

# Problem-9

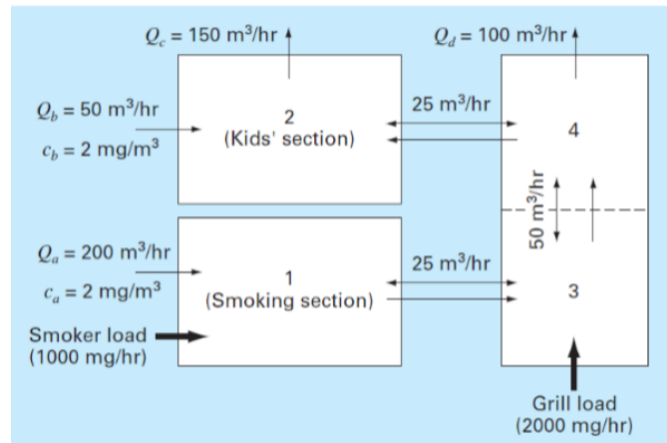


Fig-1

## Calculations

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{smoker} + Q_a(c_a - c_1) + E_{13}(c_3 - c_1) &= 0 \\
 W_{grill} + E_{13}(c_1 - c_3) + E_{34}(c_4 - c_3) &= 0 \\
 Q_d c_4 + E_{24}(c_4 - c_2) + E_{34}(c_4 - c_3) &= 0 \\
 Q_b(c_b - c_2) - Q_c c_2 + E_{24}(c_4 - c_2) &= 0
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 96 - 8c_1 + (c_3 - c_1) &= 0 \Rightarrow 9c_1 - c_3 = 96 \\
 80 + (c_1 - c_3) + 2(c_4 - c_3) &= 0 \Rightarrow c_1 - 3c_3 + 2c_4 = -80 \\
 4c_4 + (c_4 - c_2) + 2(c_4 - c_3) &= 0 \Rightarrow c_2 + 2c_3 - 7c_4 = 0 \\
 2(2 - c_2) - 6c_2 + (c_4 - c_2) &= 0 \Rightarrow 9c_2 - c_4 = 4
 \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -7 \\ 0 & 9 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 96 \\ -80 \\ 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \tag{3}$$



While doing the pivoting for Gauss elimination, I applied the same to Gauss Seidel as well to ensure convergence (My pivoting algorithm makes diagonal elements dominant)

## The Output

Figure 2 represent the output. About the figure:

X1 → Output Through Gauss Elimination

X2 → Output Through Gauss Seidel

Check(:,1) → A\*X1

Check(:,2) → A\*X2

Check(:,3) → B

## Second Part

The best way to proceed for this part is to form three independent sets of B with only one of the three smokers being non-zero. And compute the concentration for each of them.

```
>> [X1, X2] = T9_20110065

check =

    96.0000    95.9887    96.0000
   -69.3333    79.9391   -80.0000
    55.8291     0.0242         0
     4.0000     4.0258     4.0000

X1 =

    13.7436
     0.4444
    27.6923
         0

X2 =

     7.3367
    -0.5123
   -29.9582
    -8.6361
```

Fig-2