# Vue.js form validation with vee-validate v4

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### About me

Senior Frontend Engineer at Octopods

I Created and maintain vee-validate vfor Vue.js since 2016

I write about Vue.js, JavaScript and TypeScript at my blog logaretm.com

## Forms are hard

### What makes forms hard?

Value tracking

Validation and error messages

UI/UX

Organization

Debugging DX

### About vee-validate



Most popular Vue.js form validation library with

1.4m/month / downloads

8.6k \* on GitHub

#### Goals

#### Solve the main pain points:

- Value tracking
- Validation and error messages
- Handle the "80%" of common UI/UX/DX requirements
- Debugging Tools

Offer a progressive API to match Vue.js Ideology

Composition-first design approach

### But first...

The building blocks

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#### The building blocks

```
<!-- vee-validate Components -->
<Form>
    <Field name="field" />
    </Form>
```

## Value tracking

### Value tracking

State Binding

State declaration

Value retrieval

```
<template>
  <form>
   <label for="name">Name</label>
    <input id="name" type="text" v-model="name">
   <label for="email">Email</label>
    <input id="email" type="email" v-model="email">
   <label for="password">Password</label>
   <input id="password" type="password" v-model="password">
 </form>
</template>
<script>
export default {
 data: () => ({
   name: '',
   email: '',
   password: '',
 }),
 methods: {
   onSubmit() {
      sendToApi({
       name: this.name,
        email: this.email,
       password: this.password
     })
};
</script>
```

## Value tracking: Revised

Implicit model declaration and binding

#### Auto-retrieval of state

```
{
  name: 'dev',
  email: 'dev@test.com',
  password: '12345',
  links: [
    "https://twitter.com",
    "https://google.com"
  ]
}
```

```
<template>
  <Form @submit="onSubmit">
    <label for="name">Name</label>
    <Field id="name" name="name" type="text">
    <label for="email">Email</label>
    <Field id="email" name="email" type="email">
    <label for="password">Password</label>
    <Field id="password" name="password" type="password">
    Links
    <Field id="links_0" name="links[0]" />
    <Field id="links_1" name="links[1]" />
    <button type="submit">Submit
  </Form>
</template>
<script>
import { Form, Field } from 'vee-validate';
export default {
  components: {
   Form,
   Field
  methods: {
   onSubmit(values) {
      sendToApi(values);
};
</script>
```

## Validation

# Validation Multiple ways to validate

- JavaScript Functions and libraries (e.g: <u>validator.js</u>)
- Backend Inspired string expressions (e.g: <u>Laravel's validation syntax</u>)
- Schema validators (e.g: Yup and Zod)

# Validation With JavaScript functions

```
<template>
 <Form @submit="onSubmit">
   <label for="email">Email</label>
   <Field id="email" type="email" :rules="validateField" />
   <ErrorMessage name="email" />
   <button type="submit">Submit
 </Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Form, Field, ErrorMessage } from 'vee-validate';
import { isEmail } from 'validator.js';
const validateField = (value) => {
  if (!value) {
    return 'Field is required';
 return isEmail(value) || 'Must be a valid email';
</script>
```

# Field Validation With Laravel's string rule expression

```
<template>
 <Form>
    <label for="email">Email</label>
    <Field name="email" type="email" rules="required|email">
    <ErrorMessage name="email" />
  </Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Field, ErrorMessage, Form, defineRule } from 'vee-validate';
import { required, email } from '@vee-validate/rules';
defineRule('required', required);
defineRule('email', email);
</script>
```

# Field Validation With yup schema

```
<template>
  <Form @submit="onSubmit">
    <label for="email">Email</label>
    <Field id="email" type="email" :rules="schema" />
    <ErrorMessage name="email" />
    <button type="submit">Submit</button>
  </Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Form, Field, ErrorMessage } from 'vee-validate';
import { string } from 'yup';
const schema = string().email().required();
</script>
```

#### Form-level Validation

#### One schema to rule them all

```
<template>
<Form :validation-schema="schema">
    <label for="name">Name</label>
    <Field name="name" type="name">
    <ErrorMessage name="name" />
    <label for="email">Email</label>
    <Field name="email" type="email">
    <ErrorMessage name="email" />
    <label for="password">Password</label>
    <Field name="password" type="password">
    <ErrorMessage name="password" />
 </Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Field, ErrorMessage, Form } from 'vee-validate';
import { object, string } from 'yup';
const schema = object({
  email: string().email().required(),
  name: string().required(),
  password: string().min(6).required(),
</script>
```



## Progressive Integration

## Progressive Integration Minimum effort to validate fields

```
<form method="post" action="/register">
     <input placeholder="Name" type="text" name="name">
        <input placeholder="Email" type="email" name="email">
        <input placeholder="Password" type="password" name="password">
        <button>Submit</button>
    </form>
```

## Progressive Enhancement

## 

### UI/UX

#### Form interaction flags

```
<template>
<Form v-slot="{ meta, isSubmitting }">
    <!-- Fields -->
    <button :disabled="!meta.valid">
        {{ isSubmitting ? 'Submitting...' : 'Submit '}}
    </button>
</Form>
</template>

<script setup>
import { Form } from 'vee-validate';
</script>
```

#### UI/UX

#### Handle Invalid Submissions

```
<template>
<Form @invalid-submit="onInvalidSubmit">
 <!-- Fields -->
</Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Form } from 'vee-validate';
function onInvalidSubmit({ errors }) {
  const fieldName = Object.keys(errors)[0];
  const el = document.querySelector(`input[name="${fieldName}"]`);
  el?.scrollIntoView();
</script>
```

## Form Generators

#### Form Generators

- vee-validate doesn't offer form generator out of the box but you have all the tools to build your own.
- Full tutorial covers select inputs and custom components, read more <a href="here">here</a>.
- You can use specialized libraries that have first-party integration with vee-validate like Formvuelate.

```
<template>
  <Form>
    <div
     v-for="field in fields" :key="field.name">
      <label :for="field.name">{{ field.label }}</label>
      <Field :id="field.name" v-bind="field" />
      <ErrorMessage :name="field.name" />
    </div>
    <button>Submit
  </Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Form, Field, ErrorMessage } from 'vee-validate';
import { string } from 'yup';
 const fields =
    label: 'Your Name',
   name: 'name',
    as: 'input',
    rules: string().required(),
  了,
    label: 'Your Email',
   name: 'email',
    as: 'input',
    rules: string().email().required(),
    label: 'Your Password',
    name: 'password',
    as: 'input',
    type: 'password',
    rules: string().min(6).required(),
  },
];
</script>
```

## Composition API

## Composition API

- All vee-validate components have composition variants (flavor) of them.
- Think of flavors as outlets to the same API.
- To build field components you use `useField`.
- To build form components you use `useForm`.
- vee-validate components internally use the composition API.

# Composition API Custom field components

```
<template>
<div>
 <label :for="name">{{ label }}</label>
  <input :name="name" :id="name" v-model="value">
 {{ errorMessage }}
</div>
</template>
<script setup>
import { useField } from 'vee-validate';
const props = defineProps({
  name: String,
  label: String
});
const { value, errorMessage } = useField(props.name);
</script>
```

# Composition API Custom form components

```
<template>
 <form @submit="onSubmit">
   <!-- Fields -->
 </form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { useForm } from 'vee-validate';
const schema = object({
 name: string().required(),
  email: string().email().required(),
  password: string().min(6).required(),
});
const { handleSubmit } = useForm({
 validationSchema: schema
});
const onSubmit = handleSubmit((values) => {
  console.log(values);
});
</script>
```

### Composition API

#### Before

```
<template>
<Form :validation-schema="schema">
    <label for="name">Name</label>
    <Field name="name" type="name">
    <ErrorMessage name="name" />
    <label for="email">Email</label>
    <Field name="email" type="email">
    <ErrorMessage name="email" />
    <label for="password">Password</label>
    <Field name="password" type="password">
    <ErrorMessage name="password" />
 </Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Field, ErrorMessage, Form } from 'vee-validate';
import { object, string } from 'yup';
const schema = object({
  email: string().email().required(),
  name: string().required(),
  password: string().min(6).required(),
</script>
```

#### After

```
<template>
 <Form :validation-schema="schema">
    <InputText name="name" label="Name" />
    <InputText type="email" name="email" label="Email Address" />
    <InputText type="password" name="password" label="Password" />
   <button>Submit
 </Form>
</template>
<script setup>
import { Form } from 'vee-validate';
import { object, string } from 'yup';
import InputText from '@/components/InputText.vue';
const schema = object({
 name: string().required(),
 email: string().email().required(),
  password: string().min(6).required(),
});
</script>
```

## Vue.js Devtools Plugin

Open this URL and check your Vue.js Devtools tab

https://8k9gy.csb.app/

Sandbox Link

### Wait, there is more...

- Array fields
- Multi-step Forms
- Localization
- UI Libraries' integrations

Check the <u>documentation</u> for more information

# Thank you 👋