

MileStone 2

Pseudo Code



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1. Begin Genetic Algorithm

//Tournament Selection uses in order to select two schedule to do crossover on

2. select_tournamnet_population(pop)

```
tournament_pop=population(0)
```

```
i=0
```

```
while i<TOURNAMENT_SELECTION_SIZE
```

```
tournamnet_pop.get_schedules().append(pop.get_schedules())[random(0,POPULATION_SIZE)]
```

```
i++
```

```
return tournament_pop
```

```
//It is iterative until it reaches to a fittest solution
```

3. //Generates the Population of N randomly generated individuals

4. FUNCTION _crossover_schedule(schedule1,schedule2)

```
crossoverSchedule=Schedule().initialize()
```

```
for i in range 0 to len(crossoverSchedule.get_classes())
```

```
//Depending on random value we pickup classes from either schedule 1 and 2
```

```
IF (rnd.random())>0.5)
```

```
crossoverSchedule.get_classes()[i]=schedule1.get_classes()[i]
```

```
ELSE:
```

```
crossoverSchedule.get_classes()[i]=schedule2.get_classes()[i]
```

```
RETURN crossoverSchedule
```

//Does mutation on rest of the schedules

5. crossover_population(pop)

```
crossover_pop=Population(0)
```

```

//before doing crossover population here we will append
NUMB_OF_ELITE_SCHEDULES without changing them (we only have one
(NUMB_OF_ELITE_SCHEDULES) with the highest fitness.)

for i=0 to NUMB_OF_ELITE_SCHEDULES

    crossover_pop.get_schedules().append(pop.get_schedule()[i])

    i=NUMB_OF_ELITE_SCHEDULES

//For remaining schedule we will do tournament selection and pickup the fittest
schedule

while i<POPULATION_SIZE

    schedule1=select_tournament_population(pop).get_schedules()[0]

    schedule2=select_tournament_population(pop).get_schedules()[0]

    i++

//by coding crossover population on schedule 1 and schedule 2 it returns the
fittest schedule

return crossover_pop

```

//This method mutate the passes in schedule before returning it

6. FUNCTION _mutate_schedule(mutateSchedule)

```

//Schedule() function returns the classes of a schedule by handling conflicts
and fitness (classes include department name, course number, room number,
teacher id and class time.)

schedule=schedule().initialize()

for i in range 0 to len(mutateSchedule.get_Classes()))

//IF random number is smaller or equal to the mutation Rate (this mutation would
often happen that's why we set mutation rate = 0.1)then we do mutation

    mutateSchedule.get_Classes()[i]=schedule.get_Classes()[i]

RETURN mutateSchedule

```

//It end up calling crossover population and then calls mutate

7. evolve(population)

 return mutatePopulation(crossover_population(population))

//here we evolve the population from one generation to next until we get to the population and fittest schedule has zero conflicts

8. while population.get_schedules()[0].get_fitness() != 1.0

 generationnumber += 1

 output Generation # + str(generationNumber)

 population =geneticAlgorithm.evolve(population)

 population.get_schedules.sort(get_fitness , reverse=true)

 population.get_schedules()

9. //after that it will display the fittest schedule

//Does mutation on rest of the schedules

Procedure _mutate_population(population)

 for i = NUMB_OF_ELITE_SCHEDULE to POPULATION_SIZE

 mutate_schedule(population.get_schedules()[i])

 RETURN population

End Procedure

