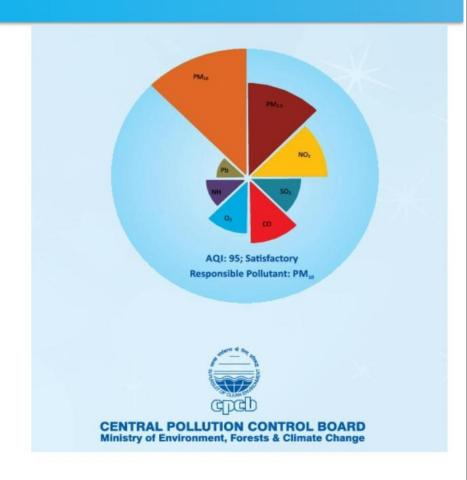


Air Quality Index Prediction

By-

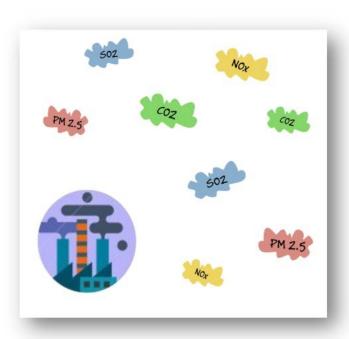
Ekansh Kapoor (1828240)





INTRODUCTION

Air Quality Index (AQI)



AQI helps in understanding the level at which air is polluted and the associated health effects that might concern.

EPA calculates the AQI for five major air pollutants: ground-level ozone, particulate matter, carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and nitrogen dioxide.

For each of these pollutants, EPA has established national air quality standards to protect public health.

The EPA has developed the pollutant standard index (PSI) for introducing consistency in providing information regarding the air quality throughout the US. The system is based on a scale of 0-500.



OBJECTIVE

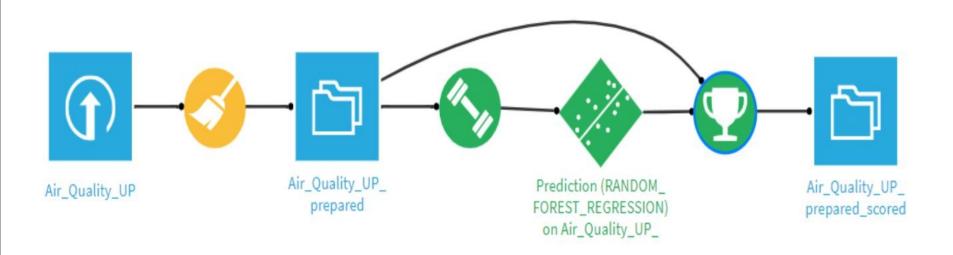
The Air quality index aims to help the public easily understand theair quality and protect people's health.

The project aims to achieve the following:

- Inform public regarding overall status of air quality through a summation parameter that is easy to understand
- Inform citizens about associated health impacts of air pollution exposure; and
- Rank cities/towns for prioritizing actions based on measure of AQI.



MODEL







- 1. Data Consisted of 8 columns (SO2, NO2, RSPM, SPM, Date, Newdate, Location, State)
- 2. Some of the Data rows had NaN in it(Data Missing) so it was appropriate to drop those columns
- 3. As it is a Historical Data Regression Model were used.
- 4. Target variable AQI was not present in the data set it had to be created later on

FEATURES

SO2, NO2, RSPM, SPM, DATE were the columns with higest correlation with our Target Variable.



Model Information

Random Forest Regression model

Random Forest Regression is a supervised learning algorithm that uses ensemble learning method for regression. Ensemble learning method is a technique that combines predictions from multiple machine learning algorithms to make a more accurate prediction than a single model.

INDEX

AQI	HEAL	.TH	MESSA	GE
			Α.	44

AQI HE	ALTH	MES	SAGE
			A 44
Air Quality Index	Numorical		

Numerical

Value

0 to 50

51 to 100

101 to 150

151 to 200

201 to 300

301 to 500

Levels of Health

Concern

Good

Moderate

Unhealthy for

Unhealthy

Hazardous

Sensitive Groups

Very Unhealthy

AIR QUALITY

risk.

Meaning

Air quality is considered satisfactory, and air pollution poses little or no

Air quality is acceptable; however, for some pollutants there may be a

Everyone may begin to experience health effects; members of sensitive

Health warnings of emergency conditions. The entire population is more

Health alert: everyone may experience more serious health effects.

moderate health concern for a very small number of people who are

Members of sensitive groups may experience health effects. The

unusually sensitive to air pollution.

likely to be affected.

general public is not likely to be affected.

groups may experience more serious health effects.

Tools Used:



- Dataiku 5.1 = End to End Data Science Studio
- Python, HTML, CSS, PHP
- Designmodo.com
- Jupyter Notebook
- Goggle Colaboratory
- Putty app, gen
- Anaconda Navigator
- Django
- Amazon web services
- Bracket App

Costs



List new projections of costs

- Include original estimates
 - Understand source of differences in these numbers – be ready for questions

If there are cost overruns

- Summarize why
- List corrective or preventative action you've taken
- Set realistic expectations for future expenditures

Technology



List technical problems that have been solved

List outstanding technical issues that need to be solved

Summarize their impact on the project

List any dubious technological dependencies for project

- Indicate source of doubt
- Summarize action being taken or back up plan