Nonparametric Anomaly Detection

Project Proposal EECS 545-001 Prof. Mert Pilanci

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Problem Statement

Anomaly detection intents to identify new incoming events that deviate from the given set of normal events, and it has wide range of applications including data security and system monitoring. In typical anomaly detection setting, all the events from normal set are treated as sample points from an unknown distribution. In real application, there are seldom known information about the nominal distribution of interest. Therefore, nonparametric method has been heavily investigates in the past decades. To control the false alarm rate, the concept of level set is widely used as stated in well-known Neyman-Pearson Lemma to achieve optimum detection efficiency, and the detector is completely characterized by its corresponding decision region. However, the exact construction of optimal decision region with unknown distribution is known to be intractable. The main goal of this project is to apply efficient and accurate nonparametric anomaly detection methods [2], [10], [13] to approximate the optimum decision region for real world dataset.

Project Description

The main reference our group is going to focus on is recent work by Lei [2], where a novel approach combining the idea of conformal prediction [12] with density estimation is proposed. With the general frame work of conformal prediction, there are a couple of existing nonparametric methods [10], [13] can be interpreted as graph-based conformal prediction.

Our group intend to implement the method specifically in the context of anomaly detection instead of classification problem in [2], and compare its performance with relevant methods as in [10], [13]. The whole project will be completed in MATLAB.

We plan to perform experiments on two data set. One is KDD Cup 1999 Data from [1] which is a widely used dataset to test network intrusion detector. Second is Benchmark Dataset for Time Series Anomaly Detection [4], [7] from Yahoo, which is a data set for detecting unusual traffic on Yahoo servers. The performance of algorithms will be evaluated based on both averaged AUC (Area under ROC curve) and processing time (a total of training and test time) as in [10].

Anticipated Division of Work

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Literature Study			✓	✓
Implementation of Algorithms	✓	✓	✓	✓
Validation	✓	✓		

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