

Exercise No. 1 / METCLOUD WS19/20

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Instructions

- **Deadline for submission:** Thursday 17 October, 2019 at noon (12:00 p.m.).
- **How to submit:** Send the solutions in .pdf format to l.kliesch@uni-koeln.de OR leave a hard copy of the solutions in my mail box (**Kliesch**) in room 3.124 OR bring a hard copy of the solutions to my office in room 3.147, Pohligstr. 3.
- Please hand in individually. Don't forget to put your name on your solution.
- Remember, that you have to collect at least 50 % the points on all exercise sheets to be admitted to examination.

- 1) (2P) Which role do clouds play in the climate system?
- 2) (2P) Why are clouds so difficult to predict in numerical weather prediction and climate models?
- 3) (2P) How do clouds modulate the global energy budget of the atmosphere?
- 4) (2P) Imagine a pure water cloud which consists of cloud droplets of uniform size with radius $r_d = 5 \mu\text{m}$. Assume a uniform spacing of cloud droplets, with a number concentration of $N_c = 170 \text{ cm}^{-3}$.
 1. (0.5P) Calculate the liquid water content (LWC) M_l and give its value in g m^{-3} .
 2. (0.5P) How much is the volume fraction of water?
 3. (0.5P) How much is the average distance from one droplets to its nearest neighbor? Assume a regular cubical grid pattern of the droplets.
 4. (0.5P) How would the distance between cloud droplets change if their number concentration is tripled?
- 5) (2P) Calculate and compare:
 1. (1P) How much water is in a cumulus congestus cloud with $LWC = 0.5 \text{ gm}^{-3}$, horizontal/vertical dimension=5000 m/4000 m? Compare to a bathtub ($V = 2 \text{ m}^3$).
 2. (1P) What is its energy of condensation? (specific heat of condensation of water $\approx 2.5 \times 10^6 \text{ J kg}^{-1}$). Compare to the Nagasaki Bomb (22 kT TNT; 1 kT TNT = $4.2 \times 10^{12} \text{ J}$).
- 6) (2P) Depending on application the ideal gas law is written in several different formulations. Write as many different formulations as possible and explain the different variables involved.