Quick Guide to the MCTAL API

 $(MCTAL \longrightarrow ROOT)$

Nicolò Borghi

This document is a short quick guide to the usage of the MCTAL API for converting MCTAL files produced with MCNPX into the binary format of ROOT files.

1 Software requirements

In order to use this tool, the following mandatory packages are needed:

- 1. Python $\geq 2.7.3$
- ROOT Data Analysis Framework (Download from CERN)¹ compiled with Python support
- 3. ndiff (required only for conversion test) (Download)²

2 Converting MCTAL files

Assuming that the MCTAL output is stored in the mctal file, the conversion script command-line syntax is very simple:

```
./nbmctal2root.py mctal
```

This line will create a file with the same name of the input MCTAL and with a trailing .root. In this case, the file name will be mctal.root and it will be saved in the same directory of the input MCTAL.

```
ROOT file saved to: mctal.root
```

It is also possible to provide an absolute path to the nbmctal2root.py script and the output line will change accordingly.

A different file name for the converted file can be requested, by adding the desired file name after the input MCTAL (also with the desired path):

```
./nbmctal2root.py mctal examplename.root
```

A verbose output of the conversion is available with the option -v (it must appear before any other arguments):

Then, the output will resemble the following:

 $^{{\}tt ^1} {\tt http://root.cern.ch/drupal/content/downloading-root}$

²http://www.math.utah.edu/~beebe/software/ndiff/

```
./nbmctal2root.py -v mctal

[Parsing file: mctal...]
Parsing tally: 15

[Converting...]
Tally 15 saved

ROOT file saved to: mctal.root
```

The ROOT file will contain a **THnSparseF** object named after the tally number (one **THnSparseF** for each tally) with a leading f. Hence, tally 15 will be saved as a **THnSparseF** called f15. Each **THnSparseF** has eight dimensions, according to the binning capabilities of MCNPX:

```
F Surface/cell/detector F card bin

D Total/direct vs flagged/unflagged bin

U User bin

S Segment or radiography s-axis bin

M Multiplier bin

C Cosine or radiography t-axis bin

E Energy bin

T Time bin
```

In the case of mesh tallies, everything holds, but there will be three more dimensions:

```
☐ I First lattice/mesh index
☐ J Second lattice/mesh index
☐ K Third lattice/mesh index
```

3 Testing the reading and the conversion

In order to check if the conversion from MCTAL to ROOT is correct, a set of test routines is available. With the script <code>nbmctaltest.py</code> it is possible to check whether the reading of the MCTAL file into a Python object was successful or not:

```
nbmctaltest.py mctal
```

It is possible to add a -v option before the MCTAL file name in order to see detailed output. If no output is printed, then the test is successful. The script returns the exit code 0 on success and 1 on failure.

The test of the conversion to the ROOT format is implemented in the <code>conversiontest</code> bash script. This script is divided in two steps:

- 1. nbmctal2root.py is called for conversion
- 2. nbroottest.py is called for test

The command-line syntax is the following (the -v option is also available and must be set before the MCTAL file name):

conversiontest mctal

An exit code is returned: 0 for success, 1 for failure.