

KAFKA USE CASES - 5

* Kafka was originally build for massive Log processing
It retains messages until expiration and lets consumers pull messages at their own pace

- Log Processing and Analysis
- Data Streaming in recommendations
- System monitoring and alerting
- Change Data Capture (CDC)
- System migration

Kafka Producer Config

@Configuration

@EnableKafka

```
public class KafkaProducerConfig {
```

```
    @value("${spring.kafka.producer.bootstrap-servers}")
```

```
    private String ssbKafkaProducerBootstrapServers;
```

```
    @value("${spring.kafka.producer.client-id}")
```

```
    private String producerClientId;
```

```
    @value("${spring.kafka.producer.ssl.trust-store-location}")
```

```
    private String producerTrustStoreLocation;
```

```
    @value("${spring.kafka.producer.ssl.key-store-location}")
```

```
    private String producerKeyStoreLocation;
```

@Bean

```
public ProducerFactory<String, String> kafkaProducerFactory() {
```

```
    Map<String, Object> kafkaProducerConfigs = new HashMap<>();
```

```
    kafkaProducerConfigs.put(producerConfig.bootstrapServersConfig, ssbKafkaProducerBootstrapServers);
```

```
    " " .put(producerConfig.keySerializerClassConfig, StringSerializer.class);
```

```
    " " .put(producerConfig.valueSerializerClassConfig, StringSerializer.class);
```

```
    " " .put(clientIdConfig, producerClientId);
```

@Bean

```
public KafkaTemplate<String, String> kafkaTemplate() {  
    return new KafkaTemplate<>(KafkaProducerFactory<>());  
}
```

}

KAPKA message Publisher

@Component

```
public class KafkaMessagePublisher {
```

```
@value ("#{spring.kafka.producer.topic.afw-response}")
```

```
private String topicAfw;
```

@Autowired

```
private KafkaTemplate<String, String> kafkaTemplate;
```

```
public static final AFWLogger logger = AFWLogger.getLogger(KafkaMessagePublisher.class);
```

```
public void sendResponse(AppianAFWResponseVo data) {
```

```
    logger.info("Sending json data to topic: '{}'", topicAfw);
```

```
    String message = null;
```

```
    ObjectMapper responseMapper = new ObjectMapper();
```

```
    try {
```

```
        message = responseMapper.writeValueAsString(data);
```

```
        kafkaTemplate.send(topicAfw, message);
```

```
    } catch (JsonProcessingException e) {
```

```
        logger.error("AFW-CMS - KAPKA-JSON-Processing-Exception");
```

```
}
```


Catch (TimeoutException e3)

{

logger.error(AFWConstants.KAFKA_RESPONSE_TIMEOUT_EXCEPTION +
+ Topic AFW);

}

public void sendAcknowledgmentMessage(String topic, String jsonString){

ListenerFuture<SendResult<String, String>> future =

KafkaTemplate.send(topic, jsonString);

future.addCallback(new ListenerFutureCallback
<SendResult<String, String>>() {

@Override

public void onSuccess(SendResult<String, String> result) {
// Message successfully sent

LocalDateTime localDateTime = LocalDateTime.now();

DateTimeFormatter format = DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern

("dd-mm-yyyy HH:mm:ss");

String formattedTimestamp = LocalDateTime.format(format);

logger.info(formattedTimestamp + "message sent" + jsonString);

logger.info(formattedTimestamp + AFWConstants.KAFKA_SUCCESS_RESPONSE
+ topic);

}

@Override

public void onFailure(Throwable ex) {

// Handle failure

logger.info(AFWConstants.KAFKA_FAIL_RESPONSE
+ topic);

}

KAFKA Consumer

```
public class KAFKAConsumer {
```

```
@value("${spring.kafka.producer.bootstrap-servers}")  
private String ssgbkaProducerBootstrapServers;
```

```
@value("${spring.kafka.producer.client-id}")  
private String producerClientId;
```

```
@Retryable(maxAttempts = 3, backoff = @Backoff(delay = 3000,  
multiplier = 1.5, maxDelay = 2000), include = SocketTimeoutException.class,  
exclude = NullPointerException.class)
```

```
@KafkaListener(topics = "${consumer.topic-bar-receive}",  
groupId = "${spring.kafka.consumer.group-id}",  
id = "${spring.kafka.consumer.client-id}")
```

Apache Kafka: is an open source Distributed Streaming
Streaming platform. that allows for the development
of real time event driven applications

| | | |
|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| produce | Replicated | maintains order in occurrence |
| consume | Super fast | in order. |
| cluster | high accuracy data | Fault tolerance |

* KAFKA is distributed and it runs as a
~~Server~~ Cluster and can spread multiple
Servers and even multiple Data Centers

Check out Stream into events

decouple
messaging

Retention period.

Location tracking

Data gathering → Collect Analytics.

Kafka built on 4 core APIs

- * Producer API
- * Topic → order list of events.
- * Consumer API → Subscribes one or more Topics
- * Streams API → is needed to transform the Data

Connector API: enables API enables API
to write connector when reusable

allows, written once code is there:

all the developer has to do is configure it and
and get all the data from database
into the cluster

Streams API: Very Powerful: It leverages
producer and Consumer API

- * It consumes from a topic or topics
- * and then it will Analyse aggregate otherwise
transform the data in real time
- * And then produce the real time flows to
the topic either same topic or another