elephants_ALPHA_DIVERSITY

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AFRICAN ELEPHANT MICROBIOME - ALPHA DIVERSITY

Purpose: Here we are assessing differences in alpha diversity between African Elephant species, diets, and habitats by comparing Shannon Diversity within treatment groups. We used linear mixed effect models to, including elephant sex as a random effect, to compare Shannon diversity.

Data used:

TABLE output from QIIME: all OTUs detected across African Elephant sampels, taxonomic level, and raw abundance for each individual <- 8,248 OTUs (after rarefaction)

Libraries needed for analysis

Metadata

aem_tax <- aem_tax %>%

aem_data <- aem_data %>%

rownames_to_column("otu")

rownames to column("otu")

aem_data <- as.data.frame(otu_table(aem_physeq))</pre>

aem_tax_data <- merge(aem_tax, aem_data, by = "otu")</pre>

Rarefied OTU abundance data

```
options(scipen = 999) #gets rid of scientific notatation, useful for reading p-values
#read in taxonomic designations and OTU abundance
aem_physeq <- qza_to_phyloseq(features = "../data/qiime_data/table.qza", taxonomy = "../data/qiime_data/taxonomy.</pre>
qza", tree = "../data/qiime_data/rooted-tree.qza", metadata = "../data/metadata/METADATA.tsv")
#omit sample OB182 due to low read count. We don't want to rarefy to such a low number of reads across the whole
dataset
aem_physeq <- subset_samples(aem_physeq, Elephant != "OB182")</pre>
#Rarefy and clean the data set for use in downstream analysis
aem_physeq <- rarefy_even_depth(aem_physeq, rngsee = 5) #must set seed in order to maintain the same rarefied num</pre>
ber of otus
## `set.seed(5)` was used to initialize repeatable random subsampling.
## Please record this for your records so others can reproduce.
## Try `set.seed(5); .Random.seed` for the full vector
## ...
## 8180TUs were removed because they are no longer
## present in any sample after random subsampling
## ...
    #Number of OTUS: 8248
    #Number of reads per sample: 11460
#Extract data of all types (meta data, all taxonomy data)
aem_meta <- as.data.frame(sample_data(aem_physeq))</pre>
aem_tax <- as.data.frame(tax_table(aem_physeq))</pre>
```

Subset the data into only phylum Bacterioidetes, Firmicutes, and Proteobacteria

```
#Subset the data by the three most abundant phyla: Bacteroidetes, firmicutes, proteobacteria
aem_bacteroidetes <- aem_tax_data %>%
   filter(Phylum == "p__Bacteroidetes")

aem_firmicutes <- aem_tax_data %>%
   filter(Phylum == "p__Firmicutes")

aem_proteobacteria <- aem_tax_data %>%
   filter(Phylum == "p__Proteobacteria")
```

Prepare and clean data for two datasets

```
#Prepare data at the OTU level for analysis with both datasets (just forest non-cropraiders from both species, an
d just africana)
aem_physeq <- as.data.frame(otu_table(aem_physeq))</pre>
aem_physeq_t <- t(aem_physeq)</pre>
aem_physeq <- as.data.frame(aem_physeq_t)</pre>
aem physeq <- aem physeq %>%
  rownames to column("sample id")
aem_physeq <- merge(metadata, aem_physeq, by = "sample_id")</pre>
aem physeq forest_ncr <- aem_physeq %>%
  filter(Habitat == "Forest") %>%
  filter(Raider == "No")
aem_physeq_africana <- aem_physeq %>%
  filter(Species == "africana")
# Prepare data for Shannon Diversity FOR SPECIES
aem_veg_data <- aem_physeq_forest_ncr[,-c(2:11)]</pre>
aem veg data <- column to rownames(aem veg data, "sample id")</pre>
aem_veg2_data <- aem_physeq_africana[,-c(2:11)]</pre>
aem veg2 data <- column to rownames(aem veg2 data, "sample id")</pre>
```

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Alpha Diversity - Shannon Diversity Index

```
#Analysis of Shannon Diversity
 shan div species <- diversity(aem veg data, "shannon")</pre>
 shan_div_diet <- diversity(aem_veg2_data, "shannon")</pre>
 #Prepare data for linear models
 shan_div_species <- as.data.frame(shan_div_species)</pre>
 shan_div_species <- shan_div_species %>%
   rownames_to_column("sample_id")
 colnames(shan div species) <- c("sample id", "shannon")</pre>
 shan_div_species <- merge(metadata, shan_div_species, by = "sample_id")</pre>
 #Prepare data for linear models
 shan_div_diet <- as.data.frame(shan_div_diet)</pre>
 shan div diet <- shan div diet %>%
   rownames_to_column("sample_id")
 colnames(shan div diet) <- c("sample id", "shannon")</pre>
 shan div diet <- merge(metadata, shan div diet, by = "sample id")
 #Averages and standard deviations of Shannon Diversity for species, diet, and habitat
 shan_div_habitat_aves <- shan_div_diet %>%
   group by(Habitat) %>%
   summarize(mean = mean(shannon))
 shan div habitat sd <- shan div diet %>%
   group by(Habitat) %>%
   summarize(sd = sd(shannon))
 shan_div_species_aves <- shan_div_species %>%
   group by(Species) %>%
   summarize(mean = mean(shannon))
 shan_div_species_sd <- shan_div_species %>%
   group by(Species) %>%
   summarize(sd = sd(shannon))
 shan_div_diet_aves <- shan_div_diet %>%
   group by(Raider) %>%
   summarize(mean = mean(shannon))
 shan_div_diet_sd <- shan_div_diet %>%
   group by(Raider) %>%
   summarize(sd = sd(shannon))
Linear Models of alpha diversity with Species data set
```

#one way fixed effect for sex using species data set lm_sex_species <- lm(shannon ~ Sex, data = shan_div_species) #p = 0.821</pre>

```
#Various linear mixed effect models with different random effects just for fun

lme_species_sex <- lme(shannon ~ Species, random = ~1|Sex, data = shan_div_species)

lme_int_diet_hab_sex <- lme(shannon ~ Raider*Habitat, random = ~1|Sex, data = shan_div_diet)

lme_diet_sex <- lme(shannon ~ Raider, random = ~1|Sex, data = shan_div_diet)

lme_habitat_sex <- lme(shannon ~ Habitat, random = ~1|Sex, data = shan_div_diet)

Visualize Alpha Diversity. We can add a lot of graphs here, and we can compare all kinds of groups within groups.
```

levels(shan_div_species\$Species) <- c("L. africana", "L. cyclotis") #This ensures that the labels are in the corr ect order</pre>

```
alpha species <- ggplot(shan div species, aes(x = Species, y = shannon, fill = Species)) +
  geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA, show.legend = F, alpha = 0.8) +
  geom_point(position = position_dodge(width = 0.75), show.legend = F, size = 2) +
  theme set(theme cowplot(12)) +
  labs(x = "Species", y = "Shannon Diversity") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "blue")) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(face = "italic")) +
  theme(axis.text = element text(size = 20)) +
  theme(axis.title = element text(size = 20))
levels(shan div diet$Raider) <- c("Non-Crop-Raider", "Crop-Raider")</pre>
alpha diet <- ggplot(shan div diet, aes(x = Raider, y = shannon, fill = Raider)) +
  geom boxplot(outlier.shape = NA, show.legend = F, alpha = 0.8) +
  geom point(position = position dodge(width = 0.75), show.legend = F, size = 2) +
  theme set(theme cowplot(12)) +
  labs(x = "Diet", y = "Shannon Diversity") +
  scale fill manual(values = c("midnightblue", "deeppink1")) +
  theme(axis.text = element text(size = 20)) +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(size = 20))
alpha habitat <- ggplot(shan div diet, aes(x = Habitat, y = shannon, fill = Habitat)) +
  geom boxplot(outlier.shape = NA, show.legend = F, alpha = 0.8) +
  geom point(position = position dodge(width = 0.75), show.legend = F, size = 2) +
  theme set(theme cowplot(12)) +
  labs(x = "Habitat", y = "Shannon Diversity") +
  scale fill manual(values = c("forestgreen", "coral1")) +
  theme(axis.text = element text(size = 20)) +
  theme(axis.title = element text(size = 20))
#Combine all plots into one figure
pdf("/Users/joegunn/Desktop/Grad School Stuff/Research/Projects/Elephant Microbiome/Attempt 2/visualization/alpha
_diversity_figures/alpha_diversity.pdf", width=8, height=14)
```

plot grid(alpha species, alpha diet, alpha habitat, nrow = 3, labels = c("A", "B", "C"), label size = 20)

quartz_off_screen
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dev.off()