

Writing applications in Elm Functional Programming

Jens Egholm Pedersen and Anders Kalhauge



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HTTP recap

Railroad oriented programming

Pipelines

Exercise 1

Debugging

Parsing JSON in Elm

Decoder pipeline

Exercise 2

Subscriptions

Exercise 3

HTTP in Elm recap

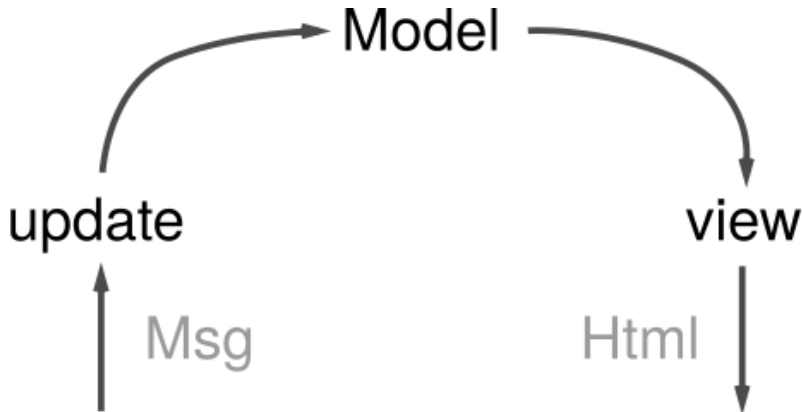

```
type Result error value
  = Ok value
  | Err error
```

```
type Result error value
  = Ok value
  | Err error
```

Union type

```
type alias Request a  
  = Request a
```

```
getString : String -> Request String
```



Elm Runtime

To insert the HTTP result, we have to put it into the HTML page with a `Cmd`

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```
type Msg
  = NewContent ?
```

To insert the HTTP result, we have to put it into the HTML page with a Cmd

```
type Msg
  = NewContent ?
```

```
type Msg
  = NewContent (Result Http.Error String)
```

Now we have a HTTP Request and a way to insert it into our view

But how do we get the HTTP Result?

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HTTP.send : (Result Error a -> msg) ->  
           Request a -> Cmd msg
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Translated:

- HTTP.send takes two parameters

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- HTTP.send takes two parameters
- 1: One function which takes a result and converts it into something else

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HTTP.send : (Result Error a -> msg) ->  
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Translated:

- HTTP.send takes two parameters
- 1: One function which takes a result and converts it into something else
- 2: One request which performs the HTTP call

Now we have a HTTP Request and a way to insert it into our view

But how do we get the HTTP Result?

```
HTTP.send : (Result Error a -> msg) ->  
           Request a -> Cmd msg
```

Translated:

- HTTP.send takes two parameters
- 1: One function which takes a result and converts it into something else
- 2: One request which performs the HTTP call
- HTTP.send returns the message extracted from the first function

```
import Http

type Msg = Click | NewBook (Result Http.Error String)

update : Msg -> Model -> Model
update msg model =
  case msg of
    Click -> ( model, getWarAndPeace )

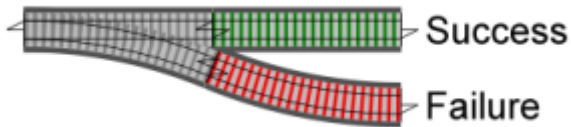
    NewBook (Ok book) -> ...

    NewBook (Err _) -> ...

getWarAndPeace : Cmd Msg
getWarAndPeace =
  Http.send NewBook <|
    Http.getString "https://example.com/some_book.md"
```

Either can have two results: Ok and Err.

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Working with HTTP requests:

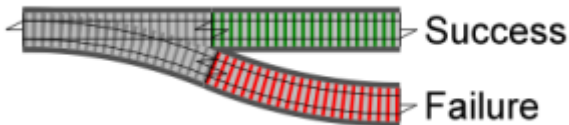
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Working with HTTP requests:

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- You get either a win or a fail

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Working with HTTP responses:

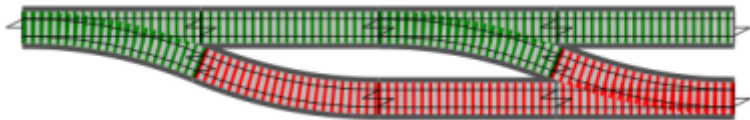
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Working with HTTP responses:

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- Then you start parsing!

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- You do not run unnecessary code - exit on error

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- You treat everything in your type system
- You do not run unnecessary code - exit on error
- You can piece together modules according to your need


```
getResponseFromUrl  
  : String -> Result Http.Error String
```



```
getResponseFromUrl  
  : String -> Result Http.Error String
```

```
parseResponseToInt  
  : Result Http.Error String  
  -> Result Http.Error Int
```

```
getResponseFromUrl  
  : String -> Result Http.Error String
```

```
parseResponseToInt  
  : Result Http.Error String  
  -> Result Http.Error Int
```

```
parseIntToPerson  
  : Result Http.Error Int  
  -> Result String Person
```

Pipeline: A sequence of functions chained together.



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Pipe: Uses the output of one function as the input to another.

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```
function 1 |> function 2
```

Pipeline: A sequence of functions chained together.



Pipe: Uses the output of one function as the input to another.

```
function 1 |> function 2
```

```
function 1 |> function 2 |> ... |> function n
```

```
(|>) : a -> (a -> b) -> b
```

```
(|>) : a -> (a -> b) -> b
```

Forward function application $x \mid> f == f x$. This function is useful for avoiding parentheses and writing code in a more natural way.


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```

Forward function application $x |> f == f x$. This function is useful for avoiding parentheses and writing code in a more natural way.

```
join : String -> List String -> String
```

```
(|>) : a -> (a -> b) -> b
```

Forward function application $x |> f == f x$. This function is useful for avoiding parentheses and writing code in a more natural way.

```
join : String -> List String -> String
```

```
[ "Daniel ", "Dennett " ]  
|> String.join "  
|> String.length -- 13
```

Clone the elm-exercises from
cphbus-functional-programming

[https://github.com/cphbus-functional-programming/
elm-exercises](https://github.com/cphbus-functional-programming/elm-exercises)

Work on the railroad.elm file in the basicelm folder

Goal: Count the size of a list of strings by going from
Maybe (List String) to *Maybe Int*!

```
log : String -> a -> a
```

```
log : String -> a -> a
```

```
toString : Int -> String  
toString number  
  = Debug.log "Input is: " (toString number)
```

```
crash : String -> a
```

```
crash : String -> a
```

Crash the program with an error message. This is an uncatchable error, intended for code that is soon-to-be-implemented."

Crashing is useful for

- Paying less up-front - partial applications

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- Verifying control logic

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- Paying less up-front - partial applications
- Verifying control logic
- Same as holes in Idris

JSON parsing in Elm

- What is the input?

- What is the input?
String

- What is the input?
String
- What is the output?

- What is the input?
String
- What is the output?
Result Http.Error String

From the package Decode

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A decoder decodes to a type `a`

From the package Decode

A decoder decodes to a type a

```
Decoder a
```

From the package Decode

A decoder decodes to a type a

```
Decoder a
```

```
Decode.int -- simply decodes JSON int to Elm Int
```

```
decodeString : Decoder a -> String -> Result String a
```

```
decodeString : Decoder a -> String -> Result String a
```

```
decodeString int "4"      == Ok 4  
decodeString int "1␣+␣2" == Err ...
```

```
list : Decoder a -> Decoder (List a)
```

```
list : Decoder a -> Decoder (List a)
```

```
list int -- Decoder (List Int)
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString = "{ \"name\": \"David Chalmers\" }"
```



```
jsonString : String  
jsonString = "{ \"name\": \"David Chalmers\" } }
```

```
field : String -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString = "{ \"name\": \"David Chalmers\" }"
```

```
field : String -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
at "name" string
```

```
jsonString : String
jsonString =
  """{"result": {"name": "David Chalmers"}}"""
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString =  
  """{"result":{"name":"David Chalmers"}}"""
```

```
at : List String -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
jsonString : String
jsonString =
  """{"result":{"name":"David Chalmers"}}"""
```

```
at : List String -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
at ["result", "name"] string
```

```
jsonString : String
jsonString =
  """{"result": {"name": "David Chalmers"}}"""
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString =  
  """{"result": {"name": "David Chalmers"}}"""
```

```
at : List String -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
jsonString : String
jsonString =
  """{"result":{"name":"David Chalmers"}}"""
```

```
at : List String -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
at ["result", "name"] string
```



```
jsonString : List String  
jsonString = """["Donald","Davidson"] """
```

```
jsonString : List String  
jsonString = """[␣"Donald",␣"Davidson"␣] """
```

```
index : Int -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
jsonString : List String  
jsonString = """["Donald","Davidson"] """
```

```
index : Int -> Decoder a -> Decoder a
```

```
index 0 string
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString = "{ \"name\": \"Richard Dawkins\" }
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString = "{ \"name\": \"Richard Dawkins\" } }
```

```
type alias Person  
= { name: String }
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString = "{ \"name\": \"Richard Dawkins\" }"
```

```
type alias Person  
= { name: String }
```

```
personParser : Decoder Person  
personParser =  
  field "name" string
```

```
jsonString : String  
jsonString = "{ \"name\": \"Richard Dawkins\" } }
```

```
type alias Person  
= { name: String }
```

```
personParser : Decoder Person  
personParser =  
  field "name" string
```

```
parsePerson : String -> Result String Person  
parsePerson =  
  decodeString personParser
```

NoRedInk/elm-decode-pipeline

A library for building decoders using the pipeline ($|>$) operator and plain function calls.

NoRedInk/elm-decode-pipeline

A library for building decoders using the pipeline (`|>`) operator and plain function calls.

```
Install with elm-package install  
NoRedInk/elm-decode-pipeline
```

Building a pipeline:

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```
decode : a -> Decoder a
```

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Required fields:

Building a pipeline:

```
decode : a -> Decoder a
```

```
(|>) : a -> (a -> b) -> b
```

Required fields:

```
required : String -> Decoder a  
          -> Decoder (a -> b) -> Decoder b
```

Building a pipeline:

```
decode : a -> Decoder a
```

```
(|>) : a -> (a -> b) -> b
```

Required fields:

```
required : String -> Decoder a  
          -> Decoder (a -> b) -> Decoder b
```

Optional fields:

Building a pipeline:

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decode : a -> Decoder a
```

```
(|>) : a -> (a -> b) -> b
```

Required fields:

```
required : String -> Decoder a  
          -> Decoder (a -> b) -> Decoder b
```

Optional fields:

```
optional : String -> Decoder a  
          -> a -> Decoder (a -> b) -> Decoder b
```



```
import Json.Decode.Pipeline exposing (..)
```

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```

```
type alias User  
  = { id : Int }
```

```
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```

```
type alias User  
  = { id : Int }
```

```
userDecoder : Decoder User  
userDecoder =  
  decode User  
    |> required "id" int
```

```
import Json.Decode.Pipeline exposing (..)
```

```
type alias User  
  = { id : Int  
      , name : String  
      , email : Maybe String  
    }
```

```
import Json.Decode.Pipeline exposing (..)
```

```
type alias User
  = { id : Int
      , name : String
      , email : Maybe String
    }
```

```
userDecoder : Decoder User
userDecoder =
  decode User
    |> required "id" int
    |> required "name" string
    |> optional "email" string "no_email"
```

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elm-exercises](https://github.com/cphbus-functional-programming/elm-exercises)

Work on the `json.elm` file in the `basicelem` folder

Goal 1: Parse the incoming JSON to a Person

Goal 2: Display all the fields in the Person type in the HTML

Handled by the Time package

Handled by the Time package

```
type alias Time = Float
```


Time can be converted into

- Hours: `inHours : Time -> Float`

Time can be converted into

- Hours: `inHours : Time -> Float`
- Minutes: `inMinutes : Time -> Float`

Time can be converted into

- Hours: `inHours : Time -> Float`
- Minutes: `inMinutes : Time -> Float`
- ... and seconds and milliseconds

Periodic updates is something in a fixed interval

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Like `setInterval` in JavaScript

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```
every : Time -> (Time -> msg) -> Sub msg
```

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`msg` is used in `update`

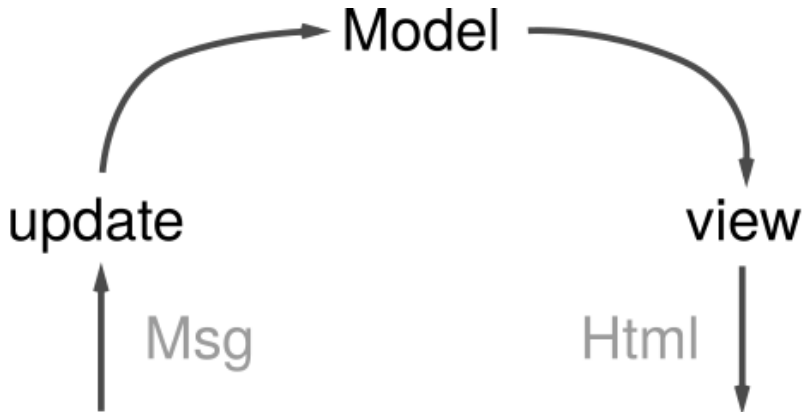
Periodic updates is something in a fixed interval

Like `setInterval` in JavaScript

```
every : Time -> (Time -> msg) -> Sub msg
```

`msg` is used in `update`

```
update : msg -> model -> model
```

Elm Runtime

```
type Sub msg
```

```
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```

A subscription is a way of telling Elm, “Hey, let me know if anything interesting happens over there!”

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What's the Input?

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What's the Input? And output?

```
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```

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What's the Input? And output?

```
type Msg = Tick Time
```

```
type Sub msg
```

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What's the Input? And output?

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```
every : Time -> (Time -> msg) -> Sub msg
```

```
type Sub msg
```

A subscription is a way of telling Elm, "Hey, let me know if anything interesting happens over there!"

What's the Input? And output?

```
type Msg = Tick Time
```

```
every : Time -> (Time -> msg) -> Sub msg
```

```
subscriptions : Model -> Sub Msg  
subscriptions model =  
    Time.every millisecond Tick
```


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Work on the `subscriptions.elm` file in the `basicelm` folder

Goal 1: Start a subscription every millisecond

Goal 2: Update the model when the subscription arrive in the
update functions

Goal 3: Set the width of the second progress-bar in the view (by
correctly updating the 'progress' variable in line 51) to go from 0 to
100 once every 5 seconds.