None Trading data task by Ehsan Ghani: Section 1: Campaign Scenarios. Campaign Scenarios Please calculate the answers to the following questions. They are not to be followed chronologically. What are the daily clicks required to hit the CTR target?
 What are the total conversions required to hit the CPA target?
 What is the daily spend required to pace the campaign ever 4. Scenario A: Client shortens the flight date to Nov 30th. What are the new daily required conversions?
5. Scenario R: 10.000.000 free of charae impressions are added to booked impressions. What is the new 4. Scenario A: Culent strates the light date to host soft.

S. Scenario B: 10,000,000 free of charge impressions are added to booked impressions. What is the new 6. Scenario C: Client adds £75,000 investment. How many clicks are now required at the CTR target? 30,000 £ 200,000.00 £ 5.00 1. How much over CPA Target are we? Please answer as both a % and monetary value % value: Monetary value: 2. How many additional conversions are needed to hit the CPA Target?
3. While still spending £200,000 of client investment, how many percentage points would you need to lower margin by to hit the CPA Target? 250,000.00 50,000,000 What is the viewability rate?
 What is the CPM charged to the client?
 What is the viewable CPM charged to the client?
 Client sets a mandate of 35,000,000 viewable impressions. At the viewom many more impressions would we need to hit the viewable goal? essions. At the viewability rate Section 2 and 3: Display and Video data set task. This analysis covers two distinct datasets for the Video and Display advertising campaigns. The data was imported from separate Excel files into pandas DataFrames to facilitate respective evaluations. The decision to use Python for this task was driven by a desire to showcase and further develop my skills in data analysis and programming. My checklist with respect to the briefs in both data sets is as follows: 1. Checking and cleaning the data. 2. Feature Engineering with respect to the brief. 3 . Creating the Pivot Table for exploratory analysis. 4 . Summarising my findings and suggesting areas for optimisation. Display data set: Data inspection: Before conducting analysis, my process begins with the importation and cleansing of data. From experience, .xlsx files have typically been the most consistent of data sets, through either efficient data handling and built-in methods such as autofill. Nevertheless, this inspection will give me insight into the dataset's structure, confirm data types, and identify any potential inconsistencies or errors before analysis begins. --- Data Types and Non-Null Counts ---<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 223139 entries, 0 to 223138 Data columns (total 12 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype 0 Site Domain 223139 non-null object 223139 non-null object Strategy Strategy Type 223139 non-null object 3 223139 non-null object Seller Name 223139 non-null object 5 Impressions 223139 non-null int64 Clicks 223139 non-null int64 7 PV Conversions 223139 non-null int64 PC Conversions 223139 non-null int64 223139 non-null float64 9 Media Cost 223139 non-null int64 Total Conversions 10 Total Revenue Generated from Sales 223139 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5) memory usage: 20.4+ MB --- Summary of Missing Values ---Site Domain 0 0 Strategy Strategy Type Seller Name Impressions Clicks PV Conversions PC Conversions Media Cost Total Conversions Total Revenue Generated from Sales dtype: int64 --- Head (first few rows) of data ---Strategy Seller Impressions Clicks **Site Domain** Strategy Size **Conversions Conver** Name Prospecting 300x250 PubMatic 0 transfermarkt.co.uk Performing 124895 12 41 Domains Healthline Top 1 healthline.com Performing Prospecting 300x250 Networks, 49566 13 12 **Domains** 2 transfermarkt.co.uk Performing Prospecting 970x250 PubMatic 17 14 41784 **Domains** Top **3** transfermarkt.co.uk Performing Prospecting 160x600 PubMatic 40597 28 **Domains** 30920 13 4 transfermarkt.co.uk Performing Prospecting 300x250 OpenX **Domains** Across the 12 features of advertisement performance the data tracks, the data is clean and complete for analysis of the campaign performance. That being said, I have noticed an increasingly large number of 0s across columns, which from past experience can affect averging and summarising key data points. I will account for this in creation of other features. Feature Engineering: As requested, I have created features reflecting ROAS (return on ad spend), CPA (cost per purchase) and CPM (Cost Per Thousand/Mille). Impressions Clicks Conversions Strategy Seller Site Domain **Strategy** Size Conver Type Top **0** transfermarkt.co.uk Performing Prospecting 300x250 124895 12 41 PubMatic **Domains** Healthline Top healthline.com 1 Performing Prospecting 300x250 Networks, 49566 12 **Domains** Inc. Top transfermarkt.co.uk Performing **PubMatic** 14 Prospecting 970x250 41784 17 **Domains** Top transfermarkt.co.uk Performing Prospecting 160x600 **PubMatic** 40597 28 Domains Top 0 13 transfermarkt.co.uk Performing Prospecting 300x250 OpenX 30920 **Domains** Creating pivot tables: The tables I have created will reflect the following points of the brief: 1 . A ROAS rank of each creative split by strategy. 2 . Ranking Strategy Types by efficiency (High ROAS & Low CPA) I've also included a combination of ranking strategy types with Sellers to understand which seller and strategy pairings deliver the most efficient performance. ROAS Rank of Creative Splits by Strategy: This analysis identifies the top-performing ad creatives for each marketing strategy by ranking them based on their Return On Ad Spend (ROAS). For this report, I defined the 'creative split' by the ad's Size, as different dimensions represent the primary creative variations being tested. To achieve this, the pivot table is indexed by Size and uses Strategy as the columns. This structure effectively displays key performance indicators including Impressions, Clicks, CPA, and ROAS—for each ad size within each specific strategy. Finally, the table's output is ranked by ROAS to determine the most profitable ad sizes for each campaign. Across all my pivot tables the aggregation logic for these metrics is split: total counts like Impressions and Clicks are calculated using sum to get a complete picture of volume. In contrast, efficiency ratios like ROAS and CPA are calculated using mean to provide a fair, normalised comparison of performance between different creative sizes and so on. Health, Big City -**Fitness** Retargeting Retargeting Top Premium Retargeting Strategy Geo & Keywords - Basket - Product Performing Sites - All Pages Nutrition **Targeting** Page Pages **Domains** Content Size 120x600 0.094062 0.214833 0.007192 0.220647 0.020641 0.004137 0.022675 0.084967 0.030 160x600 0.157764 0.150793 0.126741 4.782763 0.049935 0.004778 0.022454 3.694758 0.107 300x250 0.111111 1.179525 0.060747 0.860354 0.055472 0.005401 0.048691 2.184508 0.07! 300x50 0.033056 0.529384 0.015296 0.110155 0.021158 0.001981 0.020303 1.059153 0.022 300x600 0.133158 0.462204 0.067229 0.218576 0.001893 0.024789 1.430966 0.064 0.044609 320x50 0.032216 0.104129 0.005369 0.061768 0.027485 0.000139 0.034063 0.277270 0.022 728x90 0.031024 0.002255 0.066100 0.418551 0.050208 0.407479 0.021550 0.656867 0.04° 970x250 0.204966 0.920203 0.032747 1.072658 0.067026 0.007168 0.021392 1.731598 0.098 All 0.093380 0.574637 0.040584 0.577950 0.037613 0.003460 0.031754 1.512044 0.051 9 rows × 54 columns --- Analysis by ROAS Rank ---Most Efficient Strategy: '320x50' Combined Rank Scores (Lower is Better): ROAS_Rank Strategy Size 1.0 320x50 300x50 2.0 728x90 3.0 160x600 4.0 300x250 5.0 120x600 6.0 300x600 7.0 970x250 8.0 From the analysis, the 320x50 ad size is identified as the most efficient and top-performing creative with a rank of 1.0, while the 970x250 size is the least effective. It is my recomendation that 320x50 is average size across advertisements. Ranking Strategy Types by Efficiency (High ROAS & Low CPA) This analysis ranks each strategy type (areas) on its ability to simultaneously maximize Return On Ad Spend (ROAS) and minimize Cost Per Acquisition (CPA). Here I chose to index via strategy with strategy types (prospecting and retargeting) as columns, this layout with peformance indicators provides the most consise answer into the most efficient performers across the entire digital advertising portfolio. Once again, splitting respective metrics by relative needs for sum (total counts) and average (rates, returns and ratios etc.). **CPA** CPM Strategy **Prospecting Retargeting** All Prospecting Retargeting All Prospecting Retarget Type Strategy Big City -0.000000 0.093380 0.000000 0.093380 2.469040 2.469040 1366 Geo **Targeting** Health. Fitness & 0.000000 0.574637 0.574637 15.276788 0.000000 15.276788 45 Nutrition Content 0.000000 0.040584 Keywords 0.040584 8.917661 0.000000 8.917661 568 **Premium** 0.000000 0.577950 0.000000 0.577950 6.810366 6.810366 172 Sites Retargeting 0.000000 0.000000 7.492108 0.037613 0.037613 7.492108 0 - All Pages Retargeting 0.003460 0.003460 0.000000 0.000000 3.457486 0 - Basket 3.457486 Page Retargeting 0.031754 0.031754 - Product 0.000000 0.000000 10.410328 10.410328 0 **Pages** Performing 0.000000 1.512044 11.829179 144 1.512044 0.000000 11.829179 **Domains** ΑII 0.034001 0.051061 8.401941 0.077586 8.006341 8.656388 2295 1 --- Analysis by Average Rank ---Most Efficient Strategy: 'Keywords' Combined Rank Scores (Lower is Better): ROAS_Rank CPA_Rank Average_Rank Strategy Type Strategy Keywords 1.0 4.0 2.5 Retargeting - All Pages 2.0 3.0 2.5 Retargeting - Product Pages 3.0 2.0 2.5 Big City - Geo Targeting 4.0 5.0 Retargeting - Basket Page 8.0 1.0 Health, Fitness & Nutrition Content 6.0 6.0 6.0 Top Performing Domains 5.0 8.0 6.5 Premium Sites 7.0 7.0 7.0 Key findings: The updated rankings suggest that the 'Keywords', 'Retargeting - All Pages' and 'Retargeting - Product Pages' strategies are the most efficient overall, tying for the average rank of 2.5. The top performances are driven by a varying advantages between ROAS and CPA rankings. This highlights a key trade-off in performance. For instance, the 'Retargeting - Basket Page' strategy achieved the best possible CPA Rank (1.0), but its extremely poor ROAS Rank (8.0) resulted in a less competitive average rank of 4.5. From this, I can add that a balanced approach is the most effective path to overall efficiency. While specialization in one area (like the low CPA of 'Retargeting - Basket Page') is effective, the top strategies like 'Keywords' and 'Retargeting - All Pages' perform well because they achieve a strong balance between generating a high return (ROAS) and maintaining a reasonable acquisition cost (CPA). Visualisation with further findings: Strategy Rank Comparison -- CPA Rank Average Rank Rank (Lower is Better) Realth, Hitless & Buthiton Confeet. Bid City Coo Bigeting TOP Performing Dorf Strategy I would encourage the reader to interpret this vertically rather than horizontally. My reasoning for this stems from understanding the variability and trade-offs inherent in each strategy. While some strategies excel in one metric, they often falter in another, and a vertical interpretation is the only way to see this complete performance picture. For instance, 'Keywords' achieves the best possible ROAS rank, but this comes at the cost of a mediocre CPA rank. Conversely, 'Retargeting - Basket Page' is the most cost-effective strategy with the best CPA rank, but it has the worst ROAS rank of all the options. This shows a clear trade-off between maximizing return and minimizing cost. The Average Rank line smooths out this variability, revealing that the most balanced and efficient strategies are those that perform consistently well across both metrics, rather than excelling at one extreme. One could argue that the minimal betweenness of that of 'Retargeting - All Pages' and 'Retargeting - Product Pages' suggests that they are the optimal strategy, as the trade-off is minimal and the average ranks tie for highest. It is my recommendation that either should be considered as optimal, depending on whether the primary goal of chosen convenience is maximising return or minimising cost. This graph is also the optimal example for displaying my ranking system. The strategy set is large enough for a clear interpretation that shows not only the final average rank, but also the underlying performance trade-offs. It visually demonstrates how some strategies excel at maximizing return (a low ROAS Rank) while others are better at minimizing cost (a low CPA Rank), and how the 'Average Rank' identifies the most balanced performer overall. Other Ranking systems in this assignement are just as efficient, but do not offer an as clear visual interpretation. Hence my decision to include the graph here, but not anywhere else. Ranking Strategy Types with Sellers by efficiency (High ROAS & Low CPA) This analysis will help identify optimal partnerships, showing which sellers are best suited for specific strategic goals like prospecting or retargeting. **CPA CPM** Strategy Prospecting Retargeting All Prospecting Retargeting **Prospect** Type Strategy Seller Name Big City -33Across 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 1.585768 0.000000 1.585768 Geo Real Impact **Targeting Bauer** 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 2.697101 0.000000 2.697101 Media UK **Business** 0.067900 0.000000 0.067900 2.233905 0.000000 2.233905 Insider Inc. BuzzFeed Media 0.009639 0.000000 0.009639 2.075601 0.000000 2.075601 Enterprises, Inc. **Conde Nast** 0.066874 0.000000 0.066874 2.052162 0.000000 2.052162 Top Microsoft Performing Advertising 0.110548 0.000000 0.110548 15.792635 0.000000 15.792635 **Domains** Exchange 0.647142 11.582583 11.582583 OpenX 0.647142 0.000000 0.000000 **PubMatic** 4.682597 0.000000 4.682597 12.336142 0.000000 12.336142 Trusted Media 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 10.004387 0.000000 10.004387 **Brands Inc** ΑII 0.077586 0.034001 0.051061 8.006341 8.656388 8.401941 495 rows × 18 columns --- Analysis by Combined Rank ---Most Efficient Strategy: '('Retargeting - All Pages', 'Warner Media LLC')' Combined Rank Scores (Lower is Better): ROAS_Rank CPA_Rank Average_Rank **Strategy Type** Strategy Seller Name Retargeting - All Pages Warner Media LLC 1.0 128.5 64.75 2.0 65.25 Keywords theGuardian.com 128.5 **Gumtree.com Ltd** 3.0 128.5 65.75 Retargeting - Product Pages Internet Brands Inc. 4.0 128.5 66.25 **Retargeting - All Pages** 6.0 128.5 67.25 **Figaromedias** Here it is shown that combination of the 'Retargeting - All Pages' strategy run with the seller 'Warner Media LLC' is the most efficient pairing, achieving the lowest Average Rank of 64.75. Interestingly, all of the top five partnerships share the exact same CPA Rank (128.5). This indicates that ROAS was the sole deciding factor in this particular ranking, making the 'Warner Media LLC' partnership the most efficient sell-side partner. My suggestion is to prioritize and allocate more budget to the 'Warner Media LLC' and 'Retargeting - All Pages' combination, as it is proven to be the most profitable pairing. Summary of Display data set task: . **Top Creative split:** The 320x50 ad size is the most effective creative split, outperforming all other dimensions. . Top Strategy: The 'Retargeting - Basket Page' strategy and 'Retargeting - Product Pages' are the most efficient overall. Their success is driven by an exceptional ability to balance a decrease Cost Per Acquisition (CPA) and maximise Return On Ad Spend (ROAS). . **Top Combination of strategy and sell-side partner:** The most profitable specific combination is the 'Retargeting - All Pages' strategy when run with the seller 'Warner Media LLC', as this pairing generates the highest ROAS among top-performing partners. I will now continue with the video data set in a similar manner. Video data set task: As the brief states, the goal of this campaign in three-fold: . Maximise viewability . Maximise video completion rate . Minimise the cost of running the campaign. --- Data Types and Non-Null Counts ---<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 61387 entries, 0 to 61386 Data columns (total 12 columns): Column Non-Null Count Dtype 0 Strategy 61387 non-null object App/URL 61387 non-null object 61387 non-null object Environment 3 Inventory Source 61387 non-null object 61387 non-null object Browser 5 Impressions 61387 non-null int64 61387 non-null int64 6 Clicks 61387 non-null float64 7 Media Cost 61387 non-null int64 Completions (Video) Active View: Viewable Impressions 61387 non-null int64 10 Active View: Measurable Impressions 61387 non-null int64 Starts (Video) 61387 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(5) memory usage: 5.6+ MB --- Summary of Missing Values ---Strategy App/URL Environment 0 Inventory Source Browser 0 0 Impressions Clicks 0 Media Cost 0 Completions (Video) 0 Active View: Viewable Impressions Active View: Measurable Impressions Starts (Video) 0 dtype: int64 --- Head (first few rows) of data ---Media Completions Inventory App/URL Environment Strategy **Browser Impressions Clicks** Source Cost (Video) DoubleClick Video Exchange **0** Category akhbarona.com Desktop In-0 0.016173 1 Firefox Read Unclassified Inventory... DoubleClick Video 1 Category al.com Exchange Other 5 0 0.086283 2 Desktop In-Read Unclassified Inventory... DoubleClick Video Ad 2 Category al.com Exchange Safari 11 0 0.017256 Desktop In-Read Unclassified Inventory... FreeWheel Video SSP 3 Category Unclassified Chrome 7 0 0.041046 albawaba.com Desktop In-Read Inventory Source DoubleClick Video Ad Category Desktop In-Exchange 19 0 0.336444 alcula.com Chrome Read Unclassified Inventory... **Data Inspection:** As expected, the behaviour of the DataFrame is the same, efficient data handling across the board. Feature engineering with respect to Video data set: Following the data inspection, this section focuses on feature engineering with respect to specific key performance indicators required by the brief. New columns such as Viewability, Video Completion Rate, CPM, CPCV, and CTR are calculated from the base metrics. Media Inventory Completions Browser Impressions Clicks Strategy App/URL Environment Source Cost (Video) DoubleClick Video Ad Category akhbarona.com Desktop In-Exchange Firefox 0 0.016173 1 Read Unclassified Inventory... DoubleClick Video Ad 1 Category Desktop In-5 al.com Exchange Other 0 0.086283 Read Unclassified Inventory... DoubleClick Video Ad Exchange 0 0.017256 2 Category Desktop In-Safari 11 C al.com Read Unclassified Inventory... FreeWheel Video SSP Unclassified 7 0 0.041046 Category albawaba.com Desktop In-Chrome Inventory Read Source DoubleClick Video Ad Exchange Chrome 19 0 0.336444 alcula.com Desktop In-Category Read Unclassified Inventory... Pivot tables of Video data set: Here, I will provide two different pivot tables with respect to the brief: . The first table reflecting rankings for strategy based on video completion rate and viewability . The second table reflecting which areas of Browser and Environment maximimise video completion rate and viewability, but minimimise cost related attributes like CPM, CPCV. Table reflecting rankings for strategy based on video completion rate and viewability: In the construction of this table, I had to adjust the aggregation logic to reflect the performance metrics of the Video data set, which meant including viewability, video completion rate, CPCV and CTR as metrics to be averaged due to their categorisation as rates, ratios and returns. Also in configuration I had to remove App/URL from columns, with the vast set of URLs the computation was too much to summarise even categorically, so rather than include a potential computational error I decided to remove it entirely, however the table does include 'Environment', 'Browser', 'Inventory Source' as columns to reflect a macro view of the micro aspect of URLs. **Environment** Microsoft Internet Internet Safari 10 **Browser** Chrome **Firefox** Other **Explorer 10 Explorer 11** Edge DoubleClick DoubleClick DoubleClick **DoubleClick** DoubleClick DoubleClick **DoubleClick** Ad Ad Ad Ad Ad Ad Ad **Exchange** Exchange Exchange Inventory Exchange Exchange Exchange Exchange Source Unclassified Unclassified Unclassified Unclassified Unclassified Unclassified Unclassified Inventory Inventory Inventory Inventory Inventory Inventory Inventory Source Source Source Source Source Source Source Strategy **Behavioural** 0.029485 0.032288 0.033374 0.034677 0.030079 0.033204 0.038356 0.033458 0.028939 0.033269 0.031410 Category 0.032786 0.033251 0.031054 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 Keyword 0.039234 0.031915 Prospecting 0.043014 0.082674 0.034565 0.050106 0.021547 0.034275 0.035402 0.033535 0.033425 0.032333 0.032534 0.031484 5 rows × 3598 columns --- Analysis by Combined Rank ---Most Efficient Strategy: 'Prospecting' Combined Rank Scores (Lower is Better): Viewability_Rank VCR_Rank Average_Rank Environment Browser Inventory Source Strategy 1.0 1.0 1.0 Prospecting Behavioural 2.0 2.0 2.0 4.0 3.0 3.5 Category 3.0 4.0 3.5 Keyword **Key findings:** The Prospecting strategy is unequivocally the top performer, excelling in both key campaign goals. This suggests that for this video campaign, broad targeting (Prospecting, Behavioural) is significantly more effective than more specific targeting methods. Ranking strategy with respect to additional cost factors: In construction of this table I thought it would be best include functions of media cost, such as CPM (Cost Per Mille) and CPCV (Cost Per Completed View). This provides a more holistic view of performance, allowing for an efficiency analysis that balances engagement metrics like viewability with their associated costs. Strategy **AO - 0&O** AO - UK AO -News and Adform **AppNexus** AO - High VOD -Unclassified Unclassified Inventory High Entertainment Viewability Teads -Adman Inventory Source AVOC -Medium -Inventory 70% - £5 Male -Large Player -£12 Source Source £19 £12 **Browser Environment Android** Desktop 0.000000 0.000000 Webkit 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 Web Video (Video RTB) 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 Mobile Web 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 Video **Mobile App** 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 Interstitial (Video RTB) Chrome Desktop Web Game 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 (Video RTB) Desktop Web Video 0.022205 0.019659 0.00000 0.000000 0.012228 0.018118 0.012926 (Video RTB) Safari 8 Video Desktop In-0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 Read Safari 9 Desktop 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 **Web Game** (Video RTB) Desktop 0.000000 Web Video 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 (Video RTB) Video 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 Desktop In-Read AII 0.022205 0.024616 0.00793 0.072603 0.012584 0.014829 0.019832 63 rows × 1092 columns --- Analysis by Combined Rank ---Most Efficient Strategy: '('Microsoft Edge', 'Mobile Web')' Combined Rank Scores (Lower is Better): Viewability_Rank VCR_Rank CPCV_Rank CPM_Rank Average_Rank Strategy **Inventory Source** Browser Environment Mobile Web Microsoft 3.5 1.5 12.0 4.750 Edge **Desktop Web Video** Internet 13.500 34.0 10.0 9.0 1.0 **Explorer 9** (Video RTB) Safari 9 Video Desktop In-23.000 33.0 30.0 18.0 11.0 Read Microsoft Video Desktop In-3.5 60.0 3.0 26.0 23.125 Edge Safari 10 Video Desktop In-32.0 20.0 23.250 26.0 15.0 Read Other Mobile Web 26.0 38.0 61.0 54.0 44.750 Safari 7 **Desktop Web Game** 53.0 56.0 28.0 52.0 47.250 (Video RTB) **Desktop Web Game** Safari 12 57.0 49.0 37.0 48.0 47.750 (Video RTB) **Desktop Web Game** Safari 11 56.0 47.0 62.0 45.0 52.500 (Video RTB) **Desktop Web Video** Safari 7 54.0 41.0 60.0 62.0 54.250 (Video RTB) 62 rows × 5 columns Findings: The combination of using the Microsoft Edge browser on Mobile Web stands out as the top-performing segment, achieving the lowest (best) Average Rank of 4.750. This success is due to its strong all-around performance, particularly its excellent ranks for Video Completion Rate (1.5) and CPM (2.0). This indicates that this segment not only keeps viewers engaged but does so at a very low relative cost. Intuitively this is my recommended avenue in future video campaigns. Interestingly, while other combinations like Internet Explorer 9 on Desktop Web Video also perform well, they show different strengths. For example, that combination has the best CPM Rank (1.0) but a weaker Viewability Rank (34.0), highlighting the trade-offs between different environments and browsers. Summary of video data set findings: Here is a summary of the findings: .Top Strategy: Prospecting is the most effective strategy overall, indicating that broad targeting performs better than specific targeting for this video campaign. .Top Brower and Environment with respect to cost factors: The most efficient technical segment is running ads on the Microsoft Edge browser within a Mobile Web environment,

as this combination delivers a low CPM and a high video completion rate.