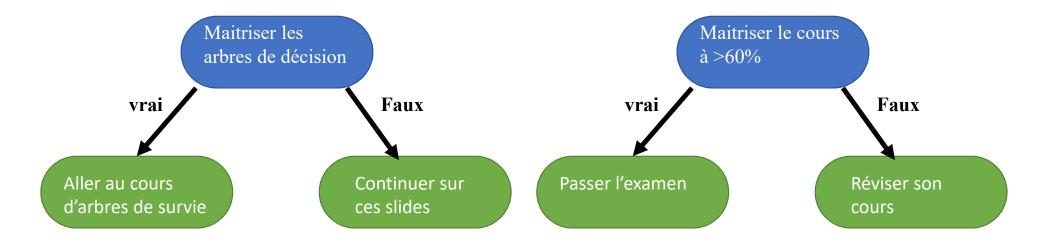
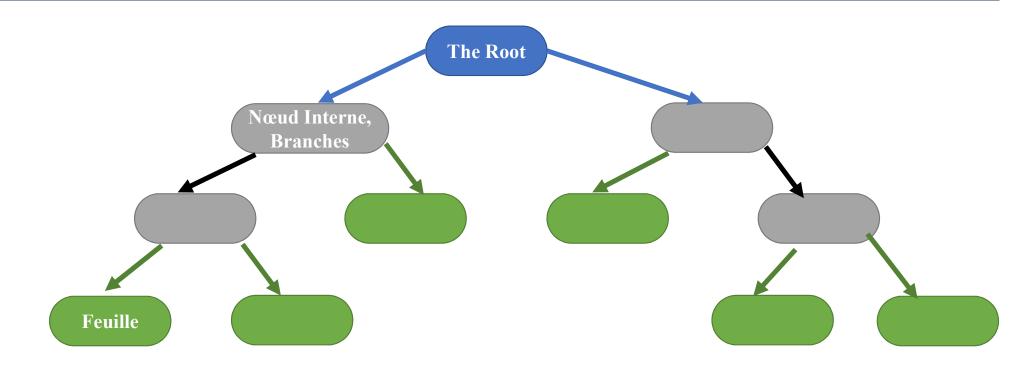
Analyse de Survie Professeur Abdellatif El Afia

Arbres de Décision



Arbre de classification

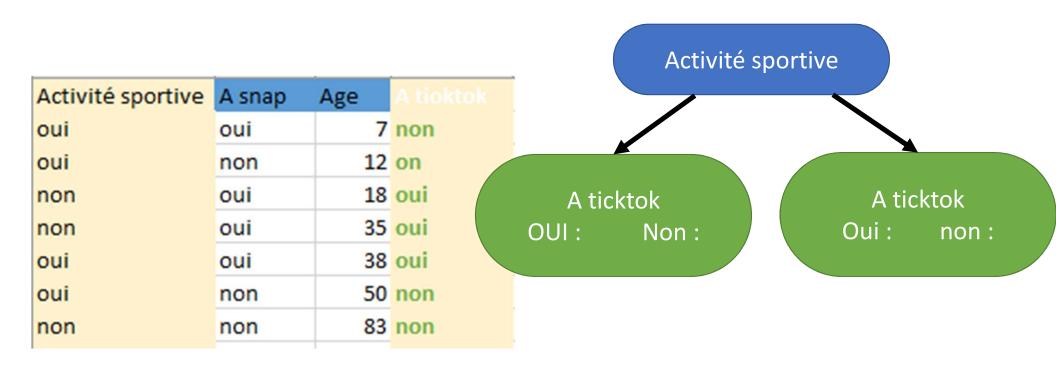
Arbre de régression

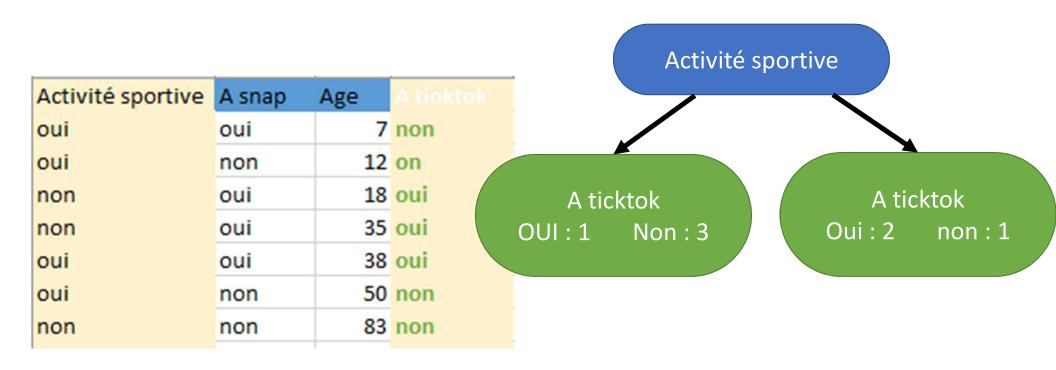


Analyse de Survie

3

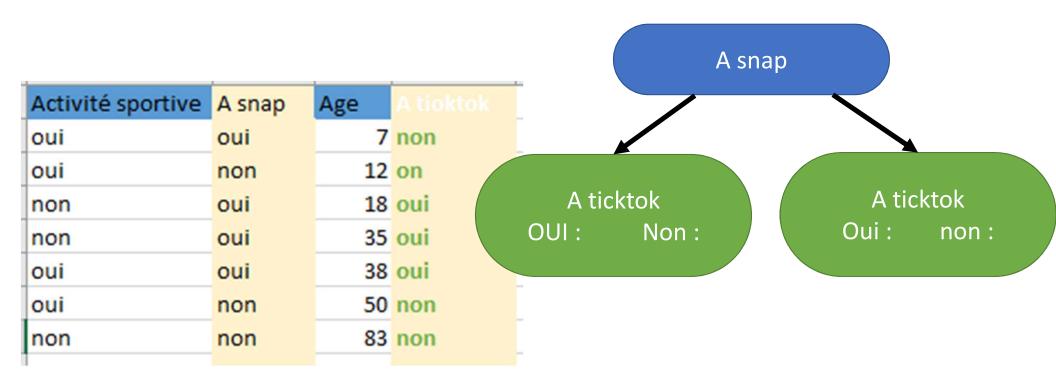
Activité sportive	A snap	Age	A tioktok
oui	oui	7	non
oui	non	12	on
non	oui	18	oui
non	oui	35	oui
oui	oui	38	oui
oui	non	50	non
non	non	83	non

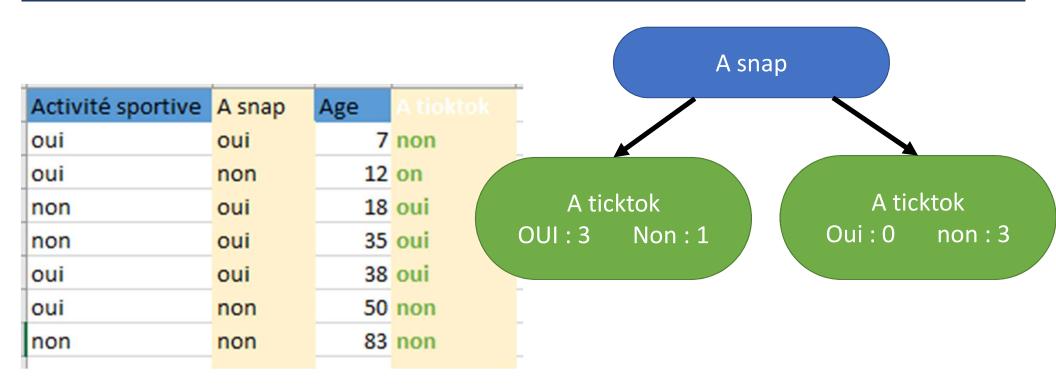


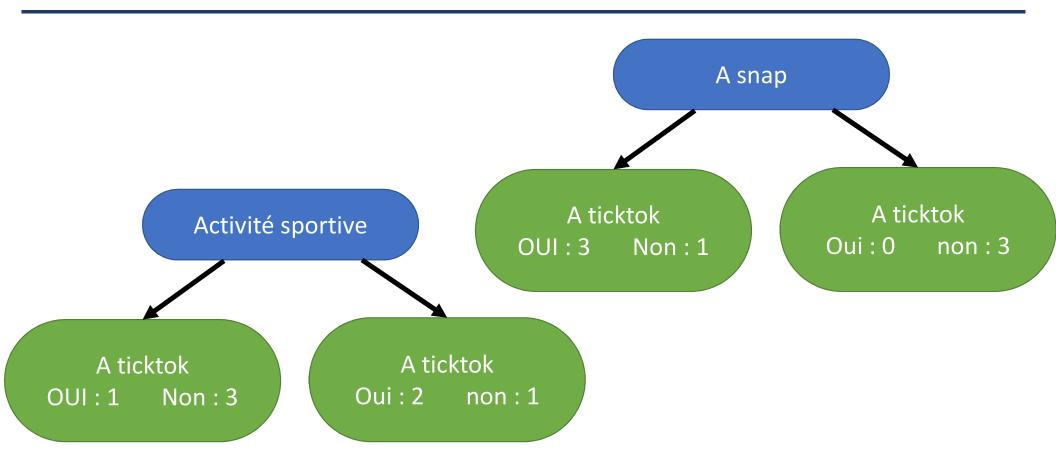


Analyse de Survie

6







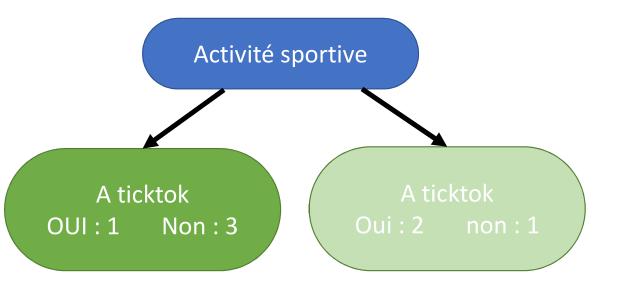
Analyse de Survie

9

Gini impurity for a leaf = $1 - P(oui)^2 - P(non)^2$

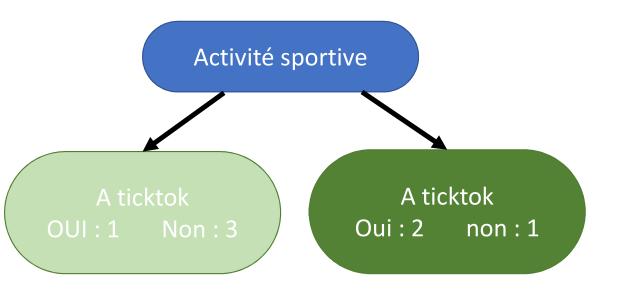
Total Gini Impurity = Somme of weighted Gini imprities

Gini impurity for a leaf = $1 - P(oui)^2 - P(non)^2$

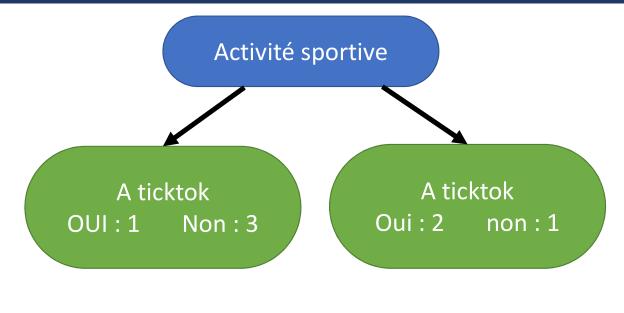


Gini Impurity = $1 - (1/4)^2 - (3/4)^2$ = 0.375

Gini impurity for a leaf = $1 - P(oui)^2 - P(non)^2$

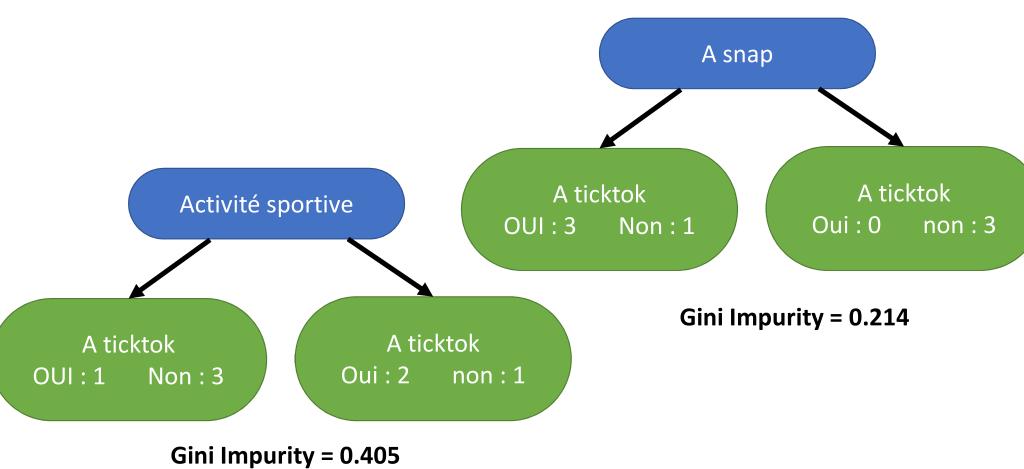


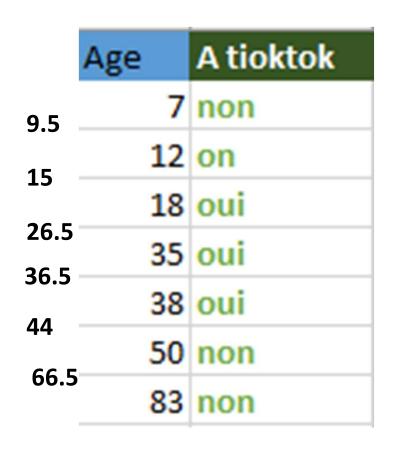
Gini Impurity = $1 - (2/3)^2 - (1/3)^2$ = 0.444



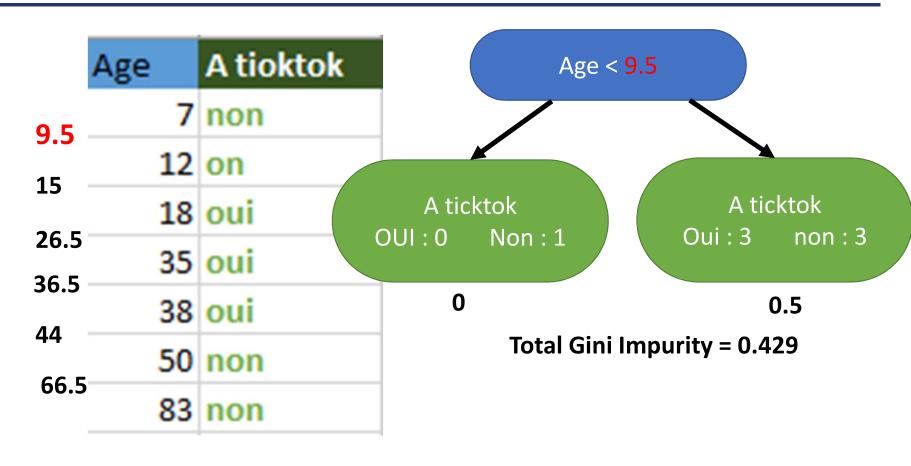
Gini Impuity **0.375 0.444**

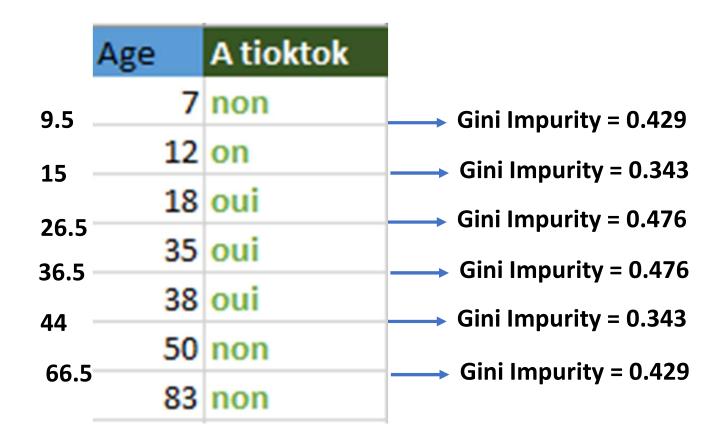
Total Gini Impurity = Somme of weighted Gini imprities
=
$$4/7 * 0.375 + 3/7 * 0.44 = 0.405$$

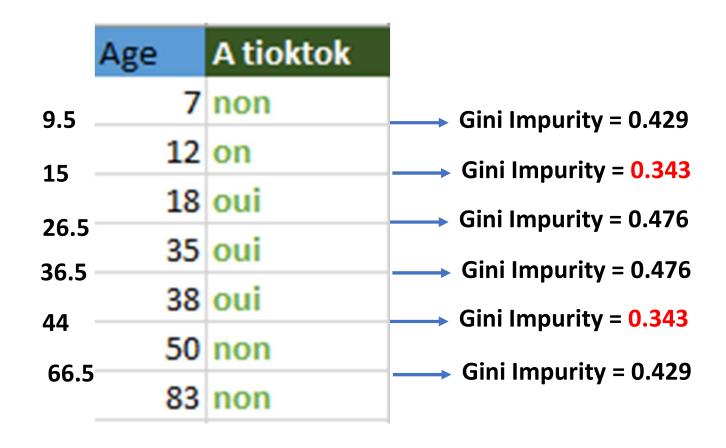


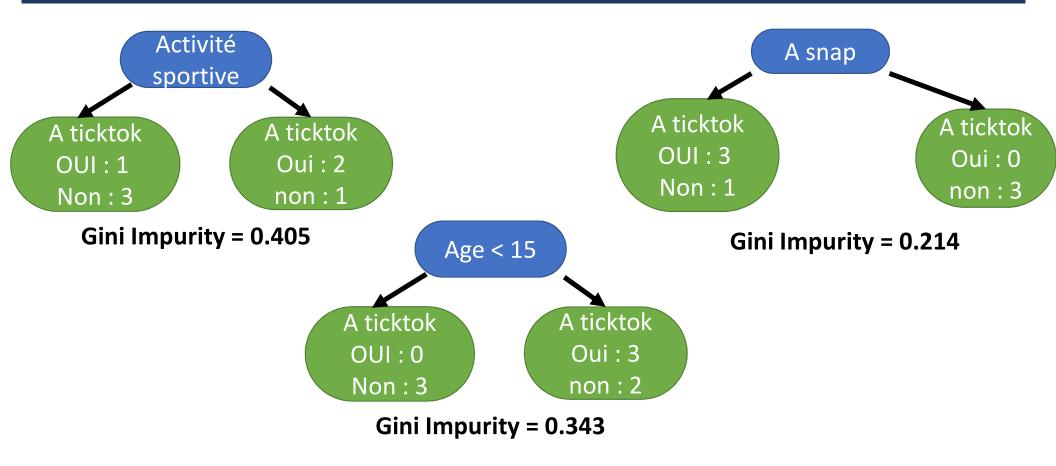


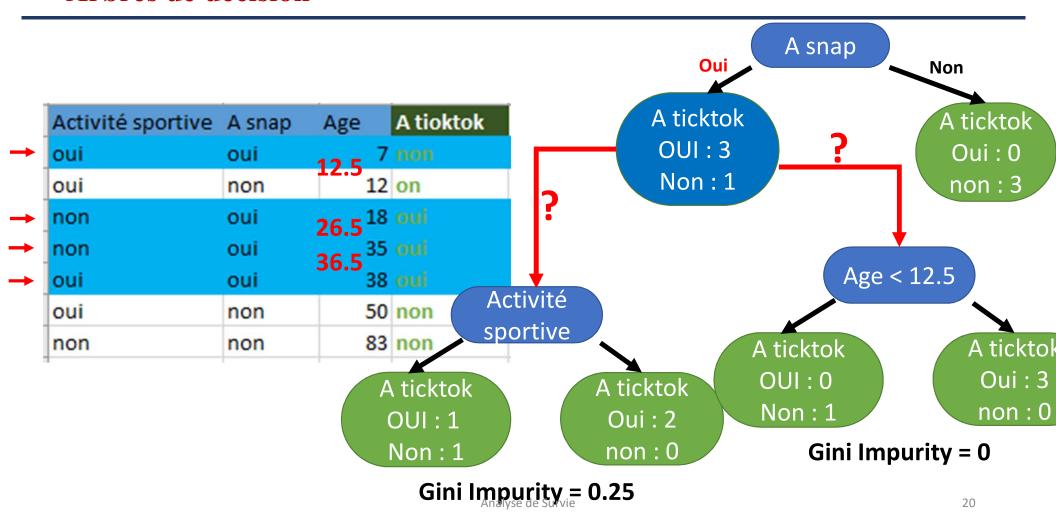
- On commence par ordonner les valeurs dans un ordre croissant, puis on calcule la moyenne entre chaque deux valeurs successives.
- Chaque moyenne est un seuil qui partitionne la Data.
- On calcule le Gini Impurity pour chaque seuil et on choisi le seuil avec le Gini Impurity le plus petit.



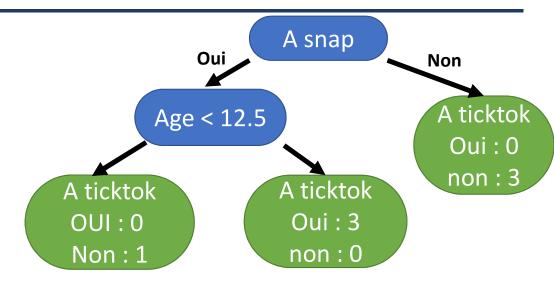






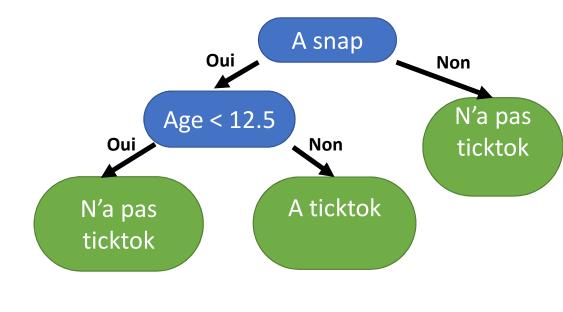


Activité sportive	A snap	Age	A tioktok
oui	oui	7	non
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non	oui	18	oui
non	oui	35	oui
oui	oui	38	oui
oui	non	50	non
non	non	83	non



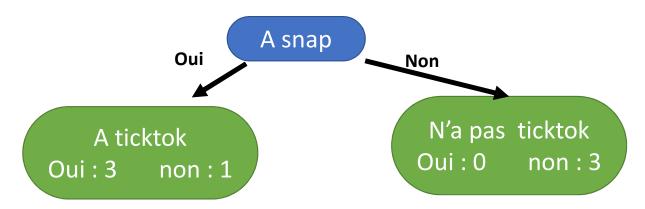
• Généralement la prédiction de chaque feuille est la valeur qui a le plus de votes.

Activité sportive	A snap	Age	A tioktok
oui	oui	7	non
oui	non	12	on
non	oui	18	oui
non	oui	35	oui
oui	oui	38	oui
oui	non	50	non
non	non	83	non



Overfitting

- Prunning.
- Put limites on how trees grow (set a minimum number of individuals in each leaf, this minimum can be chosen by crossvalidation).



Références

■ WIREs Comput Stat 2013, 5:448–455. doi: 10.1002/wics.1278

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