Introduction to Embedded Systems – Laboratory L2

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Date:		Tasks/lab evaluation:	A.1 (1pt)	A.2 (1pt)	В	(2pt)	C.1 (1pt)	C.2 (1pt)	Σ	signat.
Name	1:			-						
Name	2:									
									<u> </u>	
		fter you take ye charge that y								
If at an	y point ir	n time a licens	e window j	pops up, cho	ose	the FR	EE LICEN	SE option.		
		or every step a mpleted numb					icher.			
Prelin	ninary s	teps								
	open <i>Cod</i>	le Composer S	Studio with	a new work	kspa	ce locat	ion (add "-	lab2" to the	e nar	ne);
-		delete (or not)		-		•	previous w	ork first!		
	-	xisting CSS E				•	aMana C	Carriag Tuan	71 020	amples"
		n order to <i>sele</i> box at <i>timers</i>		-		\!!\1!00	iware_c_	series-[ver]\ext	umpies
		timers.c code				ıll the c	ode			
	create an	empty main f	function wi	th an empty	y inf	inite lo	op at the er	nd of the m	ain f	function
		after the main								
	compile (debug) the pr	ogram in o	rder to see	if th	ere are	no errors [report if the	ere a	re]
A Sof	tware de	elays								
A.1 So	ftware de	lay								
	include fi	ve following h	eader files	to your pro	grai	n:				
		h>, $<$ stdint. h :		· -		-				nmap.h"
	 use main 16 MHz oscillator without / with PLL [ask for instruction] divide the main frequency by [ask for instruction] 									
			_	-				me dolow		
	calculate an approximate number of cycles in order to perform 500 ms delay: find out to which pins of which port(s) are the LED diodes connected – write down the									
		for the diodes								
		of the above		_/, בו		/	, D _	_/,,		/
		e above pins as	_							
		inite loop:	1							
[□ read t	he current log	ical value f	from the pir	or cor	nected	to the Do	diode and v	vrite	the
		ite value to th	-							
_		e system cont	_						_	_
	-	the system co	_		_				d nu	mber
(of cycles -	– report the ta	ask if comp	lete, explan	n the	e differe	ences in nu	mbers		
		elay – ROM ve								
		ne header file		_		-				
		ne <i>system con</i> the frequencie					ersion			
	compare.	тие пестепе	-s — renort	THE TASK IF (:OIM	лете				

 □ include three header files to your program:	
 □ enable the <i>timer o</i> □ write down the maximal value that you can put into the half-width counter: □ write down the maximal value that you can put into the full-width counter: □ which counter type (half- or full-width) will the calculated cycles number fit? □ what is the maximal time that you can measure with one full-width counter? □ configure the timer to be a periodic one, to count down and to have a proper width □ load the calculated cycles number (minus one – why?) to the <i>timer o</i> • set up the interrupts: □ enable the master interrupt □ enable the specific vector associated with the <i>timer o</i> (<i>timer oA</i>) □ enable the interrupt to be generated on a timeout of <i>timer oA</i> □ start (enable) the <i>timer A</i> of the <i>timer o</i> module • in the <i>timer o interrupt handler</i>: □ clear the interrupt source of the <i>timer A</i> timeout □ negate the logical value of the D1 diode (in the same way as in A.1) □ report the task if complete C PWM control C.1 static PWM □ include two header files to your program: "driverlib/pwm.h" and "driverlib/pin_map.h" □ set up the <i>PWM clock</i> to kHz [ask for instruction] □ based on the fact where the D2 diode is connected, determine and write down: - D2 port/pin:/ 	
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- D2 port/pin:/	
<u> </u>	
- PWM output pin number:	
··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- PWM generator number:	
- PWM module number:	
□ enable the proper PWM module	
□ configure the third diode pin (of proper port) as PWM type	
\square assign the third diode pin (of proper port) to proper PWM module and PWM output pin	
□ configure the proper PWM generator (of proper PWM module) as a down counter	
\Box set the PWM period register (<i>unsigned int</i> – 16 bits) for this generator in order to repeat	
the PWM cycle with the frequency ofkHz [ask for instruction]	
□ set for the generator the pulse width on % duty cycle (% of power) [ask for instr	r.]
\square enable the output state for the proper PWM output pin	
□ start (enable) the generator (of proper module)	
□ report the task if complete	
C.2 controlling the PWM with timer	
□ set up the <i>timer 1</i> for the interrupts every [ask for instruction]	
(following the same procedure as described in task B)	
□ make the <i>timer 1</i> interrupt handler to change the duty cycle of the D3 diode by	%
on every timer 1 interrupt, starting with% of power and ending at%	•
(then begin with the start power again).	