## **WEEK-09** Name: ELAMVAZHUTHI .MS

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Question 1 Correct Marked out of 1.00 Flag question

alternate elements of the array and print its sum. It should print two different numbers the first being sum of A 0 0, A 0 2, A 1 1, A 2 0, A 2 2 and A 0 1, A 1 0, A 1 2, A 2 1. **Input Format** 

First and only line contains the value of array separated by single space.

A 0 0

A 10

11 •

12

13

14

15

Passed all tests! <

**Input Format** 

Constraints

**Output Format** 

descending order.

SAMPLE INPUT

#include<stdio.h>

int gen;int tal;

for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++){</pre>

if(a[i].gen==0)

for(int i=0;i<n;++i){</pre>

printf("%d ",a[i].tal);

2 ▼ struct data{

16

02

07

1

3

11 ▼

20 🔻

21

22 23

24 ▼

1 9

12

**Input Format:** 

rectangular region.

Output Format:

Constraints:

 $1 \le N \le 100$ 

 $1 \le C \le 1000$ 

SAMPLE INPUT

3

35

Explanation

7

farmers is as follows:

Farmer with land area A:  $C_1 = 5 * 1 = 5$ 

Farmer with land area B:  $C_2 = 6 * 2 = 12$ 

Farmer with land area C:  $C_3 = 6 * 3 = 18$ 

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 #include<stdio.h>

int main(){

2 •

3

10 •

11

12

13

14

15

16 17 18

24 25 26

27 28

29

30

}

3

Show one page at a time

Finish review

}

return 0;

Total Compensation Money =  $C_1 + C_2 + C_3 = 5 + 12 + 18 = 35$ 

int i,j,x1,x2,y1,y2,n,t=0;

for(j=y1;j<=y2;j++){</pre>

arr[i][j]+=t;

arr[i][j]-=t;

total+=arr[i][j];

printf("%lld\n",(-1)\*total);

10500

if(arr[i][j]==0)

else if(arr[i][j]>0)

else if(arr[i][j]<0)</pre>

 $1 \le X1 \le X2 \le 1000$ 

 $1 \le Y1 \le Y2 \le 1000$ 

You are given a two-dimensional 3\*3 array starting from A [0][0]. You should add the

2 5 8 A 2 0 A 2 1 A 2 2 **Output Format** First line should print sum of A 0 0, A 0 2, A 1 1, A 2 0, A 2 2

A 0 1

6

A11

A 0 2

9

A12

Second line should print sum of A 0 1, A 1 0, A 1 2, A 2 1 **SAMPLE INPUT** 123456789

**SAMPLE OUTPUT** 

25 20

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

#include<stdio.h> 1 int main(){ 2 🔻

3 int arr[3][3]; for(int i=0;i<3;i++){ 4 ▼

5 for(int j=0; j<3; j++) scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]); 6 7 8 9 int odd=0, even=0; 10 • for(int i=0;i<3;i++){

> for(int j=0; j<3; j++){ if((i+j)%2!=0)

> > odd+=arr[i][j];

even+=arr[i][j];

else

16 17 printf("%d\n%d", even, odd); 18 19 } 20 Input Expected Got 25 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 25 **/** 20 20 21 422 423 443 586 645 657 846 904 2591 2591

2356

2356

Question 2 Correct Marked out of 5.00 Flag question Microsoft has come to hire interns from your college. N students got shortlisted out of which few were males and a few females. All the students have been assigned talent levels. Smaller the talent level, lesser is your chance to be selected. Microsoft wants to create the result list where it wants the candidates sorted according to their talent levels, but there is a catch. This time Microsoft wants to hire female candidates first and then male candidates.

The task is to create a list where first all-female candidates are sorted in a descending order

The first line contains an integer N denoting the number of students. Next, N lines contain

The first integer, ai will be either 1(for a male candidate) or 0(for female candidate).

and then male candidates are sorted in a descending order.

The second integer, bi will be the candidate's talent level.

two space-separated integers, ai and bi.

 $1 <= N <= 10^5$ 0 <= ai <= 11 <= bi <= 10<sup>9</sup>

Output space-separated integers, which first contains the talent levels of all female

candidates sorted in descending order and then the talent levels of male candidates in

5 03

1 15 SAMPLE OUTPUT

7 3 2 15 6 **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

4 **}**; 5 √ int main(){ 6 int n; 7 scanf("%d",&n); struct data a[n]; 8 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre> 9 scanf("%d %d",&a[i].gen,&a[i].tal); 10

for(int j=0; j<n-i-1; ++j){</pre> 12 • if(a[j].tal<a[j+1].tal){</pre> 13 • struct data temp=a[j]; 14 a[j]=a[j+1];15 a[j+1]=temp;16 17 18 19 for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>

if(a[i].gen==1) 25 printf("%d ",a[i].tal); 26 27 28 } 29 Input | Expected Got 5 7 3 2 15 6 7 3 2 15 6 0 3 1 6 0 2 0 7 1 15 6 39 37 26 13 7 1 39 37 26 13 7 1 0 1 0 26 0 39 0 37 0 7 0 13 12 31 29 18 14 12 10 9 8 5 3 2 1 31 29 18 14 12 10 9 8 5 3 2 1

1 12 0 12 1 12 1 12 0 12 1 12 Passed all tests! < Question **3** Correct Marked out of 1.00 Flag question Shyam Lal, a wealthy landlord from the state of Rajasthan, being an old fellow and tired of doing hard work, decided to sell all his farmland and to live rest of his life with that money. No other farmer is rich enough to buy all his land so he decided to partition the land into rectangular plots of different sizes with different cost per unit area. So, he sold these plots to the farmers but made a mistake. Being illiterate, he made partitions that could be overlapping. When the farmers came to know about it, they ran to him for compensation of extra money they paid to him. So, he decided to return all the money to the farmers of that land which was overlapping with other farmer's land to settle down the conflict. All the portion of conflicted land will be taken back by the landlord. To decide the total compensation, he has to calculate the total amount of money to return back to farmers with the same cost they had purchased from him. Suppose, Shyam Lal has a total land area of 1000 x 1000 equal square blocks where each block is equivalent to a unit square area which can be represented on the co-ordinate axis. Now find the total amount of money, he has to return to the farmers. Help Shyam Lal to accomplish this task.

The first line of the input contains an integer **N**, denoting the total number of land pieces he

had distributed. Next N line contains the 5 space separated integers (X1, Y1), (X2, Y2) to

(X1, Y1) and (X2, Y2) are the locations of first and last square block on the diagonal of the

represent a rectangular piece of land, and cost per unit area C.

Print the total amount he has to return to farmers to solve the conflict.

14461 43662 22543 SAMPLE OUTPUT

A ∩ C [ (2, 4), (4, 4) ] 3 A ∩ B ∩ C [ (4, 4), (4, 4) ]

For given sample input (see given graph for reference), compensation money for different

Simple Illustration of Distribution of Land

A [ (1,4), (4, 6) ]

B [ (4, 3), (6, 6) ]

C [ (2, 2), (5, 4 ]

A ∩ B [(4, 4), (4, 6)]

B ∩ C [(4, 3), (5, 4)]

long long total=0; 4 5 int arr[1001][1001]={0}; scanf("%d",&n); 6 7 🔻 while(n--){ 8 scanf("%d %d %d %d",&x1,&y1,&x2,&y2,&t); for(i=x1;i<=x2;i++){</pre> 9 •

19 20 for(i=1;i<1001;i++){ 21 • for(j=1;j<1001;j++){</pre> 22 • if(arr[i][j]<0)</pre> 23

arr[i][j]=(-1)\*(arr[i][j]+t);

Input **Expected** Got 35 35 **/** 3 1 4 4 6 1 4 3 6 6 2 2 2 5 4 3 0 0 **/** 1 48 12 49 27 8

**/** 

Finish review

10500

Passed all tests! < Quiz navigation

88 34 99 76 44 82 65 94 100 81 58 16 65 66 7