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frameworks as Futhark¹ [7], Accelerate² [8], AnyDSL³ [9].

In this work we discuss a way to implement GraphBLAS API which combines high-performance computations on GPGPU and the power of high-level programming languages in both application development and possible code optimizations. Our solution is based on metaprogramming techniques: we propose to generate code for GPGPU from a high-level programming language. Namely, we plan to generate OpenCL C from a subset of F# programming language. To translate F# to OpenCL C we use a Brahma.FSharp⁴ which is based on F# quotations metaprogramming techniques⁵. Usage of F# simplifies both implementation of GraphBLAS API, making features of functional programming available, and its utilization in application development with high-level programming language on .NET platform. Moreover, as far as F# is a functional-first programming language, it should make it possible to use advanced optimization techniques and power of type system. Choice of OpenCL C as a target language is motivated by its portability: it is possible to run OpenCL C code on multi-thread CPU, on different GPGPUs (not only Nvidia), and even on FPGA [10], [11]. The utilization of FPGAs may open a way to hardware acceleration of sparse linear algebra and, as a result, of many solutions in different areas such as graph analysis, computational biology, machine learning.

This work in progress, so only tiny not optimized prototype is implemented, but our preliminary evaluation shows that !!!

II. DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Functional style, types, optimizations, etc.

Code example with description and explanations.

III. IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

Details on implementation.

A few worlds on Brahma.FSharp.

Architecture.

IV. EVALUATION

Evaluation of the proposed implementation.

Hardware configuration description.

SuiteSparse, Math.NET Numerics⁶, GraphBLAST, ???, and our solution on CPU and GPGPU.

Dataset description.

Results.

Results analysis. and conclusion.

¹Futhark is a purely functional statically typed programming language for GPGPU. Project web page: <https://futhark-lang.org/>. Access date: 12.01.2021.

²Accelerate: GPGPU programming with Haskell. Project web page: <https://www.acceleratehs.org/>. Access date: 12.01.2021.

³AnyDSL is a partial evaluation framework for parallel programming. Project web page: <https://anydsl.github.io/>. Access date: 12.01.2021.

⁴Brahma.FSharp project on GitHub: <https://github.com/YaccConstructor/Brahma.FSharp>. Access date: 12.01.2021.

⁵F# code quotations is a run time metaprogramming technique which allows one to transform written F# code during program execution. Official documentation: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/fsharp/language-reference/code-quotations>. Access date: 12.01.2021.

⁶Library which provides numerical computations primitives for .NET: <https://numerics.mathdotnet.com/>. Access date: 12.01.2021.

V. CONCLUSION

Conclusion, current state, results.

Future work. Library extension up to full GraphBLAS API implementation.

LaGraph on F# .NET.

Evaluation. Comparison with other implementations on different devices. Manual implementation versus translation.

Another direction of future work is Brahma.FSharp improvements. First of all, it is necessary to support discriminated unions to make it possible to express custom semirings such as Min-Plus, as presented in listing ??.

Also, it is necessary to add high-level abstractions for asynchronous programming, and for multi-GPU programming. Such mechanisms can be naturally expressed in F# with native primitives for asynchronous programming.

fusion and other optimizations.

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