## Тестовое задание.

# Определить абонентов (msisdn), которые являются одной и той же Персоной (человеком).

#### In [1]:

```
1
   import pandas as pd
   import os
 3 from os import walk
   import datetime
   pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 500)
 5
 6
 7
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
9
   import seaborn as sns
10
11
   from datetime import datetime, date
12
13
   import csv
14
15
   import folium
16 | from folium import plugins
17 from folium.plugins import HeatMap
18 import branca
   import branca.colormap as cm
```

Загружаем данные и преобразуем в удобный формат некоторые поля

#### In [2]:

```
1 current_directory = r'C:\Users\ekaterina.adischeva\Documents\Scripts\BD_task\Texническо
2 current_directory = current_directory.replace('\\','/')
3 os.chdir(current_directory)
```

#### In [3]:

```
df_data = pd.read_csv('02_Data.csv', sep = ';', dtype = {'imei': str, 'lac' : 'str', '
facts = pd.read_excel('01_Факты.xlsx', header = None)
tac_dict = pd.read_csv('03_устройства.csv', quoting=csv.QUOTE_NONE)
event_type = pd.read_excel('04_event_type.xlsx')
```

#### In [4]:

```
tac_dict.columns = tac_dict.columns.str.replace('\"','')
for column_name in tac_dict.columns:
    tac_dict[column_name] = tac_dict[column_name].str.replace('\"','')
```

Преобразуем в datetime время регистрации события на базовой станции (количество 1/1000 секунды, прошедших с 01.01.1970 до времени регистрации на БС.)

Выделяем tac из поля imei

#### In [5]:

```
df_data['datetime'] = pd.to_timedelta(df_data['tstamp']/1000, unit='S') + pd.Timestamp
df_data['datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(df_data['datetime'])

df_data['tac'] = df_data['imei'].str.slice(0,8)
```

Подгружаем значения из справочников в данные о перемещении абонентов

```
In [6]:
```

```
df_data = df_data.merge(event_type, left_on = ['event_type'], right_on = 'Homep', how
df_data = df_data.merge(tac_dict, on = ['tac'], how = 'left')
```

## Графики и функции

show\_chart отображает изменение координат широты и долготы по времени

#### In [7]:

```
1
    def show_chart(fig, data_a, data_b ):
 2
 3
        The function draws 2 chatrs: msisdn lattitude on time and msisdn longitude on time
 4
    ....
 5
 6
 7
        data_a_copy = data_a
 8
        data_b_copy = data_b
 9
10
        plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
        feature = 'long'
11
12
        plt.scatter(data_a_copy['datetime'], data_a_copy[feature], alpha = .5, c = 'blue')
        plt.plot(data_a_copy['datetime'], data_a_copy[feature+'_max'],'-o',alpha = .3, cold
13
        plt.plot(data_a_copy['datetime'], data_a_copy[feature+'_min'],'-o',alpha = .3, cold
14
15
        plt.scatter(data_b_copy['datetime'], data_b_copy[feature], alpha = .5, c = 'red')
        plt.plot(data_b_copy['datetime'], data_b_copy[feature+'_max'],'-o',alpha = .3, col
16
        plt.plot(data_b_copy['datetime'], data_b_copy[feature+'_min'],'-o',alpha = .3, cold
17
        plt.xlim(pd.concat([data_a,data_b])['datetime'].min(), pd.concat([data_a,data_b])[
18
19
        plt.xticks(rotation=70)
20
21
        plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
22
        feature = 'lat'
23
        plt.scatter(data_a_copy['datetime'], data_a_copy[feature], alpha = .5, c = 'blue')
24
        plt.plot(data_a_copy['datetime'], data_a_copy[feature+'_max'],'-o',alpha = .3, col
        plt.plot(data_a_copy['datetime'], data_a_copy[feature+'_min'],'-o',alpha = .3, cold
25
26
        plt.scatter(data_b_copy['datetime'], data_b_copy[feature], alpha = .5, c = 'red')
        plt.plot(data_b_copy['datetime'], data_b_copy[feature+'_max'],'-o',alpha = .3, cold
27
        plt.plot(data_b_copy['datetime'], data_b_copy[feature+'_min'],'-o',alpha = .3, cold
28
29
        plt.xlim(pd.concat([data_a,data_b])['datetime'].min(), pd.concat([data_a,data_b])[
        plt.xticks(rotation=70)
30
31
32
        plt.show()
33
        return fig
```

show circles on map отображает точки в которых был абонент на карте

#### In [8]:

```
def show circles on map(m, data, latitude column, longitude column, color):
 1
 2
 3
        The function draws map with circles on it.
 4
        The center of the map is the mean of coordinates passed in data.
 5
 6
        data: DataFrame that contains columns latitude column and longitude column
        latitude_column: string, the name of column for latitude coordinates
 7
 8
        longitude_column: string, the name of column for longitude coordinates
 9
        color: string, the color of circles to be drawn
10
11
12
        location = (data[latitude_column].mean(), data[longitude_column].mean())
13
14
        for _, row in data.iterrows():
            folium.Circle(
15
16
                radius=100,
17
                location=(row[latitude_column], row[longitude_column]),
                color=color,
18
19
                fill color=color,
                fill=True,
20
                fill_opacity = .5
21
22
            ).add_to(m)
23
24
        return m
```

haversine array определяет расстояние в метрах по координатам

#### In [9]:

```
def haversine_array(lat1, lng1, lat2, lng2):
1
       lat1, lng1, lat2, lng2 = map(np.radians, (lat1, lng1, lat2, lng2))
2
3
      AVG_EARTH_RADIUS = 6371 # in km
4
       lat = lat2 - lat1
5
      lng = lng2 - lng1
       d = np.sin(lat * 0.5) ** 2 + np.cos(lat1) * np.cos(lat2) * np.sin(lng * 0.5) ** 2
6
7
      h = 2 * AVG EARTH RADIUS * np.arcsin(np.sqrt(d))
8
      return h
```

## Проверяем данные

Смотрим, где в выборке есть пустые данные

```
In [10]:
```

```
1 df_data.count() - df_data.shape[0], df_data.dtypes
Out[10]:
(lac
                     0
 cid
                     0
msisdn
                     0
 imei
                -11588
 event_type
                     0
 tstamp
                     0
                     0
 long
 lat
                     0
max_dist
                     0
 cell_type
                     0
 start_angle
                     0
 end_angle
                     0
 datetime
                     0
 tac
                -11588
Номер
                     0
Обозначение
                     0
Описание
                     0
 vendor
                -23679
 platform
                -23679
                -23679
 type
 dtype: int64, lac
                                        object
 cid
                         object
msisdn
                          int64
 imei
                         object
 event_type
                          int64
                           int64
 tstamp
 long
                        float64
                        float64
 lat
max_dist
                          int64
 cell_type
                         object
 start_angle
                        float64
 end_angle
                        float64
 datetime
                 datetime64[ns]
 tac
                         object
Номер
                           int64
Обозначение
                         object
Описание
                         object
 vendor
                         object
 platform
                         object
 type
                         object
 dtype: object)
```

Некоторые номера, принадлижайщие Персонам, не попали в выборку с детальными данными

#### In [11]:

```
# for 2 persons we don't have second msisdn in our dataset
display(facts[~facts[1].isin(df_data['msisdn'])],
facts[~facts[0].isin(df_data['msisdn'])])
```

```
0 1
1 158510912201 158528852857
17 158528850493 158530004641
0 1
```

Смотрим распределение событий по времени. В выборке есть данные, датированные позже 26 мая. Удаляем данные с датой более 26 мая.

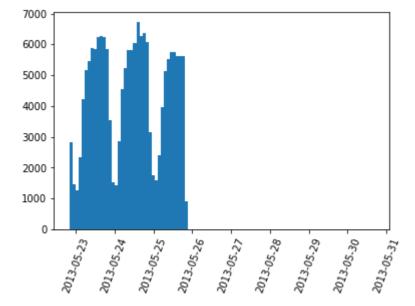
#### In [12]:

```
plt.hist(df_data['datetime'].values, bins=100)
plt.xticks(rotation=70)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\ekaterina.adischeva\AppData\Local\Continuum\anaconda3\lib\site-pack ages\pandas\plotting\\_converter.py:129: FutureWarning: Using an implicitly r egistered datetime converter for a matplotlib plotting method. The converter was registered by pandas on import. Future versions of pandas will require y ou to explicitly register matplotlib converters.

```
To register the converters:
```

```
>>> from pandas.plotting import register_matplotlib_converters
>>> register_matplotlib_converters()
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```



#### In [13]:

```
df_data.loc[:, 'date'] = df_data['datetime'].dt.date
    print(df_data['date'].value_counts())
    df_data = df_data[(df_data['datetime'] < datetime.strptime('2013-05-26', '%Y-%m-%d'))</pre>
                        & (df_data['datetime'] >= datetime.strptime('2013-05-23', '%Y-%m-%
 5
2013-05-24
              61642
2013-05-23
              59463
              48519
2013-05-25
2013-05-22
               4450
2013-05-29
                 24
                 18
2013-05-28
2013-05-30
                  7
```

## Проверяем базовые станции.

- Распоболение базовых станций на карте.
- Распоболение ширины угла.

Name: date, dtype: int64

• Распоболение зоны действия в метрах.

#### In [14]:

```
1  CENTER_LAT, CENTER_LONG = 55.7522200, 37.6155600
2  m = folium.Map(location=(CENTER_LAT, CENTER_LONG))
3  show_circles_on_map(m, df_data.sample(500), "lat", "long", "blue")
```

```
Out[14]:
```

#### In [15]:

```
df_data['angel'] = np.where(df_data['end_angle'] < df_data['start_angle'], df_data['end_angle'] - df_data['start_angle'])

df_data['angel'].value_counts()</pre>
```

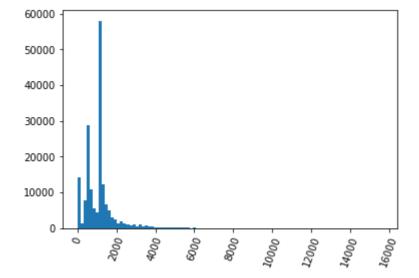
#### Out[15]:

```
60.0 156940
47.0 9719
90.0 3104
360.0 2176
65.0 2135
```

Name: angel, dtype: int64

#### In [16]:

```
plt.hist(df_data['max_dist'].values, bins=100)
plt.xticks(rotation=70)
plt.show()
```



## Указываю координаты зоны действия БС для каждого события

По координатам БС, максимальной дистанции приема и направления и угла покрятия определяем координаты прямоугольника, в которых мог находиться абонент при регистрации на БС

#### In [17]:

```
def BS rectangle coordinate(df ):
 1
 2
        df = df_.copy()
        lat_length = haversine_array(CENTER_LAT -.5, CENTER_LONG, CENTER_LAT + .5, CENTER_
 3
 4
        long_length = haversine_array(CENTER_LAT, CENTER_LONG -.5, CENTER_LAT, CENTER_LONG
 5
        max_dist_mean = df['max_dist'].mean()
 6
 7
        df['max_dist_correct'] = np.where(df['max_dist'] < 50, max_dist_mean, df['max_dist_</pre>
 8
        df['max_dist_correct']
 9
        for feature in ['long', 'lat']:
10
            if (feature == 'long'):
11
                coord length = long length
12
13
14
                coord_length = lat_length
            df[feature + '_start'] = np.where(df['angel'] == 360,
15
16
                                      df[feature] - df['max_dist_correct']/coord_length/100
                                      df[feature] + df['max_dist_correct'] * np.where(feature)
17
18
19
20
21
            df[feature + '_end'] = np.where(df['angel'] == 360,
22
                                    df[feature]+df['max dist correct']/coord length/1000,
23
24
                                    df[feature] + df['max_dist_correct'] * np.where(feature
25
26
27
28
29
            df[feature + '_min'] = df[[feature + '_start', feature + '_end', feature]].min
            df[feature + '_max'] = df[[feature + '_start', feature + '_end', feature]].max
30
31
            df[feature] = (df[feature + '_max'] + df[feature + '_min'])/2
32
33
        return df
```

#### In [18]:

```
1 df_data_copy = df_data.copy()
2 df_data = BS_rectangle_coordinate(df_data_copy)
```

```
In [19]:
```

```
1 df_data.head()
```

#### Out[19]:

	lac	cid	msisdn	imei	event_type	tstamp	long	
0	5029	40798	158529599791	353111050313790	0	1369252800974	37.925474	55.782
1	7782	56870	158520145943	012929002676510	5	1369252801396	37.422847	55.744(
2	7794	32226	158521798391	351994049226010	5	1369252802013	37.700660	55.580
3	7758	33528	158537830573	358627016731770	0	1369252802331	37.792199	55.704 <sup>-</sup>
4	5060	17568	158510204039	352458051767250	8	1369252803586	37.190576	55.830°

## Создаю bin по времени для создания ряда событий

#### In [20]:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import KBinsDiscretizer
    from sklearn.datasets import make blobs
 3
    def CreateTimeBeans(df_, n_bins_ = 10):
 4
 5
        df = df.copy()
 6
 7
        dt_list = np.reshape(df.datetime.values.tolist(), (len(df.datetime.values.tolist())
 8
 9
        enc = KBinsDiscretizer(n bins=n bins , encode='ordinal', strategy='uniform')
10
        dt_array_bins = enc.fit_transform(dt_list)
11
        df['datetime_bin'] = dt_array_bins[:,0]
12
        df['datetime_bin'] = df['datetime_bin'].astype('int')
13
14
        return df, df['datetime_bin'].unique()
15
```

#### In [21]:

#### Out[21]:

# **Аггрегирую таблицу с событиями для преобразования в ряд.**

При необходимости, добавляю технические события в пустые интервалы времени

#### In [22]:

```
1
   # декартовое произведение абонентов и интервалов
 2
   def CreatePivotBase(df):
 3
        # декартовое произведение абонентов и часов
4
        df_data_msisdn = pd.DataFrame(df['msisdn'].drop_duplicates()).sort_values('msisdn'
        df_data_datetime = pd.DataFrame(df['datetime_bin'].drop_duplicates()).sort_values(
 5
 6
 7
        df_data_msisdn['K'] = 1
 8
        df_data_datetime['K'] = 1
        df_data_pivot_base = df_data_msisdn.merge(df_data_datetime, on = ['K']).reset_index
9
10
11
       return df_data_pivot_base
```

#### In [23]:

```
# аггрегация данных по интервалам
2
  def AggData(df):
3
      #Создаем датафрейм в котором записаны часовые срезы расположения абонента и нумеру
4
5
      df_data_agg = df.groupby(['msisdn', 'datetime_bin'])['long_min', 'long_max', 'lat]
6
      df data agg['datetime'] = df data agg['datetime bin']
      df_data_agg = df_data_agg.sort_values(['msisdn', 'datetime_bin'])
7
      df data agg['state'] = df data agg.groupby(['msisdn'])['msisdn'].cumcount()
8
9
      return df_data_agg
```

#### In [24]:

```
# сдвигаю событие на пол часа и объединяю с оригинальными событиями
from datetime import timedelta
def AddDataDelta(df_):
    df_delta = df_.copy()
    df_delta['datetime'] = df_delta['datetime'] - timedelta(seconds = (60*60))
    df = df_.copy()
    df = df.append(df_delta)
    return df
```

#### In [25]:

```
# Промежутки времени, в которых не зафиксировано действие абонента, заполняю линейном
    # Концевые точки продолжаю до границы интрервала наблюдения константами.
 2
 3
 4
    def LinearCombData(df data pivot base, df data agg):
 5
 6
        df_data_pivot_base = df_data_pivot_base.merge(df_data_agg[['msisdn', 'datetime_bin
 7
        # указываю состояние, в котором произошло предыдущее событие
        df_data_pivot_base['state_previous'] = 1- df_data_pivot_base['state'].isna()*1
 8
 9
        df_data_pivot_base['state_previous'] = df_data_pivot_base.groupby('msisdn')['state]
10
11
        # указываю состояние, в котором произойдет следующее событие
        df_data_pivot_base.drop(columns = ['state'], inplace = True)
12
        df_data_pivot_base['state_next'] = df_data_pivot_base['state_previous'] + 1
13
        # подгружаю информацию о предыдущем и следующем событии
14
        for event in ['previous', 'next']:
15
16
            df_data_pivot_base = df_data_pivot_base.merge(df_data_agg[['msisdn', 'long',
                                                                     17
                                                                         columns =
18
                                                                                 { 'long': 'lo
19
                                                                                   'lat':'la
20
21
                                                                                  'long_max
22
                                                                                  'lat max'
                                                                                  'long min
23
24
                                                                                   'lat_min'
25
                                                                                   'datetime
26
                                                                                   'state':
27
                                                                         on = ['msisdn', 's
                                                                         how = 'left')
28
29
        for feature in ['long', 'long_max', 'long_min', 'lat', 'lat_max', 'lat_min']:
        # расчитываю текущее событие для кажждого периода как линейную комбинацию окружающи
30
31
            df_data_pivot_base[feature] = np.where(df_data_pivot_base[feature+'_previous']
                                           df_data_pivot_base[feature+'_next'],
32
33
                                            np.where(df_data_pivot_base[feature+'_next'].is
                                                   df_data_pivot_base[feature+'_previous']
34
                                                   df_data_pivot_base[feature+'_previous']
35
36
                                                         (df_data_pivot_base['datetime_bin'
                                                         (df data pivot base['datetime bin |
37
                                                         (df data pivot_base[feature+'_next
38
39
40
        return of data pivot base[['msisdn', 'datetime bin', 'long', 'long max', 'long min
41
```

#### In [26]:

```
# Промежутки времени, в которых не зафиксировано действие абонента, заполняю линейном и # Концевые точки продолжаю до границы интрервала наблюдения константами.

def CombData(df_data_pivot_base, df_data_agg):

df_data_pivot_base = df_data_pivot_base.merge(df_data_agg, on = ['msisdn', 'datetive_true of the combData o
```

#### In [27]:

```
# Создаеь pivot из исходной таблицы
   def CreatePivot(df_for_pivot):
 2
        df_pivot = df_for_pivot.pivot(index = 'msisdn', columns = 'datetime_bin', values =
 3
4
        df pivot.columns = df pivot.columns.astype('str') + ' ' + 'long'
 5
       for feature in ['long_max', 'long_min', 'lat', 'lat_max', 'lat_min']:
 6
7
            df_agg_feature = df_for_pivot.pivot(index = 'msisdn', columns = 'datetime_bin'
            df_agg_feature.columns = df_agg_feature.columns.astype('str') + '_' + feature
8
9
            df_pivot = pd.concat([df_pivot, df_agg_feature], axis = 1)
10
       return df_pivot.reset_index()
11
```

#### In [28]:

```
# Определяем пары, для которых знаем результаты
   # * пары - все, которые указаны в таблице facts
 2
   # * не пары: номер, у которого есть пара с ЛЮБЫМ номером не из своей пары (этот номер и
 4
   # Упрощение, что нет троек номеров.
 5
    def CreateMsisdnPairs(train_pairs, df, frac_):
 6
 7
        msisdn_pairs = pd.concat([train_pairs[[0, 1]].rename(columns = {0:'msisdn_x', 1:'m
                               ,facts[[1, 0]].rename(columns = {1:'msisdn_x', 0:'msisdn_y'
 8
 9
                             ], axis = 0)
        msisdn_pairs_dubli = pd.concat([train_pairs[[0, 1]].rename(columns = {0:'msisdn_x'
10
11
                             ,train_pairs[[1, 0]].rename(columns = {1:'msisdn_x', 0:'msisd
12
13
        msisdn_pairs['is_pair'] = 1
14
        msisdn pairs['K'] = 1
        msisdn_pairs_dubli['K'] = 1
15
16
        df_data_msisdn = pd.DataFrame(df['msisdn'].drop_duplicates()).sort_values('msisdn'
17
18
        df_data_msisdn['K'] = 1
19
20
        # любой номер из пары с другими номерами не создает пары
        msisdn_pairs_part1 = df_data_msisdn[~df_data_msisdn['msisdn'].isin(msisdn_pairs_dul
21
        msisdn_pairs_part1['is_pair'] = 0
22
23
24
        msisdn_pairs_part1 = msisdn_pairs_part1.sample(frac = frac_)
25
26
        # объедтняю пары и не пары
27
        msisdn pairs = pd.concat([msisdn pairs, msisdn pairs part1
28
                             # , msisdn pairs part2
29
                             ], axis = 0).drop(columns = ['K'])
30
        # перемешиваю первый и второй номер
31
        msisdn pairs part1 = msisdn pairs.sample(frac = .5)
32
        msisdn pairs part2 = msisdn pairs.append(msisdn pairs part1).drop duplicates(keep
33
        msisdn pairs = msisdn pairs part1.append(msisdn pairs part2)
34
35
        print(msisdn_pairs.shape)
36
37
        return msisdn pairs
```

#### In [29]:

```
1
    #Создаю таблицу для обучения
 2
 3
    def CreateAndProcessPivot(msisdn_pairs, data_agg_pivot, bins_list, identifier,
 4
                                dist ind = True,
 5
                                coord ind = True,
 6
                                center_dist_ind = True ):
 7
 8
        df_X = msisdn_pairs.merge(data_agg_pivot.rename(columns = {'msisdn':'msisdn_x'}),
 9
        # считаю расстояние в каждом часе
10
        columns name dist = list()
11
        columns_name_intersect = list()
12
        columns_name_lat_x = list()
13
        columns_name_long_x = list()
14
        columns_name_lat_y = list()
        columns_name_long_y = list()
15
16
        columns_name_center_dist_x = list()
17
        columns_name_center_dist_y = list()
18
19
        columns_name = list()
20
        columns_name_identifier = list()
21
22
        lat_length = haversine_array(CENTER_LAT -.5, CENTER_LONG, CENTER_LAT + .5, CENTER_
        long_length = haversine_array(CENTER_LAT, CENTER_LONG -.5, CENTER_LAT, CENTER_LONG
23
24
25
        for i in bins list:
26
            str_i = str(int(i))
27
            columns_name_dist.append(str_i+"_dist")
             columns name intersect.append(str i+" intersect")
28
             columns_name_lat_x.append(str_i+"_lat_x")
29
            columns_name_long_x.append(str_i+"_long_x")
columns_name_lat_y.append(str_i+"_lat_y")
30
31
             columns_name_long_y.append(str_i+"_long_y")
32
33
            columns_name_center_dist_x.append(str_i+"_center_dist_x")
             columns_name_center_dist_y.append(str_i+"_center_dist_y")
34
35
36
            lat_diff = (df_X[str_i+"_lat_x"].values - df_X[str_i+"_lat_y"].values)*lat_len
            long_diff = (df_X[str_i+"_long_x"].values - df_X[str_i+"_long_y"].values)*long
37
38
            dist = np.sqrt(lat_diff**2 + long_diff**2)
            df_X[str_i+"_dist"] = dist
39
            df_X[str_i+'_intersect'] = ((df_X[str_i+'_lat_max_x'] >= df_X[str_i+'_lat_min_]
40
                                    (df_X[str_i+'_lat_max_y'] >= df_X[str_i+'_lat_min_x']) &
(df_X[str_i+'_long_max_x'] >= df_X[str_i+'_long_min_y'])
41
42
43
                                    (df_X[str_i+'_long_max_y'] >= df_X[str_i+'_long_min_x'])
            center_x_lat_diff = (df_X[str_i+"_lat_x"].values - CENTER_LAT)*lat_length
44
            center_y_lat_diff = (df_X[str_i+"_lat_y"].values - CENTER_LAT)*lat_length
45
46
47
            center x long diff = (df X[str i+" long x"].values - CENTER LONG)*long length
            center_y_long_diff = (df_X[str_i+"_long_y"].values - CENTER_LONG)*long_length
48
49
            df_X[str_i+"_center_dist_x"] = np.sqrt(center_x_lat_diff**2 + center_x_long_di-
50
51
            df_X[str_i+"_center_dist_y"] = np.sqrt(center_y_lat_diff**2 + center_y_long_di-
52
53
        # считаю среднее расстояние
        df X['dist mean'] = df X[columns name dist].mean(axis = 1)
54
55
        df_X['intersect_mean'] = df_X[columns_name_intersect].mean(axis = 1)
        df_X['intersect_count'] = df_X[columns_name_dist].count(axis = 1)/len(bins_list)
56
        df_X['center_dist_x_mean'] = df_X[columns_name_center_dist_x].mean(axis = 1)
57
58
        df_X['center_dist_y_mean'] = df_X[columns_name_center_dist_y].mean(axis = 1)
59
```

```
60
        if(dist ind):
61
            columns_name = [*columns_name, *columns_name_dist]
62
63
        if(coord ind):
            columns name = [*columns name, *columns name lat x, *columns name lat y, *columns name x
64
65
        if(center dist ind):
66
            columns_name = [*columns_name, *columns_name_center_dist_x, *columns_name_cent
67
68
        columns name = [*columns name,
69
                         *['dist_mean', 'intersect_mean', 'intersect_count', 'center_dist_x
70
71
        columns_name = [*columns_name, *['is_pair', 'msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y']]
72
        df X = df_X[columns_name].set_index(['is_pair', 'msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y'])
73
74
        df_X.columns = df_X.columns + '_' + identifier
75
76
        print(df_X.shape)
77
78
        return df_X
```

## Создаю таблицу

13.02.2021

- Линейная комбинация недостающий событий
- Сдвиг по времени событие для создания большего количества общих интервалов

### Создаем pivottable

Создаю pivot с координатами в каждый период

## Создаем таблицу с данными для обучения

Описание целевого события.

- пары все, которые указаны в таблице facts
- не пары: номер, у которого есть пара с ЛЮБЫМ номером не из своей пары (этот номер не обязательно из таблицы facts) Упрощение, что нет троек номеров.

Если (a, b) пара, то (b, a) - тоже пара. Если (a, b) - пара, то (a, c) Симметричные пары убираю, для этого выбираю (a > b), а потом перемешиваю.

Пары (а,а) убираем Модифицируем на шум одинаковых абоенентов(?) Смешаем время для сравнения, расширяем диапозоны в обе стороны для второго абонента.

## Таблица

Создаю таблицу для обучения

#### In [30]:

```
1
    #модель
 2
   !pip install xgboost
 3
 4
   from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
 5
   from sklearn.model selection import train test split
 6
   from xgboost import XGBClassifier
 7
 8
   from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
 9
   from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
   from sklearn.metrics import average precision score
10
11
   from sklearn.metrics import roc curve
12
   from sklearn.metrics import plot_roc_curve
13
14 | from sklearn.metrics import precision_recall_curve
15 from sklearn.metrics import plot_precision_recall_curve
16 from sklearn.metrics import average_precision_score
    import warnings
17
18 | warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in c:\users\ekaterina.adischeva\appda ta\local\continuum\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (1.3.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\ekaterina.adischeva\appdata \local\continuum\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\ekaterina.adischeva\appdata \local\continuum\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.16.2)

#### In [33]:

```
Cls_result_agg = pd.DataFrame()
 2
   BINS_QNT = 90
 3
   ln ind = True
   shift inf = False
 5
    cls ind = 'RF'
    dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_ind_ln = True, False, False
 7
    dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift = True, False, False
 8
    clfs = []
 9
    for bins q, ln ind, shift ind, clf ind, dist ind ln, coord ind ln, center dist ind ln,
10
11
        [30, True, True, 'RF', True, True, False, True, False, False],
        [30, True, True, 'GB', True, True, False, True, False, False],
12
13
                                                                      [30, True, True, 'RF',
                                                                      [60, True, False, 'GB'
14
                                                                      [60, True, False, 'RF'
15
16
                                                                      [60, False, True,
                                                                                         'GB'
                                                                      [60, False, True,
                                                                                        'RF'
17
18
                                                                      [60, True, False, 'GB'
                                                                      [60, True, False,
                                                                                         'RF'
19
20
                                                                      [60, False, True,
                                                                                         'GB'
21
                                                                      [60, False, True, 'RF'
22
                                                                      [90, True, False, 'RF'
                                                                      [90, True, False, 'GB'
23
                                                                      [90, True, False,
24
                                                                                        'RF'
25
                                                                      [90, True, False, 'GB'
                                                                      [90, False, True,
                                                                                         'RF'
26
27
                                                                      [90, False, True,
                                                                                         'GB'
                                                                      [90, False, True,
28
                                                                                        'RF'
                                                                      [90, False, True, 'GB'
29
                                                                      [90, False, True,
                                                                                        'RF'
30
31
                                                                      [90, False, True,
                                                                                         'GB'
32
                                                                      [90, False, True, 'RF'
33
                                                                      [90, False, True, 'GB'
34
35
36
        df_data_bin_ln, bins_list_ln = CreateTimeBeans(df_data, BINS_QNT)
37
        df_data_pivot_base_ln = CreatePivotBase(df_data_bin_ln)
38
        df_data_bin_agg_ln = AggData(df_data_bin_ln)
        df_data_agg_for_pivot_ln = LinearCombData(df_data_pivot_base_ln, df_data_bin_agg_l
39
40
        df data shift = AddDataDelta(df data)
41
42
        df_data_bin_shift, bins_list_shift = CreateTimeBeans(df_data_shift, BINS_QNT)
43
        df data pivot base shift = CreatePivotBase(df data bin shift)
        df_data_bin_agg_shift = AggData(df_data_bin_shift)
44
45
        df_data_agg_for_pivot_shift = CombData(df_data_pivot_base_shift, df_data_bin_agg_s
46
47
        df msisdn pairs = CreateMsisdnPairs(facts, df data, 0.25)
48
49
        df_data_agg_pivot_ln = CreatePivot(df_data_agg_for_pivot_ln)
50
        df_data_agg_pivot_shift = CreatePivot(df_data_agg_for_pivot_shift)
51
        df X \ln = CreateAndProcessPivot(df msisdn pairs, df data agg pivot \ln, bins list 1
52
53
        df_X_shift = CreateAndProcessPivot(df_msisdn_pairs, df_data_agg_pivot_shift, bins_
54
        df_X = pd.DataFrame()
55
56
        if (ln ind):
57
            df_X = pd.concat([df_X_ln, df_X], axis = 1)
58
        if (shift ind):
            df_X = pd.concat([df_X_shift, df_X], axis = 1)
59
```

```
60
 61
         df_X.reset_index(inplace = True)
 62
         X = df_X.drop(columns = ['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y', 'is_pair']).fillna(0)
 63
         y = df X['is pair']
 64
65
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
 66
 67
             X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
         if(clf ind == 'RF'):
 68
             clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=0)
 69
 70
         else:
             clf = XGBClassifier(random_state=42)
71
72
73
         clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
74
75
         y test predict = clf.predict(X test)
 76
         y_train_predict = clf.predict(X_train)
 77
         y_test_predict_proba = clf.predict_proba(X_test)
 78
79
         print('[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist
              [bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind,
80
 81
             dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_ind_ln,
 82
             dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift])
 83
         print('roc_auc_score:', roc_auc_score(y_train, y_train_predict),
 84
 85
                'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_train, y_train_predict
86
         print("roc_auc_score:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict),
87
               'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict))
 88
 89
 90
         disp = plot_precision_recall_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
 91
         average_precision = average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
 92
         print(average_precision)
93
         disp = plot_roc_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
94
95
         roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
96
         print(roc_auc)
97
98
99
         Cls result = pd.DataFrame(y test)
         Cls_result['proba'] = y_test_predict_proba[:,1]
100
         Cls_result['predict'] = y_test_predict
101
         Cls_result = Cls_result.join(df_X[['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y']])
102
103
         alpha = .1
104
105
         Cls result['predict alpha'] = np.where(Cls result['proba']> alpha, 1, 0)
106
         Cls_result_agg = Cls_result_agg.append(Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair', 'predict_alp
107
108
         Cls_result_agg = Cls_result_agg.append(Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair', 'predict']).
109
```

```
(129303, 3)
(127227, 435)
(127227, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [30, True, False, 'RF', True, True, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5483346556393673 average_precision_score: 0.0422082339843
```

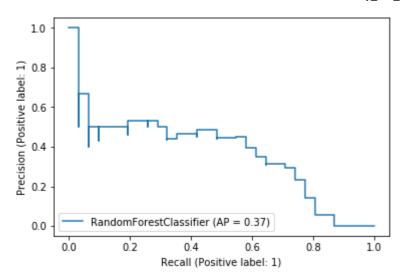
```
6712
0.04220823398436712
0.5483346556393673
(129302, 3)
(127154, 435)
(127154, 91)
[04:11:19] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [30, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, True, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc auc score: 0.634523571703866 average precision score: 0.13511345785836
57
0.1351134578583657
0.634523571703866
(129314, 3)
(127190, 263)
(127190, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [30, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, True, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 0.9939759036144578 average_precision_score: 0.9879630390193
753
roc_auc_score: 0.5693395154027089 average_precision_score: 0.0542312362620
563
0.0542312362620563
0.5693395154027089
(129305, 3)
(127256, 435)
(127256, 91)
[04:15:37] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, True, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5776991036982644 average_precision_score: 0.0847560474613
4122
0.08475604746134122
0.5776991036982644
(129303, 3)
(127142, 435)
(127142, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t ind ln, dist ind shift, coord ind shift, center dist ind shift] [60, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, True, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.560566700857963 average_precision_score: 0.07002436604198
395
0.07002436604198395
0.560566700857963
(129300, 3)
(127196, 263)
(127196, 435)
```

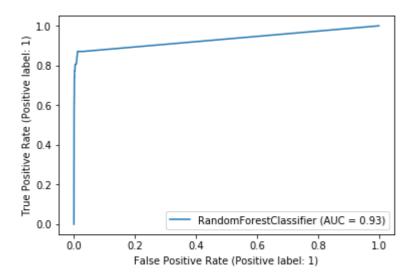
```
[04:19:51] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, Fal
se, False, 'RF', True, False, True, True, True, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.513797080794038 average_precision_score: 0.00438943703393
1125
0.004389437033931125
0.513797080794038
(129317, 3)
(127211, 263)
(127211, 435)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, Fal
se, False, 'RF', True, False, True, True, True, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5 average_precision_score: 0.0009957027565244733
0.0009957027565244733
0.5
(129286, 3)
(127182, 263)
(127182, 91)
[04:22:08] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64 release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, True, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 0.99375 average_precision_score: 0.9875112325474295
roc_auc_score: 0.5768574876692202 average_precision_score: 0.0847809771148
7831
0.08478097711487831
0.5768574876692202
(129317, 3)
(127224, 263)
(127224, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, True, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5713367705577745 average_precision_score: 0.0668772644249
4835
0.06687726442494835
0.5713367705577745
(129304, 3)
(127170, 263)
(127170, 263)
[04:25:58] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t ind ln, dist ind shift, coord ind shift, center dist ind shift] [60, Fal
se, False, 'RF', True, False, True, True, False, True]
```

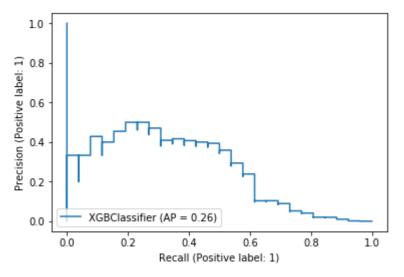
```
roc_auc_score: 0.9943820224719101 average_precision_score: 0.9887752785007
013
roc auc score: 0.5166273182760159 average precision score: 0.0090934706822
888
0.0090934706822888
0.5166273182760159
(129311, 3)
(127101, 263)
(127101, 263)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, Fal
se, False, 'RF', True, False, True, True, False, True]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5 average_precision_score: 0.0011276913797172905
0.0011276913797172905
0.5
(129285, 3)
(127183, 91)
(127183, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t ind ln, dist ind shift, coord ind shift, center dist ind shift] [90, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.62156915297164 average_precision_score: 0.169133017173903
06
0.16913301717390306
0.62156915297164
(129297, 3)
(127155, 91)
(127155, 91)
[04:29:51] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 0.9941860465116279 average_precision_score: 0.9883833279684
roc auc score: 0.5605535864495826 average precision score: 0.0613662776611
37024
0.061366277661137024
0.5605535864495826
(129307, 3)
(127065, 349)
(127065, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, Tru
e, False, 'RF', False, True, False, True, False, False]
roc auc score: 0.99375 average precision score: 0.9875112429029176
roc auc score: 0.49998687009269716 average precision score: 0.001023084994
7534103
0.0010230849947534103
0.49998687009269716
(129297, 3)
(127164, 349)
(127164, 91)
[04:32:14] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64 release
1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
```

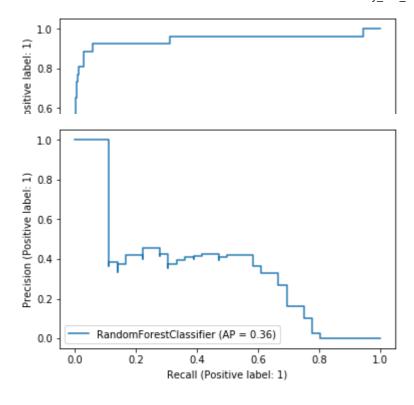
```
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins q, ln ind, shift inf, cls ind, dist ind ln, coord ind ln, center dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, Tru
e, False, 'RF', False, True, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5254835907796995 average_precision_score: 0.0082958631582
48479
0.008295863158248479
0.5254835907796995
(129296, 3)
(127213, 349)
(127213, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', False, True, False, True, False, False]
roc auc score: 1.0 average precision score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5142594875291773 average_precision_score: 0.010414701463857
735
0.010414701463857735
0.5142594875291773
(129307, 3)
(127176, 349)
(127176, 91)
[04:34:15] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release_
1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluation
metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'error' to
'logloss'. Explicitly set eval metric if you'd like to restore the old behav
ior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', False, True, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 0.9235294117647059 average_precision_score: 0.847204853207135
roc_auc_score: 0.5440782966036699 average_precision_score: 0.044930165078376
0.04493016507837638
0.5440782966036699
(129315, 3)
(127183, 263)
(127183, 349)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', True, False, True, False, True, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc auc score: 0.5 average precision score: 0.0013104442405975625
0.0013104442405975625
0.5
(129309, 3)
(127172, 263)
(127172, 349)
[04:35:59] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64 release
1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluation
metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'error' to
'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the old behav
ior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind ln, dist ind shift, coord ind shift, center dist ind shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', True, False, True, False, True, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
```

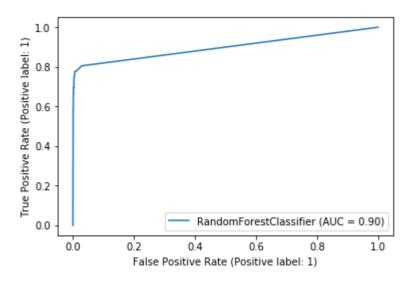
```
roc_auc_score: 0.5127549184039095 average_precision_score: 0.005269520209759
253
0.005269520209759253
0.5127549184039095
(129309, 3)
(127176, 521)
(127176, 263)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind ln, dist ind shift, coord ind shift, center dist ind shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', False, True, True, True, False, True]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5 average_precision_score: 0.0007600975021623464
0.0007600975021623464
0.5
(129311, 3)
(127195, 521)
(127195, 263)
[04:38:04] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64 release
1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluation
metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'error' to
'logloss'. Explicitly set eval metric if you'd like to restore the old behav
ior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', False, True, True, True, False, True]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc auc score: 0.5166404399101296 average precision score: 0.011871089097955
63
0.01187108909795563
0.5166404399101296
(129315, 3)
(127176, 263)
(127176, 521)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', True, False, True, False, True, True]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5 average_precision_score: 0.001048410347810133
0.001048410347810133
0.5
(129314, 3)
(127130, 263)
(127130, 521)
[04:40:18] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release_
1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluation
metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'error' to
'logloss'. Explicitly set eval metric if you'd like to restore the old behav
ior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, False,
False, 'RF', True, False, True, False, True, True]
roc auc score: 1.0 average precision score: 1.0
roc auc score: 0.4999343745898412 average precision score: 0.001153674716169
0.0011536747161698
0.4999343745898412
```

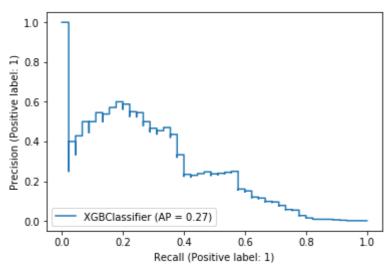


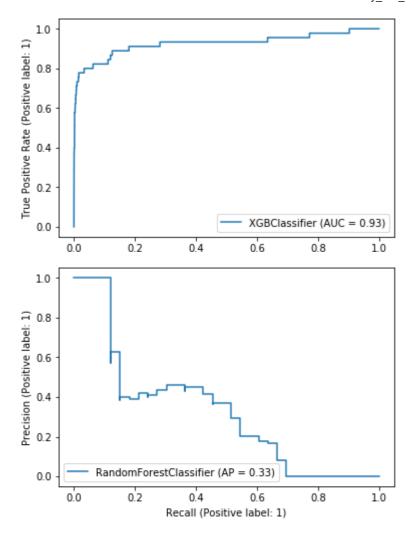


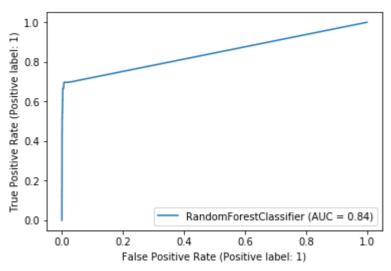


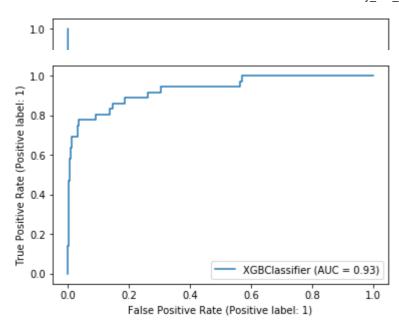


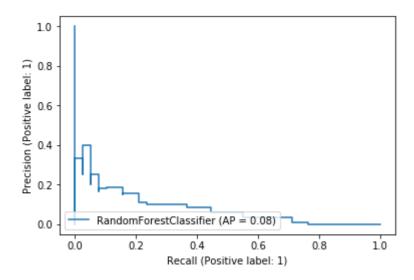


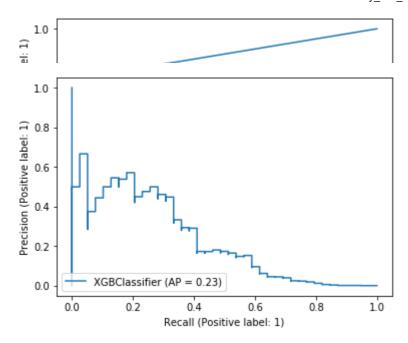


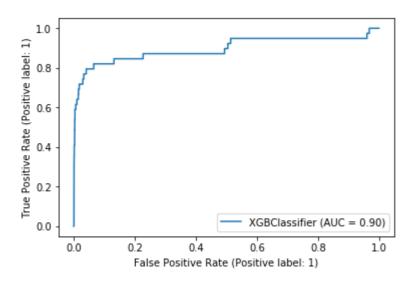


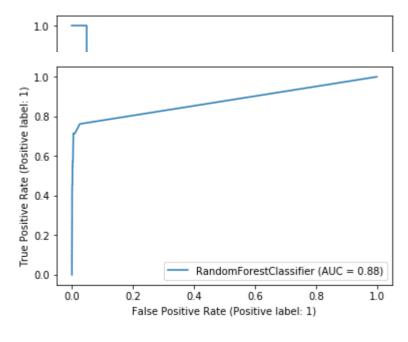


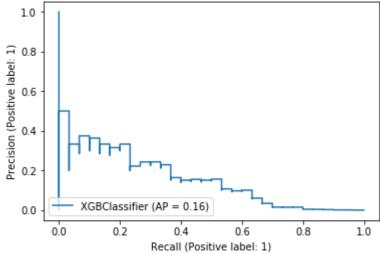


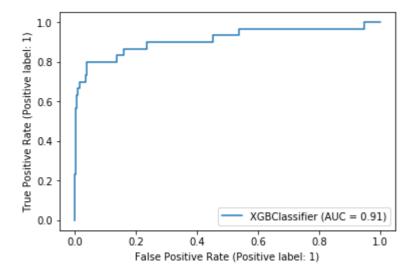


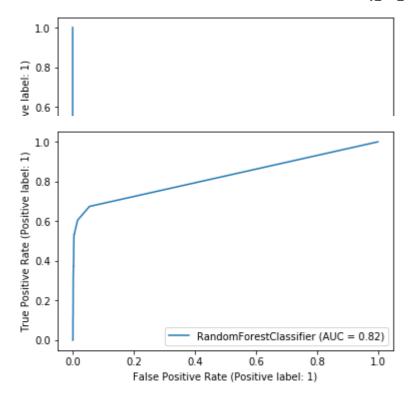


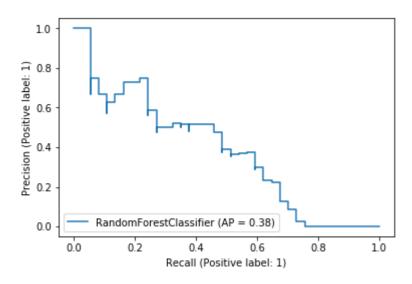


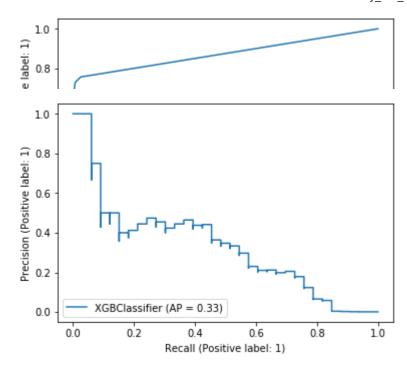


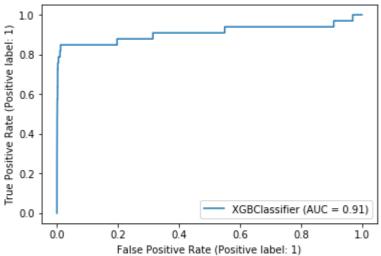


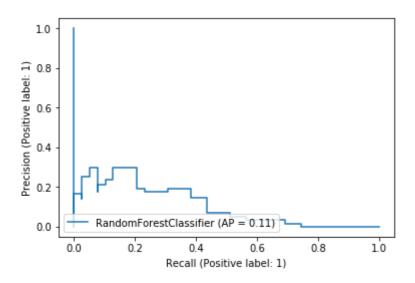


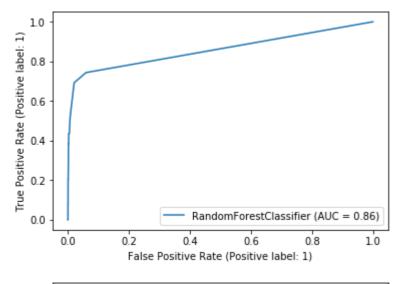


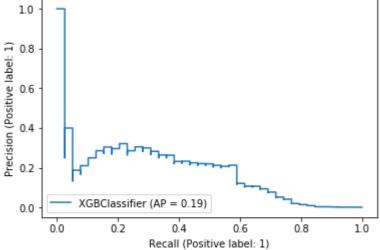


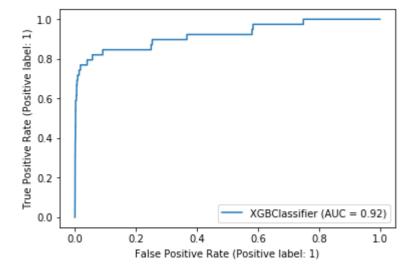


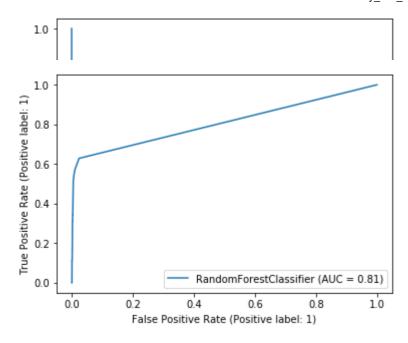


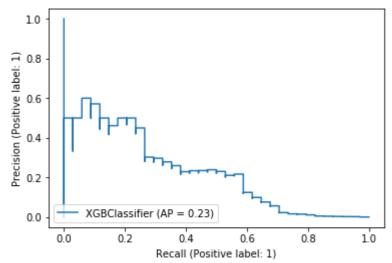


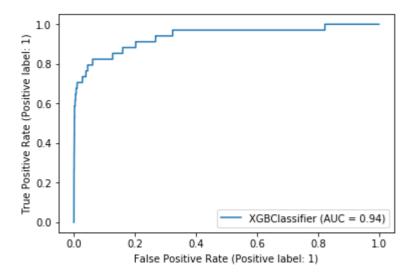


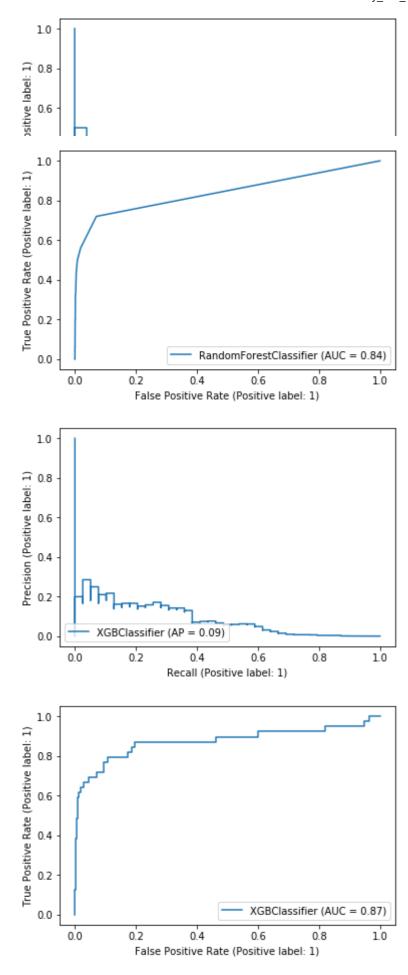


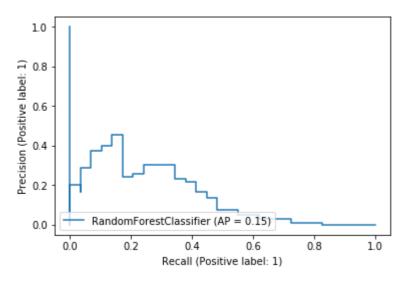


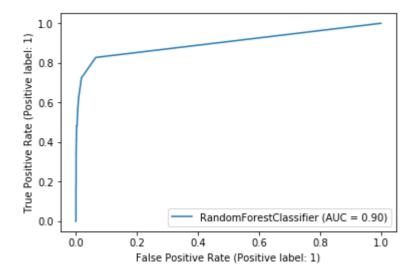


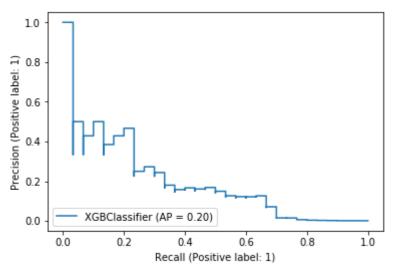


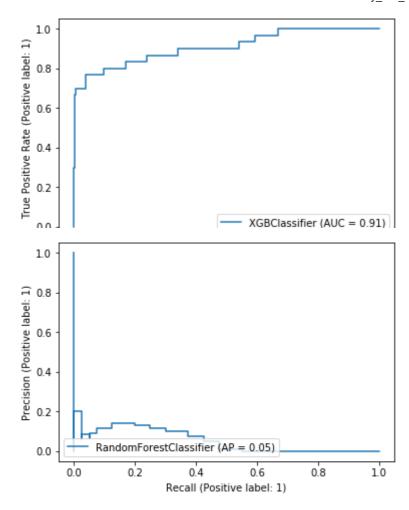


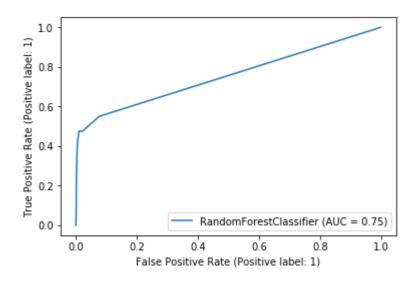


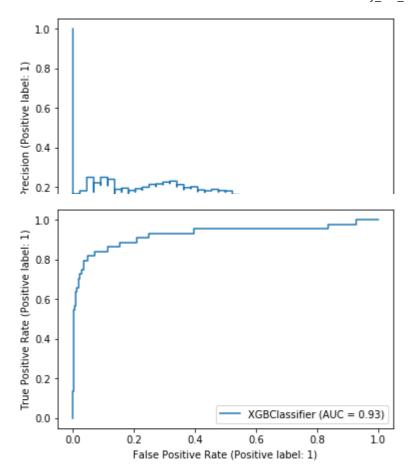












# Модель

```
In [ ]:
```

```
1
   #модель
 2
   #!pip install xqboost
 4 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
 5
   from sklearn.model selection import train test split
   from xgboost import XGBClassifier
 7
8 X = df_X.drop(columns = ['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y', 'is_pair']).fillna(0)
9
   y = df_X['is_pair']
10
11
   X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
           X, y, test size=0.3, random state=42)
12
13
14
   #clf = RandomForestClassifier(random state=0)
15
   clf = XGBClassifier(random_state=42)
16
17
   clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
18
19
   y_test_predict = clf.predict(X_test)
   y_train_predict = clf.predict(X_train)
20
21
   y_test_predict_proba = clf.predict_proba(X_test)
22
23
   from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
24
   from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
25
   from sklearn.metrics import average precision score
26
27
   print('roc_auc_score:', roc_auc_score(y_train, y_train_predict),
28
          'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_train, y_train_predict))
29
   print("roc_auc_score:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict),
          'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict))
30
31
   from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
32
   from sklearn.metrics import plot_roc_curve
   from sklearn.metrics import precision recall curve
34
35
   from sklearn.metrics import plot_precision_recall_curve
36
37
   disp = plot_precision_recall_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
38
   from sklearn.metrics import average_precision_score
39
   average_precision = average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
40
   print(average precision)
41
42 | disp = plot_roc_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
43
   roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
44
   print(roc_auc)
```

# Смотрим, где неправильно предсказала модель

# In [ ]:

```
1 Cls_result = pd.DataFrame(y_test)
2 Cls_result['proba'] = y_test_predict_proba[:,1]
3 Cls_result['predict'] = y_test_predict
4 Cls_result = Cls_result.join(df_X[['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y']])
5
6 alpha = .1
7
8 Cls_result['predict_alpha'] = np.where(Cls_result['proba']> alpha, 1, 0)
9 display(
10 Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair', 'predict_alpha']).agg({'msisdn_x':'count', 'proba':'mean'})
1 Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair', 'predict']).agg({'msisdn_x':'count', 'proba':'mean'}))
```

# In [ ]:

```
a, b, is_pair, proba = Cls_result[(Cls_result['is_pair'] == 1) &
                               (Cls_result['predict_alpha'] == 0)].sample(n = 1).iloc[0][[
   #a, b, is_pair, proba = 158503476701, 158503536671, 0, 0
 3
4
   print('msisdn_1, msisdn_2', a, b, 'is_pair: ', is_pair, 'proba:', proba )
   fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15, 4))
   show_chart(fig, df_data[df_data['msisdn'] == a], df_data[df_data['msisdn'] == b])
 7
    plt.show()
 8
9
10
   m = folium.Map(location=(55.7522200, 37.6155600))
   show_circles_on_map(m, df_data[df_data['msisdn'] == a ], "lat", "long", "blue")
11
   show_circles_on_map(m, df_data[df_data['msisdn'] == b ], "lat", "long", "red")
12
13
```

#### In [38]:

```
1 Cls_result_agg_copy = Cls_result_agg.copy()
```

## In [43]:

```
1 Cls_result_agg_2_test[(Cls_result_agg_2_test['is_pair'] == 1) & (Cls_result_agg_2_test
```

## Out[43]:

	is_pair	msisdn_x	predict	predict_alpha	proba
2	1	15	NaN	0.0	0.027333
2	1	16	NaN	0.0	0.028750
2	1	10	NaN	0.0	0.041000
2	1	14	NaN	0.0	0.027857
2	1	18	NaN	0.0	0.023889

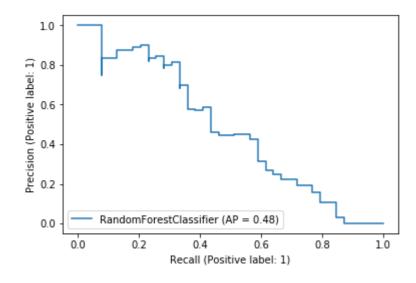
# In [39]:

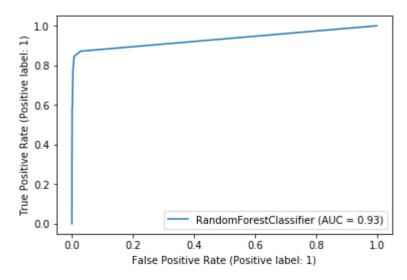
```
Cls_result_agg = pd.DataFrame()
 2 | BINS_QNT = 90
   ln ind = True
 4 shift inf = False
 5
   cls ind = 'RF'
   dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_ind_ln = True, False, False
 7
    dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift = True, False, False
 8
   clfs = []
 9
    for bins q, ln ind, shift ind, clf ind, dist ind ln, coord ind ln, center dist ind ln,
10
11
                                 [30, True, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, F
                                 [60, True, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, F
12
                                 [90, True, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, F
13
14
                                 [120, True, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False,
                                [150, True, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False,
15
16
17
        df_data_bin_ln, bins_list_ln = CreateTimeBeans(df_data, BINS_QNT)
18
        df_data_pivot_base_ln = CreatePivotBase(df_data_bin_ln)
19
20
        df_data_bin_agg_ln = AggData(df_data_bin_ln)
21
        df_data_agg_for_pivot_ln = LinearCombData(df_data_pivot_base_ln, df_data_bin_agg_l
22
23
        df data shift = AddDataDelta(df data)
        df_data_bin_shift, bins_list_shift = CreateTimeBeans(df_data_shift, BINS_QNT)
24
25
        df_data_pivot_base_shift = CreatePivotBase(df_data_bin_shift)
26
        df_data_bin_agg_shift = AggData(df_data_bin_shift)
27
        df_data_agg_for_pivot_shift = CombData(df_data_pivot_base_shift, df_data_bin_agg_s|
28
        df_msisdn_pairs = CreateMsisdnPairs(facts, df_data, 0.25)
29
30
31
        df_data_agg_pivot_ln = CreatePivot(df_data_agg_for_pivot_ln)
        df_data_agg_pivot_shift = CreatePivot(df_data_agg_for_pivot_shift)
32
33
        df X ln = CreateAndProcessPivot(df msisdn pairs, df data agg pivot ln, bins list l
34
35
        df_X_shift = CreateAndProcessPivot(df_msisdn_pairs, df_data_agg_pivot_shift, bins_i
36
37
        df X = pd.DataFrame()
38
        if (ln_ind):
39
            df_X = pd.concat([df_X_ln, df_X], axis = 1)
40
        if (shift ind):
            df X = pd.concat([df X shift, df X], axis = 1)
41
42
43
        df X.reset index(inplace = True)
44
45
        X = df_X.drop(columns = ['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y', 'is_pair']).fillna(0)
        y = df X['is pair']
46
47
48
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
            X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
49
50
        if(clf ind == 'RF'):
51
            clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=0)
52
        else:
53
            clf = XGBClassifier(random state=42)
54
55
        clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
56
57
        y_test_predict = clf.predict(X_test)
58
        y train predict = clf.predict(X train)
59
        y test predict proba = clf.predict proba(X test)
```

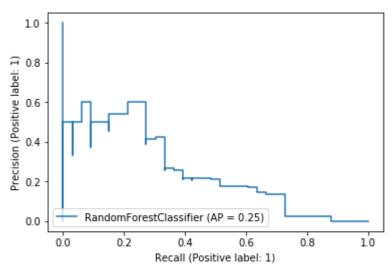
```
60
61
        print('[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist]
             [bins q, ln ind, shift inf, cls ind,
62
            dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_ind_ln,
63
64
            dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift])
65
        print('roc_auc_score:', roc_auc_score(y_train, y_train_predict),
66
              'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_train, y_train_predict
67
        print("roc_auc_score:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict),
68
              'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict))
69
70
71
72
        disp = plot_precision_recall_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
73
        average_precision = average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
74
        print(average_precision)
75
76
        disp = plot_roc_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
77
        roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
78
        print(roc_auc)
79
80
81
        Cls_result = pd.DataFrame(y_test)
        Cls_result['proba'] = y_test_predict_proba[:,1]
82
        Cls_result['predict'] = y_test_predict
83
        Cls_result = Cls_result.join(df_X[['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y']])
84
85
86
        alpha = .1
87
88
        Cls_result['predict_alpha'] = np.where(Cls_result['proba']> alpha, 1, 0)
        Cls_result_agg = Cls_result_agg.append(Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair',
89
        Cls_result_agg = Cls_result_agg.append(Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair', 'predict']).
90
91
```

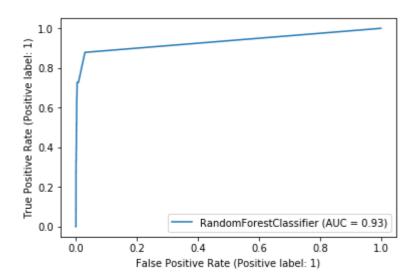
```
(129324, 3)
(127199, 91)
(127199, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [30, True, F
alse, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.6153714992543985 average_precision_score: 0.208478471214320
28
0.20847847121432028
0.6153714992543985
(129326, 3)
(127214, 91)
(127214, 91)
[bins q, ln ind, shift inf, cls ind, dist ind ln, coord ind ln, center dist
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, True, F
alse, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.6361800635114387 average_precision_score: 0.107348216010261
25
0.10734821601026125
0.6361800635114387
(129301, 3)
(127169, 91)
(127169, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
```

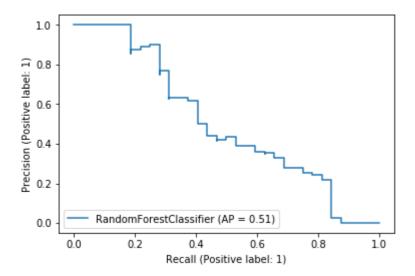
```
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, True, F
alse, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc auc score: 1.0 average precision score: 1.0
roc auc score: 0.6249868831816154 average precision score: 0.222851301407564
0.22285130140756468
0.6249868831816154
(129289, 3)
(127148, 91)
(127148, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [120, True,
False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.6142069947895191 average_precision_score: 0.131320070301026
4
0.1313200703010264
0.6142069947895191
(129307, 3)
(127165, 91)
(127165, 91)
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, cls_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_
ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [150, True,
False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 1.0 average_precision_score: 1.0
roc_auc_score: 0.5415879554319497 average_precision_score: 0.028642784330857
724
0.028642784330857724
0.5415879554319497
```

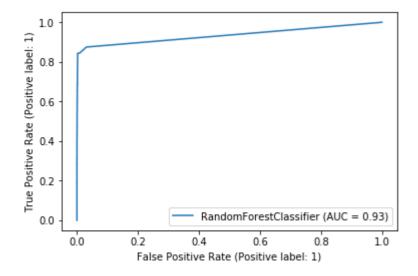


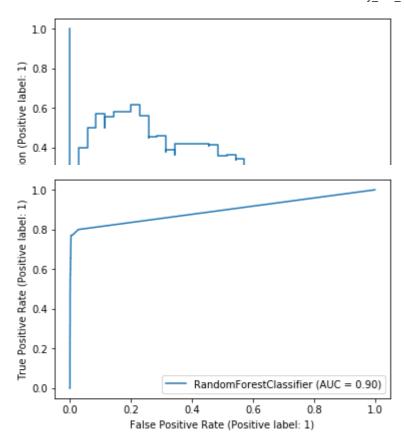


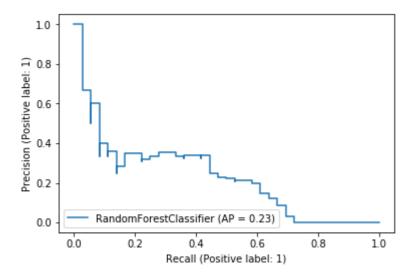


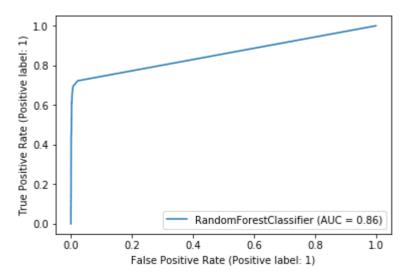












```
In [40]:
```

```
1 Cls_result_agg_2_test = Cls_result_agg.copy()
```

# Использование модели

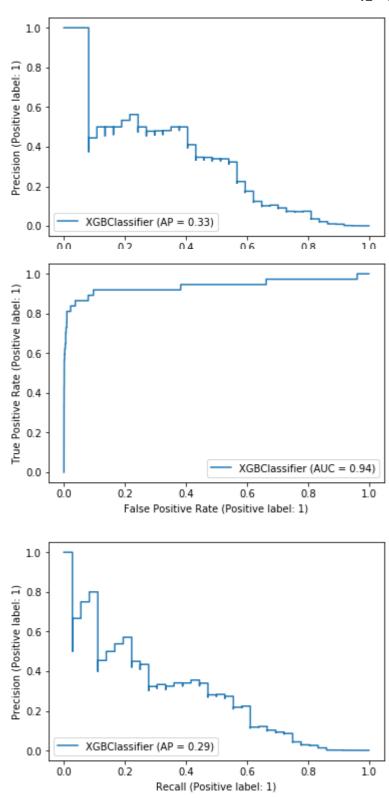
# In [41]:

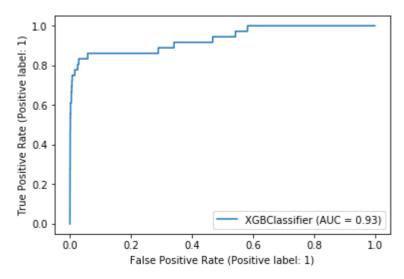
```
Cls_result_agg = pd.DataFrame()
 2 | BINS_QNT = 90
   ln ind = True
 4 shift inf = False
 5
   cls ind = 'RF'
   dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_ind_ln = True, False, False
 7
    dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift = True, False, False
 8
   clfs = []
 9
    for bins q, ln ind, shift ind, clf ind, dist ind ln, coord ind ln, center dist ind ln,
10
11
                                 [30, True, False, 'GF', True, False, False, True, False, F
                                 [60, True, False, 'GF', True, False, False, True, False, F
12
                                 [90, True, False, 'GF', True, False, False, True, False, F
13
14
                                 [120, True, False, 'GF', True, False, False, True, False,
                                [150, True, False, 'GF', True, False, False, True, False,
15
16
17
        df_data_bin_ln, bins_list_ln = CreateTimeBeans(df_data, BINS_QNT)
18
        df_data_pivot_base_ln = CreatePivotBase(df_data_bin_ln)
19
20
        df_data_bin_agg_ln = AggData(df_data_bin_ln)
21
        df_data_agg_for_pivot_ln = LinearCombData(df_data_pivot_base_ln, df_data_bin_agg_l
22
23
        df data shift = AddDataDelta(df data)
24
        df_data_bin_shift, bins_list_shift = CreateTimeBeans(df_data_shift, BINS_QNT)
25
        df_data_pivot_base_shift = CreatePivotBase(df_data_bin_shift)
26
        df_data_bin_agg_shift = AggData(df_data_bin_shift)
27
        df_data_agg_for_pivot_shift = CombData(df_data_pivot_base_shift, df_data_bin_agg_s|
28
        df_msisdn_pairs = CreateMsisdnPairs(facts, df_data, 0.25)
29
30
31
        df_data_agg_pivot_ln = CreatePivot(df_data_agg_for_pivot_ln)
        df_data_agg_pivot_shift = CreatePivot(df_data_agg_for_pivot_shift)
32
33
        df X ln = CreateAndProcessPivot(df msisdn pairs, df data agg pivot ln, bins list l
34
35
        df_X_shift = CreateAndProcessPivot(df_msisdn_pairs, df_data_agg_pivot_shift, bins_i
36
37
        df X = pd.DataFrame()
38
        if (ln_ind):
39
            df_X = pd.concat([df_X_ln, df_X], axis = 1)
40
        if (shift ind):
            df X = pd.concat([df X shift, df X], axis = 1)
41
42
43
        df X.reset index(inplace = True)
44
45
        X = df_X.drop(columns = ['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y', 'is_pair']).fillna(0)
        y = df X['is pair']
46
47
48
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
            X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
49
50
        if(clf ind == 'RF'):
51
            clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=0)
52
        else:
53
            clf = XGBClassifier(random state=42)
54
55
        clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
56
57
        y_test_predict = clf.predict(X_test)
58
        y train predict = clf.predict(X train)
59
        y test predict proba = clf.predict proba(X test)
```

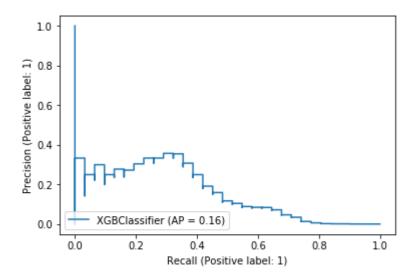
```
60
61
        print('[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, clf_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist]
             [bins q, ln ind, shift inf, cls ind,
62
            dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dist_ind_ln,
63
64
            dist ind shift, coord ind shift, center dist ind shift])
65
        print('roc_auc_score:', roc_auc_score(y_train, y_train_predict),
66
              'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_train, y_train_predict
67
        print("roc_auc_score:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict),
68
              'average_precision_score:', average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict))
69
70
71
72
        disp = plot_precision_recall_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
73
        average_precision = average_precision_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
74
        print(average_precision)
75
76
        disp = plot_roc_curve(clf, X_test, y_test)
77
        roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_test_predict)
78
        print(roc_auc)
79
80
81
        Cls_result = pd.DataFrame(y_test)
        Cls_result['proba'] = y_test_predict_proba[:,1]
82
        Cls_result['predict'] = y_test_predict
83
        Cls_result = Cls_result.join(df_X[['msisdn_x', 'msisdn_y']])
84
85
86
        alpha = .1
87
88
        Cls_result['predict_alpha'] = np.where(Cls_result['proba']> alpha, 1, 0)
        Cls_result_agg = Cls_result_agg.append(Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair',
89
        Cls_result_agg = Cls_result_agg.append(Cls_result.groupby(['is_pair', 'predict']).
90
91
```

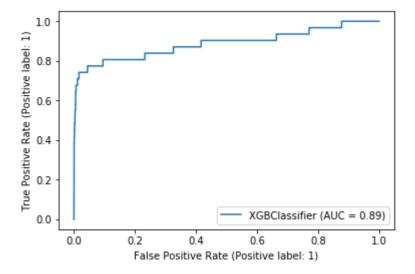
```
(129308, 3)
(127100, 91)
(127100, 91)
[12:26:08] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins q, ln ind, shift inf, clf ind, dist ind ln, coord ind ln, center dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [30, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc auc score: 0.9878048780487805 average precision score: 0.9756322355850
roc_auc_score: 0.6215297412236482 average_precision_score: 0.1375586542482
6874
0.13755865424826874
0.6215297412236482
(129315, 3)
(127199, 91)
(127199, 91)
[12:27:12] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, clf_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
```

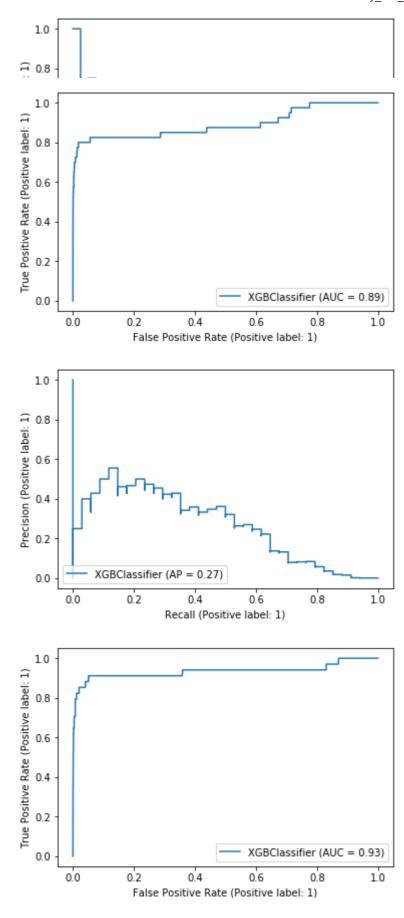
```
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [60, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc auc score: 0.9879518072289157 average precision score: 0.9759260765250
154
roc auc score: 0.5554899800650509 average precision score: 0.0502212904728
628
0.0502212904728628
0.5554899800650509
(129312, 3)
(127089, 91)
(127089, 91)
[12:28:19] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64_release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, clf_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [90, Tru
e, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 0.9886363636363636 average_precision_score: 0.9772952087816
862
roc_auc_score: 0.5482558493991411 average_precision_score: 0.0230668939077
25525
0.023066893907725525
0.5482558493991411
(129314, 3)
(127161, 91)
(127161, 91)
[12:29:28] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64 release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, clf_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t_ind_ln, dist_ind_shift, coord_ind_shift, center_dist_ind_shift] [120, Tr
ue, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 0.9936708860759493 average_precision_score: 0.9873530065921
989
roc_auc_score: 0.6123950379175523 average_precision_score: 0.1199302502725
3819
0.11993025027253819
0.6123950379175523
(129322, 3)
(127138, 91)
(127138, 91)
[12:30:33] WARNING: C:/Users/Administrator/workspace/xgboost-win64 release
_1.3.0/src/learner.cc:1061: Starting in XGBoost 1.3.0, the default evaluat
ion metric used with the objective 'binary:logistic' was changed from 'err
or' to 'logloss'. Explicitly set eval_metric if you'd like to restore the
old behavior.
[bins_q, ln_ind, shift_inf, clf_ind, dist_ind_ln, coord_ind_ln, center_dis
t ind ln, dist ind shift, coord ind shift, center dist ind shift] [150, Tr
ue, False, 'RF', True, False, False, True, False, False]
roc_auc_score: 0.9941176470588236 average_precision_score: 0.9882465305777
127
roc_auc_score: 0.6028362116338085 average_precision_score: 0.0967863124485
2824
0.09678631244852824
0.6028362116338085
```











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