## Numerical Analysis MATH50003 (2023–24) Problem Sheet 4

**Problem 1** Suppose x = 1.25 and consider 16-bit floating point arithmetic  $(F_{16})$ . What is the error in approximating x by the nearest float point number fl(x)? What is the error in approximating 2x, x/2, x+2 and x-2 by  $2 \otimes x$ ,  $x \otimes 2$ ,  $x \oplus 2$  and  $x \ominus 2$ ?

**Problem 2** Show that  $1/5 = 2^{-3}(1.1001100110011...)_2$ . What are the exact bits for  $1 \oslash 5$ ,  $1 \oslash 5 \oplus 1$  computed using half-precision arithmetic  $(F_{16} := F_{15,5,10})$  (using default rounding)?

**Problem 3** Prove the following bounds on the *absolute error* of a floating point calculation in idealised floating-point arithmetic  $F_{\infty,S}$  (i.e., you may assume all operations involve normal floating point numbers):

$$(1.1 \otimes 1.2) \oplus 1.3 = 2.62 + \varepsilon_1$$
  
 $(1.1 \ominus 1) \oslash 0.1 = 1 + \varepsilon_2$ 

such that  $|\varepsilon_1| \leq 11\epsilon_m$  and  $|\varepsilon_2| \leq 40\epsilon_m$ , where  $\epsilon_m$  is machine epsilon.

**Problem 4** Let  $x \in [0,1] \cap F_{\infty,S}$ . Assume that  $f^{\text{FP}}: F_{\infty,S} \to F_{\infty,S}$  satisfies  $f^{\text{FP}}(x) = f(x) + \delta_x$  where  $|\delta_x| \leq c\epsilon_{\text{m}}$  for all  $x \in [0,1]$ . Show that

$$\frac{f^{\text{FP}}(x+h) \ominus f^{\text{FP}}(x-h)}{2h} = f'(x) + \varepsilon$$

where absolute error is bounded by

$$|\varepsilon| \le \frac{|f'(x)|}{2} \epsilon_{\rm m} + \frac{M}{3} h^2 + \frac{2c\epsilon_{\rm m}}{h},$$

where we assume that  $h = 2^{-n}$  for  $n \leq S$ .

**Problem 5** For intervals X = [a, b] and Y = [c, d] satisfying 0 < a < b and 0 < c < d, and n > 0 prove that

$$X/n = [a/n, b/n]$$
  
 $XY = [ac, bd]$ 

Generalise (without proof) these formulæ to the case n < 0 and to where there are no restrictions on positivity of a, b, c, d. You may use the min or max functions.

**Problem 6(a)** Compute the following floating point interval arithmetic expression assuming half-precision  $F_{16}$  arithmetic:

$$[1,1]\ominus([1,1]\oslash 6)$$

Hint: it might help to write  $1 = (0.1111...)_2$  when doing subtraction.

Problem 6(b) Writing

$$\sin x = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{(-1)^k x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} + \delta_{x,2n+1}$$

Prove the bound  $|\delta_{x,2n+1}| \leq 1/(2n+3)!$ , assuming  $x \in [0,1]$ .

**Problem 6(c)** Combine the previous parts to prove that:

$$\sin 1 \in [0.11010011000, 0.11010111101] = [0.82421875, 0.84228515625]$$

You may use without proof that  $1/120 = 2^{-7}(1.000100010001...)_2$ .