**Example 3:**

Food insecurity is becoming more severe across a wider area and is deepening for people already made vulnerable by displacement and conflict. In 2017, food insecurity in Unity, Jonglei and parts of Greater Equatoria and Greater Bahr el Ghazal remained critical as spikes in conflict, economic collapse and impacts of flooding reduced agricultural production. About three quarters of counties countrywide are expected to face severe food insecurity in the first quarter of 2018. Even after the harvest in late 2017, food prices remained high, and the 2018 lean season is projected to begin early and become worse than in 2017. Particularly for people living in market-dependent urban areas, economic decline has meant a reduction in access to staple food and clean water, and to a variety of foods.

Access to clean water

Access to varied foods

Access to Staple foods

Declining

Conflict

Economy

Flooding

Collapsing

Agricultural production

**Questions:**

* Is “declining” and “collapsing” economy the same?

**Other notes:**

* The text seems open for the user to infer that access to food/agricultural production, and food prices lead to food insecurity, but those aren’t explicitly stated in the text. As such, I did not include them in the graph