segments of nEventLists in the structure are as the follow:
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_CROSSLINEDETECTION: Video search of tripwire.
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_CROSSREGIONDETECTION: Video search of intrusion.
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_CROSSFENCEDETECTION: Video search of crossing fence
 - ♦ EVENT IVS LEFTDETECTION: Video search of abandoned object
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_MOVEDETECTION: Video search of fast moving
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_RIOTERDETECTION: Video search of crowd gathering
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_TAKENAWAYDETECTION: Video search of missing object
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_PARKINGDETECTION: Video search of parking detection
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_WANDERDETECTION: Video search of loitering detection

7 Intelligent Traffic

7.1 Subscribing to Intelligent Traffic Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing for Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out the intelligent traffic event, which is as the following:

- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJUNCTION: Traffic junction event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJAM: Traffic jam event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_OVERSPEED: Over speed event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_UNDERSPEED: Low speed event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PEDESTRAIN: Passerby event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_FLOWSTATE: Vehicle flow event.
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_VEHICLEINROUTE: Vehicle in lane
- EVENT IVS TRAFFIC NON MOTOR RETROGRADE: Wrong-way driving of non-motor vehicle
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_OVERLINE: Crossing solid white line
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_OVERYELLOWLINE: Crossing solid yellow line
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_RETROGRADE: Wrong-way driving
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_CROSSLANE: Illegal lane change
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_QUEUEJUMP: Vehicle queue jumping
- EVENT IVS TRAFFIC YELLOWPLATEINLANE: Heavy vehicle in lane
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_WRONGROUTE: Disobeying lane direction sign
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_UNDERSPEED: Underspeed
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_OVERSPEED: Overspeed
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_TRUCKFORBID: No trucks
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_UTURN: Illegal U-turn
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_TURNLEFT: Illegal left turn
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_TURNRIGHT: Illegal right turn
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_BACKING: Illegal backing
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PEDESTRAINPRIORITY: Failed to yield to pedestrians

7.2 Searching for History Data of Vehicle Flow Statistics

7.2.1 Introduction

Search the history data of vehicle flow statistics.

7.2.2 Interface Overview

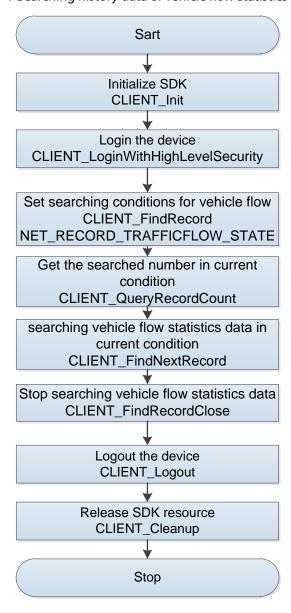
Table 7-1 Interfaces of searching history data of vehicle flow statistics

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_QueryRecordCount	Get searching number.

Interface	Implication
CLIENT FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching
	condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Stop searching.

7.2.3 Process

Figure 7-1 Searching history data of vehicle flow statistics



Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FindRecord** to set searching conditions for vehicle floe statistics. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_STATE.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_QueryRecordCount** to get the total number in the current searching conditions.
- Step 5 Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specifed number in the current searching

conditions.

- <u>Step 6</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 8</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- During searching the vehicle flow, at first, the device must support this function and have the
 vehicle flow data during the searching time. In addition, the device should have an SD card to
 save the vehicle flow data.
- The segment of the average speed is -1, which means that no vehicle has passed this period. If it is more than 1, it means that the average speed of the vehicle. If it is equal to 0, it means that the average speed is 0.

7.2.4 Example Code

```
// Start searching and set searching conditions
FIND_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_CONDITION stTrafficFlow = {sizeof(FIND_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_CONDITION)};
stTrafficFlow.abChannelId =TRUE;
stTrafficFlow.nChannelId = 0;
stTrafficFlow.abLane = FALSE;
stTrafficFlow.bStartTime=TRUE;
stTrafficFlow.bEndTime=TRUE;
stTrafficFlow.stStartTime = startTime;
stTrafficFlow.stEndTime = endTime;
stTrafficFlow.bStatisticsTime = TRUE;
NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM stuFindInParam = {sizeof(NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM)};
stuFindInParam.emType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICFLOW_STATE;
stuFindInParam.pQueryCondition = &stTrafficFlow;
NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM stuFindOutParam = {sizeof(NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM)};
bool bRet = CLIENT FindRecord(m lLoginHandle, &stuFindInParam, &stuFindOutParam, MAX TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
{
    return;
}
// Search the total number
NET_IN_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM
                                                           inQueryCountParam
{ sizeof(NET_IN_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM)};
inQueryCountParam.lFindeHandle = stuFindOutParam.lFindeHandle;
```

```
NET OUT QUEYT RECORD COUNT PARAM
                                                    outQueryCountParam
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM) };
bRet = CLIENT\_QueryRecordCount(\&inQueryCountParam, \&outQueryCountParam, MAX\_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
    Printf("Query record count failed!\n");
    return;
// Search 100 information.
int nQueryCount = 100;
NET_RECORD_TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE*
                                                  pRecordList
                                                                                               new
NET_RECORD_TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE[nQueryCount];
memset(pRecordList, 0, sizeof(NET_RECORD_TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE) * nQueryCount);
for (int unIndex = 0; unIndex < nQueryCount; ++unIndex)
    pRecordList[unIndex].dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORD_TRAFFIC_FLOW_STATE);
}
NET IN FIND NEXT RECORD PARAM
                                                        stuFindNextInParam
{sizeof(NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM)};
stuFindNextInParam.lFindeHandle = stuFindOutParam.lFindeHandle;
stuFindNextInParam.nFileCount = nQueryCount;
NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM
                                                        stuFindNextOutParam
{sizeof(NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM)};
stuFindNextOutParam.pRecordList = pRecordList;
stuFindNextOutParam.nMaxRecordNum = nQueryCount;
bRet = CLIENT_FindNextRecord(&stuFindNextInParam, &stuFindNextOutParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
    printf("Query record count failed!");
}
// Stop searching.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose(stuFindOutParam.lFindeHandle);
delete[] pRecordList;
```

7.3 Adding/deleting/modifying/searching for Blockist and Allowlist of Vehicle

7.3.1 Introduction

You can add, delete, modify and search for blocklist and allowlist of vehicle.

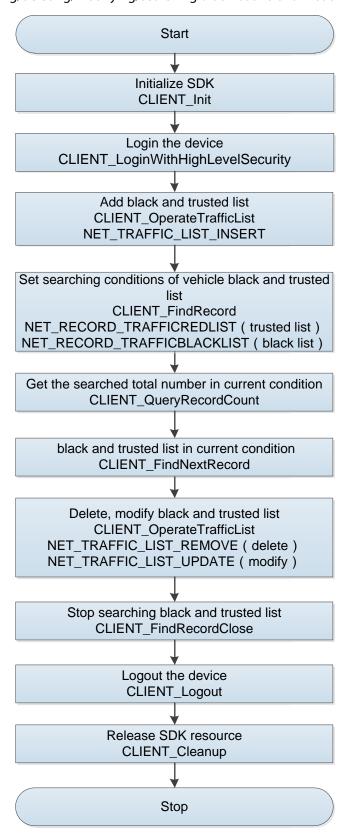
7.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 7-2 Interfaces of adding, deleting, modifying and searching for blocklist and allowlist of vehicle,

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_OperateTrafficList	Add, delete, modify and search for the blocklist and allowlist.
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_QueryRecordCount	Get searching number.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.

7.3.3 Process

Figure 7-2 Adding/deleting/modifying/searching blocklist and allowlist of vehicle



Process Description

Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.

- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_OperateTrafficList** to add the blocklist and allowlist. The enumeration type is NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_INSERT.
- Step 4 Call CLIENT_FindRecord to set searching conditions for blocklist and allowlist. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_TRAFFICREDLIST (trusted list) and NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST (blocklist).
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_QueryRecordCount** to get the total number in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 6</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specified number of the blocklist and allowlist in the current searching conditions.
- Step 7 Using the blocklist and allowlist you have searched, call **CLIENT_OperateTrafficList** blocklist and allowlist. The enumeration is NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_REMOVE (delete) and NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_UPDATE (modify).
- <u>Step 8</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource.
- <u>Step 9</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 10</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

Call **CLIENT_OperateTrafficList** to add blocklist and allowlist. When the interface returns -1, it means that do not generate a record list number but not means the interface failed. At first, the device saves the blocklist and allowlist to the cache, and then saves the data in the cache to the database. The device returns -1 because at this time the lists have not been added to the database.

7.3.4 Example Code

To check the code of blocklist and allowlist, see "7.2.4 Example Code". The following shows the example code of adding/deleting/modifying/searching blocklist and allowlist.

```
// Add blocklist and allowlist.

NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stInParam = { sizeof(NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };

NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stOutParam = { sizeof(NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };

stInParam.emOperateType = NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_INSERT;

stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST; // Blocklist

//stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST; // Allowlist

NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stTrafficListRecord = { sizeof(NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };

stTrafficListRecord.stBeginTime = startTime;

stTrafficListRecord.stCancelTime = endTime;

strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szPlateNumber, strPlateNumber.GetBuffer(), DH_MAX_PLATE_NUMBER_LEN-1);

strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szMasterOfCar, strOwner.GetBuffer(), DH_MAX_NAME_LEN-1);

NET_INSERT_RECORD_INFO stInsertInfo = { sizeof(NET_INSERT_RECORD_INFO ) };

stInsertInfo.pRecordInfo = &stTrafficListRecord;
```

```
stlnParam.pstOpreateInfo = &stlnsertInfo;
bool bRet = CLIENT_OperateTrafficList(m_ILoginHandle, &stInParam, &stOutParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
    return;
// Modify blocklist.
NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stInParam = { sizeof(NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
NET OUT OPERATE TRAFFIC LIST RECORD
                                                                 stOutParam
{ sizeof(NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
stInParam.emOperateType = NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_UPDATE;
stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST; // Blocklist
//stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICREDLIST; // Trusted list
NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stTrafficListRecord = { sizeof(NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
stTrafficListRecord.stBeginTime = startTime;
stTrafficListRecord.stCancelTime = endTime;
strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szPlateNumber, strPlateNumber.GetBuffer(), DH_MAX_PLATE_NUMBER_LEN-1);
strncpy(stTrafficListRecord.szMasterOfCar, strOwner.GetBuffer(), DH_MAX_NAME_LEN-1);
stTrafficListRecord.nRecordNo = m_stTrafficListInfo.nRecordNo; // Recording list number
NET_UPDATE_RECORD_INFO stModifyRecord = {sizeof(NET_UPDATE_RECORD_INFO)};
stModifyRecord.pRecordInfo = &stTrafficListRecord;
stInParam.pstOpreateInfo = &stModifyRecord;
bool bRet = CLIENT_OperateTrafficList(m_ILoginHandle, &stInParam, &stOutParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
    return;
// Modify blocklist and allowlist.
NET_REMOVE_RECORD_INFO stRemoveRecord = { sizeof(NET_REMOVE_RECORD_INFO) };
stRemoveRecord.nRecordNo = m_vecTrafficListInfo[nSelect]->nRecordNo; // Recording list number
NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stInParam = { sizeof(NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };
```

```
stInParam.emOperateType = NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_REMOVE;
stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICBLACKLIST; // Blocklist
//stInParam.emRecordType = NET_RECORD_TRAFFICREDLIST; // Allowlist

stInParam.pstOpreateInfo = &stRemoveRecord;
NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD stOutParam = { sizeof(NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD) };

bool bRet = CLIENT_OperateTrafficList(m_ILoginHandle, &stInParam, &stOutParam, MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!bRet)
{
    return;
}
```

7.4 Searching for and Downloading Vehicle Picture

7.4.1 Introduction

This function will save the capture picture for intelligent event to the storage in the device. You can search pictures through the plate number and corresponding intelligent events. This function also supports picture downloading.

For the vehicle picture searching, see "2.5 Searching for/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture". The interface **CLIENT_FindFileEx** searching type is DH_FILE_QUERY_TRAFFICCAR_EX.

The following shows the interface and example code.

7.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 7-3 Interfaces of searching and downlosding picture

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile	Download files in batches.
CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile	Stop downloading files in batches.

7.4.3 Process

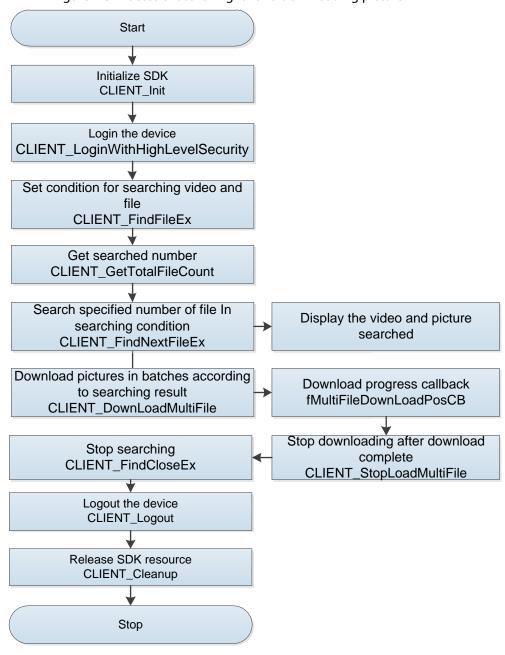


Figure 7-3 Process of searching for and downloading picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- Step 3 Call **CLIENT_FindFileEx** to set the searching conditions. After successfully setting, return the searching handle. To judge the right searching type according to the different values of emType.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount** to get the total number of video and picture searched.
- Step 5 Call **CLIENT_FindNextFileEx** to search the specified number of video and picture. Save the video and picture and do the playing back and downloading operation to the video and picture.
- Step 6 Using the searched file information, call CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile to download files in

batches.

- <u>Step 7</u> Call **CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile** to stop downloading the picture when the value of dwDownLoadSize in fMultiFileDownLoadPosCB is the maximum value.
- <u>Step 8</u> Call **CLIENT_FindCloseEx** to stop the searching.
- <u>Step 9</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 10</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- The parameter pQueryCondition in CLIENT_FindFileEx is requested and released by the user.
 The spacific type is defined by the enumeration type of emType.
- If **CLIENT_FindFileEx** sucessfully search, the searching handle will be returned. **CLIENT_FindNextFileEx** will take the searching handle as a parameter to search specific video and picture. You should call **CLIENT_FindCloseEx** to close the searching handle.
- **Call CLIENT_FindNextFileEx** to set the searching number. If the number is more than 1, then the parameter pMediaFileInfo should be taken as a data pointer.

7.4.4 Example Code

```
// Download progress callback function in batches
void CALLBACK DownloadTrafficPicture(LLONG IDownLoadHandle, DWORD dwID, DWORD dwFileTotalSize,
DWORD dwDownLoadSize, int nError, LDWORD dwUser, void* pReserved)
    if (nError != 0 || dwDownLoadSize == UINT_MAX)
        // Download error or download completed
        CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile(m_IDownloadHandle);
        delete[] pDownLoadInfo;
        }
}
NET_DOWNLOADFILE_INFO* pDownLoadInfo = new NET_DOWNLOADFILE_INFO[10]; // Download 10
information
memset(pDownLoadInfo, 0, 10*sizeof(NET_DOWNLOADFILE_INFO));
for(int i = 0; i++; i<10)
    pDownLoadInfo[i].dwFileID = 1;
    // The data of stTrafficPicture is the file searched from CLIENT_FindFileEx. The type is
MEDIAFILE_TRAFFICCAR_INFO_EX.
    pDownLoadInfo[i].nFileSize = stTrafficPicture.stuInfo.sizeEx / 1024;
    strncpy(pDownLoadInfo[i].szSourceFilePath, stTrafficPicture.stuInfo.szFilePath, MAX_PATH-1);
```

```
// The save path after downloading
    strncpy(pDownLoadInfo[i].szSavedFileName, szFilePathName[i], MAX_PATH-1);
NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE stInDownloadFile = {sizeof(NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE )};
NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE stOutDownloadFile= {sizeof(NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE )};
stInDownloadFile.emDownloadType = EM_DOWNLOAD_BY_FILENAME;
stInDownloadFile.cbPosCallBack = DownloadTrafficPicture; // Download in batches progress callback
function
stInDownloadFile.dwUserData = (LDWORD)this;
stInDownloadFile.nFileCount = 10; // The number of downloading file
stInDownloadFile.pFileInfos = pDownLoadInfo; // It means the file information pointer that you need to
download. If you need to download multiple file information pointers, it means the array first address.
// Download picture files in batches
BOOL nRet = CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile(m_ILoginHandle, &stInDownloadFile, &stOutDownloadFile,
MAX_TIMEOUT);
if (!nRet)
    printf("CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    delete[] pDownLoadInfo;
    return;
m_lDownloadHandle = stOutDownloadFile.lDownLoadHandle;
```

8 Barrier

8.1 Subscribing to Access Control Event

About more details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Call fAnalyzerDataCallBack to filter out access control event, which is as the following:

EVENT_IVS_ACCESS_CTL: Access control event

8.2 Manager Information of Access Control Card

8.2.1 Introduction

You can add, delete, modify and search the information of access control card such as the card number, user ID and card name.

8.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 8-1 Interfaces of manager information of access control card

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.
CLIENT_ControlDevice	Add, delete, modify and search the information of access
	control card.

8.2.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK **CLIENT Init** Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Add information of access control card CLIENT_ControlDevice DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT Set searching condition for access control card CLIENT_FindRecord NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD Data of access control card in current condition CLIENT_FindNextRecord Delete, modify, clean up the information of access control card CLIENT_ControlDevice DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_UPDATEEX(modify) DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE(delete)

DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR(clean up)

Stop searching information of access control card CLIENT_FindRecordClose

> Logout the device CLIENT_Logout

Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup

Stop

Figure 8-1 Adding/deleting/modifying/searching the information of access control card

Process Description

Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.

Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.

- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to add the information of access control card. The enumeration is DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_FindRecord** to set searching conditions for the information of access control card. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specified number of the information data of access control card in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 6</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource.
- <u>Step 7</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to modify the information of access control card. The enumeration is NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD.
- <u>Step 8</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to delete the information of access control card. The enumeration is DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE.
- <u>Step 9</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to clean up the information of access control card. The enumeration is DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR.
- <u>Step 10</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- Step 11 After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- When adding the access control card, make sure the CardNo and UserID are different with the information of access control card which saved in the device before.
- When deleting the access control card, and if the access control card binding with people face
 picture information, you should delete the information of access control card before deleting
 people face picture.
- During searching the information of access control card, firstly the device should support this function, and the device itself should have the information data of access control card.

8.2.4 Example Code

8.2.4.1 Searching the Information of Access Control Card

```
NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM stuOutParam= sizeof(NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM);
NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM stuInParam= sizeof(stuInParam);
stuInParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
FIND_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD_CONDITION  *pStuCardInfo = NEW
FIND_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD_CONDITION;
pStuCardInfo->dwSize = sizeof(FIND_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD_CONDITION);
stuInParam.pQueryCondition = (void*)pStuCardInfo;

// Start searching and set searching conditions
bRet = CLIENT_FindRecord(m_ILoginID, &stuInParam, &stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
{
    printf("CLIENT_FindRecord fail \n");
```

```
if (pStuCardInfo)
    delete pStuCardInfo;
    pStuCardInfo = NULL;
// Search 100 information.
NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM stuInParam= sizeof(stuInParam);
stuInParam.lFindeHandle = m_lFindHandle;
stuInParam.nFileCount = 100;
memset(pAccessCardInfo, 0, stuInParam.nFileCount * sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD));
for (int i = 0; i < stulnParam.nFileCount; i++)
    pAccessCardInfo[i].dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
stuOutParam.pRecordList = (void*)pAccessCardInfo;
stuOutParam.nMaxRecordNum = stuInParam.nFileCount;
int nRet = CLIENT_FindNextRecord(&stuInParam, &stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (!nRet)
    printf("CLIENT_FindNextRecord failed \n");
// Stop searching.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose(m_IFindHandle);
```

8.2.4.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Information of Access Control Card

```
// Add the information of access control card

NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);

stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetInfo.dwSize = sizeof(NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT_IN);

stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetResult.dwSize = sizeof(NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT_OUT);

stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetInfo.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
```

```
NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD *pStrCardInfo = NEW NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD;
pStrCardInfo->dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardNo, m_StuAddCardInfo.szCardNo, DH_MAX_CARDNO_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardName, m_StuAddCardInfo.szCardName, DH_MAX_CARDNAME_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szUserID, m_StuAddCardInfo.szUserID, DH_MAX_USERID_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szPsw, m StuAddCardInfo.szPsw, DH MAX CARDPWD LEN - 1);
pStrCardInfo->emStatus = NET_ACCESSCTLCARD_STATE_NORMAL;
pStrCardInfo->emType = NET_ACCESSCTLCARD_TYPE_GENERAL;
pStrCardInfo->nUserTime = m_StuAddCardInfo.nUserTime;
pStrCardInfo->bFirstEnter = TRUE;
pStrCardInfo->bIsValid = TRUE
pStrCardInfo->stuValidStartTime = m_StuAddCardInfo.stuValidStartTime;
pStrCardInfo->stuValidEndTime = m_StuAddCardInfo.stuValidEndTime;
// DoorNum is 2, it indicates the two doors of the gate.
pStrCardInfo->nDoorNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[0] = 0;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[1] = 1;
// Control the valid time of the opening door, 255 indicates all day.
pStrCardInfo->nTimeSectionNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[0] = 255;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[1] = 255;
stuInParam.stuCtrlRecordSetInfo.nBufLen = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
stuInParam.stuCtrIRecordSetInfo.pBuf = (void*)pStrCardInfo;
BOOL
                                                                                        &stulnParam,
        bRet
                     CLIENT_ControlDevice(m_lLoginID, DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_INSERT,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
    Printf("CLIENT_ControlDevice insert card fail \n");
    return;
// Modify the information of access control card
NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
stuInParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD *pStrCardInfo = NEW NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD;
```

```
memset(pStrCardInfo, 0, sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD));
pStrCardInfo->dwSize = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardNo, m_CardInfo.szCardNo, DH_MAX_CARDNO_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szCardName, m_CardInfo.szCardName, DH_MAX_CARDNAME_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szUserID, m_CardInfo.szUserID, DH_MAX_USERID_LEN - 1);
strncpy(pStrCardInfo->szPsw, m_CardInfo.szPsw, DH_MAX_CARDPWD_LEN - 1);
pStrCardInfo->emStatus = NET ACCESSCTLCARD STATE NORMAL;
pStrCardInfo->emType = NET_ACCESSCTLCARD_TYPE_GENERAL;
pStrCardInfo->nUserTime = m_CardInfo.nUserTime;
pStrCardInfo->bFirstEnter = TRUE;
pStrCardInfo->bIsValid =TRUE;
pStrCardInfo->stuValidStartTime = m_CardInfo.stuValidStartTime;
pStrCardInfo->stuValidEndTime = m_CardInfo.stuValidEndTime;
pStrCardInfo->nRecNo = m_CardInfo.nRecNo;
// DoorNum is 2, it indicates the two doors of the gate.
pStrCardInfo->nDoorNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[0] = 0;
pStrCardInfo->sznDoors[1] = 1;
// Control the valid time of the opening door, 255 indicates all day.
pStrCardInfo->nTimeSectionNum = 2;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[0] = 255;
pStrCardInfo->sznTimeSectionNo[1] = 255;
stuInParam.nBufLen = sizeof(NET_RECORDSET_ACCESS_CTL_CARD);
stuInParam.pBuf = (void*)pStrCardInfo;
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_ControlDevice(m_ILoginID, DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_UPDATEEX, &stuInParam,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (FALSE == bRet)
    printf ("CLIENT_ControlDevice modify cardinfo fail");
    return;
// Delete the information of access control card
NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
stuInParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
stuInParam.pBuf = &pCardInfo->nRecNo;
```

```
stuInParam.nBufLen = sizeof(int);
        bRet = CLIENT_ControlDevice(m_ILoginID, DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE,
                                                                                       &stulnParam,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (FALSE == bRet)
    printf(("CLIENT_ControlDevice delete cardinfo fail\n");
    return;
// Clean up the information of access control card (Delete all information of access control card)
NET_CTRL_RECORDSET_PARAM stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
stuInParam.emType = NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARD;
BOOL
              = CLIENT_ControlDevice(m_lLoginID, DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR,
                                                                                        &stulnParam,
DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (FALSE == bRet)
    printf ("CLIENT_ControlDevice clear cardinfo fail\n");
    return;
```

8.3 Face Management

8.3.1 Introduction

Add, modify, delete and clean up the face picture.

8.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 8-2 Interfaces of face management

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate	Add, delete, modify and clean up the information of face
CLIENT_FaceililoOpreate	picture.
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.
CLIENT Control Donico	Add, delete, modify and clean up the people
CLIENT_ControlDevice	information.

8.3.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK **CLIENT Init** Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Operation of face information CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_ADD(add) EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_UPDATE(modify) EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_REMOVE(delete) EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_CLEAR(clear) Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 8-2 Adding/deleting/modifying/cleaning up the information of face picture

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate** to add, modify and delete the face according to enumeration type.
- <u>Step 4</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 5</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Face information adding: Use EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_ADD as the enumeration.
- Face information modifying: Use EM FACEINFO OPREATE UPDATE as the enumeration.
- Face information deleting: Use EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_REMOVE as the enumeration.

- Face information cleaning up: Use EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_CLEAR as the enumeration.
- The face information modifying and deleting are according to the UserID of the access control card.

8.3.4 Example Code

```
// Add the information of face picture
NET_IN_ADD_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(NET_IN_ADD_FACE_INFO);
strncpy(stuInParam.szUserID, m_StuAddCardInfo.szUserID, DH_MAX_USERID_LEN - 1);
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhoto = 1;
FILE *fPic = fopen(m_szFilePath, "rb");
fseek(fPic, 0, SEEK_END);
int nLength = ftell(fPic);
rewind(fPic);
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhotoLen[0] = nLength;
stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = new char[nLength];
memset(stulnParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 0, nLength);
int nReadLen = fread(stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 1, nLength, fPic);
fclose(fPic);
fPic = NULL;
NET_OUT_ADD_FACE_INFO stuOutParam = sizeof(stuOutParam);
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_ILoginID, EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_ADD, (void*)&stuInParam,
(void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
    printf("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate add face fail");
}
if (fPic)
    fclose(fPic);
    fPic = NULL;
if (stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0])
    delete[] stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0];
```

```
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = NULL;
// Modify the information of face picture
NET_IN_UPDATE_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
strncpy(stuInParam.szUserID, m_CardInfo.szUserID, sizeof(m_CardInfo.szUserID) - 1);
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhoto = 1;
FILE *fPic = fopen(m_szFilePath, "rb");
fseek(fPic, 0, SEEK_END);
int nLength = ftell(fPic);
rewind(fPic);
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.nFacePhotoLen[0] = nLength;
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = new char[nLength];
memset(stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 0, nLength);
int nReadLen = fread(stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0], 1, nLength, fPic);
fclose(fPic);
fPic = NULL;
NET_OUT_UPDATE_FACE_INFO stuOutParam;
memset(&stuOutParam, 0, sizeof(stuOutParam));
stuOutParam.dwSize = sizeof(stuOutParam);
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_ILoginID, EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_UPDATE, (void*)&stuInParam,
(void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
    printf ("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate modify face fail");
}
if (fPic)
    fclose(fPic);
    fPic = NULL;
if (stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0])
    delete[] stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0];
```

```
stuInParam.stuFaceInfo.pszFacePhoto[0] = NULL;
// Delete the face picture
NET_IN_REMOVE_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
// Delete the face picture according to the UserID of the information of access control card.
strncpy(stuInParam.szUserID, cardInfo.szUserID, DH MAX USERID LEN - 1);
NET_OUT_REMOVE_FACE_INFO stuOutParam;
memset(&stuOutParam, 0, sizeof(stuOutParam));
stuOutParam.dwSize = sizeof(stuOutParam);
bRet = CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_lLoginID,
                                                EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_REMOVE, (void*)&stuInParam,
(void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
    printf ("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate delete face fail");
}
// Clean up the information of face picture(Delete all information of face picture)
NET_IN_CLEAR_FACE_INFO stuInParam = sizeof(stuInParam);
NET_OUT_CLEAR_FACE_INFO stuOutParam;
memset(&stuOutParam, 0, sizeof(stuOutParam));
stuOutParam.dwSize = sizeof(stuOutParam);
BOOL bRet = CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(m_ILoginID, EM_FACEINFO_OPREATE_CLEAR, (void*)&stuInParam,
(void*)&stuOutParam, DEFAULT_WAIT_TIME);
if (bRet == FALSE)
    printf ("CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate clear face fail");
```

8.4 Searching for the Record of In-Out the Door

8.4.1 Introduction

Search the record list of access control. The searching information includes card No., user serial number, the status of opening the door, card type, the mode of opening the door and time.

8.4.2 Interface Overview

Table 8-3 Interfaces of searching the record of in-out the door

Interface	Implication
CLIENT_FindRecord	Set searching conditions.
CLIENT_FindNextRecord	Search data in the current searching
CLIENT_FINIANEXTRECOID	condition.
CLIENT_FindRecordClose	Close searching.
CLIENT Control Davisa	Delete and clean up the record of access
CLIENT_ControlDevice	control.

8.4.3 Process

Start Initialize SDK CLIENT_Init Login the device CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity Set searching condition for record of access control CLIENT_FindRecord NET_RECORD_ACCESSCTLCARDREC_EX Search access control record In current condition CLIENT_FindNextRecord Delete, clean up In- out record CLIENT_ControlDevice DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE(delete) DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR(clean up) Stop searching access control record CLIENT_FindRecordClose Logout the device CLIENT_Logout Release SDK resource CLIENT_Cleanup Stop

Figure 8-3 Searching/deleting/cleaning up the record of access control

Process Description

- Step 1 Call **CLIENT_Init** to initialize SDK.
- Step 2 Call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to login the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call **CLIENT_FindRecord** to set searching conditions for the record of access control.
- <u>Step 4</u> Call **CLIENT_FindNextRecord** to search the specified number of the record of access control

- in the current searching conditions.
- <u>Step 5</u> Call **CLIENT_ControlDevice** to delete and clean up the record of access control.
- <u>Step 6</u> After searching, call **CLIENT_FindRecordClose** to clean up the searching resource Information.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using the function module, call **CLIENT_Logout** to logout the device.
- <u>Step 8</u> After using all SDK functions, call **CLIENT_Cleanup** to release SDK resource.

Notes for Process

- Access control record deleting: Use DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_REMOVE as the enumeration.
- Access control record cleaning up: Use DH_CTRL_RECORDSET_CLEAR as the enumeration.

8.4.4 Example Code

About the codes, see "8.2.4.1 Searching the Information of Access Control Card".

The example code for deleting and cleaning up the access control records, see "8.2.4.2 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Information of Access Control Card".

9 Object Monitoring

9.1 Subscribing to Object Monitoring Events

For details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Filter out general behavior events through the callback function fAnalyzerDataCallBack reported by intelligent events:

- EVENT_IVS_OBJECT_PLACEMENT_DETECTION: Object placement detection event
- EVENT_IVS_OBJECT_REMOVAL_DETECTION: Object removal detection event
- EVENT_IVS_TRASH_WITHOUT_COVER_DETECTION: Detection events of uncovered garbage can

9.2 Searching for and Downloading Object Monitoring

Video

Object monitoring belongs to intelligent event. For details on related video and picture search, see "2.5 Searching for/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the search conditions. The video search and interface parameters of object monitoring are as follows:

- emType: DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search for video.
- pQueryCondition: NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE structure pointer. The nEventLists field in the structure is:
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_OBJECT_PLACEMENT_DETECTION: Video search of object placement
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_OBJECT_REMOVAL_DETECTION: Video search of object removal
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_TRASH_WITHOUT_COVER_DETECTION: Video search of uncovered garbage can

10 City Management

10.1 Subscribing to management events

For details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Filter out general behavior events through the callback function fAnalyzerDataCallBack reported by intelligent events:

- EVENT_IVS_CITY_MOTORPARKING: Illegal parking of motor vehicles
- EVENT_IVS_CITY_NONMOTORPARKING: Illegal parking of non-motor vehicles
- EVENT_IVS_DOOR_FRONT_DIRTY: Dirty front door
- EVENT_IVS_DUSTBIN_OVER_FLOW: Full garbage can
- EVENT_IVS_FLOWBUSINESS: Mobile vendor
- EVENT_IVS_GARBAGE_EXPOSURE: Exposed garbage
- EVENT IVS HOLD UMBRELLA: Illegal umbrella
- EVENT IVS HUDDLE MATERIAL: Piles of material
- EVENT_IVS_OUTDOOR_ADVERTISEMENT: Outdoor advertisement
- EVENT_IVS_SHOPPRESENCE: Roadside stall
- EVENT_IVS_SHOP_SIGN_ABNORMAL: Abnormal store sign
- EVENT_IVS_SHOP_WINDOW_POST: Window posting
- EVENT_IVS_STREET_SUNCURE: Drying along the street

10.2 Searching for and Downloading City Management

Video

City management belongs to intelligent event. For details on related video and picture search, see "2.5Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call the interface CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the search conditions. The video search and interface parameters of city management are as follows:

- emType: DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search for video.
- pQueryCondition: NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE structure pointer. The nEventLists field in the structure is:
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_CITY_MOTORPARKING: Video search of illegal parking of motor vehicles
 - EVENT_IVS_CITY_NONMOTORPARKING: Video search of illegal parking of non-motor vehicles
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_DOOR_FRONT_DIRTY: Video search of dirty front door
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_DUSTBIN_OVER_FLOW: Video search of full garbage can
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_FLOWBUSINESS: Video search of of mobile vendor
 - EVENT_IVS_GARBAGE_EXPOSURE: Video search of exposed garbage
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_HOLD_UMBRELLA: Video search of illegal umbrella.
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_HUDDLE_MATERIAL: Video search of piles of material
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_OUTDOOR_ADVERTISEMENT: Video search of outdoor advertisement
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_SHOPPRESENCE: Video search of roadside stall
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_SHOP_SIGN_ABNORMAL: Video search of abnormal store sign
 - EVENT_IVS_SHOP_WINDOW_POST: Video search of window posting

\Diamond	EVENT_IVS_STREET_SUNCURE: Video search of drying along the street

11 Parking Space Detection

11.1 Subscribing to Detection Event of Parking Space

For details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Filter out general behavior events through the callback function fAnalyzerDataCallBack reported by intelligent events:

- EVENT_IVS_CAR_DRIVING_IN_OUT: Vehicle entering or exiting status
- EVENT_IVS_PARKING_LOT_STATUS_DETECTION: Status detection of outdoor parking space
- EVENT_IVS_PARKINGSPACE_STATUS: Parking space status
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACE_MANUALSNAP: Manual snapshot of roadside parking space
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACENOPARKING: Parking space not occupied
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACEOVERLINE: Cross the parking line
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACEPARKING: Parking space occupied
- EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_ANALYSE_PRESNAP: Pre-analyze snapshot

11.2 Searching for and Downloading Event Detection Video of Parking Space

Parking space detection belongs to intelligent event. For details on related video and picture search, see "2.5 Searching for/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call the interface CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the search conditions. The video search and interface parameters of parking space detection event are as follows:

- emType: DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search for video.
- pQueryCondition: NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE structure pointer. The nEventLists field in the structure is:
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_CAR_DRIVING_IN_OUT: Video search of vehicle entering or exiting status.
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_PARKING_LOT_STATUS_DETECTION: Video search of outdoor parking space status
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_PARKINGSPACE_STATUS: Video search of parking space status.
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACE_MANUALSNAP: Video search of manual snapshot of roadside parking space
 - EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACENOPARKING: Video search of parking space not occupied
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACEOVERLINE: Video search of parking line crossing
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_PARKINGSPACEPARKING: Video search of occupied parking space
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_ANALYSE_PRESNAP: Video search of pre-analyzed snapshot

11.3 Subscribing to Designated Parking Space Picture

11.3.1 Overview

Subscribe to or unsubscribe from the designated parking space picture through the designated channel number and picture ID.

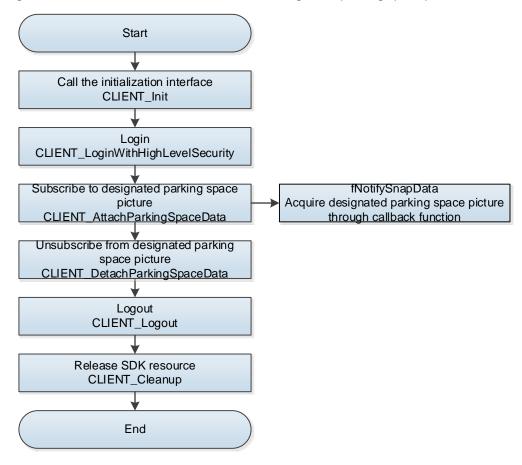
11.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 11-1 Interfaces related to subscription of designated parking space picture

Interface	Description
CLIENT_AttachParkingSpaceData	Subscribe to designated parking space picture
CLIENT Details Design of the appear	Unsubscribe from designated parking space
CLIENT_DetachParkingSpaceData	picture

11.3.3 Process Description

Figure 11-1 Subscribe to or unsubscribe from designated parking space picture



Process Description

Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.

- <u>Step 2</u> After successful initialization, call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call CLIENT_AttachParkingSpaceData to subscribe to the designated parking space picture from the device.
- <u>Step 4</u> After the subscription is successful, the parking picture reported by the device is obtained and notified to the user through the fNotifySnapData callback function.
- <u>Step 5</u> After the parking space picture is reported, call CLIENT_DetachParkingSpaceData to unsubscribe from the designated parking space picture.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the function module, call CLIENT_Logout to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call CLIENT_Cleanup to release SDK resource.

11.3.4 Example Code

```
CALLBACK
                    NotifySnapData(LLONG
                                             lParkingHandle,
                                                               NET CB PARKINGSPACE DATA*
pDiagnosisInfo, void* pBuf, int nBufLen, LDWORD dwUser)
    // Process the callback data
NET_IN_ATTACH_PARKINGSPACE InParam = {sizeof (NET_IN_ATTACH_PARKINGSPACE)};
NET_OUT_ATTACH_PARKINGSPACE OutParam = {sizeof(NET_OUT_ATTACH_PARKINGSPACE)};
InParam.nChannel=0;
InParam.cbNotifySnapData = NotifySnapData; // Subscribe to callback function
// Subscribe to designated parking space picture
LLONG attachHnd = CLIENT_AttachParkingSpaceData (ILoginID,&InParam,&OutParam,3000)
if(0 == attachHnd)
    printf("CLIENT_AttachParkingSpaceData failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return:
// Unsubscribing from heat map data
CLIENT_DetachParkingSpaceData (attachHnd);
```

12 Crowd Map

12.1 Subscribing to Crowd Map Event

For details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Filter out general behavior events in the callback function fAnalyzerDataCallBack reported by intelligent events:

EVENT_IVS_CROWDDETECTION: Crowd density detection

12.2 Searching for and Downloading Video of Crowd Map

Crowd map event belongs to intelligent event. For details on related video and picture search, see "2.5 Searching for/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call the interface CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the search conditions. The video search and interface parameters of crowd map event are as follows:

- emType: DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search for video.
- pQueryCondition: NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE structure pointer. The nEventLists field in the structure is:

EVENT_IVS_CROWDDETECTION: Video search of crowd density detection.

13 Vehicle Density Map

13.1 Subscribing to Vehicle Density Event

For details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Filter out general behavior events through the callback function fAnalyzerDataCallBack reported by intelligent events:

- EVENT_IVS_CONGESTION_DETECTION: Vehicle congestion alarm event (road scenarios)
- EVENT_IVS_VEHICLELIMIT_DETECTION: Upper limit alarm of parking vehicles (parking lot scenarios)

13.2 Searching for and Downloading Video of Vehicle

Density Event

Vehicle density event belongs to intelligent event. For details on related video and picture search, see "2.5Searching/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call the interface CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the search conditions. The video search and interface parameters of vehicle density event are as follows:

- emType: DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search for video.
- pQueryCondition: NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE structure pointer. The nEventLists field in the structure is:
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_CONGESTION_DETECTION: Video search of vehicle congestion alarm (road scenarios).
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_VEHICLELIMIT_DETECTION: Video search of upper limit alarm of parking vehicles (parking lot scenarios).

14 Heat Map

14.1 Subscribing to Heat Map Data

14.1.1 Overview

Subscribe to or unsubscribe from heat map

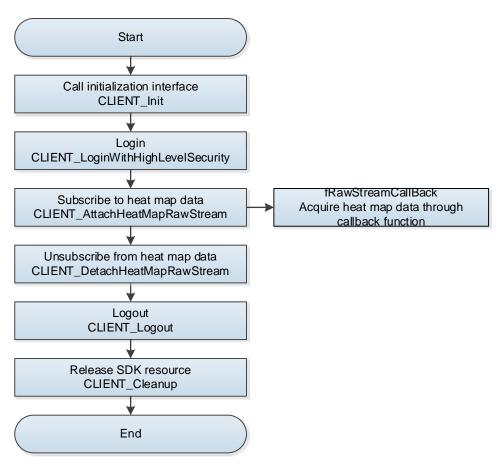
14.1.2 Interface Overview

Table 14-1 Interface description of heat map

Interface	Description
CLIENT_AttachHeatMapRawStream	Subscribe to original data of heat map
CLIENT_DetachHeatMapRawStream	Unsubscribe from original data of heat map.

14.1.3 Process Description

Figure 14-1 Subscribe to or unsubscribe from heat map data



Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> After successful initialization, call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log in to the device.
- <u>Step 3</u> Call CLIENT_AttachHeatMapRawStream to subscribe to heat map data from device.
- <u>Step 4</u> After the subscription is successful, the heat map data reported by the device is notified to the user through the fRawStreamCallBack callback function.
- <u>Step 5</u> After the original data of heat map is reported, call CLIENT_DetachHeatMapRawStream to unsubscribe from the heat map data.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the function module, call CLIENT_Logout to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call CLIENT_Cleanup to release SDK resource.

14.1.4 Example Code

```
void CALLBACK RawStreamCallBack(LLONG IAttachHandle, NET_RAWSTREAM_NOTIFY_INFO* pBuf,
DWORD dwBufLen, LDWORD dwUser)
{
    // Process callback data
}

NET_IN_RAWSTREAM_ATTACH_INFO InParam = {sizeof(NET_IN_RAWSTREAM_ATTACH_INFO)};
NET_OUT_RAWSTREAM_ATTACH_INFO OutParam = {sizeof(NET_OUT_RAWSTREAM_ATTACH_INFO)};
InParam.nChannel=0;
InParam.cbNotify= RawStreamCallBack; // Subscribe to callback function

// Subscribe to heat map data
LLONG attachHnd = CLIENT_AttachHeatMapRawStream(ILoginID,&InParam,&OutParam,3000)
if(0 == attachHnd)
{
    printf("CLIENT_AttachHeatMapRawStream failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}

// Unsubscribe from heat map data
CLIENT_DetachHeatMapRawStream(attachHnd);
```

14.2 Subscribing to Gray Map Data

14.2.1 Overview

Subscribe to or unsubscribe from gray map

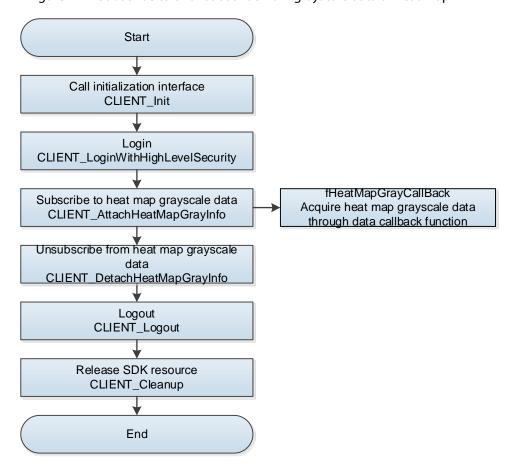
14.2.2 Interface Overview

Table 14-2 Interface description of gray map

Interface	Description
CLIENT_AttachHeatMapGrayInfo	Subscribe to the grayscale data of heat map
CLIENT_DetachHeatMapGrayInfo	Unsubscribe to the grayscale data of heat map

14.2.3 Process Description

Figure 14-2 Subscribe to or unsubscribe from grayscale data of heat map



Process Description

- Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.
- <u>Step 2</u> After successful initialization, call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log in to the device
- <u>Step 3</u> Call CLIENT_AttachHeatMapRawStream to subscribe to the grayscale data of heat map from device.
- <u>Step 4</u> After the subscription is successful, the grayscale data of heat map reported by the device is notified to the user through the fHeatMapGrayCallBack callback function.
- <u>Step 5</u> After grayscale data of heat map is reported, call CLIENT_DetachHeatMapGrayInfo to unsubscribe from the grayscale data of heat map.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the function module, call CLIENT_Logout to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call CLIENT_Cleanup to release SDK resource.

14.2.4 Example Code

```
void CALLBACK HeatMapGrayCallBack(LLONG IAttachHandle, NET_CB_HEATMAP_GRAY_INFO*
pstGrayInfo, LDWORD dwUser)
{
    // Process the callback data
}

NET_IN_GRAY_ATTACH_INFO InParam = {sizeof (NET_IN_GRAY_ATTACH_INFO)};
NET_OUT_GRAY_ATTACH_INFO OutParam = {sizeof(NET_OUT_GRAY_ATTACH_INFO)};
InParam.nChannel=0;
InParam.cbHeatMapGray = HeatMapGrayCallBack; // Subscribe to callback function

// Subscribe to heat map data
LLONG attachHnd = CLIENT_AttachHeatMapGrayInfo (ILoginID,&InParam,&OutParam,3000)
if(0 == attachHnd)
{
    printf("CLIENT_AttachHeatMapGrayInfo failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}

// Unsubscribe from heat map data
CLIENT_DetachHeatMapGrayInfo (attachHnd);
```

15 Stereo Analysis

15.1 Subscribing to Stereo Analysis Event

For details, see "2.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event". Filter out general behavior events in the callback function fAnalyzerDataCallBack reported by intelligent events:

- EVENT_IVS_BACK_TO_DETECTION: Back detection
- EVENT_IVS_BIG_BAGGAGE_DETECTION: Luggage detection
- EVENT_IVS_DISTANCE_DETECTION: Abnormal spacing detection
- EVENT_IVS_PRAM_DETECTION: Baby stroller detection
- EVENT_IVS_ABNORMALRUNDETECTION: Abnormal running detection
- EVENT_IVS_STEREO_DISTANCE_DETECTION: Abnormal spacing of stereo analysis detection
- EVENT_IVS_TICKET_EVADE_DETECTION: Fare evasion detection
- EVENT_IVS_WALK_DETECTION: Walking detection
- EVENT_IVS_WRITE_ON_THE_BOARD_DETECTION: Blackboard writing detection

15.2 Searching for and Downloading Video of Stereo

Analysis Event

Stereo analysis belongs to intelligent event. For details on related video and picture search, see "2.5 Searching for/Playbacking/Downloading Video and Picture".

Call the interface CLIENT_FindFileEx to set the search conditions. The video search and interface parameters of stereo analysis are as follows:

- emType: DH_FILE_QUERY_FILE: Search for video.
- pQueryCondition: NET_IN_MEDIA_QUERY_FILE structure pointer. The nEventLists field in the structure is:
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_BACK_TO_DETECTION: Video search of back detection
 - EVENT_IVS_BIG_BAGGAGE_DETECTION: Video search of luggage detection
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_DISTANCE_DETECTION: Video search of abnormal spacing
 - ♦ EVENT IVS PRAM DETECTION: Video search of baby stroller detection
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_ABNORMALRUNDETECTION: Video search of abnormal running
 - EVENT_IVS_STEREO_DISTANCE_DETECTION: Video search of abnormal spacing of stereo analysis.
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_TICKET_EVADE_DETECTION: Video search of fare evasion
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_WALK_DETECTION: Video search of walking detection
 - ♦ EVENT_IVS_WRITE_ON_THE_BOARD_DETECTION: Video search of blackboard writing detection.

15.3 Subscribing to Video Statistics

15.3.1 Overview

Subscribe to or unsubscribe from the video statistics of stereo analysis.

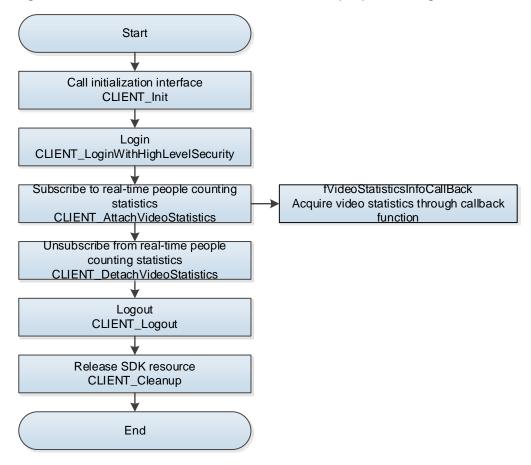
15.3.2 Interface Overview

Table 15-1 Interface description of video statistics

Interface	Description
	Subscribe to real-time people counting
CLIENT_AttachVideoStatistics	statistics.
CLIENT Data shi/ida a Statistica	Unsubscribe from real-time people counting
CLIENT_DetachVideoStatistics	statistics.

15.3.3 Process Description

Figure 15-1 Subscribe to or unsubscribe from real-time people counting statistics



Process Description

Step 1 Call CLIENT_Init to initialize SDK.

<u>Step 2</u> After successful initialization, call CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity to log in to the

device.

- <u>Step 3</u> Call CLIENT_AttachVideoStatistics to subscibe to real-time people counting statistics from device.
- <u>Step 4</u> After the subscription is successful, the real-time people counting statistics reported by the device is notified to the user through the fVideoStatisticsInfoCallBack callback function.
- <u>Step 5</u> After real-time people counting statistics is reported, call CLIENT_DetachVideoStatistics to unsubscribe from the real-time people counting statistics.
- <u>Step 6</u> After using the function module, call CLIENT_Logout to log out of the device.
- <u>Step 7</u> After using all SDK functions, call CLIENT_Cleanup to release SDK resource.

15.3.4 Example Code

```
void CALLBACK VideoStatisticsInfoCallBack (LLONG IAttachHandle, NET_EM_VS_TYPE emType, void*
pBuf, DWORD dwBufLen, LDWORD dwUser)
{
    // Process the callback data
}

NET_IN_ATTACH_VIDEO_STATISTICS InParam = {sizeof (NET_IN_ATTACH_VIDEO_STATISTICS)};
NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEO_STATISTICS OutParam = {sizeof(NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEO_STATISTICS)}
InParam.nChannel=0;
InParam.cbCallBack = VideoStatisticsInfoCallBack; // Subscribe to callback function

// Subscribe to real-time people counting statistics
LLONG attachHnd = CLIENT_AttachVideoStatistics (ILoginID,&InParam,&OutParam,3000)
if(0 == attachHnd)
{
    printf("CLIENT_AttachVideoStatistics failed! Error code %x.\n", CLIENT_GetLastError());
    return;
}

// Unsubscribe from real-time people counting statistics
CLIENT_DetachVideoStatistics(attachHnd);
```

16 Interface Definition

16.1 SDK Initialization

16.1.1 SDK CLIENT_Init

Table 16-1 Initialize SDK

Item	Description		
Name	Initialize SDK.		
	BOOL CLIENT_Init(
Function	fDisConnect cbDisConnect,		
runction	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
Parameter	[in]cbDisConnect	Disconnection callback.	
Parameter	[in]dwUser	User parameter of disconnection callback.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
	The precondition for calling other function modules of SDK. The callback will not send to the user after the device is disconnected if the		
Note			
callback is set as NULL.			

16.1.2 CLIENT_Cleanup

Table 16-2 Clean up SDK

Item	Description
Name	Clean up SDK.
Function	void CLIENT_Cleanup()
Parameter	None.
Return value	None.
Note	Call SDK cleanup interface before the process stops.

16.1.3 CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect

Table 16-3 Set reconnection callback

Item	Description	
Name	Set auto reconnection callback.	
	void CLIENT_SetAutoReconnect(
From attiana	fHaveReConnect	cbAutoConnect,
Function	LDWORD d	lwUser
);	
Parameter	[in]cbAutoConnect	Reconnection callback.
	[in]dwUser	User parameter of disconnection callback.
Return value	None.	

Item	Description	
Note	Set the reconnection callback interface. If the callback is set as NULL, it will not	
	connect automatically.	

16.1.4 CLIENT_SetNetworkParam

Table 16-4 Set network parameter

Item	Description		
Name	Set the related parameters for network environment.		
	void CLIENT_SetNetworkParam(
Function	NET_PARAM *pNetParam		
);		
Parameter	[in]pNetParam	Parameters such as network delay, reconnection	
		times and cache size.	
Return value	None.		
Note	Adjust the parameters according to the actual network environment.		

16.2 Device Login

16.2.1 CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity

Table 16-5 Log in with high level security

Item	Description		
Name	Login the device with high level security.		
Function	LLONG CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity (
	NET_IN_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY* pstInParam,		
	NET_OUT_LOGIN_WITH_HIGHLEVEL_SECURITY* pstOutParam		
);		
Parameter	[in] pstInParam	[in] dwSize	
		[in] szIP	
		[in] nPort	
		[in] szUserName	
		[in] szPassword	
		[in] emSpecCap	
		[in] pCapParam	
	[out] pstOutParam	[in]dwSize	
		[out] stuDeviceInfo	
		[out] nError	
Return value	Success: Not 0.		
	Failure: 0.		
Note	Login the device with high level security.		
	CLIENT_LoginEx2 can still be used, but there are security risks, so it is highly		
	recommended to use the latest interface CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity		
	to log in to the device.		

Table 16-6 Error code and meaning

Error code	Meaning	
1	Wrong password.	
2	The user name does not exist.	
3	Login timeout.	
4	The account has logged in.	
5	The account has been locked.	
6	The account is in the blocklist.	
7	The device resource is insufficient and the system is busy.	
8	Sub connection failed.	
9	Main connection failed.	
10	Exceeds the maximum allowed number of user connections.	
11	Lack avnetsdk or the dependent libraries of avnetsdk.	
12	USB flash disk is not inserted into device, or the USB flash disk information	
12	error.	
13	The IP at client is not authorized for login.	

16.2.2 CLIENT_Logout

Table 16-7 Log out

Item	Description		
Name	Logout the device.	Logout the device.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Logout(LLONG ILoginID);		
Function			
Parameter	[in]lLoginID Return value of CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.		
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

16.3 Real-time Monitoring

16.3.1 CLIENT_RealPlayEx

Table 16-8 Start the real-time monitoring

Item	Description	
Name	Open the real-time monitoring.	
	LLONG CLIENT_RealPlayEx(
	LLONG	lLoginID,
Function	int	nChannelID,
Function	HWND	hWnd,
	DH_RealPlayType	rType
);	
Parameter	[in]lLoginID	Return value of CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.
	[in]nChannelID	Video channel number is a round number starting
		from 0.

Item	Description	
	[in]hWnd	Window handle valid only under Windows system.
	[in]rType	Preview type.
Return value	Success: Not 0. Failure: 0.	
Note	Windows system:	
	When hWnd is valid, the corresponding window displays picture.	
	When hWnd is NULL, get the video data through setting a callback and send to	
	user for treatment.	

Table 16-9 Live view type and meaning

Preview type.	Meaning
DH_RType_Realplay	Real-time preview.
DH_RType_Multiplay	Multi-picture preview.
DH_RType_Realplay_0	Real-time monitoring—main stream, equivalent to
	DH_RType_Realplay.
DH_RType_Realplay_1	Real-time monitoring—sub stream 1.
DH_RType_Realplay_2	Real-time monitoring—sub stream 2.
DH_RType_Realplay_3	Real-time monitoring—sub stream 3.
DH_RType_Multiplay_1	Multi-picture preview—1 picture.
DH_RType_Multiplay_4	Multi-picture preview—4 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_8	Multi-picture preview—8 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_9	Multi-picture preview—9 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_16	Multi-picture preview—16 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_6	Multi-picture preview—6 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_12	Multi-picture preview—12 pictures.
DH_RType_Multiplay_25	Multi-picture preview—25 pictures.

16.3.2 CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx

Table 16-10 Stop the real-time monitoring

Item	Description	
Name	Stop the real-time monitoring.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopRealPlayEx(LLONG	
Function		
Parameter	[in]lRealHandle Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.3.3 CLIENT_SaveRealData

Table 16-11 Save the real-time monitoring data as file

Item	Description	
Name	Save the real-time monitoring data as file.	

Item	Description	
	BOOL CLIENT_SaveRealData(
Function	LLONG IRealHandle,	
runction	const char *pchFileName	
);	
Daramatar	[in] IRealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.
Parameter	[in] pchFileName	Save path.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.3.4 CLIENT_StopSaveRealData

Table 16-12 Stop saving the real-time monitoring data as file

Item	Description	
Name	Stop saving the real-time monitoring data as file.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopSaveRealData(LLONG	
Function		
Parameter	[in] IRealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.3.5 CLIENT_SetRealDataCallBackEx

Table 16-13 Set the callback of real-time monitoring data

Table 10-13 Set the Camback of Fear-time monitoring data		
Item	Description	
Name	Set the callback of real-time monitoring data.	
	BOOL CLIENT_SetRealDa	ataCallBackEx(
	LLONG	lRealHandle,
Function	fRealDataCallBackE	x cbRealData,
Function	LDWORD	dwUser,
	DWORD	dwFlag
);	
	[in] IRealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.
	[in] cbRealData	Callback of monitoring data flow.
Parameter	[in] dwUser	Parameter of callback for monitoring data flow.
	[in] dwFlag	Type of monitoring data in callback. The type is
		EM_REALDATA_FLAG and supports OR operation.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

Table 16-14 dwFlag type and parameter

dwFlag	Meaning	
0x00000001	The original data of device.	
0x00000004	YUV data.	

16.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event

16.4.1 CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx

Table 16-15 Subscribe intelligent event interface

Item	Description	
Name	Subscribe intelligent event interface.	
	LLONG CLIENT_RealLoad	dPictureEx(
	LLONG	lLoginID,
	int	nChannelID,
	DWORD	dwAlarmType,
Function	BOOL	bNeedPicFile,
	fAnalyzerDataCallBack	cbAnalyzerData,
	LDWORD	dwUser,
	void*	Reserved
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
	[in] nChannelID	Channel number.
	[in] dwAlarmType	Alarm type.
		Whether to subscribe picture file, 1-yes, return
		intelligent picture information in the callback
Parameter	[in] bNeedPicFile	function; 0-no, do not return intelligent picture
		information(in this case, it can reduce the network
		flow).
	[in] cbAnalyzerData	Intelligent data analysis callback function.
	[in] dwUser	The user parameters.
	[in] Reserved	Reserve parameter.
Return value	Success: the subscribe handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.	
Note	If the interface return failed, call CLIENT_GetLastError to get error code.	

Table 16-16 Preview type and meaning

Preview Type	Meaning
EVENT_IVS_FACEDETECT	Face detection.
EVENT_IVS_FACERECOGNITION	Face recognition.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJUNCTION	Traffic junction event.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFICJAM	Traffic jam event.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_OVERSPEED	Over speed event.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_UNDERSPEED	Low speed.
EVENT_IVS_TRAFFIC_FLOWSTATE	Vehicle flow event.
EVENT_IVS_HUMANTRAIT	Body detection event.
EVENT_IVS_CROSSLINEDETECTION	Tripwire event.
EVENT_IVS_CROSSREGIONDETECTION	Intrusuion event.
EVENT_IVS_NUMBERSTAT	People counting event.
EVENT_IVS_MAN_NUM_DETECTION	People countingin event in the eara.
EVENT_IVS_ACCESS_CTL	Access control event.

16.4.2 CLIENT_StopLoadPic

Table 16-17 Stop subscribing intelligent event.

Item	Description	
Name	Stop subscribing intelligent event.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopLoadPic(
Function	LLONG IAnalyzerHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IAnalyzerHandle Event subscribing handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.5 Searching for and Downloading Intelligent Video and Picture

16.5.1 CLIENT_FindFileEx

Table 16-18 Search files by conditions

Tuble to to Search mes by conditions			
Item	Description	Description	
Name	Search files by condition	Search files by conditions.	
	LLONG CLIENT_FindFile	Ex(
	LLONG	lLoginID,	
	EM_FILE_QUERY_TYP	PE emType,	
Function	void*	pQueryCondition,	
	void*	reserved,	
	int	waittime	
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.	
	[in] emType	Searched file type.	
Parameter	[in] pQueryCondition	Searching conditions.	
	[in] reserved	Reserve bytes.	
	[in] waittime	Waiting time.	
Return value	Success: the searching handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.		
Note	None.		

16.5.2 CLIENT_GetTotalFileCount

Table 16-19 Get the number of searched files

Item	Description	
Name	Get the number of searched files.	

Item	Description		
	BOOL CLIENT_GetTotalF	ileCount(
	LLONG IF	lFindHandle,	
F atia	int*	pTotalCount,	
Function	void * re	eserved,	
	int waittime		
);		
	[in] lFindHandle	Searching handle.	
Developed	[out] pTotalCount	The searched number.	
Parameter	[in] reserved	Reserve bytes.	
	[in] waittime	Timeout.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

16.5.3 CLIENT_FindNextFileEx

Table 16-20 Search a file

Item	Description	
Name	Search a file.	
	int CLIENT_FindNextFile	Ex(
	LLONG IFindHandle,	
	int nFilecount,	
Function	void* pMediaFi	leInfo,
Turiction	int maxlen,	
	void* reserved,	
	int waittime	
);	
	[in] lFindHandle	Searching handle.
	[in] nFilecount	The searched file number.
Parameter	[out] pMediaFileInfo	File cache area.
raiailletei	[in] maxlen	Search for cache size of file array.
	[in] reserved	Reserve bytes.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: File number. Failure: -1. Return 0 means search complete.	
Note	None.	

16.5.4 CLIENT_FindCloseEx

Table 16-21 Stop searching files

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching files.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindCloseEx(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle Searching handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	

Item	Description
Note	None.

16.5.5 CLIENT_PlayBackByTimeEx2

Table 16-22 Start playing back the video

Item	Description	
Name	Start playing back the video.	
	LLONG CLIENT_PlayBack	ByTimeEx2(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	Int nChannelII	Ο,
Function	NET_IN_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO* pstNetIn,	
	NET_OUT_PLAY_BACK_BY_TIME_INFO* pstNetOut	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Darameter	[in] nChannelID	Channel number.
Parameter	[in] pstNetIn	Playback input parameter.
	[out] pstNetOut	Playback output parameter.
Return value	Success: the playback handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.	
Note	None.	

16.5.6 CLIENT_StopPlayBack

Table 16-23 Stop playing back the video

Item	Description	
Name	Stop playing back the video.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopPlayBack(
Function	LLONG IPlayHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IPlayHandle Playback handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.5.7 CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx

Table 16-24 Start downloading video

Item	Description
Name	Start downloading video.

Item	Description	
	LLONG CLIENT_DownloadByTimeEx(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
	int nChannelld,	
	int nRecordFileType,	
	LPNET_TIME tmStart,	
Function	LPNET_TIME tmEnd,	
Function	char* sSavedFileName,	
	fTimeDownLoadPo	os Call Back cb Time Down Load Pos,
	LDWORD dwUse	erData,
	fDataCallBack fDown	LoadDataCallBack,
	LDWORD dwDataUser,	
	void* pReserved = NULL)	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
	[in] nChannelld	Channel number.
	[in] nRecordFileType	Video type.
	[in] tmStart	Start time of video download
	[in] tmEnd	End time of video download
	[in] sSavedFileName	Storage path of specific video data. if the path is
		empty, the video data will not be saved.
Parameter	[int]	Callback function of video download progress.
	cbTimeDownLoadPos	Caliback function of video download progress.
	[in] dwUserData	Callback user data of video download progress.
	[in]	
	fDownLoadDataCallBa	Callback function of video download data.
	ck	
	[in] dwDataUser	Callback user data of video download data.
	[in] pReserved	Reserved parameter.
Return value	Success: the playback handle of LLONG type. Failure: 0.	
Note	None.	

16.5.8 CLIENT_StopDownload

Table 16-25 Stop downloading the video

Item	Description		
Name	Stop downloading the v	Stop downloading the video.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopDownload(
Function	LLONG IFileHandle		
);		
Parameter	[in] IFileHandle Download handle.		
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

16.5.9 CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile

Table 16-26 Download files by file name

Item	Description	
Name	Download files by file name.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Download	dRemoteFile(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	const DH_IN_DOWNLOA	ND_REMOTE_FILE* pInParam,
runction	DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE* pOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Download file input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pOutParam	Download file output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.6 Subscribing to Face Event

For subscribing face event, see "16.4 Subscribing to Intelligent Event."

16.7 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching the Face Library

16.7.1 CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup

Table 16-27 Add, delete and modify the face library

Item	Description	
Name	Add, delete and modify the face library.	
	BOOL CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionGroup(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	const NET_IN_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP* pstInParam,	
runction	NET_OUT_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITION_GROUP *pstOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.7.2 CLIENT_FindGroupInfo

Table 16-28 Searching the of face library

Item	Description	
Name	Searching the of face library.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindGroup	pInfo(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	const NET_IN_FIND_GROUP_INFO* pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_GROUP_INFO *pstOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8 Adding/Deleting/Modifying/Searching for People Face

16.8.1 CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB

Table 16-29 Add, delete and modify the people face

Item	Description	
Name	Add, delete and modify the people face.	
	BOOL CLIENT_OperateFa	aceRecognitionDB(
	LLONG IL	oginID,
Function	const NET_IN_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB* pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_OPERATE_FACERECONGNITIONDB *pstOutParam,	
	Int n	WaitTime
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8.2 CLIENT_OperateFaceRecognitionDB

Table 16-30 Set the searching conditions of people face

Item	Description
Name	Set the searching conditions of people face.

Item	Description	
	BOOL CLIENT_StartFindFaceRecognition(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Fti	const NET_IN_STAR	TFIND_FACERECONGNITION* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_STARTFIND_FACERECONGNITION *pstOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Devene	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8.3 CLIENT_DoFindFaceRecognition

Table 16-31 Search the face information

Item	Description	
Name	Search the face information.	
	BOOL CLIENT_DoFindFa	ceRecognitionRecord(
	const NET_IN_DOF	IND_FACERECONGNITIONRECORD* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_DOFIND_FACERECONGNITIONRECORD *pstOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8.4 CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition

Table 16-32 Stop searching face information

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching face information.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopFindFaceRecognition(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle Searching handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8.5 CLIENT_FaceRecognitionPutDisposition

Table 16-33 Arm by library

Item	Description	
Name	Arm by library.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FaceReco	gnitionPutDisposition(
	LLONG	lLoginID,
Function	const NET_IN_FACE	_RECOGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FACE_RE	COGNITION_PUT_DISPOSITION_INFO *pstOutParam,
	int	nWaitTime
);	
Parameter	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.
	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8.6 CLIENT_FaceRecognitionDelDisposition

Table 16-34 Disarm by library

Item	Description	
Name	Disarm by library.	
Function	BOOL CLIENT_FaceReco	gnitionDelDisposition(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
	const NET_IN_FACE	_RECOGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO* pstInParam,
	NET_OUT_FACE_RE	COGNITION_DEL_DISPOSITION_INFO *pstOutParam,
	int nWaitTime	
);	
Parameter	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.
	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8.7 CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel

Table 16-35 Arm by channel

Item	Description
Name	Arm by channel.

Item	Description	
	BOOL CLIENT_SetGroupInfoForChannel(
	LLONG Login [О,
From attinua	const NET_IN_SET_	GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL* pstInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_SET_GROUPINFO_FOR_CHANNEL *pstOutParam,	
	int WaitTime	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Daramatar	[in] pInParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.8.8 CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState

Table 16-36 Subscribe searching progress of people face

Item	Description	
Name	Subscribe searching progress of people face.	
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachFa	aceFindState(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
F at: a	const NET_IN_FACE_FIND_STATE* pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_FACE_FIND_STATE *pstOutParam,	
	Int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: Face progress handle. Failure: 0.	
Note	None.	

16.8.9 CLIENT_DetachFaceFindState

Table 16-37 Cancel subscribing the searching progress of people face

Item	Description	
Name	Cancel Subscribing the searching progress of people face.	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachFa	ceFindState(
Function	LLONG lAttachHandle	
);	
Daramatar	Parameter [in] lAttachHandle	The handle returned by
Parameter		CLIENT_AttachFaceFindState.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.9 Body Detection

16.9.1 CLIENT_DownloadRemoteFile

Table 16-38 Download the picture

Item	Description		
Name	Download the picture.	Download the picture.	
	BOOL CLIENT_Download	dRemoteFile(
	LLONG ILoginID,		
Function	const DH_IN_DOWNLC	DAD_REMOTE_FILE* plnParam,	
runction	DH_OUT_DOWNLOAD_REMOTE_FILE* pOutParam,		
	int nWaitTime = 1000		
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.	
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Input parameter.	
Parameter	[out] pOutParam	Output parameter.	
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

16.10 People Flow Statistics

16.10.1 CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary

Table 16-39 Subscribe flow statistics event

Item	Description	
Name	Subscribe flow statistics	event.
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachVideoStatSummary(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
From this is	const NET_IN_ATTACH	H_VIDEOSTAT_SUM* pInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_ATTACH_VIDEOSTAT_SUM* pOutParam,	
	int nWaitTime	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Davamantav	[in] plnParam	Subscribe input parameter of people flow.
Parameter	[out] pOutParam	Subscribe output parameter of people flow.
	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout.
Return value	Flow statistics subscribing handle.	
Note	None.	

16.10.2 CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary

Table 16-40 Cancel subscribing flow statistics event

Item	Description	
Name	Cancel subscribing flow statistics event.	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachVideoStatSummary(
Function	LLONG lAttachHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] lAttachHandle	Flow statistics subscribing handle.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.10.3 CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat

Table 16-41 Start searching people history data (set searching conditions)

Item	Description	
Name	Start searching people history data (set searching conditions).	
	LLONG CLIENT_StartFindNumberStat(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_FINDNUMBERSTAT* pstInParam,	
	NET_OUT_FINDNUMBERSTAT* pstOutParam	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pstInParam	Input searching conditions.
	[out] pstOutParam	Output query result.
Return value	Searching handle.	
Note	None.	

16.10.4 CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat

Table 16-42 Start searching people history data (Set searching conditions)

Item	Description		
Name	Start searching people h	Start searching people history data (Set searching conditions).	
	int CLIENT_DoFindNu	int CLIENT_DoFindNumberStat(
	LLONG IFindHandle	2,	
Function	NET_IN_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT* pstInParam, NET_OUT_DOFINDNUMBERSTAT* pstOutParam		
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.	
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Searching input parameter.	
	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.	
Return value	Searching number.		
Note	None.		

16.10.5 CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat

Table 16-43 Stop searching history data

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching history data.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopFindNumberStat(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] lFindHandle	Searching handle.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.11 Intelligent Traffic

16.11.1 CLIENT_FindRecord

Table 16-44 Start searching data (Set searching conditions)

Item	Description		
Name	Start searching data (Set	Start searching data (Set searching conditions).	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecord(
	LLONG ILoginID,		
Function	NET_IN_FIND_RECORD_PARAM* pInParam,		
runction	NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,		
	int waittime=1000		
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.	
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Input searching conditions.	
	[out] pOutParam	Output query result.	
Return value	Searching handle.		
Note	None.		

16.11.2 CLIENT_QueryRecordCount

Table 16-45 Search the total number of data

Item	Description		
Name	Search the total number	Search the total number of data.	
	BOOL CLIENT_QueryRecordCount(
	NET_IN_QUEYT_RECC	ORD_COUNT_PARAM* pInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_QUEYT_RECORD_COUNT_PARAM* pOutParam,		
	int waittime=1000		
);		
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Searching input parameter.	
	[out] pOutParam	Searching output parameter.	
	[in] waittime	Timeout.	

Item	Description
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.
Note	None.

16.11.3 CLIENT_FindNextRecord

Table 16-46 Search the data of specified number

Item	Description	
Name	Search the data of specified number.	
	int CLIENT_FindNextRecord(
	NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_F	RECORD_PARAM* pInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT	_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,
	int waittime=1000	
);	
	[in] pstInParam	Searching input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Searching number.	
Note	None.	

16.11.4 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 16-47 Stop searching vehicle flow

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching vehicle flow.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecordClose(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IFindHandle Searching handle.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.11.5 CLIENT_OperateTrafficList

Table 16-48 Add, delete and modify the blocklist and allowlist

Item	Description	
Name	Add, delete and modify the blocklist and allowlist.	
	BOOL CLIENT_OperateTrafficList(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD* pstInParam ,	
	NET_OUT_OPERATE_TRAFFIC_LIST_RECORD *pstOutParam ,	
	int waittime)	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[in] pstInParam	Input parameter for blocklist and allowlist operation.
	[out] pstOutParam	Output parameter for blocklist and allowlist
		operation.

Item	Description	
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
	NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_INSERT// Add record NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_UPDATE// Update record	
Note		
	NET_TRAFFIC_LIST_REM	OVE// Delete record

16.11.6 CLIENT_DownLoadMultiFile

Table 16-49 Download files in batches

Item	Description	
Name	Download files in batches.	
	BOOL CLIENT_DownLoa	dMultiFile(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE *pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_DOWNLOAD_MULTI_FILE *pstOutParam,	
	int waittime=1000	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Daramatar	[in] pstInParam	Searching input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.11.7 CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile

Table 16-50 Stop downloading files in batches

Item	Description	
Name	Stop downloading files in batches.	
	BOOL CLIENT_StopLoadMultiFile(
Function	LLONG IDownLoadHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] IDownLoadHandle	Download handle in batches.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.12 Access Control

16.12.1 CLIENT_FindRecord

Table 16-51 Start searching data (Set searching conditions)

Item	Description
Name	Start searching data (Set searching conditions).

Item	Description	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecord(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_FIND_RECO	DRD_PARAM* pInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,	
	int waittime=1000	
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.
Parameter	[int] plnParam	Input searching conditions.
	[out] pOutParam	Output query result.
Return value	Searching handle.	
Note	None.	

16.12.2 CLIENT_FindNextRecord

Table 16-52 Search the data of specified number

Item	Description	
Name	Search the data of specified number.	
	int CLIENT_FindNextRecord(
	NET_IN_FIND_NEXT_I	RECORD_PARAM* pInParam,
Function	NET_OUT_FIND_NEXT_RECORD_PARAM* pOutParam,	
	int waittime=1000	
);	
	[int] pstInParam	Searching input parameter.
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Searching output parameter.
	[in] waittime	Timeout.
Return value	Searching number.	
Note	None.	

16.12.3 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 16-53 Stop searching

Item	Description	
Name	Stop searching.	
	BOOL CLIENT_FindRecordClose(
Function	LLONG IFindHandle	
);	
Parameter	[in] lFindHandle	Searching handle.
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.	
Note	None.	

16.12.4 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 16-54 Operate records of personnel and access conmtrol

Item	Description		
Name	You can add, delete, modify, search and clean up the people information. You		
Ivairie	can also delete and clea	n up access control record.	
	BOOL CLIENT_ControlD	evice(
	LLONG IL	oginID ,	
Function	CtrlType	type,	
Function	void	*param ,	
	int	waittime = 1000	
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.	
Parameter	[in] type	Control type.	
Parameter	[in] param	Control parameter, according to different types.	
	[in] waittime	Timeout.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

16.12.5 CLIENT_FindRecordClose

Table 16-55 Add, delete, modify and clean up the information of face picture

Item	Description		
Name	Add, delete, modify and clean up the information of face picture.		
	BOOL CLIENT_FaceInfoC	BOOL CLIENT_FaceInfoOpreate(
	LLONG	lLoginID,	
	EM_FACEINFO_OPF	REATE_TYPE emType,	
Function	void*	pInParam,	
	void*	pOutParam,	
	int	nWaitTime = 1000	
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle.	
	[in] emType	Control type.	
	[in] plnParam	Control parameter, select different structures	
Parameter		according to different types.	
	[out] pOutParam	Return parameter, select different structures	
		according to different types.	
	[in] waittime	Timeout.	
Return value	Success: TRUE. Failure: FALSE.		
Note	None.		

16.13 Parking Space Detection

16.13.1 Subscribing to designated parking space picture

Table 16-56 Subscribe to designated parking space picture

Item	Description		
Name	Subscribe to designated	parking space picture	
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachPa	LLONG CLIENT_AttachParkingSpaceData(
	LLONG	lLoginID,	
Function	NET_IN_ATTACH_PA	ARKINGSPACE* pstInParam,	
	NET_OUT_ATTACH_PARKINGSPACE* pstOutParam,		
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle	
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Input parameter	
	[out] pOutParam	Output parameter	
Return value	Subscription handle of parking space picture		
Note	_		

16.13.2 Unsubscribing from Designated Parking Space Picture

Table 16-57 Unsubscribe from designated parking space picture

Item	Description	
Name	Unsubscribe from designated parking space picture	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachParkingSpaceData(
Function	NET_IN_DETACH_PARKINGSPACE* pstInParam,	
Function	NET_OUT_DETACH_PARKINGSPACE* pstOutParam,	
);	
	[in] pstInParam	Unsubscribe from the input parameter of designated
Daramatar		parking space picture
Parameter	[out] pstOutParam	Unsubscribe from the output parameter of
		designated parking space picture
Return value	Return TRUE for success, and return FALSE for failure	
Note	_	

16.14 Heat Map

16.14.1 Subscribing to Heat Map Data

Table 16-58 Subscribe to heat map data

Item	Description
Name	Subscribe to heat map data

Item	Description		
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachHeatMapRawStream (
	LLONG	lLoginID,	
Function	const NET_IN_RAW	STREAM_ATTACH_INFO *pInParam,	
runction	NET_OUT_RAWSTR	EAM_ATTACH_INFO *pOutParam,	
	int	nWaitTime	
);		
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle	
Parameter	[in] plnParam	Subscribe to input parameter of heat map	
Parameter	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout duration	
	[out] pOutParam	Subscribe to output parameter of heat map	
Return value	Heat map subscription handle		
Description	_		

16.14.2 Unsubscribing from Heat Map Data

Table 16-59 Unsubscribe from heat map data

Item	Description	
Name	Unsubscribe from heat map data	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachHeatMapRawStream (
Function	LLONG lAttachHandle,	
);	
Parameter	[in] IAttachHandle Subscription handle	
Return value	Return TRUE for success, and return FALSE for failure	
Note	_	

16.14.3 Subscribing to Gray Map Data

Table 16-60 Subscribe to gray map data

Item	Description	
Description	Subscribe to grayscale data of heat map	
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachHe	eatMapGrayInfo(
	LLONG	lLoginID,
Function	const NET_IN_GRAN	/_ATTACH_INFO *pInParam,
runction	NET_OUT_GRAY_AT	TTACH_INFO *pOutParam,
	int	nWaitTime
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle
	[in] plnParam	Subscribe to input parameter of heat map grayscale
Parameter		data
Parameter	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout duration
	[out] pOutParam	Subscribe to output parameter of heat map
		grayscale data
Return value	Subscription handle of heat map grayscale data	
Note		

16.14.4 Unsubscribing from Gray Map Data

Table 16-61 Unsubscribe from gray map data

Item	Description	
Name	Unsubscribe from heat map grayscale data	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachHeatMapGrayInfo(
Function	LLONG lAttachHandle,	
);	
Parameter	[in] lAttachHandle	Subscription handle
Return value	Return TRUE for success, and return FALSE for failure	
Note	_	

16.15 Stereo Analysis

16.15.1 Subscribing to Video Statistics

Table 16-62 Subscribe to video statistics

Item	Description	
Name	Subscribe to video statis	itics
	LLONG CLIENT_AttachVi	deoStatistics(
	LLONG	lLoginID,
Function	const NET_IN_ATTACH_VIDEO_STATISTICS* pstInParam,	
runction	NET_OUT_ATTACH_	_VIDEO_STATISTICS* pstOutParam,
	int	nWaitTime
);	
	[in] lLoginID	Login handle
Parameter	[in] pstInParam	Subscribe to input parameter
Parameter	[in] nWaitTime	Timeout duration
	[out] pstOutParam	Subscribe to output parameter
Return value	Subscription handle of video statistics	
Description	_	

16.15.2 Unsubscribing from Video Statistics

Table 16-63 Unsubscribe from video statistics

Item	Description	
Name	Unsubscribe from video statistics	
	BOOL CLIENT_DetachVideoStatistics(
Function	LLONG lAttachHandle,	
);	
Parameter	[in] IAttachHandle Subscription handle	
Return value	Return TRUE for success, and return FALSE for failure	
Note	_	

17 Callback Function Definition

17.1 fDisConnect

Table 17-1 Disconnection callback

Item	Description	
Name	Disconnection callback.	
	typedef void (CALLBACK	(*fDisConnect)(
	LLONG ILogin	ID,
Function	char* pch[OVRIP,
Function	LONG nDVRPort,	
	LDWORD dwUser	
);	
	[out] Login D	Return value of CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.
Davamantav	[out] pchDVRIP	Device IP.
Parameter	[out] nDVRPort	Device port.
	[out] dwUser	User parameter of callback.
Return value	None.	
Note	None.	

17.2 fHaveReConnect

Table 17-2 Reconnection callback

Item	Description	
Name	Reconnection callback.	
	typedef void (CALLBACK	*fHaveReConnect)(
	LLONG ILoginID,	
Function	char* pch[OVRIP,
Function	LONG nDVRPort,	
	LDWORD dwUser	
);	
	[out] lLoginID	Return value of CLIENT_LoginWithHighLevelSecurity.
Parameter	[out] pchDVRIP	Device IP.
Parameter	[out] nDVRPort	Device port.
	[out] dwUser	User parameter of callback.
Return value	None.	
Note	None.	

17.3 fRealDataCallBackEx

Table 17-3 Callback of real-time monitoring data

Item	Description	
Name	The callback of real-time monitoring data.	
	typedef void (CALLBACK	*fRealDataCallBackEx)(
	LLONG IRealH	andle,
	DWORD dwDat	aType,
Function	BYTE* pBuffer,	
Tunction	DWORD dwBuf	Size,
	LONG param	
	LDWORD dwUser	
);	
	[out] RealHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealPlayEx.
	[out] dwDataType	Data type, 0-original data, 2-YUV data.
	[out] pBuffer	Monitor block data address.
	[out] dwBufSize	Monitor the length of block data, unit: byte.
		Callback data parameter structure, the types are
Parameter		different according to different value of dwDataType.
	[out] param	• When dwDataType is 0, param is the empty
		pointer.
		• When dwDataType is 2, param is the
		tagCBYUVDataParam structure pointer.
	[out] dwUser	User parameter of callback.
Return value	None.	
Note	None.	

17.4 fAnalyzerDataCallBack

Table 17-4 Intelligent event callback

Item	Description		
Name	Intelligent event callback.		
	typedef int (CALLBACK *	typedef int (CALLBACK *fAnalyzerDataCallBack)(
	LLONG IAnalyzer Handle,		
	DWORD dwAlarr	тТуре,	
	void* pAlarmInfo,		
Function	BYTE* pBuffer,		
runction	DWORD dwBufSize,		
	LDWORD dwUser,		
	int nSequence,		
	void* reserved		
);		
	[out] IAnalyzerHandle	Return value of CLIENT_RealLoadPictureEx.	
Parameter	[out] dwAlarmType	Intelligent event type.	
	[out] pAlarmInfo	Event information cache.	

Item	Description	
	[out] pBuffer	Picture cache.
	[out] dwBufSize	Picture cache size.
	[out] dwUser	User data.
		nSequence is 0, it means the first time appears.
		• nSequence is 2, it means only appears once or
	[out] nSequence	the last time appears.
		• nSequence is 1, it means after this time there is
		always one or multiple times.
	[out] reserved	Reserve.
Return value	None.	
Note	None.	

17.5 fDownLoadPosCallBack

Table 17-5 Callback of playback and download by file

	Table 17-3 Caliback of plays	dek and download by file	
Item	Description		
Name	Playback or download pro	Playback or download progress calling back function by files.	
	typedef void (CALLBACK *	fDownLoadPosCallBack)(
	LLONG IPlayH	andle,	
F ati a .a	DWORD dwTota	alSize,	
Function	DWORD dwDov	DWORD dwDownLoadSize,	
	LDWORD dwUse	r	
);		
	[out]IPlayHandle	Playback or download return value of interface.	
	[out]dwTotalSize	Total size, unit: KB.	
Parameter		Downloaded size, unit: KB.	
Parameter	[out]dwDownLoadSize	• -1: This time playback complete.	
		• -2: Write file failed.	
	[out]dwUser	User data.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

17.6 fDataCallBack

Table 17-6 Callback of playback and download data

Item	Description
Name	Playback or download data callback function.

Item	Description	
	typedef int (CALLBACK *fDataCallBack)(
	LLONG IRea	lHandle,
	DWORD dw[DataType,
Function	BYTE *pBu	iffer,
	DWORD dwBufSize,	
	LDWORD dwUser	
);	
	[out]lPlayHandle	Playback or download return value of interface.
Parameter	[out] dwDataType	Is 0 (original data).
	[out] pBuffer	Data cache.
	[out] dwBufSize	cache length, unit: byte.
	[out] dwUser	User data.
Return value	None.	
Note	None.	

17.7 fFaceFindState

Table 17-7 Callback of face searching progress

Item	Description	3. 3	
Name	Face searching progress callback function.		
	typedef void (CALLBAC	typedef void (CALLBACK *fFaceFindState)(
	LLONG ILoginID,		
	LLONG IAtt	achHandle,	
Function	NET_CB_FACE_	NET_CB_FACE_FIND_STATE* pstStates,	
	int nSt	rateNum,	
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
	[out] Login D	Return login handle.	
	[out] lAttachHandle	Event subscribing handle.	
Parameter	[out] pstStates	Status information of searching the people face.	
	[out] nStateNum	Searching progress of people face.	
	[out] dwUser	User data.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

17.8 fVideoStatSumCallBack

Table 17-8 Callback of subscribing people flow event

	51 1
Item	Description
Name	People flow event subscribing callback.

Item	Description		
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fVideoStatSumCallBack) (
	LLONG lAttachHandle,		
Function	NET_VIDEOSTAT_SUMMARY* pBuf,		
runction	DWORD dwBufLen,		
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
	[out] IAttachHandle	Flow statistics subscribing handle.	
Daramatar	[out] pBuf	Flow statistics return data.	
Parameter	[out] dwBufLen	Data Length returned.	
	[out] dwUser	User data.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

17.9 fMultiFileDownLoadPosCB

Table 17-9 Download file progress callback function in batches.

Item	Description		
Name	Download file progress ca	Download file progress callback function in batches.	
	typedef void (CALLBACK *fMultiFileDownLoadPosCB)(
	LLONG IDownLoadH	andle,	
	DWORD dwID,		
	DWORD dwFileTotalS	Size,	
Function	DWORD dwDownLoa	adSize,	
	int nError,		
	LDWORD dwUser,		
	void* pReserved		
);		
	[out] IDownLoadHandle	Download file handle in batches.	
	[out] dwID	ID is dwFileID set by user.	
Parameter	[out] dwFileTotalSize	Total size of downloaded file.	
	[out] dwDownLoadSize	File size that have downloaded, when this value is	
	[Out] dwDownLoadSize	the max value, it means download completed.	
rarameter		Download error: 1-cache lack, 2-check error for	
	[out] nError	return data, 3-download the current file failed,	
		4-create file failed.	
	[out] dwUser	User data.	
	[out] pReserved	Reserve bytes.	
Return value	None.		
Note	None.		

17.10 fNotifySnapData

Table 17-10 Callback function of designated parking space picture

Item	Description	
Name	Callback function of de	signated parking space picture
	typedef int (CALLBAC	K *fNotifySnapData) (
	LLONG IParking Handle,	
	NET_CB_PARKING	SPACE_DATA* pDiagnosisInfo,
Function	void* pBuf,	
	int nBufLen,	
	LDWORD dwUser	
);	
	[out] ParkingHandle	Subscription handle of parking space picture
	[out] pDiagnosisInfo	Returned data of parking space picture
Parameter	[out] pBuf	Data buffer
	[out] nBufLen	Buffer length
	[out] dwUser	User data
Return value	_	
Note	_	

17.11 fRawStreamCallBack

Table 17-11 Callback function of original heat map data

Item	Description	
Name	Callback function of original heat map data	
	typedef void(CALLBA	CK *fRawStreamCallBack) (
	LLONG lAttachHar	ndle,
Function	NET_RAWSTREAM_NOTIFY_INFO* pBuf,	
Function	DWORD dwBufLen,	
	LDWORD dwUser	
);	
	[out] lAttachHandle	Subscription handle of original heat map data
Parameter	[out] pBuf	Return the original heat map data
Parameter	[out] dwBufLen	Length of returned data
	[out] dwUser	User data
Return value	_	
Note	_	

17.12 fHeatMapGrayCallBack

Table 17-12 Callback function of heat map grayscale data

Item	Description
Name	Callback function of heat map grayscale data

Item	Description		
Function	typedef void(CALLBACK *fHeatMapGrayCallBack) (
	LLONG lAttachHandle,		
	NET_CB_HEATMAP_GRAY_INFO* pstGrayInfo,		
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
Parameter	[out] lAttachHandle	Subscription handle of heat map grayscale data	
	[out] pstGrayInfo	Return the grayscale data	
	[out] dwUser	User data	
Return value	_		
Note	_		

17.13 fVideoStatisticsInfoCallBack

Table 17-13 Callback function of the video statistics

Item	Description		
Name	Callback function of video statistics		
	typedef void(CALLBACK *fVideoStatisticsInfoCallBack) (
Function	LLONG lAttachHandle,		
	NET_EM_VS_TYPE emType,		
	void* pBuf,		
	DWORD nBufLen,		
	LDWORD dwUser		
);		
Parameter	[out] lAttachHandle	Subscription handle of video statistics	
	[out] emType	Business type	
	[out] pBuf	Data buffer	
	[out] nBufLen	Buffer length	
	[out] dwUser	User data	
Return value	_		
Note	_		

Appendix 1 Cybersecurity Recommendations

The necessary measures to ensure the basic cyber security of the platform:

1. Use Strong Passwords

Please refer to the following suggestions to set passwords:

- The length should not be less than 8 characters.
- Include at least two types of characters; character types include upper and lower case letters, numbers and symbols.
- Do not contain the account name or the account name in reverse order.
- Do not use continuous characters, such as 123, abc, etc.
- Do not use overlapped characters, such as 111, aaa, etc.

2. Customize the Answer to the Security Question

The security question setting should ensure the difference of answers, choose different questions and customize different answers (all questions are prohibited from being set to the same answer) to reduce the risk of security question being guessed or cracked.

Recommendation measures to enhance platform cyber security:

1. Enable Account Binding IP/MAC

It is recommended to enable the account binding IP/MAC mechanism, and configure the IP/MAC of the terminal where the commonly used client is located as a whitelist to further improve access security.

2. Change Password Regularly

We suggest that you change passwords regularly to reduce the risk of being guessed or cracked.

3. Turn On Account Lock Mechanism

The account lock function is enabled by default at the factory, and it is recommended to keep it on to protect the security of your account. After the attacker has failed multiple password attempts, the corresponding account and source IP will be locked.

4. Reasonable Allocation of Accounts and Permissions

According to business and management needs, reasonably add new users, and reasonably allocate a minimum set of permissions for them.

5. Close Non-essential Services and Restrict the Open Form of Essential Services

If not needed, it is recommended to turn off NetBIOS (port 137, 138, 139), SMB (port 445), remote desktop (port 3389) and other services under Windows, and Telnet (port 23) and SSH (port 22) under Linux. At the same time, close the database port to the outside or only open to a specific IP address, such as MySQL (port 3306), to reduce the risks faced by the platform.

6. Patch the Operating System/Third Party Components

It is recommended to regularly detect security vulnerabilities in the operating system and third-party components, and apply official patches in time.

7. Security Audit

- Check online users: It is recommended to check online users irregularly to identify whether there are illegal users logging in.
- View the platform log: By viewing the log, you can get the IP information of the attempt to log in to the platform and the key operation information of the logged-in user.

8. The Establishment of a Secure Network Environment

In order to better protect the security of the platform and reduce cyber security risks, it is recommended that:

- Follow the principle of minimization, restrict the ports that the platform maps externally by firewalls or routers, and only map ports that are necessary for services.
- Based on actual network requirements, separate networks: if there is no communication requirement between the two subnets, it is recommended to use VLAN, gatekeeper, etc. to divide the network to achieve the effect of network isolation.