

CS2102 Database Systems

Semester 1 2019/2020

Tutorial 07

Quiz

Questions 1-6 uses the following schema $R(A, B, C, D)$ with set of FDs $F = \{AB \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow A, C \rightarrow D\}$

- Which of the following FDs are *logically implied* by F ?
 - $A \rightarrow D$
 - $AB \rightarrow D$
 - $B \rightarrow C$
 - $B \rightarrow D$
 - $B \rightarrow CD$
 - $C \rightarrow A$
- Which of the following set of FDs are equivalent to F ?
 - $G_1 = \{B \rightarrow A, B \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow D\}$
 - $G_2 = \{B \rightarrow A, C \rightarrow D, B \rightarrow D, B \rightarrow C\}$
 - $G_3 = \{B \rightarrow AC, C \rightarrow D\}$
- Compute the attribute closure of B w.r.t. F
- What is/are the key(s) of R w.r.t. F ?
- What are the prime attributes of R w.r.t. F ?
- Compute one minimal cover of F

Tutorial Questions

[Discussion: 7(a), 7(b), 8(a), 8(b), 9(ab), 10, 11]

- The more *extended* set of Armstrong's axioms has union and decomposition. Proof them only using Armstrong's axioms.
 - Union if $a \rightarrow b$ and $a \rightarrow c$, then $a \rightarrow bc$
 - Decomposition if $a \rightarrow bc$, then $a \rightarrow b$
- The more *extended* set of Armstrong's axioms has two more rules in addition to union and decomposition. For each of the rules below, proof them using only Armstrong's axiom.
 - Pseudo-transitivity if $a \rightarrow b$ and $bc \rightarrow d$, then $ac \rightarrow d$
 - Composition if $a \rightarrow b$ and $c \rightarrow d$, then $ac \rightarrow bd$
- Consider $R(A, B, C, D, E, G)$ with FDs $F = \{ABC \rightarrow E, BD \rightarrow A, CG \rightarrow B\}$.
 - Use extended Armstrong's axioms to show that $F \models CDG \rightarrow E$
 - Compute CDG^+
 - Find all the keys of R
- Consider the schema $R(A, B, C, D, E)$ with FDs $F = \{AB \rightarrow CDE, AC \rightarrow BDE, B \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow B, C \rightarrow D, B \rightarrow E\}$. Find all the prime attributes of R . Show your working.
- Consider the schema $R(A, B, C, D, E)$ with FDs $F = \{AB \rightarrow CDE, AC \rightarrow BDE, B \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow B, C \rightarrow D, B \rightarrow E\}$. Find one minimal cover of F . Show your working.