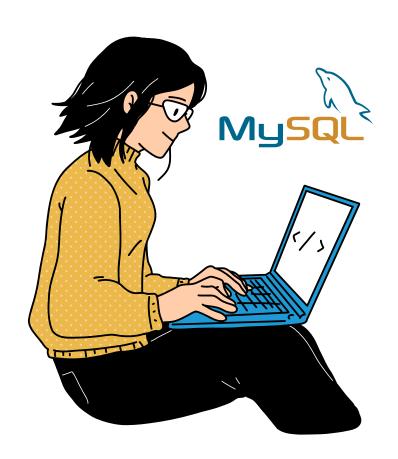


100 SQL INTERVIEW QUESTIONS



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- 1. What is SQL?
- 2. What are the different SQL data types?
- 3. Explain the difference between SQL and NoSQL.
- 4. How do you filter records using a WHERE clause?
- 5. Write a query to retrieve all records from a table.
- 6. What is the purpose of the GROUP BY clause?
- 7. Define a JOIN in SQL.
- 8. Differentiate between INNER JOIN and OUTER JOIN.
- 9. What is the PRIMARY KEY?
- 10. How can you avoid duplicate records in a query result?
- 11. What are aggregate functions in SQL? Name a few examples.
- 12. Write a query to find the second highest salary from a table.
- 13. How can you fetch alternate records from a table?
- 14. How do you add a column to an existing table?
- 15. What is the purpose of the ORDER BY clause?
- 16. Explain the concept of Indexing in SQL.
- 17. How do you retrieve unique values from a column using SQL?
- 18. What is the difference between UNION and UNION ALL?
- **19.** How can you calculate the total number of records in a table?
- **20.** Write a SQL query to find the nth maximum value in a column.
- **21.** Explain the concept of Normalization in SQL.
- 22. What is Denormalization?

- 23. Explain the different types of normalization forms.
- **24.** What are subqueries, and how are they different from JOINS?
- **25.** Write a query to find all employees whose salary is above the average salary.
- 26. How can you update records in SQL?
- 27. How can you delete records in SQL?
- 28. Explain the purpose of the HAVING clause.
- **29.** What is the difference between a Temporary Table and a Table Variable?
- **30.** Write a SQL query to fetch intersecting records of two tables.
- 31. How do you implement transactions in SQL?
- **32.** Explain the ACID properties in SQL.
- 33. How can you create an index in SQL?
- **34.** What is a Self Join, and how can it be performed?
- **35.** Write a query to find all employees who have the same role.
- **36.** How can you find the duplicate records in a table?
- **37.** Explain the difference between CHAR and VARCHAR data types.
- 38. How can you perform pattern matching in SQL?
- 39. How can you optimize a SQL query?
- 40. What are Views in SQL? How do you create one?
- 41. How does database indexing work?
- **42.** Explain the different types of database indexes.
- 43. What is a stored procedure in SQL?

- 44. What is a trigger in SQL?
- 45. Explain the concept of Cursors in SQL.
- 46. How do you handle NULL values in SQL?
- 47. Write a SQL query to rank employees based on their salary
- 48. Explain Partitioning in SQL and its types.
- 49. Explain different types of SQL constraints.
- 50. How can you copy data from one table to another?
- **51.** What is the difference between a Clustered and a Non-Clustered Index?
- **52.** How can you handle errors in SQL stored procedures?
- **53.** Write a query to perform a full outer join on two tables.
- **54.** How can you fetch common records from two tables?
- **55.** Explain the process of database normalization with examples.
- **56.** Write a query to get the department-wise count of employees.
- 57. How can you optimize subqueries?
- **58.** How do you manage transactions in a stored procedure?
- **59.** What is Data Warehousing? How is it different from a Database?
- **60.** What is a Composite Key?
- 61. How do you perform database tuning?
- **62.** How do you resolve a deadlock?
- **63.** Explain how indexing improves query performance.

- **64.** How do you manage and optimize large databases?
- 65. What is the Query Execution Plan?
- 66. Explain database sharding and its benefits.
- 67. How do you design a scalable database?
- **68.** What is database replication? How is it implemented?
- 69. How do you implement high availability in databases?
- 70. What are the considerations for database migration?
- 71. How do you secure a database?
- **72.** What is a Database Management System (DBMS), and how does it differ from a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS)?
- 73. How do you maintain database integrity?
- 74. Explain the steps involved in designing a database.
- 75. How do you manage database concurrency?
- **76.** Explain the concept of Distributed Databases.
- 77. How do you recover data in SQL?
- 78. Explain the concept of Two-phase commit in SQL.
- 79. How can you convert a string to a number in SQL?
- 80. How can you prevent SQL injection?
- 81. Discuss the optimization techniques for OLAP systems.
- 82. How can you optimize the storage of a database?
- 83. Explain the process of query compilation.
- **84.** How does the query optimizer decide the best way to run a query?

- **85.** How do you choose between indexing and partitioning a table?
- 86. How do you optimize a database schema?
- 87. Explain the process of denormalization with examples.
- 88. Discuss different ways to optimize a stored procedure.
- 89. Explain the role of database caching.
- 90. How do you manage database dependencies?
- 91. Discuss the steps to optimize a recursive SQL query.
- **92.** How do you optimize a SQL query in a real-time environment?
- **93.** Discuss how to manage relationships in a database schema.
- 94. How can you optimize database transactions?
- **95.** Explain how to design a database for a large-scale application.
- **96.** How do you optimize the speed of data retrieval in a database?
- **97.** Explain different SQL database architectures and their use cases.
- 98. How do you manage the scalability of a database?
- 99. Discuss how to handle complex relationships in databases.
- **100.** How do you optimize the overall performance of a database system?