

Solidity 安全



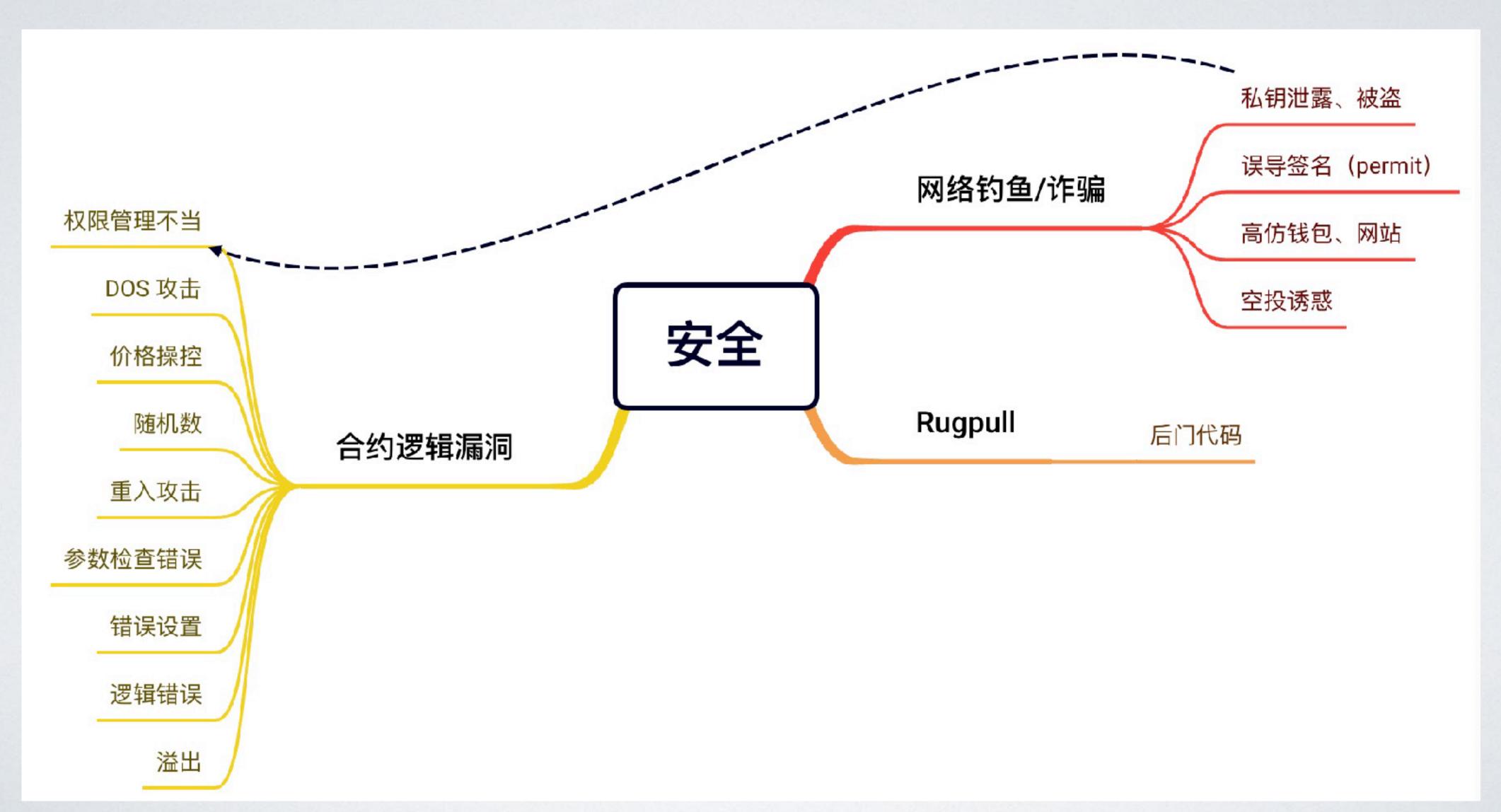
安全的重要性

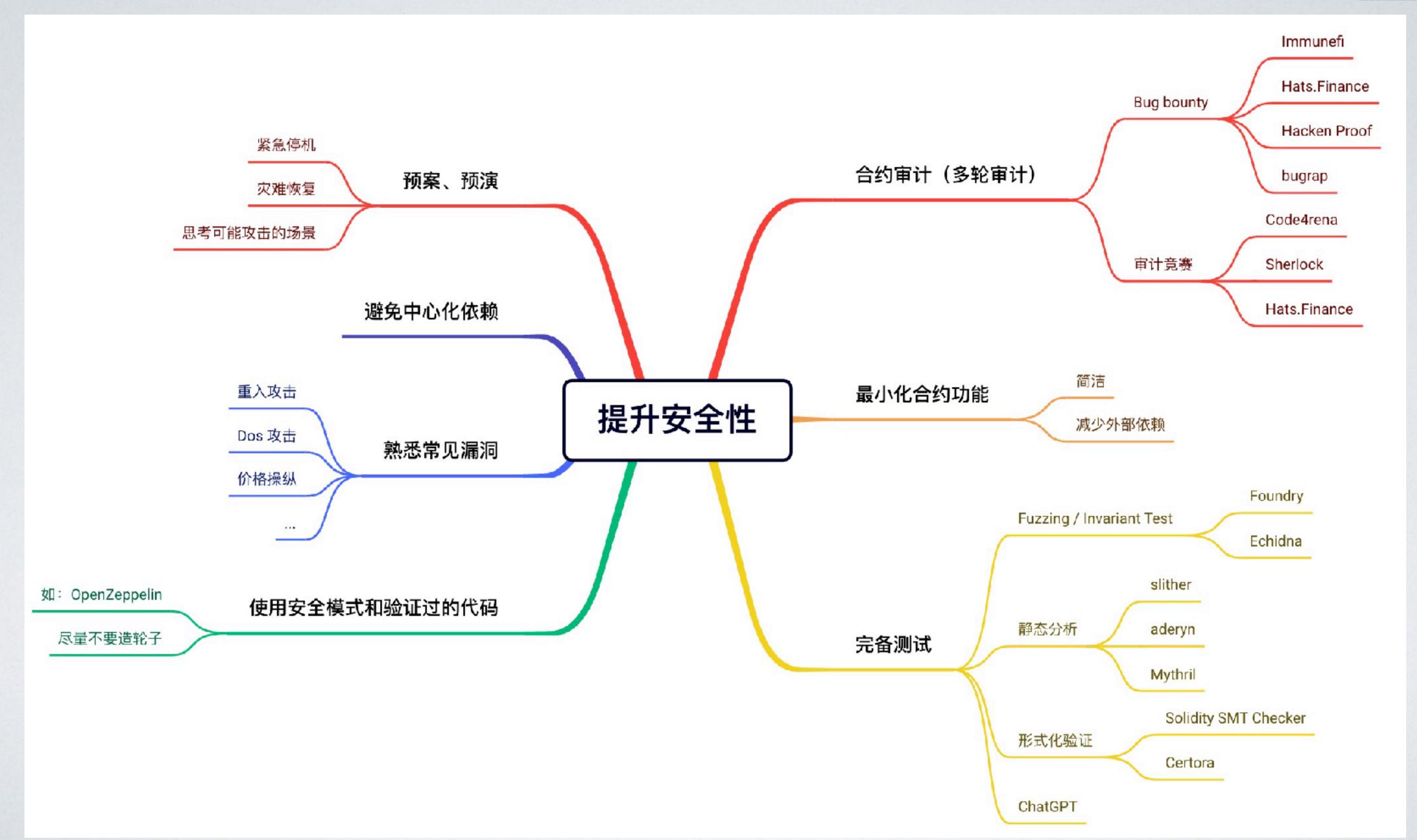
• 合约不可修改 + 直接处理资金

- 每年因安全问题, 导致数十亿的美元的资金损失
- · 让区块链安全比 Web2 安全 成为一个更突出的问题



常见安全问题





常见漏洞

- 重入攻击
- · Dos 拒绝服务
- 签名重用
- 溢出 (Solidity < 0.8) 、精度损失
- 合约账户控制



```
function withdraw() public {
      (bool success, ) = msg.sender.call{value: deposits[msg.sender]}("");
      deposits[msg.sender] = 0;

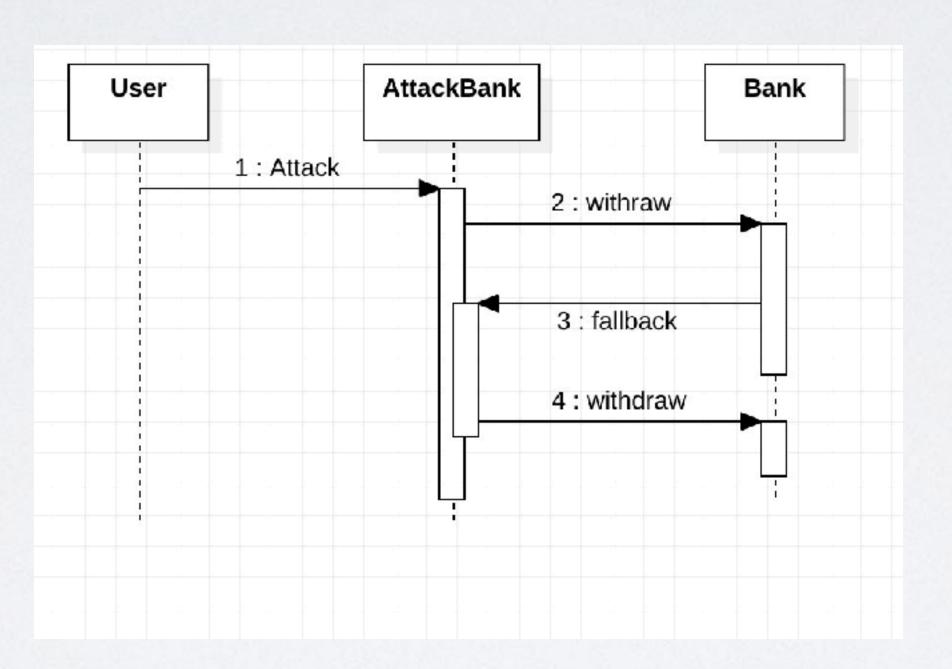
      require(success, "Failed to send Ether");
}
```



重入攻击

• 调用外部函数时, 要时刻注意重入问题:

• 重入



solidity_sample_code/testReplay.sol



防范重入攻击问题

• 先检查 - 再修改 - 最后交互 (checks-effect-interaction)

• 重入锁控制



```
function enter() public {
    // Check for duplicate entrants
    for (uint256 i; i < entrants.length; i++) {
        if (entrants[i] == msg.sender) {
            revert("You've already entered!");
        }
    }
    entrants.push(msg.sender);
}</pre>
```



```
uint256 public totalDeposits;
mapping(address => uint256) public deposits;
function deposit() external payable {
    deposits[msg.sender] += msg.value;
    totalDeposits += msg.value;
function withdraw() external {
    assert(address(this).balance == totalDeposits);
    uint256 amount = deposits[msg.sender];
    totalDeposits -= amount;
    deposits[msg.sender] = 0;
    payable(msg.sender).transfer(amount); // 0
```



```
bytes32 public constant TYPEHASH = keccak256("withdrawBySig(uint256 amount)");
function withdrawBySig(uint8 v, bytes32 r, bytes32 s, uint256 amount) external payable {
    bytes32 structHash = keccak256(abi.encode(TYPEHASH, amount));
    bytes32 hash = hashTypedDataV4(structHash);
    address signer = ECDSA.recover(hash, v, r, s);
    require(inWhitelist[signer], "error signer");
   withdraw(signer, amount);
function withdraw(address user, uint256 amount) internal {
    uint256 currentBalance = balances[user];
    if (currentBalance < amount) {</pre>
        revert SignatureReplay InsufficientBalance(currentBalance, amount);
    balances[user] = currentBalance - amount;
    payable(msg.sender).transfer(amount);
```



```
uint256 public moneyToSplitUp = 225;
uint256 public users = 4;
uint count;
function shareMoney() public view returns (uint256) {
    return moneyToSplitUp / users;
function decrement() public {
    unchecked {
        count--;
```



```
function isContract(address account) public view returns (bool) {
    uint size;
    assembly {
        size := extcodesize(account)
   return size > 0;
// 确保仅有 EOA 能调用
function protected() external {
    require(!isContract(msg.sender), "no contract allowed");
    ••••••
```



CTF

- https://ethernaut.openzeppelin.com/
- https://capturetheether.com/
- https://www.damnvulnerabledefi.xyz/
- https://ciphershastra.com/Maya.html



最佳实践

• https://consensys.github.io/smart-contract-best-practices/



作业

· 尝试盗取Vault 中的资金

https://decert.me/quests/b5368265-89b3-4058-8a57-a41bde625f5b