

## Quiz 2 - Chai Assertion Library

✓ Félicitations !

Question 1 :

**Suggestion:** Have the Chai Assertion Library documentation: <http://www.chaijs.com/api/bdd/> opened during this quiz.

Given this assertion from the Chai documentation.

```
1 | expect(false).to.be.false;
```

How can you run in it Postman?

☐ 1 | expect(false).to.be.false

☐ 1 | pm.expect(false).to.be.false;

☒ 1 | pm.test("test", function () {  
2 | pm.expect(false).to.be.false;  
3 | });

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Question 2 :

Have a look at the following assertion inside the test:

```
1 | pm.test("test", function () {  
2 |     let number = '5';  
3 |     pm.expect(number).to.eql(5);  
4 | });
```

What will be the outcome of the test?

☐ The test will succeed, because 5 equals 5.

☒ The test will fail, because the two values have different data types. '5' is a string and 5 is a number.

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Question 3 :

Consider the assertion from the test below:

```
1 | pm.test("test", function () {  
2 |     let number;  
3 |     pm.expect(number).to.eql(null);  
4 | });
```

What will be the outcome of this test?

☒ It will fail, because number is *undefined* and *undefined* does not equal *null*.

☐ It will succeed, because number is not defined, so it is by default null.

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Strings in JavaScript need to be surrounded by simple or double quotes. If the quotes are missing, JavaScript will try to resolve the names as variables.

Question 4 :

You want to check a value (apple) against multiple allowed values (orange, apple, pineapple). How can you do that?

☐

```
1 | pm.test("test", function () {  
2 |     pm.expect('apple').to.eql(['orange', 'apple', 'pineapple']);  
3 | });
```

☒ `pm.expect('apple').to.be.oneOf(['orange', 'apple', 'pineapple']);`

☐ `pm.expect(apple).to.be.oneOf([orange, apple, pineapple]);`

☐

```
1 | pm.test("test", function () {  
2 |     pm.expect('apple').to.eql('orange');  
3 |     pm.expect('apple').to.eql('apple');  
4 |     pm.expect('apple').to.eql('pineapple');  
5 | });
```