

## Class Node

```
template <class T>
class Node {
    // declare class List a friend so that it can access
    //Node's private vars.
    friend class List<T>;
public:
    // constructors
    Node() { nextPtr = 0; prevPtr=0; }
    Node(const T & d) { data = d; nextPtr = 0; prevPtr=0;}
    Node(const T & d, Node<T> *n, Node<T> *p)
        {data = d; nextPtr = n; prevPtr=p; }

private:
    T data; // data
    Node<T> *nextPtr; // next node in the list
    Node<T> *prevPtr; // Prev node in the list
};
```

## Class DList

```
// The DList will contain nodes linked together by pointers
template <class T>
class DList {
public:
    DList() { HeadPtr = 0;TailPtr=0; CurPtr=0; size = 0; }
    // constructor
    DList(const DList<T> &); // copy constructor
    ~DList(); // destructor
    void deleteDList();
    void insertAtFront( const T & );
    void removeAtFront();
    void printForward() const;
    void printReverse() const;
    int getSize() const { return size; }
    DList& operator = (const DList<T> &);
private:
    Node<T> *HeadPtr; // pointer to first node
    Node<T> *TailPtr; // pointer to first node
    Node<T> *CurPtr; // pointer to first node
    int size;
};
```

## Destructor

```
// Destructor
template<class T>
DList<T>::~~DList()
{
    deleteList();
    size = 0;
}
```

## Delete all Node from the List

```
template<class T>
void DList<T>::deleteDList()
{
    if (HeadPtr != 0) {    // List is not empty
        cout << "Destroying nodes ...\n";
        Node<T> *currentPtr = HeadPtr;
        Node<T> *tempPtr;

        while ( currentPtr != 0 ) {    // not end of list
            tempPtr = currentPtr;
            cout << "Deleting " << tempPtr->data << endl;
            currentPtr = currentPtr->nextPtr; // move ptr
            delete tempPtr; // delete last node
        }
    }
    cout << "All nodes destroyed\n\n";
}
```

## Insert At the Front of the List

```
// Insert a node at the front of the list
template<class T>
void DList<T>::insertAtFront( const T &value )
{
    // create a new node with the value in it.
    Node<T> *newPtr = new Node<T>(value);
    assert(newPtr != 0);

    if ( HeadPtr == 0 )    // if List is empty
        TailPtr = newPtr; // point to new node
    else                    // if List is not empty
        HeadPtr->prevPtr = newPtr; // point to list
```

```

    newPtr->nextPtr = HeadPtr;
    HeadPtr=newPtr; // move up firstPtr

    size++;
}

```

## Delete From the Front of the List

```

// Delete a node from the front of the list
template<class T>
void DList<T>::removeAtFront()
{
    if ( HeadPtr == 0 ) // List is empty
        cout << "Error: list is empty!\n";
    else {
        Node<T> *tempPtr = HeadPtr;
        cout <<"Deleting " << tempPtr->data << endl;
        HeadPtr->nextPtr->prevPtr=0;
        HeadPtr = HeadPtr->nextPtr; // move to next node
        delete tempPtr;
        size--;
    }
}

```

## Insert At the End of the List

```

// Insert a node at the front of the list
template<class T>
void DList<T>::insertAtEnd( const T &value )
{
    // create a new node with the value in it.
    Node<T> *newPtr = new Node<T>(value);
    assert(newPtr != 0);

    if ( HeadPtr == 0 ) // if List is empty
        HeadPtr = newPtr; // point to new node
    else // if List is not empty
        {TailPtr->nextPtr = newPtr; // point to list
        newPtr->prevPtr = TailPtr;
        }
}

```

```
TailPtr=newPtr;  // move up firstPtr  
size++;  
}
```

## Delete From the End of the List

```
// Delete a node from the front of the list
template<class T>
void DList<T>::removeAtEnd()
{
    Node<T> *tempPtr = TailPtr;
    if ( HeadPtr-> nextPtr == 0 )           // if only one item
        HeadPtr=0;
    else
        TailPtr->PrevPtr->nextPtr=0;
    TailPtr = TailPtr->prevPtr; // move to next node
    delete tempPtr;
    size--;
}
}
```

## Print the contents Of the List in Forward Direction

```
// Display the contents of the List
template<class T>
void List<T>::printForward() const
{
    if ( HeadPtr == 0 ) {
        cout <<"The list is empty\n\n";
    }
    else {
        Node<T> *currentPtr = HeadPtr;
        cout <<"The list's Contents are : ";
        while ( currentPtr != 0 ) { // not end of list
            cout <<currentPtr->data << " -> ";
            currentPtr = currentPtr->nextPtr;
        }
        cout <<"\n";
    }
}
```

## Print the contents Of the List in Reverse Direction

```
// Display the contents of the List
template<class T>
void List<T>::printReverse() const
{
    if ( HeadPtr == 0 ) {
        cout <<"The list is empty\n\n";
    }
    else {
        Node<T> *currentPtr = TailPtr;
        cout <<"The list's Contents are : ";
        while ( currentPtr != 0 ) { // not end of list
            cout <<currentPtr->data << " -> ";
            currentPtr = currentPtr->prevPtr;
        }
        cout <<"\n";
    }
}
```

# Driver Program

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include "DList.h"

int main()
{
    DList<int> L1;
    cout << "The size of the list is: " << L1.getSize() <<
endl;
    L1.insertAtFront(123);
    L1.insertAtEnd(456);
    L1.insertAtFront(789);
    cout << "The size of the list now is: " << L1.getSize()
<< endl;
    L1.printForward();
    L1.removeAtFront();
    L1.printReverse();
    cout << "The size of the list now is: " << L1.getSize()
<< endl;
    return 0;
}
```