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DATABASE DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

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1. Data Elements

The CarCare app stores various data elements essential for enabling car diagnostics, mechanic discovery, and service tracking. These data elements are organized into entities, each representing a core component of the system.

❖ User

- user_id – Unique identifier
- password
- phone_number
- location
- role – Either car_owner or mechanic

❖ Vehicle

- vehicle_id
- user_id – Linked to User
- model

❖ DashboardImage

- image_id
- user_id
- image_url
- fault_detected
- upload_date

❖ EngineSoundFile

- audio_id
- user_id
- audio_url
- diagnosis_result
- recorded_at

❖ Diagnostic

- diagnostic_id
- user_id
- vehicle_id
- image_id
- audio_id
- summary
- fault_code
- recommendation
- created_at

❖ TutorialVideo

- video_id
- title
- url
- fault_related
- duration
- source

2. Conceptual Design

This section outlines the high-level structure of the CarCare app's database using MongoDB. The system follows a flexible NoSQL schema optimized for scalability and fast querying.

2.1 Key Concepts:

- **User-centric design** with car owners and mechanics stored in the same collection but differentiated by role.
- **Media integration** through image and sound file storage for diagnostics.
- **Support for car tracking** via vehicle registration and service logs.
- **Mechanic rating system** using review and feedback collections.
- **Scalable content** through tutorial videos linked to fault types.

2.2 Main Relationships:

- One User owns multiple Vehicles, Diagnostics, DashboardImages, EngineSoundFiles, and can give Feedback or write Reviews.
- A MechanicProfile is a one-to-one extension of User.
- Each Diagnostic is linked to an optional Vehicle, an uploaded DashboardImage, and an EngineSoundFile.
- A TutorialVideo can be linked to fault codes in diagnostics but is generally standalone content.

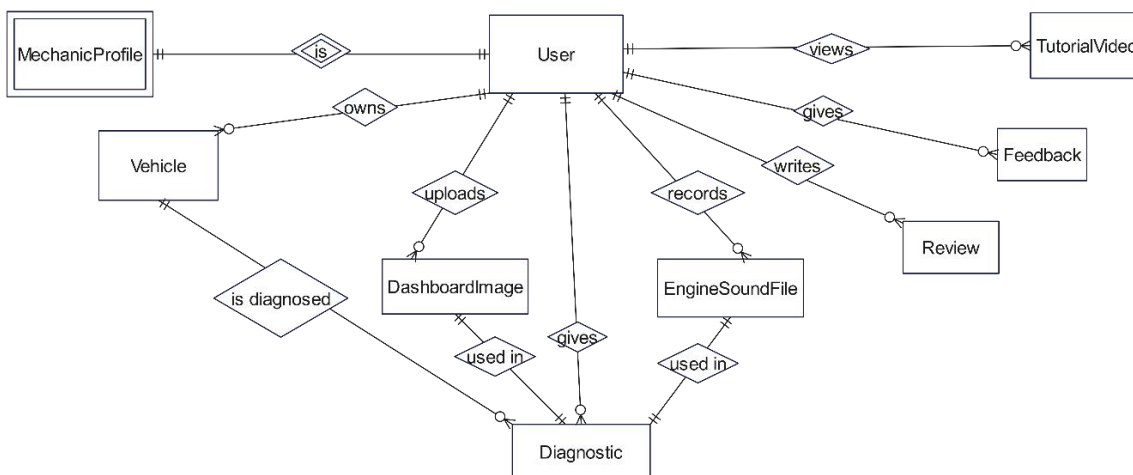
3. Entity-Relationship (ER) Diagram Summary

3.1 Strong Entities:

- User
- Vehicle
- DashboardImage
- EngineSoundFile
- Diagnostic
- TutorialVideo

3.2 Weak Entity:

- MechanicProfile – relies on User (uses user_id as both PK and FK)



4. Database Implementation (Prisma + MongoDB)

This project uses Prisma ORM with MongoDB as the database. The schema is defined in a schema prisma and models the relationships between users, users' vehicles, diagnostics, media files, reviews, and tutorial videos.

4.1 Key Concepts

- **User Roles:** There are two main user roles: `car_owner` and `mechanic`
- **User:** Stores user details, authentication info, and relations to vehicles, uploaded media, reviews, and mechanic profile.
- **MechanicProfile:** Contains additional info for users who are mechanics (experience, specialization, etc.).
- **Vehicle:** Represents a car owned by a user, with a relation to diagnostics performed on it.
- **DashboardImage & EngineSoundFile:** Media files uploaded by users for diagnostic purposes, each linked to the uploading user and related diagnostics.
- **Review:** Users can write reviews for diagnostics, with each review linked to a user and a diagnostic.
- **TutorialVideo:** Stores YouTube video url or other tutorial videos related to specific diagnostics and faults.
- **Diagnostic:** Central model representing a diagnostic event, linking to a vehicle, optional dashboard image and engine sound, reviews, and tutorial videos.

4.2 Relationships

- **User ↔ Vehicle:** One-to-many (a user can own multiple vehicles).
- **User ↔ DashboardImage/EngineSoundFile:** One-to-many (a user can upload multiple images/sounds).
- **User ↔ Review:** One-to-many (a user can write multiple reviews).
- **User ↔ MechanicProfile:** One-to-one (if the user is a mechanic).
- **Vehicle ↔ Diagnostic:** One-to-many (a vehicle can have multiple diagnostics).
- **DashboardImage/EngineSoundFile ↔ Diagnostic:** One-to-many (a media file can be used in multiple diagnostics).
- **Diagnostic ↔ Review/TutorialVideo:** One-to-many (a diagnostic can have multiple reviews and tutorial videos).

DashboardImage Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0 Avg. document size: 0 B Indexes: 2 Total index size: 8.19 kB	Diagnostic Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0 Avg. document size: 0 B Indexes: 1 Total index size: 4.10 kB	EngineSoundFile Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0 Avg. document size: 0 B Indexes: 1 Total index size: 4.10 kB	Mechanic Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0 Avg. document size: 0 B Indexes: 1 Total index size: 4.10 kB
MechanicProfile Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0 Avg. document size: 0 B Indexes: 2 Total index size: 8.19 kB	Review Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0 Avg. document size: 0 B Indexes: 1 Total index size: 4.10 kB	TutorialVideo Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0 Avg. document size: 0 B Indexes: 1 Total index size: 4.10 kB	User Storage size: 20.48 kB Documents: 1 Avg. document size: 114.00 B Indexes: 3 Total index size: 77.82 kB
Vehicle Storage size: 4.10 kB Documents: 0			

4.3 Implementation Notes

- All models use MongoDB's ObjectId as the primary key.
- Relations are explicitly defined using Prisma's '@relation' attribute.
- The schema supports advanced queries and population of related data via Prisma Client.
- The design supports extensibility for new media types, diagnostic methods, or user roles.

4.4 File Reference

- **Prisma schema:** `prisma/schema.prisma`
- **Generated Prisma Client:** Used in `src/routes.ts` and controllers for all DB operations.

4.5 Example Entity Flow

1. A user (car owner) uploads a dashboard image or engine sound.
2. The system creates a `DashboardImage` or `EngineSoundFile` record linked to the user.
3. A `Diagnostic` is created, referencing the vehicle, uploaded media, and storing the diagnosis result.
4. The user (or mechanic) can add a `Review` for the diagnostic.
5. The system can link relevant `TutorialVideo` records to the diagnostic for user guidance.

5. Backend Implementation

This backend is built with Node.js, Express, TypeScript, and uses Prisma ORM to interact with a MongoDB database. It powers the CarCare car fault diagnosis system, providing RESTful API endpoints for user management, vehicle and diagnostic data, media uploads, reviews, and AI-powered car fault diagnosis.

5.1 Key Technologies

- **Node.js & Express:** For building scalable REST APIs.
- **TypeScript:** For type safety and maintainability.
- **Prisma ORM:** For database modeling and queries (MongoDB as the database).

- **Mongoose (optional):** Alternative routes provided for direct MongoDB access.
- **Swagger:** For API documentation and testing.
- **Multer:** For handling file uploads (dashboard images, engine sounds).
- **JWT & bcryptjs:** For authentication and password security.
- **Axios:** For calling external APIs (AI diagnosis, YouTube search).

```

46 model Vehicle {
47   id      String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
48   make    String
49   model   String
50   year    Int
51   user     User        @relation("owns", fields: [id], references: [id])
52   userId   String // FK to User
53   diagnostics Diagnostic[] @relation("is_diagnosed")
54 }
55
56 model DashboardImage {
57   id      String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
58   image_id String      @unique // UUID as shown in ER diagram
59   user_id String      // FK to User
60   fault_detected String
61   upload_date DateTime @default(now())
62   uploader User        @relation("uploads", fields: [id], references: [id])
63   diagnostics Diagnostic[] @relation("used_in")
64 }
65
66 model EngineSoundFile {
67   id      String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
68   audio_url String
69   diagnosis_result String
70   recorded_at DateTime @default(now())
71   recorder User        @relation("records", fields: [id], references: [id])
72   userId   String // FK to User
73   diagnostics Diagnostic[] @relation("used_in")
74 }
75
76 model Review {
77   id      String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
78   userId   String      @db.ObjectId
79   rating   Int
80   comment  String
81   date     DateTime @default(now())
82   reviewer User        @relation("writes", fields: [userId], references: [id])
83   diagnostic Diagnostic @relation(fields: [diagnosticId], references: [id])
84   diagnosticId String @db.ObjectId
85 }
86
87 model TutorialVideo {
88   id      String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
89   title    String
90   url      String
91   faultRelated String[]
92   diagnostic Diagnostic @relation(fields: [diagnosticId], references: [id])
93   diagnosticId String @db.ObjectId
94 }
95
96 model Diagnostic {
97   id      String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
98   vehicleId String      @db.ObjectId
99   imageId  String?     @db.ObjectId
100   audioId  String?     @db.ObjectId
101   summary  String
102   faultCode String
103   recommendation String
104   created_at DateTime @default(now())
105   vehicle  Vehicle     @relation("is_diagnosed", fields: [vehicleId], references: [id])
106   dashboardImage DashboardImage? @relation("used_in", fields: [imageId], references: [id])
107   engineSound EngineSoundFile? @relation("used_in", fields: [audioId], references: [id])
108   reviews  Review[]
109   tutorialVideo TutorialVideo[]
110 }
111

```

```

6
7 Generate
8 generator client {
9   provider = "prisma-client-js"
10 }
11
12 datasource db {
13   provider = "mongodb"
14   url       = env("DATABASE_URL")
15 }
16
17 enum UserRole {
18   car_owner
19   mechanic
20 }
21
22 model User {
23   id             String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
24   full_name      String
25   email          String?     @unique
26   password       String
27   phone_number   Int?        @unique
28   location       String?
29   role           UserRole
30   vehicles       Vehicle[]   @relation("owns")
31   dashboardImages DashboardImage[] @relation("uploads")
32   engineSoundFiles EngineSoundFile[] @relation("records")
33   reviews        Review[]    @relation("writes")
34   mechanicProfile MechanicProfile? @relation("is")
35 }
36
37 model MechanicProfile {
38   id             String      @id @default(auto()) @map("_id") @db.ObjectId
39   experience_years Int
40   specialization String
41   availability_status Boolean
42   workshop_location String
43   user           User        @relation("is", fields: [id], references: [id])

```

5.2 Project Structure

- `src/index.ts` — Main server entry point, Express app setup, Swagger docs, and DB connection.
- `src/routes.ts` — Main API routes using Prisma.
- `src/routes.mongoose.ts` — Alternative API routes using Mongoose.
- `src/swagger.ts` — Swagger documentation setup.
- `prisma/schema.prisma` — Prisma schema defining all models and relationships.
- `DATABASE.md` — Database design and relationship documentation.

6. Database Connection

6.1 Prisma:

- The connection string is set in `.env` as `DATABASE_URL` (must be a valid MongoDB URI).
- Prisma Client is initialized in `src/index.ts` and used in all controllers/routes for DB operations.

6.2 Main Features

- **User Authentication:** Signup/login with JWT, password hashing with bcryptjs.
- **Role-based Users:** Car owners and mechanics, with mechanic profiles.
- **Vehicle Management:** CRUD for vehicles owned by users.
- **Media Uploads:** Dashboard images and engine sound files, linked to users and diagnostics.
- **Diagnostics:** Central model linking vehicles, media, reviews, and tutorial videos.
- **AI Diagnosis:** `/diagnose` endpoint accepts image/sound, calls external AI APIs, and returns a diagnosis.
- **YouTube Integration:** After diagnosis, the system searches YouTube for a relevant tutorial and returns the video URL.
- **Reviews & Tutorials:** Users can review diagnostics and view related tutorial videos.

- **Swagger Docs:** All endpoints are documented and testable at `/api-docs`.
- All database models and relationships are defined in `prisma/schema.prisma`.
- The backend is modular and can be extended with new features or endpoints as needed.