## **SLE155 Chemistry for the Professional Sciences**

**Burwood and Geelong** 



A mole of oxygen, O<sub>2</sub>, and a mole of phosphorus, P<sub>4</sub>, do **not** contain the same number of molecules.

a. True

b. False



The molar mass of elemental oxygen and oxygen gas are different.

- a. True
- b. False



A mole of nitrogen gas,  $N_2$ , and a mole of carbon dioxide gas,  $CO_2$ , contain the same number of molecules.

- a. True
- b. False



## H<sub>2</sub>O is both an empirical and molecular formula.

- a. True
- b. False



100ml of a 0.5M solution of NaOH is used to neutralise 200ml of a 0.2M HCl solution. The limiting reagent is NaOH.

- a. True
- b. False



A 0.540 molar aqueous solution of sodium tetrafluoroborate (M = 109.79 g mol-1) contains 14.82 grams of solute in 250 mL of solution.

- a. True
- b. False



How many moles of Mg (MMg = 24.305 g mol-1) are there in a 3.50 g sample of this substance?

- a. 0.0182 moles
- b. 0.144 moles
- c. 0.218 moles



The atomic weight of helium is 4.0026 u. What is the mass of a helium sample which contains 0.427 moles of He gas?

- a. 0.427 g
- b. 0.107 g
- c. 1.71 g
- d. 2.57 g
- e. 9.37 g



A sample of phosphorus trifluoride,  $PF_3$ , contains 1.400 moles of the substance. How many atoms are there in the sample?

- a. 4
- b. 5.6
- c.  $8.431 \times 10^{23}$
- d.  $2.409 \times 10^{24}$
- e. 3.372 x 10<sup>24</sup>



How many molecules of carbon dioxide are there in 154.0 grams of carbon dioxide?

- a. 3.499
- b.  $2.107 \times 10^{24}$
- c.  $4.214 \times 10^{24}$
- d.  $9.274 \times 10^{25}$
- e. 4.081 x 10<sup>27</sup>



What is the percent, by weight, of calcium in Ca(OCI)<sub>2</sub>? Use the atomic weights provided in your text.

- a. 28.571
- b. 28.030
- c. 31.562
- d. 43.87
- e. 44.493



A 7.300 gram sample of aluminum combined quantitatively with some selenium to form a definite compound. The compound weighed 39.35 grams. What is the empirical formula for this compound?

- a. AlSe
- b. Al<sub>2</sub>Se
- c. Al<sub>2</sub>Se<sub>3</sub>
- d. AlSe<sub>2</sub>
- e. Al<sub>3</sub>Se<sub>2</sub>



A compound contains potassium, nitrogen, and oxygen. The experimental analysis gave values of 45.942% potassium and 16.458% nitrogen, by weight, the remainder is oxygen. What is the empirical formula of the compound?

- a. KNO<sub>2</sub>
- b. KNO<sub>3</sub>
- c.  $K_2N_2O_5$
- d.  $KN_3O_8$
- e.  $K_2N_2O$



Consider the balanced chemical equation,

 $C_3H_8 + 5 O_2 \rightarrow 3 CO_2 + 4 H_2O$ . If 0.3818 moles of  $C_3H_8$  and 1.718 moles of O2 are allowed to react, and this is the only reaction which occurs, theoretically how many moles of water should be produced?

- a. 1.374 moles
- b. 1.336 moles
- c. 1.527 moles
- d. 1.718 moles
- e. 3.426 moles



 $PI_3$  (M = 411.69 g mol-1) and water (M = 18.015 g mol-1) react to form  $H_3PO_3$  (M = 81.996 g mol-1) and HI(M = 127.91 g mol-1). If 0.5000 moles of phosphorus triiodide and 2.500 moles of water are used, what is the theoretical yield of hydrogen iodide?

- a. 63.96 g
- b. 205.8 g
- c. 191.9 g
- d. 319.8 g
- e. 383.7 g



In a chemical reaction,  $AsF_3 + CCl_4 \rightarrow AsCl_3 + CCl_2F_2$ , the theoretical yield of CCl2F2 was calculated to be 1.68 moles. If the percent yield in the reaction was 74.3%, how many grams of CCl2F2 were obtained?

- a. 203 grams
- b. 167 grams
- c. 151 grams
- d. 273 grams
- e. 303 grams



66.7 mL of 18.0 molar sulfuric acid solution was dissolved in enough water to make 500 mL of solution. The molarity of the diluted mixture is:

- a. 2.40 molar
- b. 0.135 molar
- c. 36.0 molar
- d. 9.00 molar
- e. 0.00741 molar



How many mL of 0.200 molar  $Na_2SO_4(aq)$  solution are required to completely react with 3.23 grams of  $BaCl_2$  (formula weight = 208.2) to form products as shown below?

$$BaCl_2(s) + Na_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow BaSO_4(s) + NaCl(aq)$$

- a. 0.0155 ml
- b. 0.0776 ml
- c. 15.5 ml
- d. 31.0 ml
- e. 77.6 ml



How many mL of 0.446 molar KMnO<sub>4</sub>(aq) are required to react with 50.0 mL of 0.200 molar  $H_2C_2O_4(aq)$  in the presence of excess  $H_2SO_4(aq)$ ? The reaction is:

2 KMnO4(aq) + 5 H2C2O4(aq) + 3 H2SO4(aq) 
$$\rightarrow$$
 2 MnSO4(aq) + 10 CO2(g) + 8 H2O + K2SO4(aq)

- a. 8.97 ml
- b. 17.9 ml
- c. 44.8 ml
- d. 55.8 ml
- e. 112 ml

