SELECT statement (see https://mariadb.com/kb/en/selecting-data/ for more details)

General form:

```
SELECT [DISTINCT] {* | [columnExpression [AS name]][, ...]}
FROM TableName [AS name] [[, ...] | [joinExpression]]
[WHERE condition]
[GROUP BY columnList] [HAVING condition]
[ORDER BY columnList]
```

Basic conditions:

- Comparison:
 - =, <> (!=), <, <=, >, >=
- Range:
 - BETWEEN, NOT BETWEEN
- Set membership:
 - IN, NOT IN
- Pattern match:
 - LIKE, NOT LIKE
- Null:
 - IS NULL, IS NOT NULL

Numeric operators:

• +, -, *, /, %

Logical expression:

- NOT, AND, OR
- (,)

Aggregate functions:

- COUNT
- SUM
- MIN
- MAX
- AVG

Joins:

- TableName1 INNER JOIN TableName2 ON joinCondition
- TableName1 LEFT OUTER JOIN TableName2 ON joinCondition
- TableName1 RIGHT OUTER JOIN TableName2 ON joinCondition

Subqueries:

- Scalar subqueries:
 - ... attributeName [op] (SELECT [columnExpression] FROM ...)
- TABLE subqueries:
 - ... attributeName [NOT] IN (SELECT ...)
 - ... (attributeName1, attributeName2 [, ...]) [NOT] IN
 (SELECT ...)
 - ... FROM (SELECT ...) AS tempTableName ...

• EXISTS subqueries:

```
... WHERE [NOT] EXISTS (SELECT * FROM ...)
```

SQL Update Statements (see https://mariadb.com/kb/en/changing-data/ and https://mariadb.com/kb/en/changing-deleting-data/ for more details):

Inserting data into the database

```
INSERT INTO TableName [(columnList)]
VALUES (dataValueList) [, ...]
INSERT INTO TableName [(columnList)]
SELECT ...
```

Updating data in the database

```
UPDATE TableName
SET columnName1 = dataValue1 [, columnName2 = dataValue2 ...]
[WHERE searchCondition]
```

Deleting data from the database

```
DELETE FROM TableName [WHERE searchCondition]
```

MariaDB built-in functions:

Selected string functions (See https://mariadb.com/kb/en/string-functions/ for more):

CHAR LENGTH: Length of the string in characters.

CONCAT: Returns concatenated string.

CONCAT WS: Concatenate with separator.

FORMAT: Formats a number.

INSERT: Replaces a part of a string with another string.

INSTR: Returns the position of a string within a string.

LEFT: Returns the leftmost characters from a string.

LOCATE: Returns the position of a substring in a string.

LOWER: Returns a string with all characters changed to lowercase.

LPAD: Returns the string left-padded with another string to a given length.

LTRIM: Returns the string with leading space characters removed.

POSITION: Returns the position of a substring in a string.

QUOTE: Returns quoted, properly escaped string.

REGEXP: Performs pattern matching

REGEXP INSTR: Position of the first appearance of a regex

REGEXP REPLACE: Replaces all occurrences of a pattern

REGEXP SUBSTR: Returns the matching part of a string

REVERSE: Reverses the order of a string.

RIGHT: Returns the rightmost N characters from a string.

RPAD: Returns the string right-padded with another string to a given length.

RTRIM: Returns the string with trailing space characters removed.

STRCMP: Compares two strings in sort order.

SUBSTR: Returns a substring from string starting at a given position.

TRIM: Returns a string with all given prefixes or suffixes removed.

UPPER: Changes string to uppercase.

Selected ate and time functions (See https://mariadb.com/kb/en/date-time-functions/ for

more):

ADDDATE: Add days or another interval to a date.

ADDTIME: Adds a time to a time or datetime.

CURDATE: Returns the current date.
CURTIME: Returns the current time.

DATE: Extracts the date portion of a datetime.

DATEDIFF: Difference in days between two date/time values.

DATE ADD: Date arithmetic - addition.

DATE FORMAT: Formats the date value according to the format string.

DATE SUB: Date arithmetic - subtraction.

DAYOFMONTH: Returns the day of the month.

DAYOFWEEK: Returns the day of the week index.

DAYOFYEAR: Returns the day of the year.

HOUR: Returns the hour.

MINUTE: Returns a minute from 0 to 59. MONTH: Returns a month from 1 to 12. NOW: Returns the current date and time.

SECOND: Returns the second of a time.

SUBDATE: Subtract a date unit or number of days.

SUBTIME: Subtracts a time from a date/time.

TIME: Extracts the time.

TIMEDIFF: Returns the difference between two date/times.

TIME FORMAT: Formats the time value according to the format string.

WEEKDAY: Returns the weekday index.

YEAR: Returns the year for the given date.

Selected numeric functions (See https://mariadb.com/kb/en/numeric-functions/ for more):

DIV: Integer division.

ABS: Returns an absolute value.

CEILING: Returns the smallest integer not less than X.

EXP: e raised to the power of the argument.

FLOOR: Largest integer value not greater than the argument.

LN: Returns natural logarithm.

LOG: Returns the natural logarithm.

LOG10: Returns the base-10 logarithm.

LOG2: Returns the base-2 logarithm.

MOD: Modulo operation. Remainder of N divided by M.

PI: Returns the value of π (pi).

POW: Returns X raised to the power of Y.

RAND: Random floating-point value.

ROUND: Rounds a number.

SQRT: Square root.

TRUNCATE: Truncates a number to a specified number of decimal places.

Selected encryption, hashing, and compression functions (See

https://mariadb.com/kb/en/encryption-hashing-and-compression-functions/ for more):

AES DECRYPT: Decryption data encrypted with AES ENCRYPT ().

AES_ENCRYPT: Encrypts a string with the AES algorithm.

COMPRESS: Returns a binary, compressed string.

DECODE: Decrypts a string encoded with ENCODE ().

DES DECRYPT: Decrypts a string encrypted with DES_ENCRYPT().

DES ENCRYPT: Encrypts a string using the Triple-DES algorithm.

ENCODE: Encrypts a string.

PASSWORD: Calculates a password string.

SHA1: Calculates an SHA-1 checksum.

SHA2: Calculates an SHA-2 checksum.

UNCOMPRESS: Uncompresses string compressed with COMPRESS ().