

P3103

More bitset operations

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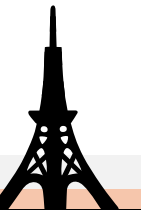
1. Introduction

History

- `std::bitset` standardized in C++98
- minor changes over time
 - most recently, **P2417R2**: A more constexpr bitset (C++23)
- meanwhile, **P0553R4: Bit operations** (C++20)
 - `std::rotl`, `std::popcount`, `std::countl_zero`, ...
 - `std::bitset` unchanged

Goals

1. Add most `<bit>` functionality to `std::bitset`.
2. Additional utility (`bitset::reverse`, ...).



2. Motivation

- `std::bitset` is useful and worth maintaining.
 - GitHub code search for `/std::bitset language:c++/` → 73.2K files
- Common complaints:
 - (Mandatory range checks and exceptions.)
 - Difficult to find first/last set bit.
 - Difficult to iterate over all set bits.
 - Essentially, **zero-overhead principle** violations.
- Hardware support for bit-counting, bit-reversal, ...
 - For example:
 - `tzcnt/ctz` for counting trailing zeros
 - `bswap/rbit` for reversing bytes/bits
 - Difficult to utilize by the user.

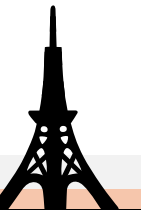
3. Impact on the standard

Add the following member functions to `std::bitset`:

<bit> function template	Proposed bitset member
<code>std::has_single_bit(T)</code>	<code>one() const noexcept</code>
<code>std::countl_zero(T)</code>	<code>countl_zero() const noexcept</code> <code>countl_zero(size_t) const</code>
<code>std::count{l,r}_{zero,one}(T)</code>	<code>count{l,r}_{...}() const noexcept</code> <code>count{l,r}_{...}(size_t) const</code>
<code>std::rotr(T, int)</code>	<code>rotr(size_t) noexcept</code>
<code>std::rotl(T, int)</code>	<code>rotl(size_t) noexcept</code>
<code>std::bit_reverse(T) (P3104)</code>	<code>reverse() noexcept</code>

4. Implementation experience

- GitHub: `ClaasBontus/bitset2` *basically* implements all proposed functions.
 - (for iteration, it has `find_next_one(size_t)` (exclusive index))
- Many other feature-rich bitset implementations exist.
- This isn't rocket science.



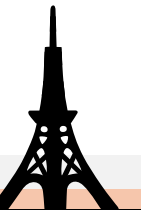
5. Design

Design principles

1. Match the existing design of `std::bitset`.
2. Prefer in-place operations.

Questions

- “*Why `one()` instead of `has_single_bit()`?*”
 - To match conventions (`any()`, `all()`, `none()`).
- “*Why take `size_t` in counting overloads and `rotl(size_t)`?*”
 - To match conventions (`get(size_t), ...`).
- “*Are there other options for supporting iteration?*”
 - Yes, see next slide.



5. Design

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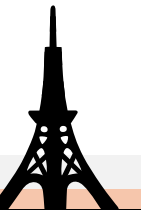
```
bitset<N> bits;
for (size_t i = 0; i != N; ++i) {
    i += bits.countr_zero(i);
    if (i == N) break;
    // ...
}
```

Infalible countr_zero

```
bitset<N> bits;
for (size_t i = 0; (i += bits.countr_zero(i)) != N; ++i) {
    // ...
}
```

ClaasBontus/bitset2

```
bitset<N> bits;
size_t i = 0;
while ((i = bits.find_next_one(i))
        != bitset<N>::npos) {
    // ...
}
```



References

Jens Maurer; **P0553R4** Bit operations

<https://www.open-std.org/jtc1/sc22/wg21/docs/papers/2019/p0553r4.html>

Daniil Goncharov; **P2417R0** A more constexpr bitset

<https://www.open-std.org/jtc1/sc22/wg21/docs/papers/2021/p2417r0.pdf>

Jan Schultke; **P3103** More bitset operations (latest revision)

<https://eisenwave.github.io/cpp-proposals/more-bitset-operations.html>

Jan Schultke; **P3104** Bit permutations (latest revision)

<https://eisenwave.github.io/cpp-proposals/bit-permutations.html>