

08.06.

2020

(1824.04)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + 5x^2 - x^3}{2x^3 - x^2 + 7x} = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x(1 + 5x - x^2)}{x(2x^2 - x + 7)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + 5x - x^2}{2x^2 - x + 7} = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x} - 1 \right)}{x^2 \left( 2 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{x^2} \right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x} - 1}{2 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{7}{x^2}} = \frac{0 + 0 - 1}{2 - 0 + 0} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - 3x^2}{x^2 + 7x - 2} = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{1}{x^2} - 3 \right)}{x^2 \left( 1 + \frac{7}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2} \right)} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - 3}{1 + \frac{7}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}} = \frac{0 - 3}{1 + 0 - 0} = -3$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + x}{x^4 - 5x^2 + 1} = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right]$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 \left( 1 + \frac{1}{x^2} \right)}{x^4 \left( 1 - \frac{5}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^4} \right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1/x + 1/x^3}{1 - 5/x^2 + 1/x^4} = \frac{0 + 0}{1 - 0 + 0} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{x^3 \left(x - \frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{\left(x - \frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$$

6.4.34

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^5 - 2x}{2x^3 + x^2 + 1} = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} \right] =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^5 \left(1 - \frac{2}{x^4}\right)}{x^3 \left(\frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)} = \frac{1 - 0}{0 + 0 + 0} = \frac{1}{0} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 \left(x^2 - \frac{2}{x}\right)}{x^3 \left(2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - \frac{2}{x}}{2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}} = \frac{\infty}{2} = \infty$$

6.4.35

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - x) = [\infty - \infty] =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - x)(\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x)}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 4 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x} =$$

$$= \frac{4}{\infty} = 0$$

u. 6. 7. 36

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{x^3}{x^2-3} - x \right) = \left[ \frac{\infty}{\infty} - \infty \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{x^3 - x^3 + 3x}{x^2-3} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x}{x^2-3}$$

1. CN

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x}{x(x - \frac{3}{x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{x - \frac{3}{x}} = \frac{3}{\infty - 0} = 0$$

2. CN

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \cdot \frac{3}{x}}{x^2(1 - \frac{3}{x^2})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3/x}{1 - 3/x^2} = \frac{0}{1-0} = 0$$



~ 8.4.37

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin dx}{x}, d \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin dx}{x} = \left[ \frac{0}{0} \right] = \left[ y = dx \Rightarrow x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow y \rightarrow 0, x = y/d \right] =$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{\frac{y}{d}} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{d \cdot \sin y}{y} =$$

$$= \left[ d \neq 0? \quad d = 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(0 \cdot x)}{0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{0}{x} \right] =$$

$$= d \cdot \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin y}{y} = \left[ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1 \right]_{3. \pi.} = d \cdot 1 = d$$

$$\textcircled{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{\sin 3x} = \left[ x \rightarrow 0, \text{ но } x \neq 0 \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\sin 5x}{x}}{\frac{\sin 3x}{x}} =$$

$$= \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{x} \rightarrow \text{так же как в } \textcircled{1}}{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x} \rightarrow \text{так же как в } \textcircled{1}} = \frac{5}{3}$$

т.к.  
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$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{2x - \pi} = \left[ \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{\pi - \pi} = \frac{0}{0} \right] =$$

$$= \left[ x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{2} + y, y \rightarrow 0, y = x - \frac{\pi}{2}, y \rightarrow 0 \right] =$$

$$y = x - \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(y + \frac{\pi}{2})}{2 \cdot (y + \frac{\pi}{2}) - \pi} = \frac{-\sin y}{2y + \pi - \pi} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sin y}{2y} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin x}{1} = \left[ \begin{array}{l} t = \arcsin x \\ x = \sin t \\ x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow t = \arcsin x \rightarrow 0 \end{array} \right] = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{t}{\sin t} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{\sin t}{t}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

Д/З

до 15.06. 2020

Черновик № 6.4.38 - 6.4.45  
(разб. не подуч)