

Lab 2

OS

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- Problem Statement:

Implement a multi-threaded matrix multiplication program, there are three cases:

1. A thread per matrix.
2. A thread per row.
3. A thread per element.

- Organization:

The program is composed of 7 important function including the main function:

1. void Take_Input(char *ar[]).
2. void *CaseA().
3. void *CaseB(void *arg).
4. void *CaseC(void *arg).
5. Void print_Output(double mat[][MAX_LENGTH],char *methodName, __u_long t, __u_long ts).
6. void free_Resources(matrix_minimized *m, matrix_minimized **m3).
7. int main(int argc, char *argv[]).

• Functions' Description:

1. void Take_Input(char *ar[]):

This function takes the name of the files that contains the input arrays, then store the array elements and number of rows and columns in global variables.

2. void *CaseA():

This function implements matrix multiplication, which is used by a single thread to compute the whole new matrix.

3. void *CaseB(void *arg):

this function implement matrix multiplication, which is used by number of threads, where each thread compute a single row in the new matrix. The parameter includes a struct contains the row number.

4. void *CaseC(void *arg):

This function implements matrix multiplication, used by multiple threads, where each thread computes each single element in the new matrix. The parameter includes a struct contains the row and column number.

5. Void print_Output(double mat[][MAX_LENGTH],char *methodName, __u_long t, __u_long ts):

This method is responsible for printing the content of the new matrix produced from each method(by matrix, by row, by

element), as well as the number of rows , columns , threads and execution time, it takes the matrix as a parameter , method name and the execution time.

6. void free_Resources(matrix_minimized *m, matrix_minimized **m3):

This method is used to free the resources located in the dynamic heap by the structs.

7. int main(int argc, char *argv[]):

The main function contains the thread creation and calling all the above functions.

• How to compile and run code:

1. Open terminal and cd to project file.
2. Write “make” in the terminal.
3. Write “./matMultp a b c” where “a” and “b” are the files that contain the input arrays, while “c” is the output file.

- Sample runs:

1.

≡ a

1	row=10 col=5				
2	1	2	3	4	5
3	6	7	8	9	10
4	11	12	13	14	15
5	16	17	18	19	20
6	21	22	23	24	25
7	26	27	28	29	30
8	31	32	33	34	35
9	36	37	38	39	40
10	41	42	43	44	45
11	46	47	48	49	50

≡ b

1	row=5 col=10									
2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
4	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
5	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
6	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50

```
$ c_per_matrix
1 Method: Case A (per matrix)
2 row = 10 col = 10
3 threads = 1 time in microseconds= 62us, time in seconds = 0s
4 415.000 430.000 445.000 460.000 475.000 490.000 505.000 520.000 535.000 550.000
5 940.000 980.000 1020.000 1060.000 1100.000 1140.000 1180.000 1220.000 1260.000 1300.000
6 1465.000 1530.000 1595.000 1660.000 1725.000 1790.000 1855.000 1920.000 1985.000 2050.000
7 1990.000 2080.000 2170.000 2260.000 2350.000 2440.000 2530.000 2620.000 2710.000 2800.000
8 2515.000 2630.000 2745.000 2860.000 2975.000 3090.000 3205.000 3320.000 3435.000 3550.000
9 3040.000 3180.000 3320.000 3460.000 3600.000 3740.000 3880.000 4020.000 4160.000 4300.000
10 3565.000 3730.000 3895.000 4060.000 4225.000 4390.000 4555.000 4720.000 4885.000 5050.000
11 4090.000 4280.000 4470.000 4660.000 4850.000 5040.000 5230.000 5420.000 5610.000 5800.000
12 4615.000 4830.000 5045.000 5260.000 5475.000 5690.000 5905.000 6120.000 6335.000 6550.000
13 5140.000 5380.000 5620.000 5860.000 6100.000 6340.000 6580.000 6820.000 7060.000 7300.000
14
```

```
$ c_per_row
1 Method: Case B (per row)
2 row = 10 col = 10
3 threads = 10 time in microseconds= 184us, time in seconds = 0s
4 415.000 430.000 445.000 460.000 475.000 490.000 505.000 520.000 535.000 550.000
5 940.000 980.000 1020.000 1060.000 1100.000 1140.000 1180.000 1220.000 1260.000 1300.000
6 1465.000 1530.000 1595.000 1660.000 1725.000 1790.000 1855.000 1920.000 1985.000 2050.000
7 1990.000 2080.000 2170.000 2260.000 2350.000 2440.000 2530.000 2620.000 2710.000 2800.000
8 2515.000 2630.000 2745.000 2860.000 2975.000 3090.000 3205.000 3320.000 3435.000 3550.000
9 3040.000 3180.000 3320.000 3460.000 3600.000 3740.000 3880.000 4020.000 4160.000 4300.000
10 3565.000 3730.000 3895.000 4060.000 4225.000 4390.000 4555.000 4720.000 4885.000 5050.000
11 4090.000 4280.000 4470.000 4660.000 4850.000 5040.000 5230.000 5420.000 5610.000 5800.000
12 4615.000 4830.000 5045.000 5260.000 5475.000 5690.000 5905.000 6120.000 6335.000 6550.000
13 5140.000 5380.000 5620.000 5860.000 6100.000 6340.000 6580.000 6820.000 7060.000 7300.000
14
```

```
$ c_per_element
1 Method: Case C (per element)
2 row = 10 col = 10
3 threads = 100 time in microseconds= 1486us, time in seconds = 0s
4 415.000 430.000 445.000 460.000 475.000 490.000 505.000 520.000 535.000 550.000
5 940.000 980.000 1020.000 1060.000 1100.000 1140.000 1180.000 1220.000 1260.000 1300.000
6 1465.000 1530.000 1595.000 1660.000 1725.000 1790.000 1855.000 1920.000 1985.000 2050.000
7 1990.000 2080.000 2170.000 2260.000 2350.000 2440.000 2530.000 2620.000 2710.000 2800.000
8 2515.000 2630.000 2745.000 2860.000 2975.000 3090.000 3205.000 3320.000 3435.000 3550.000
9 3040.000 3180.000 3320.000 3460.000 3600.000 3740.000 3880.000 4020.000 4160.000 4300.000
10 3565.000 3730.000 3895.000 4060.000 4225.000 4390.000 4555.000 4720.000 4885.000 5050.000
11 4090.000 4280.000 4470.000 4660.000 4850.000 5040.000 5230.000 5420.000 5610.000 5800.000
12 4615.000 4830.000 5045.000 5260.000 5475.000 5690.000 5905.000 6120.000 6335.000 6550.000
13 5140.000 5380.000 5620.000 5860.000 6100.000 6340.000 6580.000 6820.000 7060.000 7300.000
14
```

2.

```
≡ x
1  |row=3 col=5
2  1  -2  3  4  5
3  1  2  -3  4  5
4  -1  2  3  4  5
```

```
≡ y
1  row=5 col=4
2  -1  2  3  4
3  1  -2  3  4
4  1  2  -3  4
5  1  2  3  -4
6  -1  -2  -3  -4
```

```
≡ d_per_matrix
1  Method: Case A (per matrix)
2  row = 3 col = 4
3  threads = 1 time in microseconds= 63us, time in seconds = 0s
4  -1.000  10.000  -15.000  -28.000
5  -3.000  -10.000  15.000  -36.000
6  5.000  -2.000  -9.000  -20.000
```

```
≡ d_per_row
1  Method: Case B (per row)
2  row = 3 col = 4
3  threads = 3 time in microseconds= 73us, time in seconds = 0s
4  -1.000  10.000  -15.000  -28.000
5  -3.000  -10.000  15.000  -36.000
6  5.000  -2.000  -9.000  -20.000
```

```
≡ d_per_element
1  Method: Case C (per element)
2  row = 3 col = 4
3  threads = 12 time in microseconds= 272us, time in seconds = 0s
4  -1.000  10.000  -15.000  -28.000
5  -3.000  -10.000  15.000  -36.000
6  5.000  -2.000  -9.000  -20.000
```

3.

≡ z					
1	row=5 col=5				
2	1	2	3	4	5
3	6	7	8	9	10
4	11	12	13	14	15
5	16	17	18	19	20
6	21	22	23	24	25

≡ w				
1	row=5 col=4			
2	1	2	3	4
3	5	6	7	8
4	9	10	11	12
5	13	14	15	16
6	17	18	19	20

≡ e_per_matrix				
1	Method: Case A (per matrix)			
2	row = 5 col = 4			
3	threads = 1 time in microseconds= 37us, time in seconds = 0s			
4	175.000	190.000	205.000	220.000
5	400.000	440.000	480.000	520.000
6	625.000	690.000	755.000	820.000
7	850.000	940.000	1030.000	1120.000
8	1075.000	1190.000	1305.000	1420.000

≡ e_per_row				
1	Method: Case B (per row)			
2	row = 5 col = 4			
3	threads = 5 time in microseconds= 127us, time in seconds = 0s			
4	175.000	190.000	205.000	220.000
5	400.000	440.000	480.000	520.000
6	625.000	690.000	755.000	820.000
7	850.000	940.000	1030.000	1120.000
8	1075.000	1190.000	1305.000	1420.000

≡ e_per_element				
1	Method: Case C (per element)			
2	row = 5 col = 4			
3	threads = 20 time in microseconds= 338us, time in seconds = 0s			
4	175.000	190.000	205.000	220.000
5	400.000	440.000	480.000	520.000
6	625.000	690.000	755.000	820.000
7	850.000	940.000	1030.000	1120.000
8	1075.000	1190.000	1305.000	1420.000
9				

- Comparison between the three methods of matrix multiplication:

	Method 1	Method 2	Method 3
Test 1	62us	184us	1486us
Test 2	63us	73us	272us
Test 3	37us	127us	338us

From the previous table we can observe that:

method 1 has the least time, while method 2 in the middle, and method 3 has the highest execution time

We can conclude that:

increasing number of threads increase the execution time as the thread creation takes much time, that's why we need to know when to use multi-threading, to avoid wasting the processor time.