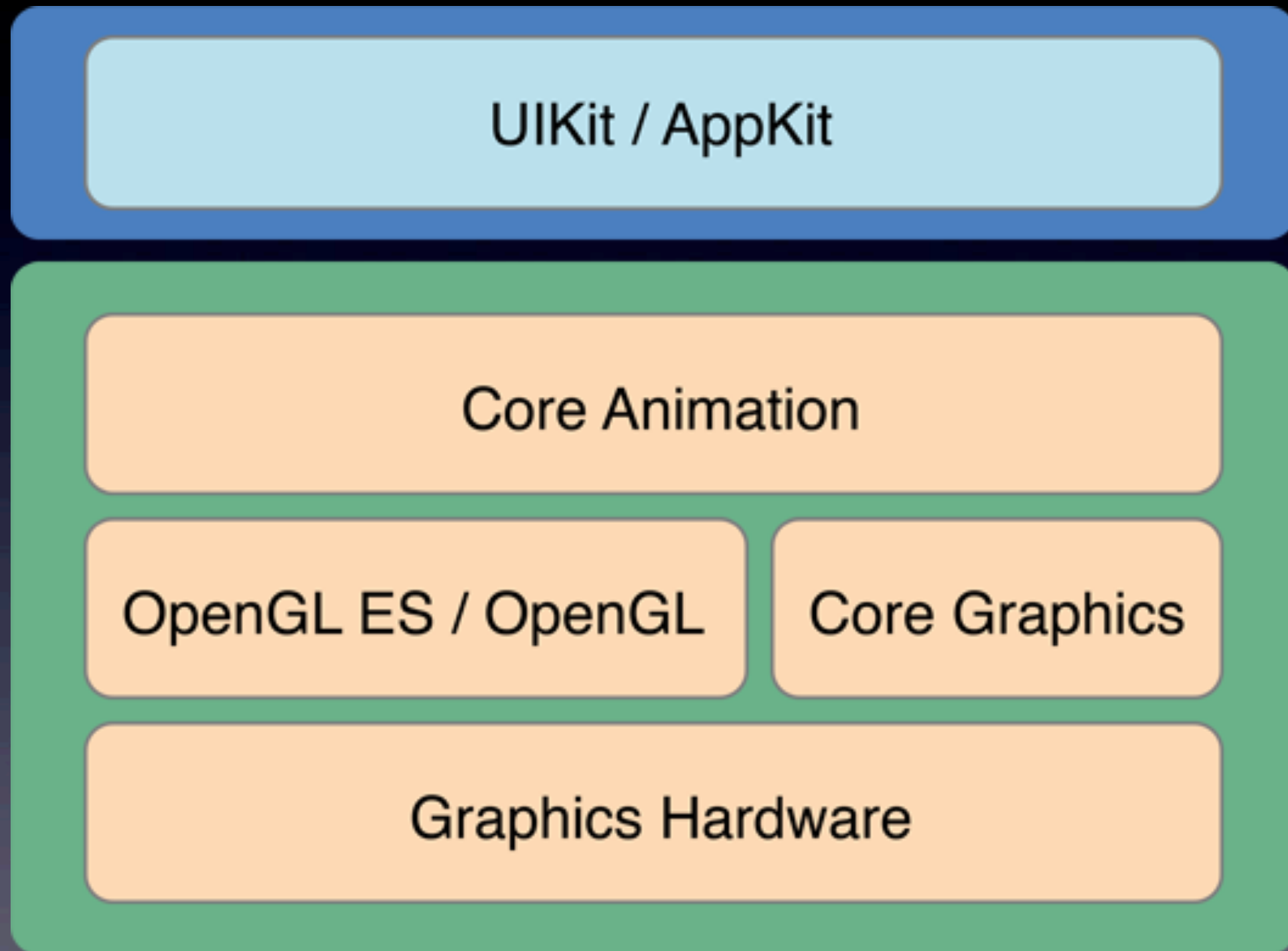


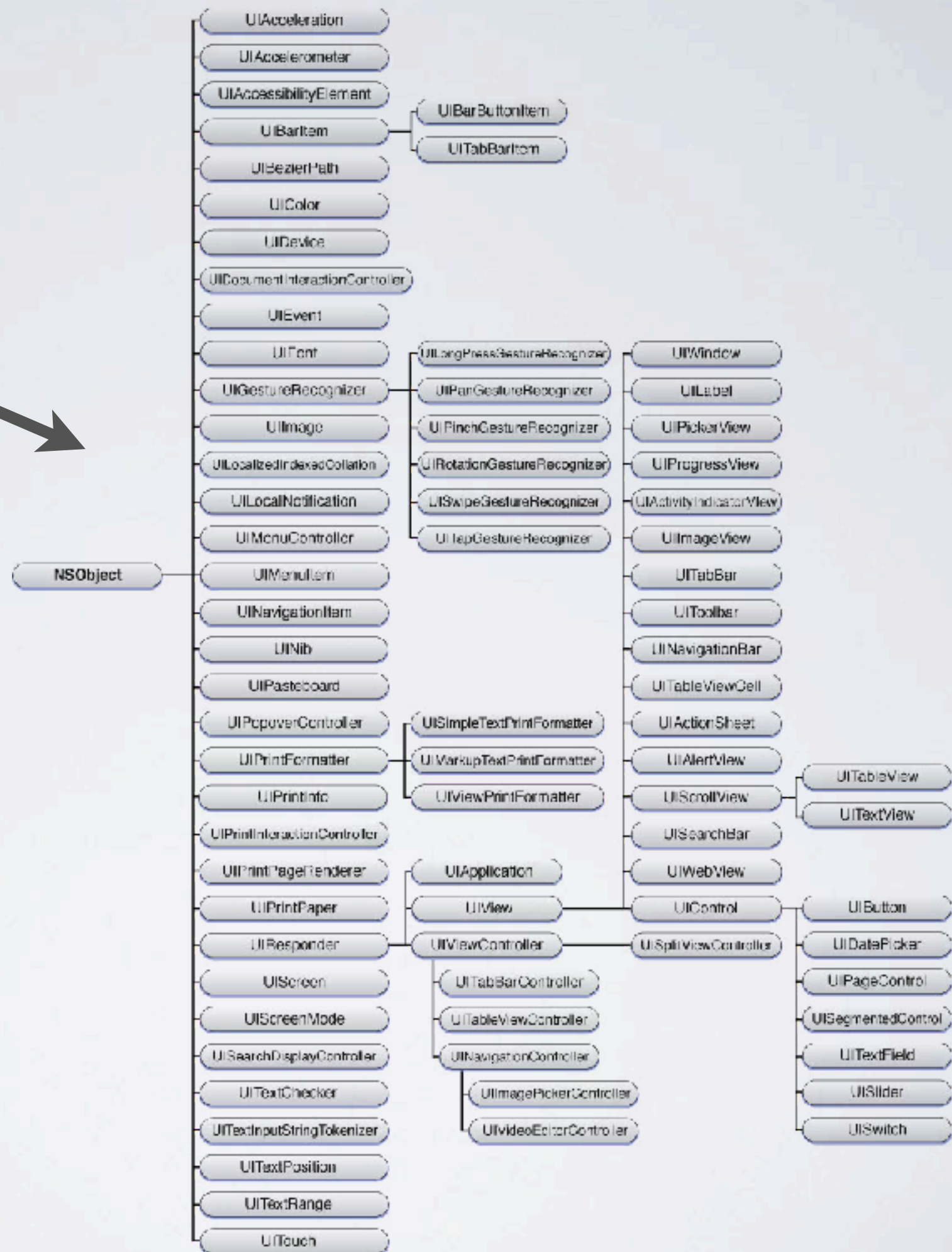
# Views and Stuff

# The iOS/OSX graphics stack



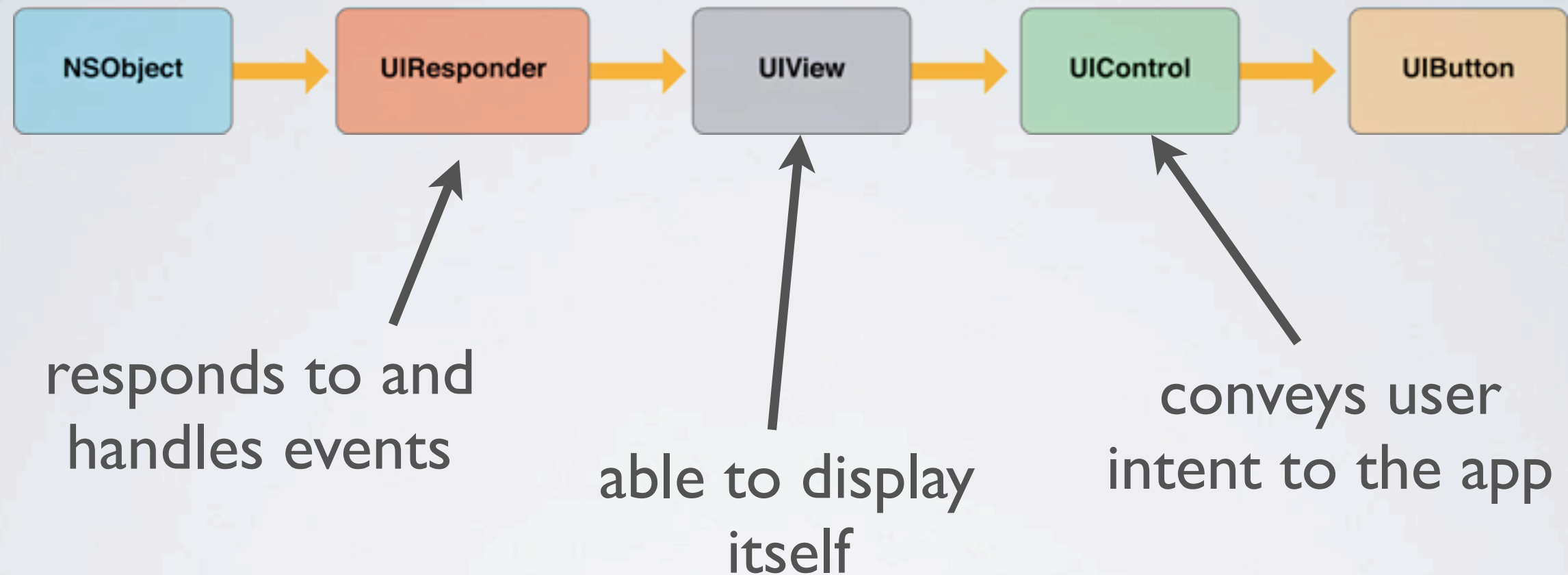
These are  
the classes  
in UIKit

The position of a  
class in the  
hierarchy tells  
you about its  
functionality



# For example: UIButton

Root Class



# View Basics

- Rectangular area on the screen
- Draws itself
- Handles events (Subclasses UIResponder)
- Organized in a hierarchy of superview and subviews
- Superview retains its subviews
- Views can be temporarily hidden  
`[myView setHidden:YES];`



# Handy Data Types

- CGFloat - basically a **float**
- CGPoint - structure (**X,Y**)
- CGSize - structure (**width, height**)
- CGRect - structure ( origin (**X,Y**),  
size (**width , height**) )

# Handy Functions

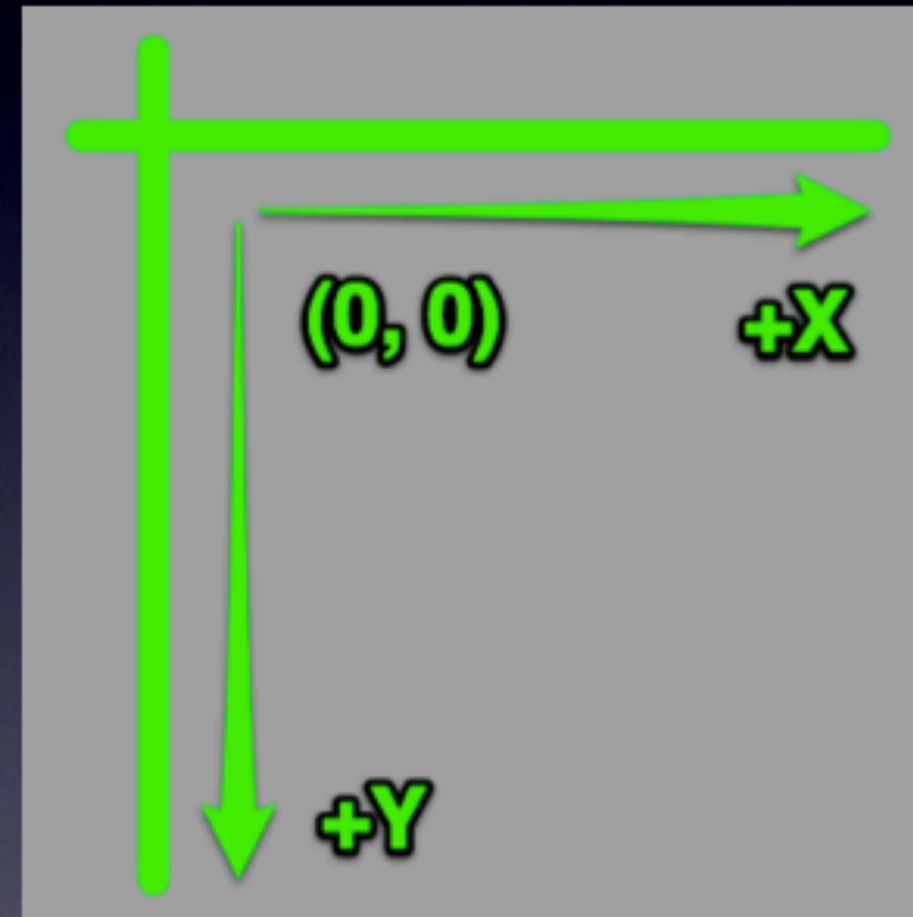
- `CGPoint CGPointMake(CGFloat X, CGFloat Y)`
- `CGSize CGSizeMake(CGFloat width, CGFloat height)`
- `CGRect CGRectMake(CGFloat X, CGFloat Y,  
CGFloat width, CGFloat height)`
- `CGRectContainsPoint, CGRectDivideRect, ...`

See: *CGGeometry Reference* for list of functions



# Coordinate System

- Origin in upper left
- Values increase to the right and downwards
- Doesn't change when the device is rotated

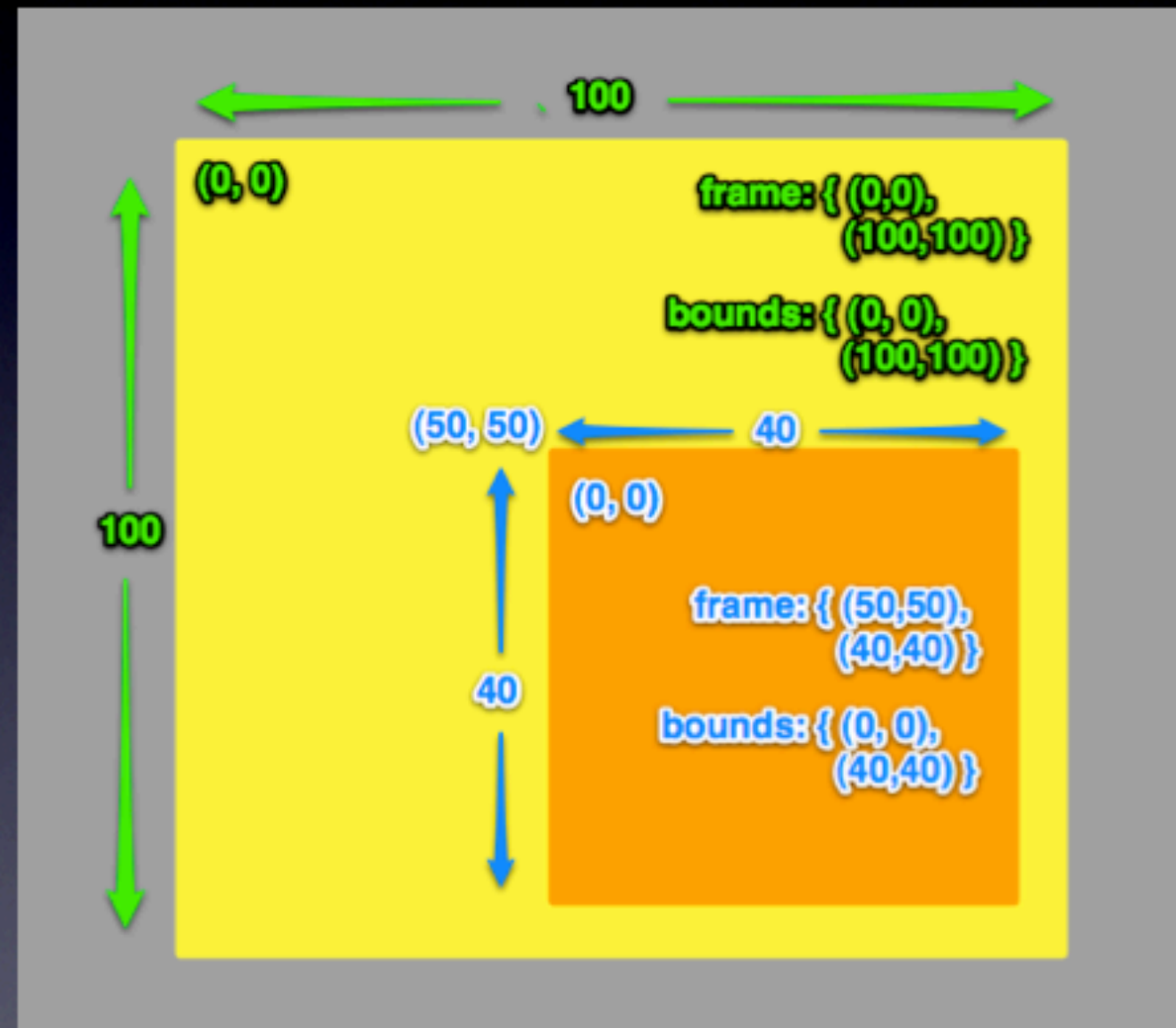




# Location and Size

- **Frame:** location and size in superview's coordinates
- **Bounds:** location and size in local coordinates
- Place views using origin (set **frame** property) or set center property directly

# Frame and Bounds

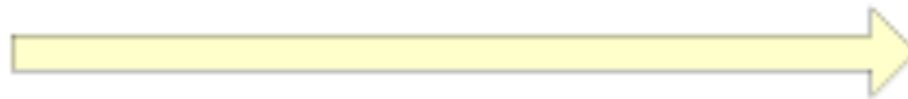
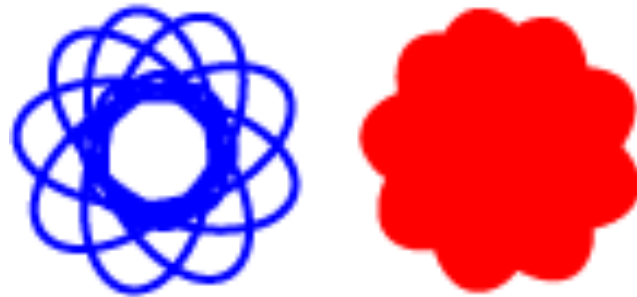


# Quartz 2D

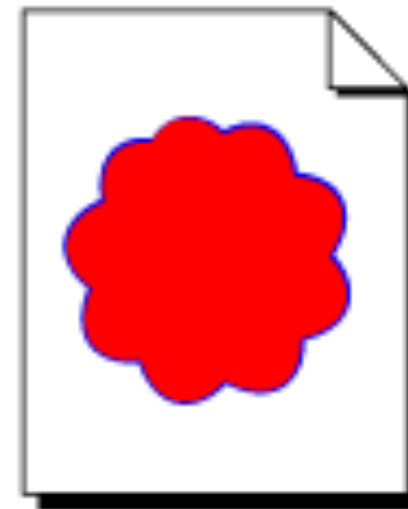


# Quartz2D drawing uses a “painter’s model”

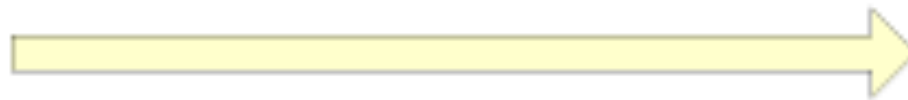
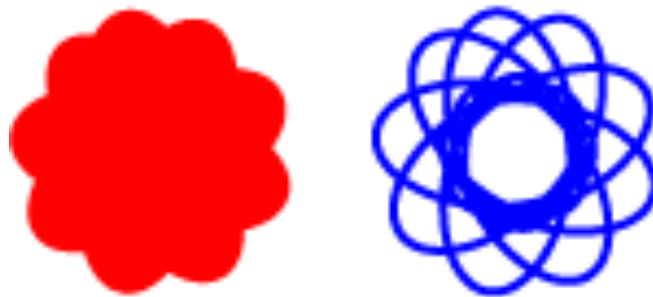
Drawing order



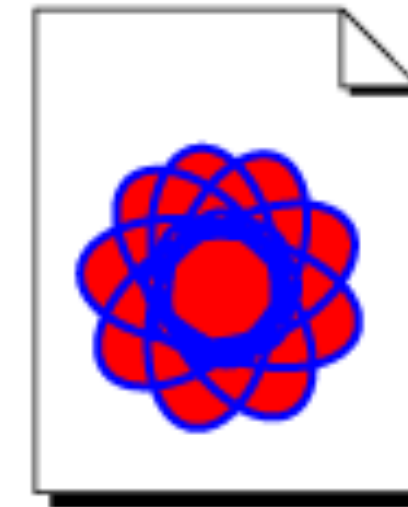
Result



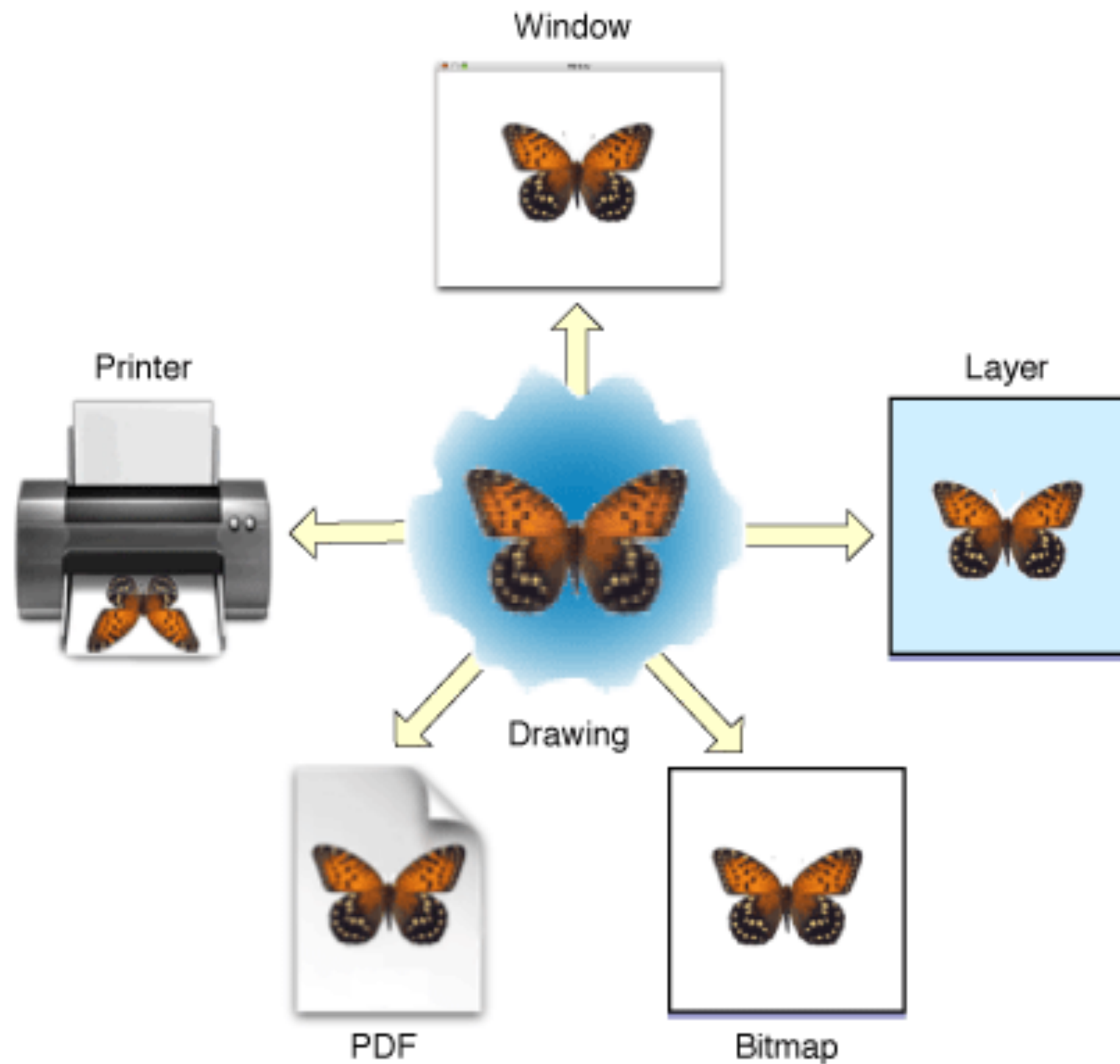
Drawing order



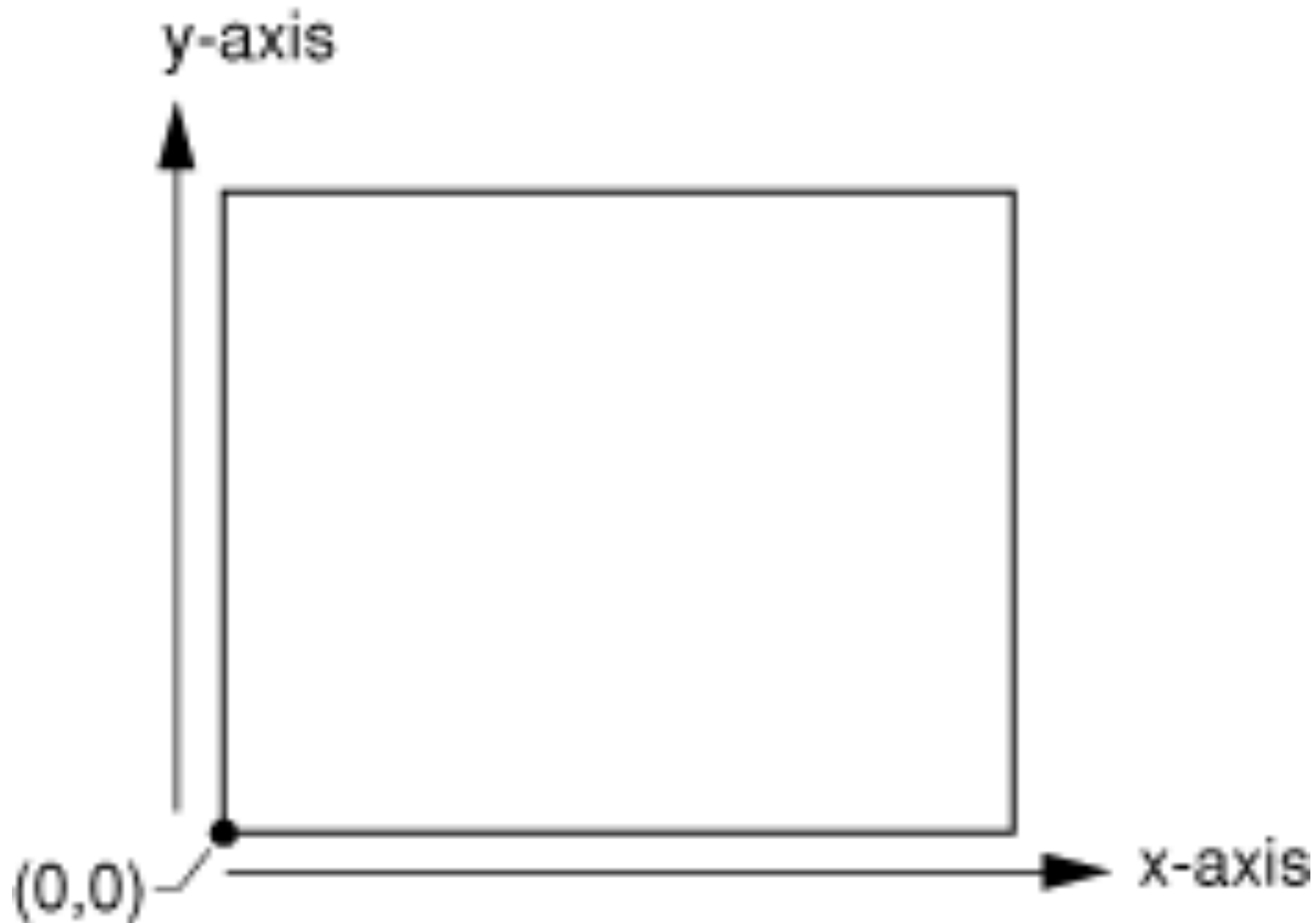
Result



# A Quartz drawing context can be many things



Quartz coordinates are the same as  
MacOS, but opposite from iOS

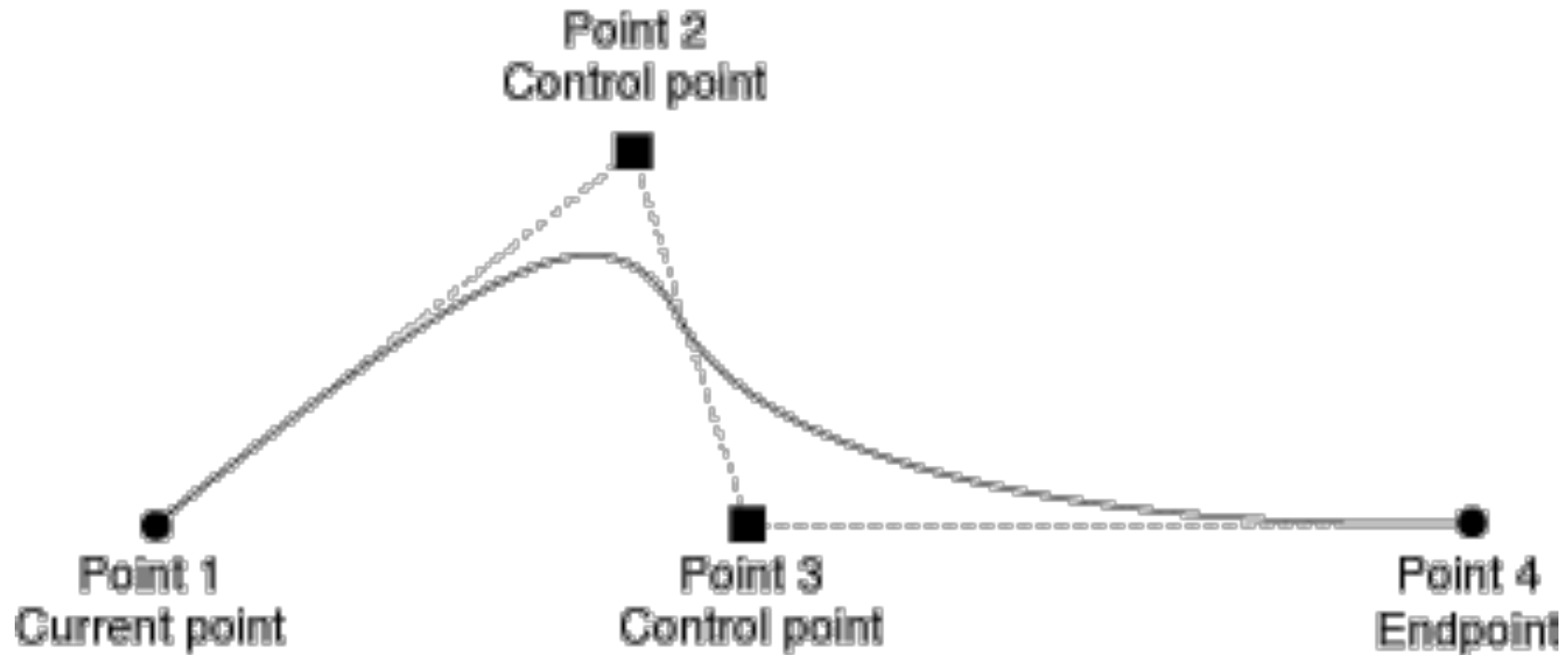




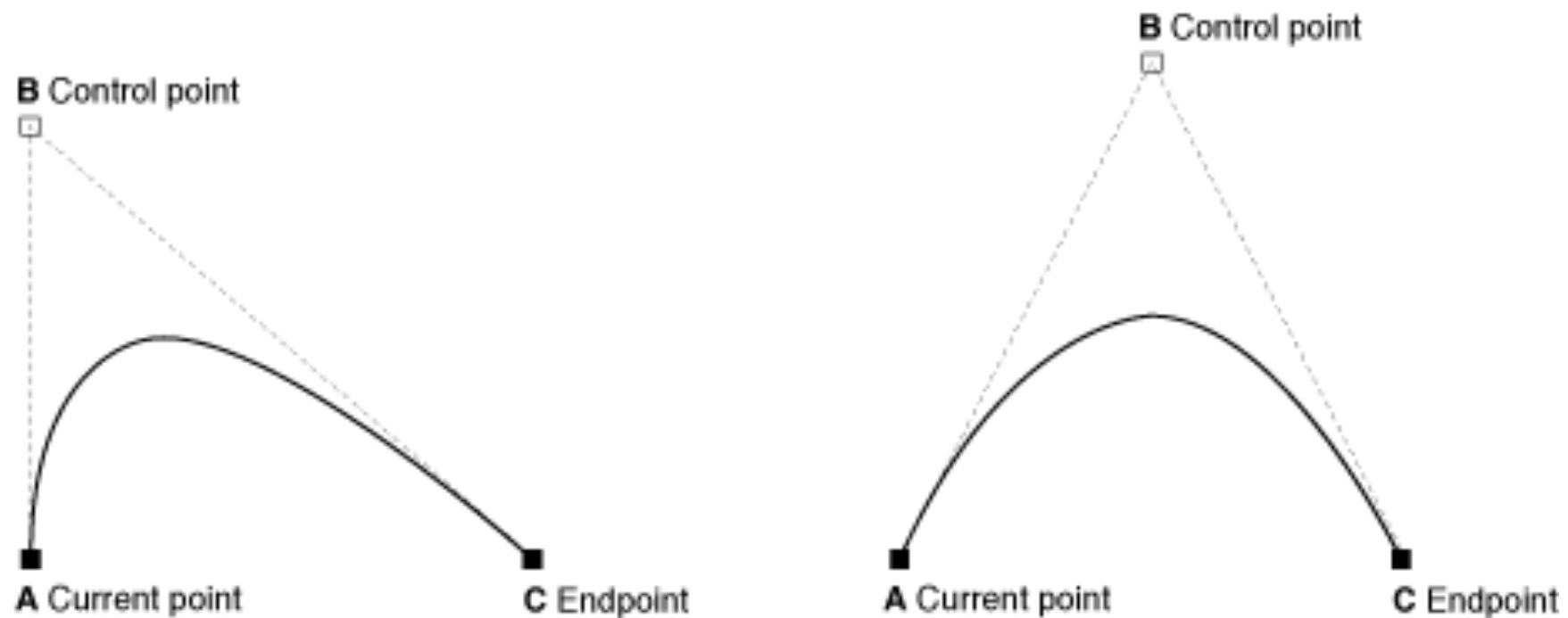
# Path-based drawing in Quartz



# Quartz Bezier curves



cubic



quadratic