

# UML CLASS DIAGRAM – Efrén Pérez Marrero 1ºDAW

## **ENTITIES:**

### 1. ***User***

#### **Features (private):**

- userId: String
- username: String
- password: String

#### **Methods (public):**

- + getDetails(): User
- + validateCredentials(username: String, password: String): Boolean

### 2. ***AuthenticationService***

#### **Features (private):**

- currentUser: User

#### **Methods (public):**

- + login(username: String, password: String): Boolean
- + logout(): void
- + signin(newUser: User): Boolean

### 3. ***SessionManager***

#### **Features (private):**

- activeSessions: Map<String, User> (almacenar sesiones activas)

#### **Methods (public):**

- + createSession(userId: String): void
- + destroySession(userId: String): void
- + isSessionActive(userId: String): Boolean

### 4. ***Database***

#### **Features (private):**

- users: List<User> (almacenar usuarios registrados)

#### **Methods (public):**

- + addUser(newUser: User): Boolean
- + findUserByUsername(username: String): User

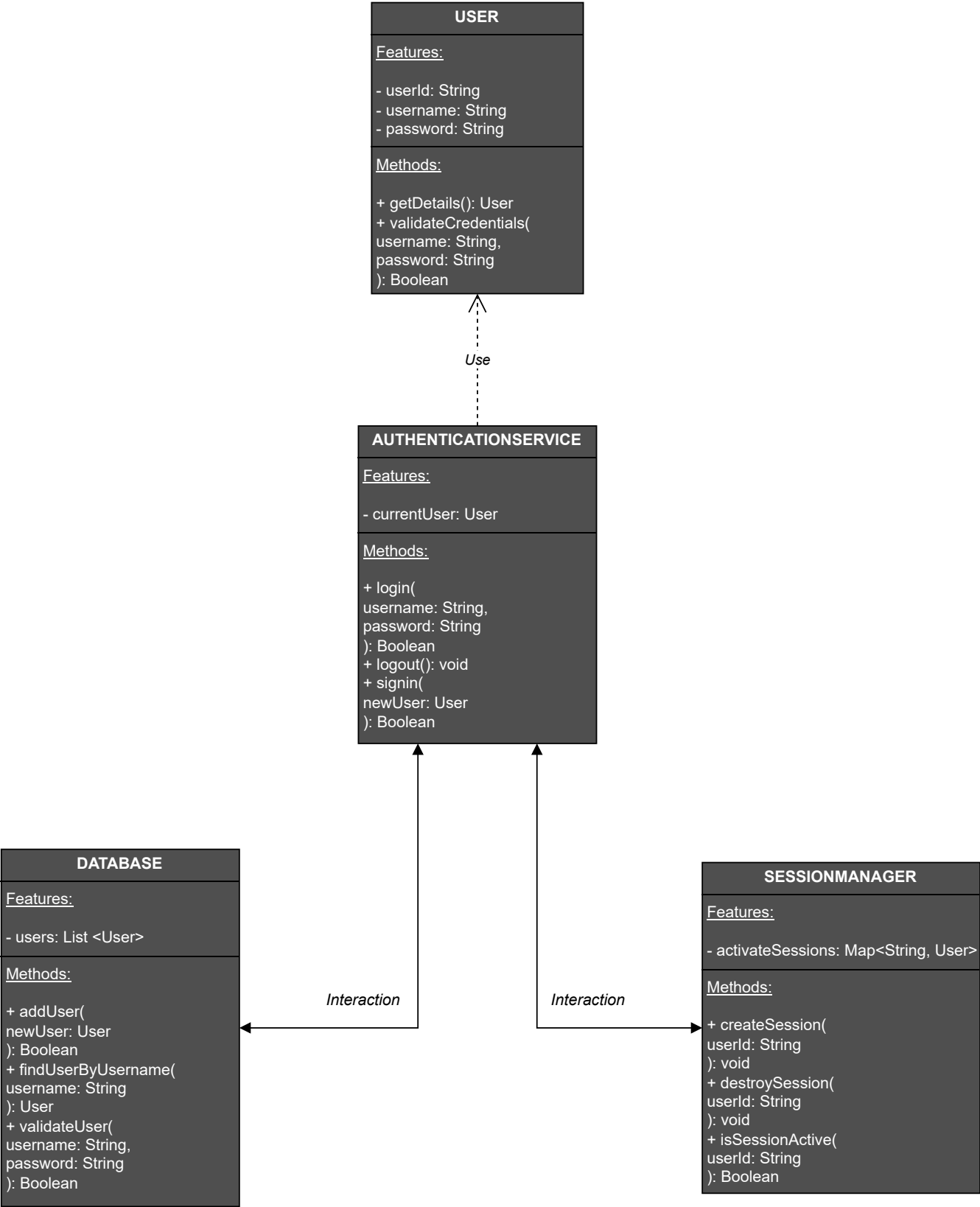
+ validateUser(username: String, password: String): Boolean

## **RELATIONS:**

**User** is used by **AuthenticationService**.

**AuthenticationService** interacts with **SessionManager** to manage sessions.

**AuthenticationService** interacts with **Database** to find or validate users.



## UML Activity Diagram – Efrén Pérez Marrero 1ºDAW

### UML activity diagram:

- 1.- User interacts with AuthenticationService.
- 2.- AuthenticationService calls Database to validate or find a user by username.
- 3.- If the user is found and validated, AuthenticationService interacts with SessionManager to create or destroy sessions based on login/logout actions.

### Flow System/Diagram:

- 1.- The flow starts when the User tries to login or sign up.
- 2.- Then, AuthenticationService performs user validation.
- 3.- Based on the outcome, a session is created or destroyed.
- 4.- Unforgettable: It is necessary to include decision points for user validation, session creation, and session check.

