# NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLITEHNICA BUCHAREST

Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and Information Technology

# **MES Project**

## Digital Guitar Effect Pedal using DSP Microcontroller

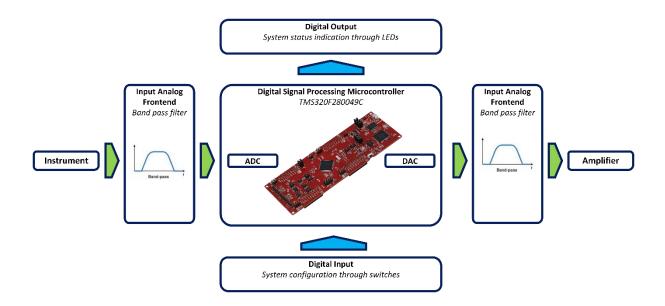
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#### 1. Project description

The objective of this project was to create a digital guitar effect system using a DSP microcontroller. Guitar effects, or guitar pedals, are circuits that modify the sound of the instrument. They can add effects like echo, alter the volume of specific frequencies, or distort the signal. The system developed for this course project incorporates a three-band equalizer and three types of distortion. To adjust the parameters of each effect, a basic interface has been incorporated. Analog frontends are necessary to interface the signal from the instrument to the microcontrollert's ADC module and, similarly, to interface the signal from the DAC to the amplifier. The system architecture is presented in the figure below.

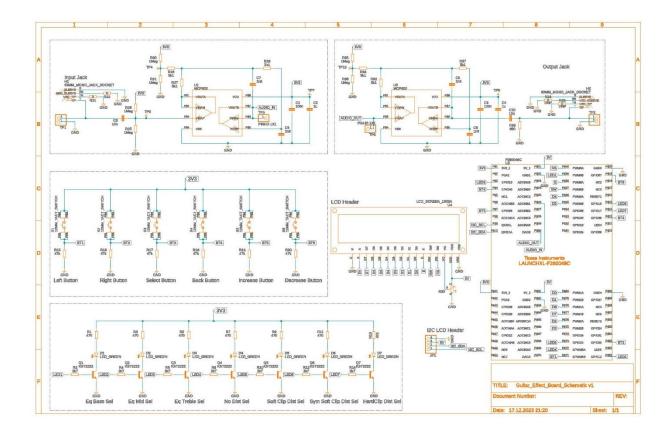


#### 2. Hardware description

The selected microcontroller, F280049C, is part of Texas Instruments' TMS320 family of Digital Signal Processing(DSP) microcontrollers, which are based on their proprietary C2000 CPU architecture. This 32-bit processor stands out due to its floating-point unit and dedicated trigonometric and complex math units. The developed application involves real-time signal processing, and these features played a crucial role in achieving the required processing speed.

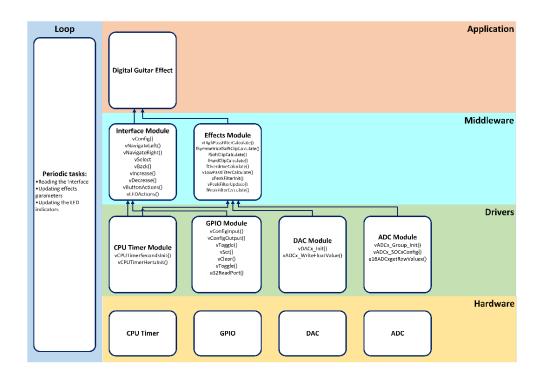
The other relevant peripherals for this project are the 12-bit ADC and 12-bit DAC. To interface the audio signal with these modules, analog frontends are essential. These circuits are implemented using operational amplifiers and are designed to filter out frequencies beyond the audio spectrum and those higher than half of the sampling frequency. These circuits also introduce a common-mode voltage to the AC signal, aligning it with half of the ADC's reference value to fit the varying component of the signal to the input domain.

The system's parameters are adjusted through the physical interface, which is implemented using LED indicators and tactile buttons. The schematic for the whole hardware implementation can be seen below.

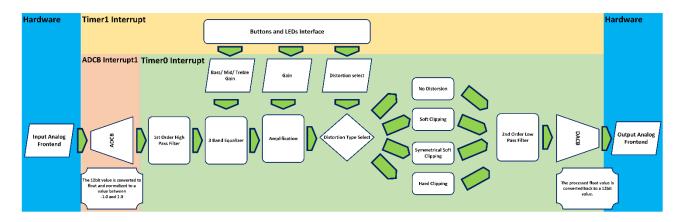


## 3. Software description

The driver libraries and the fucnctions written for this application are presented in the image below. Their dependencies are marked by the arrows. The chosen programming language is C.



The following diagram presents the signal path, and includes the hardware and software modules.



The input signal is filtered and brought into the ADC's voltage domain by the analog frontends. The ADC conversion is initiated by a timer interupt at the beggining of each sampling period. The ADC end of conversion(EOC) triggers an interupt during which the conversion result is transformed into a float value normalized between -1.0 and 1.0. This choice was made to simplify the implementation of the effects fucntions. During the same timer interrupt that triggers the ADC, the float value passes through each effect module. The input parameters for these effects are marked at the top of the figure and are set through the interface. The interface can select the path for the distortion stage. The options are: No distortion, Soft Clipping, Symmetrical Soft Clipping and Hard Clipping. At the end of the software effects chain, the float value is converted to an integer value, passed to the DAC module. The continuous signal is sent to another analog interface that filters the signal and removes the DC component for safe interfacing with the amplifier.

The inputs from the interface and the indicators are read, and respectively updated during another timer interrupt that occurs each 10 milliseconds.

The filters and distortion effects were developed and dimensioned using MATLAB. The filters in particular were initially implemented as continuos transfer functions in the Laplace domain and then converted to the discrete domain using the Tustin transform. To implement them in software, the reverse Z transform was applied, resulting in the discrete-time equations of the filters.

#### 4. Problems and solutions

After testing the system connected to a guitar and an amplifier, I discovered some problems arising from the filters and distortion effects. The peak filters forming the three-band equalizer can become unstable due to their Q factor and bandwidth parameters. Additionally, the distortion functions don't produce the expected sound because they aren't properly configured for the float values obtained after converting the input signal. Both of these issues can be addressed by redesigning the integer-to-float conversion process and reconfiguring the effects.

Another problem is that the produced sound seems "discontinuous." This could be attributed to insufficient runtime for the CPU. In practice, the signal processing is performed on a large number of samples sequentially, and these samples are moved around the memory using the DMA peripheral.

#### 5. Conclusions

Audio signal processing using embedded systems is a field that demands knowledge in both signals and systems, as well as microcontroller architecture. The transition from analog effects to digital effects brings numerous advantages, including the implementation of more efficient functions, the ability to incorportate multiple effects into a system with a smaller footprint, and the configuration of effects with exact vales that do not vary over time due to aging or degradation.

The implementation realized for this project could benefit from more advanced calculation techniques for the filters, utilizing the Direct Acces Memory(DMA) peripheral to apply the processing on an array of values, or employing a high-fidelity audio CODEC instead of the integrated ADCs and DACs.

#### 6. Source code

#### **Driver libraries and headers:**

• System parameters:

```
* SYSPARAM.h
   Created on: 20 oct. 2023
       Author: Paul
#ifndef SYSPARAM H
#define SYSPARAM H
/*Defines*/
#define MS TO NS 1000000UL
#define SYS CLK HZ 10000000UL
#define SYS PERIOD NS 10
#define ENABLE 1
#define DISABLE 0
#define UINT32MAX 4294967295
#define BIT12 MAX VALUE INT 4095UL
#define BIT12 MAX VALUE FLOAT 4095.0
#define UINT16 TO FLOAT SLOPE 0.0004884
#define UINT16 TO FLOAT OFFSET -1.0
```

```
#define FLOAT TO UINT16 SLOPE 2047.5
#define FLOAT TO UINT16 OFFSET 2047.5
#define DEBUG
#define SOFTWARE FILTERS
#define DEBUG PINS 3
#define DEBUG PIN1 7
#define DEBUG PIN2 8
#define DEBUG PIN3 9
#endif /* SYSPARAM_H_ */
   • CPU Timer:
       * TIMER.h
       * Created on: 14 oct. 2023
             Author: Paul
       * /
      #ifndef TIMER H
      #define TIMER H
      /*Defines*/
      #define CPUTIMER0 0
      #define CPUTIMER1 1
      #define CPUTIMER2 2
      /*Structures*/
      typedef struct{
          Uint32 u32Period ms;
          Uint16 u16CPUTimer;
          Uint16 u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
      }tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig;
      typedef struct{
          Uint32 u32Frequency_Hz;
          Uint16 u16CPUTimer;
          Uint16 u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
      }tstCPUTimerHertzConfig;
      /*Structure Initializations*/
      //CPUTIMER0
      #define TIMER1_SEC_INIT { 300, CPUTIMER1, ENABLE }
      #define TIMER1_HEZ_INIT { 96000, CPUTIMER0, ENABLE }
      //CPUTIMER1
```

```
#define TIMER2 SEC INIT { 3000, CPUTIMER1, ENABLE }
#define TIMER2 HEZ INIT {     1, CPUTIMER1, ENABLE }
//CPUTIMER2
#define TIMER3 SEC INIT { 100000, CPUTIMER2, DISABLE}
#define TIMER3_HEZ_INIT { 100000, CPUTIMER2, DISABLE}
/*Function prototypes*/
void TIMER vCPUTimerSecondsInit(tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig CPU);
void TIMER vCPUTimerHertzInit(tstCPUTimerHertzConfig CPU);
/*Variables*/
extern tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig stCPU1;
extern tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig stCPU2;
extern tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig stCPU3;
extern tstCPUTimerHertzConfig stCPU4;
extern tstCPUTimerHertzConfig stCPU5;
extern tstCPUTimerHertzConfig stCPU6;
#endif /* TIMER H */
* TIMER.c
 * Created on: 14 oct. 2023
     Author: Paul
/* Project Headers */
#include "F28x Project.h"
/* System Headerfiles*/
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "SYSPARAM.h"
/* Own Headerfiles */
#include "TIMER.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
//#include "ADC C.h"
#include "DAC.h"
#include "EFFECTS.h"
#include "INTERFACE.h"
/* Extern Headerfiles */
/* Function Prototypes */
void TIMER_vCPUTimerSecondsInit(tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig CPU);
void TIMER_vCPUTimerHertzInit(tstCPUTimerHertzConfig CPU);
 _interrupt void cputimer0_isr();
__interrupt void cputimer1 isr();
__interrupt void cputimer2 isr();
/* Global Variables */
tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig stCPU1 = TIMER1 SEC INIT;
tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig stCPU2 = TIMER2 SEC INIT;
tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig stCPU3 = TIMER3 SEC INIT;
tstCPUTimerHertzConfig stCPU4 = TIMER1 HEZ INIT;
tstCPUTimerHertzConfig stCPU5 = TIMER2 HEZ INIT;
```

```
tstCPUTimerHertzConfig stCPU6 = TIMER3 HEZ INIT;
/*Notes*/
/*
INT1.7 - Timer0(Through PIE)
INT13 - Timer1(Directly connected)
INT14 - Timer2(Directly connected)
void TIMER vCPUTimerSecondsInit(tstCPUTimerSecondsConfig CPU)
   EALLOW;
   Uint64 u64TBPRD;
   Uint16 u16PRESCALER = 0;
   Uint16 u16LPRESCALER = 0;//Low bits of divider
   Uint16 u16HPRESCALER = 0;//High bits of divider
   u64TBPRD = (CPU.u32Period ms * MS TO NS) / 2 / SYS PERIOD NS;
   while(u64TBPRD > UINT32MAX)
         if(u16PRESCALER == 0)
             u16PRESCALER = 1;
         else
            u16PRESCALER = u16PRESCALER + 1;
         u64TBPRD = ( CPU.u32Period_ms * MS_TO_NS ) / 2 / ( SYS_PERIOD_NS *
u16PRESCALER );
   }
    u16LPRESCALER = u16PRESCALER & 0x00FF;
   u16HPRESCALER = (u16PRESCALER & 0xFF00)>>8;
    switch(CPU.u16CPUTimer)
            case CPUTIMER0:
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TSS = 1; // Stop Timer
                CpuTimerORegs.PRD.all = u64TBPRD;  // Set the Period
Register
                CpuTimerORegs.TPR.bit.TDDR = u16LPRESCALER; // Set prescaler
registers to 0
                CpuTimerORegs.TPRH.bit.TDDRH = u16HPRESCALER; // Set
prescaler high registers to 0
                CpuTimer0Regs.TCR.bit.TRB = 1; // Reload Timer
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.SOFT = 1;
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.FREE = 1;
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TIE = CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
// Enable/Disable Timer Interrupts
                if(CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable)
                    PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER1.bit.INTx7 = 1;
                    PieVectTable.TIMER0 INT = &cputimer0 isr;
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TSS = 0; // Start Timer
            break;
            case CPUTIMER1:
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 1; // Stop Timer
                CpuTimer1Regs.PRD.all = u64TBPRD;  // Set the Period
Register
                CpuTimer1Regs.TPR.bit.TDDR = u16LPRESCALER; // Set prescaler
registers to 0
```

```
CpuTimer1Regs.TPRH.bit.TDDRH = u16HPRESCALER; // Set
prescaler high registers to 0
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TRB = 1; // Reload Timer
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.SOFT = 1;
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.FREE = 1;
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TIE = CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
// Disable Timer Interrupts
                if(CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable)PieVectTable.TIMER1 INT =
&cputimer1 isr;
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 0; // Start Timer
            break;
            case CPUTIMER2:
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 1; // Stop Timer
                CpuTimer2Regs.PRD.all = u64TBPRD;  // Set the Period
Register
                CpuTimer2Regs.TPR.bit.TDDR= u16LPRESCALER; // Set prescaler
registers to 0
                CpuTimer2Regs.TPRH.bit.TDDRH = u16HPRESCALER; // Set
prescaler high registers to 0
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TRB = 1; // Reload Timer
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.SOFT = 1;
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.FREE = 1;
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TIE = CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
// Disable Timer Interrupts
               if(CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable)PieVectTable.TIMER2_INT =
&cputimer2 isr;
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 0; // Start Timer
            break;
   EDIS;
void TIMER vCPUTimerHertzInit(tstCPUTimerHertzConfig CPU)
   EALLOW;
   Uint64 u64TBPRD;
   Uint16 u16PRESCALER = 0;
   Uint16 u16LPRESCALER = 0;//Low bits of divider
   Uint16 u16HPRESCALER = 0;//High bits of divider
   u64TBPRD = SYS CLK HZ / CPU.u32Frequency Hz;
   while (u64TBPRD > UINT32MAX)
         if(u16PRESCALER == 0)
            u16PRESCALER = 1;
         else
             u16PRESCALER = u16PRESCALER + 1;
         u64TBPRD = SYS_CLK_HZ / (u16PRESCALER * CPU.u32Frequency_Hz);
   u16LPRESCALER = u16PRESCALER & 0x00FF;
   u16HPRESCALER = (u16PRESCALER & 0xFF00)>>8;
    switch(CPU.u16CPUTimer)
       {
```

```
case CPUTIMER0:
                CpuTimer0Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 1; // Stop Timer
                CpuTimerORegs.PRD.all = u64TBPRD;
                                                      // Set the Period
Register
                CpuTimerORegs.TPR.bit.TDDR = u16LPRESCALER; // Set prescaler
registers to 0
                CpuTimerORegs.TPRH.bit.TDDRH = u16HPRESCALER ; // Set
prescaler high registers to 0
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TRB = 1; // Reload Timer
                CpuTimer0Regs.TCR.bit.SOFT = 1;
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.FREE = 1;
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TIE = CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
// Enable/Disable Timer Interrupts
                if(CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable)
                    PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER1.bit.INTx7 = 1;
                    PieVectTable.TIMER0 INT = &cputimer0 isr;
                CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TSS = 0; // Start Timer
            break;
            case CPUTIMER1:
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 1; // Stop Timer
                CpuTimer1Regs.PRD.all = u64TBPRD;
                                                     // Set the Period
Register
                CpuTimer1Regs.TPR.bit.TDDR = u16LPRESCALER; // Set prescaler
registers to 0
                CpuTimer1Regs.TPRH.bit.TDDRH = u16HPRESCALER; // Set
prescaler high registers to 0
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TRB = 1; // Reload Timer
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.SOFT = 1;
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.FREE = 1;
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TIE = CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
// Disable Timer Interrupts
                if(CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable)PieVectTable.TIMER1 INT =
&cputimer1 isr;
                CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 0; // Start Timer
            break;
            case CPUTIMER2:
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 1; // Stop Timer
                CpuTimer2Regs.PRD.all = u64TBPRD;
                                                   // Set the Period
Register
                CpuTimer2Regs.TPR.bit.TDDR= u16LPRESCALER; // Set prescaler
registers to 0
                CpuTimer2Regs.TPRH.bit.TDDRH = u16HPRESCALER; // Set
prescaler high registers to 0
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TRB = 1; // Reload Timer
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.SOFT = 1;
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.FREE = 1;
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TIE = CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable;
// Disable Timer Interrupts
                if(CPU.u16CPUTimerInterruptEnable)PieVectTable.TIMER2 INT =
&cputimer2 isr;
                CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TSS = 0; // Start Timer
            break;
```

```
EDIS;
//Time0 ISR
 _interrupt void cputimer0_isr(void)
    #ifdef DEBUG
   GPIO vSet (DEBUG PIN1);
    #endif
    #ifdef SOFTWARE FILTERS
   fBuffer2 = EFFECTS fHighPassFilterCalculate(&stHPF1, fBuffer1) ;
    fBuffer3 = EFFECTS fPeakFilterCalculate(&stBass, fBuffer2);
    fBuffer4 = EFFECTS_fPeakFilterCalculate(&stMid, fBuffer3);
   fBuffer5 = EFFECTS_fPeakFilterCalculate(&stTreble, fBuffer4);
    fBuffer6 = EFFECTS_fOverdriveCalculate(fOverdriveGain, fBuffer5,
u16DistortionSelect);
    fBuffer7 = EFFECTS_fLowPassFilterButterCalculate(&stLPF1, fBuffer6) *
FLOAT TO UINT16 SLOPE + FLOAT TO UINT16 OFFSET;
    DAC vDACBWriteFloatValue(fBuffer7);
    #else
    fBuffer2 = EFFECTS fPeakFilterCalculate(&stBass, fBuffer1);
    fBuffer3 = EFFECTS fPeakFilterCalculate(&stMid, fBuffer2);
    fBuffer4 = EFFECTS_fPeakFilterCalculate(&stTreble, fBuffer3);
    fBuffer5 = EFFECTS fOverdriveCalculate(fOverdriveGain, fBuffer4,
u16DistortionSelect) * FLOAT_TO_UINT16_SLOPE + FLOAT_TO_UINT16_OFFSET;
    DAC vDACBWriteFloatValue(fBuffer5);
    #endif
    PieCtrlRegs.PIEACK.all = PIEACK GROUP1; // Acknowledge Interrupt Group
    CpuTimerORegs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
    #ifdef DEBUG
   GPIO vClear(DEBUG PIN1);
    #endif
//Timer1 ISR
interrupt void cputimer1 isr(void)
    #ifdef DEBUG
   GPIO_vSet(DEBUG_PIN2);
    #endif
   INTERFACE_vButtonActions();
    INTERFACE vLEDActions();
    CpuTimer1Regs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
    #ifdef DEBUG
   GPIO vClear(DEBUG PIN2);
    #endif
//Timer2 ISR
```

```
interrupt void cputimer2 isr(void)
    CpuTimer2Regs.TCR.bit.TIF = 1; // Clear Interrupt Flag
GPIO:
 /*
  * GPIO.h
  * Created on: 14 oct. 2023
        Author: Paul
 #ifndef GPIO H
 #define GPIO_H_
 /*Defines*/
 //#define LED1 23
 //#define LED2 34
 #define OUTPUT 1
 #define INPUT 0
 #define QUAL SYNC 0
 #define QUAL 3SPL 1
 #define QUAL 6SPL 2
 #define QUAL ASYNC 3
 #define PORTA 0
 #define PORTB 1
 /*Structures*/
 /*Function prototypes*/
 void GPIO vConfigInput(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
 void GPIO vConfigOutput(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
 void GPIO vToggleMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
 void GPIO vSetMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
 void GPIO_vClearMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
 void GPIO vToggle(const Uint16 u16Pin);
 void GPIO vSet(const Uint16 u16Pin);
 void GPIO vClear(const Uint16 u16Pin);
 void GPIO vSetPort(const Uint16 u16FirstBit, Uint32 u32Data);
 void GPIO vClearPort(const Uint16 u16FirstBit, Uint32 u32Data);
 Uint16 GPIO_u16ReadPin(const Uint16 u16Pin);
 Uint16 GPIO_u16ReadPins(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
 Uint32 GPIO u32ReadPort(Uint16 u16Port);
 void GPIO_vI2CPins();
 /*Variables*/
 extern const Uint16 u16PinList1[32];
 extern const Uint16 u16PinList2[32];
 extern const Uint16 u16PinList3[32];
 extern const Uint16 u16PinList4[32];
 extern const Uint16 u16PinList5[32];
 extern const Uint16 u16PinList6[32];
 #endif /* GPIO H */
```

```
* GPIO.c
 * Created on: 14 oct. 2023
       Author: Paul
/* Project Headers */
#include "F28x Project.h"
/* System Headers*/
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "SYSPARAM.h"
/* Own Headers */
#include "GPIO.h"
/* External Headers */
/* Function Prototypes */
void GPIO vConfigInput(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
void GPIO vConfigOutput(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
void GPIO_vToggleMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
void GPIO vSetMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
void GPIO vClearMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
void GPIO vToggle(const Uint16 u16Pin);
void GPIO vSet(const Uint16 u16Pin);
void GPIO vClear(const Uint16 u16Pin);
void GPIO vSetPort(const Uint16 u16FirstBit, Uint32 u32Data);
void GPIO vClearPort(const Uint16 u16FirstBit, Uint32 u32Data);
Uint16 GPIO u16ReadPin(const Uint16 u16Pin);
Uint16 GPIO_u16ReadPins(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins);
Uint32 GPIO u32ReadPort(Uint16 u16Port);
void GPIO vI2CPins();
/* Global Variables */
void GPIO_vI2CPins()
{
    EALLOW;
    /*Set SCL and SDA as outputs*/
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBDIR.bit.GPIO37 = OUTPUT;//SCL
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBDIR.bit.GPIO35 = OUTPUT;//SDA
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBQSEL1.bit.GPIO37 = QUAL ASYNC;
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBQSEL1.bit.GPIO35 = QUAL ASYNC;
    /*Enable Pull-ups*/
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBPUD.bit.GPIO37 = 0;
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBPUD.bit.GPIO35 = 0;
    /*MUX to SDA and SCL*/
    /*Higher 2 bits*/
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBGMUX1.bit.GPIO35 = 0;
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBMUX1.bit.GPIO35 = 0;
    /*Lower 2 bits*/
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBGMUX1.bit.GPIO37 = 3;
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBMUX1.bit.GPIO37 = 3;
    EDIS:
void GPIO vConfigInput(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins)
    EALLOW;
```

```
volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
    volatile Uint16 i = 0;
    for ( i = 0; i < u16Pins; i++)
        if( u16PinList[i] < 32 )</pre>
            u32MaskA = u32MaskA | ( 1UL << u16PinList[i] );</pre>
        }
        else
           u32MaskB = u32MaskB | ( 1UL << ( u16PinList[i] % 32 ) );
    //Disable pull-up
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPAPUD.all |= u32MaskA;// 0 PU en, 1 PU dis
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBPUD.all |= u32MaskB;
    //GPIO Direction Input
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPADIR.all &= \sim ( u32MaskA );
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBDIR.all &= ~( u32MaskB );
   EDIS;
}
void GPIO vConfigOutput(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins)
    EALLOW;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
    volatile Uint16 i = 0;
    for ( i = 0; i < u16Pins; i++)
        if(u16PinList[i] < 32)
        {
            u32MaskA = u32MaskA | ( 1UL << u16PinList[i] );</pre>
        }
        else
           u32MaskB = u32MaskB | ( 1UL << ( u16PinList[i] % 32 ) );
    //GPIO Direction Output
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPADIR.all |= u32MaskA;
    GpioCtrlRegs.GPBDIR.all |= u32MaskB;
   EDIS;
}
void GPIO_vToggleMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins)
    EALLOW;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
    volatile Uint16 i = 0;
    for ( i = 0; i < u16Pins; i++)
        if(u16PinList[i] < 32)
        {
```

```
u32MaskA = u32MaskA | ( 1UL << u16PinList[i] );</pre>
        }
        else
            u32MaskB = u32MaskB \mid (1UL << (u16PinList[i] % 32));
    //GPIO Toggle Output
    GpioDataRegs.GPATOGGLE.all |= u32MaskA;
    GpioDataRegs.GPBTOGGLE.all |= u32MaskB;
    EDIS:
}
void GPIO vSetMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins)
{
    EALLOW;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
    volatile Uint16 i = 0;
    for ( i = 0; i < u16Pins; i++)
        if(u16PinList[i] < 32)
            u32MaskA = u32MaskA | ( 1UL << u16PinList[i] );</pre>
        }
        else
            u32MaskB = u32MaskB | ( 1UL << ( u16PinList[i] % 32 ) );
    //GPIO Toggle Output
    GpioDataRegs.GPASET.all |= u32MaskA;
    GpioDataRegs.GPBSET.all |= u32MaskB;
    EDIS;
}
void GPIO_vClearMultiple(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins)
{
    EALLOW;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
    volatile Uint16 i = 0;
    for ( i = 0; i < u16Pins; i++)
        if(u16PinList[i] < 32)
            u32MaskA = u32MaskA | ( 1UL << u16PinList[i] );</pre>
        }
        else
            u32MaskB = u32MaskB | ( 1UL << ( u16PinList[i] % 32 ) );
    //GPIO Toggle Output
    GpioDataRegs.GPACLEAR.all |= u32MaskA;
    GpioDataRegs.GPBCLEAR.all |= u32MaskB;
    EDIS;
void GPIO vToggle(const Uint16 u16Pin)
```

```
EALLOW;
   volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
   volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
    if(u16Pin < 32)
       u32MaskA = u32MaskA \mid (1UL << u16Pin);
    else
       u32MaskB = u32MaskB | ( 1UL << ( u16Pin% 32 ) );
    //GPIO Toggle Output
    GpioDataRegs.GPATOGGLE.all |= u32MaskA;
    GpioDataRegs.GPBTOGGLE.all |= u32MaskB;
   EDIS;
void GPIO_vSet(const Uint16 u16Pin)
{
   EALLOW;
   volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
   volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
   if(u16Pin < 32)
       u32MaskA = u32MaskA | ( 1UL << u16Pin );
    else
       u32MaskB = u32MaskB | (1UL << (u16Pin % 32));
    //GPIO Toggle Output
   GpioDataRegs.GPASET.all |= u32MaskA;
   GpioDataRegs.GPBSET.all |= u32MaskB;
   EDIS;
}
void GPIO vClear(const Uint16 u16Pin)
   EALLOW;
   volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
   volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
   if(u16Pin < 32)
       u32MaskA = u32MaskA | ( 1UL << u16Pin );
    else
       u32MaskB = u32MaskB | (1UL << (u16Pin % 32));
    //GPIO Toggle Output
    GpioDataRegs.GPACLEAR.all |= u32MaskA;
    GpioDataRegs.GPBCLEAR.all |= u32MaskB;
   EDIS;
void GPIO vSetPort(const Uint16 u16FirstBit, Uint32 u32Data)
   EALLOW;
   volatile Uint32 u32Mask = u32Data;
```

```
if(u16FirstBit != 0)u32Mask = u32Data << ( u16FirstBit % 32 );</pre>
    if(u16FirstBit < 32)</pre>
        GpioDataRegs.GPASET.all |= u32Mask;
    else
        GpioDataRegs.GPBSET.all |= u32Mask;
    EDIS;
void GPIO vClearPort(const Uint16 u16FirstBit, Uint32 u32Data)
    EALLOW;
    volatile Uint32 u32Mask = u32Data;
    if(u16FirstBit != 0)u32Mask = u32Data << ( u16FirstBit % 32 );</pre>
    if(u16FirstBit < 32)</pre>
        GpioDataRegs.GPACLEAR.all |= u32Mask;
    else
        GpioDataRegs.GPBCLEAR.all |= u32Mask;
    EDIS;
}
Uint16 GPIO u16ReadPin(const Uint16 u16Pin)
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskA = 0;
    volatile Uint32 u32MaskB = 0;
    if(u16Pin < 32)
        u32MaskA = u32MaskA \mid (1UL << u16Pin);
        if(u32MaskA == ( u32MaskA & GpioDataRegs.GPADAT.all ) )
        else
            return 0;
    }
    else
        u32MaskB = u32MaskB | (1UL << (u16Pin % 32));
        if(u32MaskB == ( u32MaskB & GpioDataRegs.GPBDAT.all ) )
            return 1;
        else
           return 0;
    }
}
Uint16 GPIO_u16ReadPins(const Uint16 u16PinList[], Uint16 u16Pins)
    volatile Uint16 i = 0;
    volatile Uint16 u16ReadPins = 0;
    for ( i = 0; i < u16Pins; i++)
        if( GPIO u16ReadPin(u16PinList[i]) ) u16ReadPins = u16ReadPins | ( 1U
<< i );
   }
    return u16ReadPins;
```

```
Uint32 GPIO_u32ReadPort(Uint16 u16Port)
       if( u16Port == PORTA)
          return GpioDataRegs.GPADAT.all;
       else
          return GpioDataRegs.GPBDAT.all;
• DAC:
    * DAC.h
    * Created on: 21 oct. 2023
        Author: Paul
   #ifndef DAC H
   #define DAC_H_
   /*Defines*/
   #define REFERENCE VDAC 0
   #define REFERENCE VREF 1
   /*Which EPWM Period will update the DAC*/
   #define EPWM1SYNCPER 0
   #define EPWM2SYNCPER 1
   #define EPWM3SYNCPER 2
   #define EPWM4SYNCPER 3
   #define EPWM5SYNCPER 4
   #define EPWM6SYNCPER 5
   /*Update on SYSCLK or on SYNCSEL*/
   #define SYSCLK 0
   #define SYNCSELCLK 1
   #define GAIN1 0
   #define GAIN2 1
   #define MAX12BIT 4095U
   /*Structures*/
   typedef struct{
       Uint16 u16Update;
       Uint16 u16UpdateSrc;
       Uint16 u16Value;
       float fSlope;
       int16 i160ffset;
   }tstDACData;
   /*Structure Initializations*/
   #define DAC1 INIT {SYSCLK, 0, 0, 1, 0}
   #define DAC2_INIT {SYSCLK, 0, 0, 1, 0}
   /*Function prototypes*/
   void DAC vDACAInit(tstDACData DACData);
   void DAC_vDACBInit(tstDACData DACData);
   void DAC_vDACAWriteValue(tstDACData DACData);
   void DAC_vDACBWriteValue(tstDACData DACData);
```

```
void DAC vDACAWriteFloatValue(float Value);
void DAC_vDACBWriteFloatValue(float Value);
/*Variables*/
extern tstDACData stDACData1;
extern tstDACData stDACData2;
#endif /* DAC_H_ */
/*
 * DAC.c
 * Created on: 21 oct. 2023
       Author: Paul
#include "F28x Project.h"
/* System Headefiles*/
#include <stdlib.h>
/* Own Headerfiles */
#include "SYSPARAM.h"
#include "DAC.h"
/* External Headers */
/* Function Prototypes */
void DAC vDACAInit(tstDACData DACData);
void DAC_vDACBInit(tstDACData DACData);
void DAC_vDACAWriteValue(tstDACData DACData);
void DAC vDACBWriteValue(tstDACData DACData);
void DAC_vDACAWriteFloatValue(float Value);
void DAC vDACBWriteFloatValue(float Value);
/* Global Variables */
tstDACData stDACData1 = DAC1 INIT;
tstDACData stDACData2 = DAC2 INIT;
void DAC vDACAInit(tstDACData DACData)
    EALLOW;
    /*DACA*/
    CpuSysRegs.PCLKCR16.bit.DAC A = ENABLE;
    AnalogSubsysRegs.ANAREFCTL.bit.ANAREFASEL = ADC INTERNAL;
    AnalogSubsysRegs.ANAREFCTL.bit.ANAREFA2P5SEL = ADC VREF3P3;
    DacaRegs.DACCTL.bit.LOADMODE = DACData.u16Update;
    DacaRegs.DACCTL.bit.SYNCSEL = DACData.u16UpdateSrc;
    DacaRegs.DACCTL.bit.MODE = GAIN2;
    DacaRegs.DACCTL.bit.DACREFSEL = REFERENCE_VREF;
    DacaRegs.DACOUTEN.bit.DACOUTEN = ENABLE;
    DELAY US(100);
    EDIS;
void DAC vDACBInit(tstDACData DACData)
    EALLOW;
    /*DACB*/
    CpuSysRegs.PCLKCR16.bit.DAC B = ENABLE;
```

```
AnalogSubsysRegs.ANAREFCTL.bit.ANAREFBSEL = ADC INTERNAL;
     AnalogSubsysRegs.ANAREFCTL.bit.ANAREFB2P5SEL = ADC VREF3P3;
     /*B and C References bonded together!*/
     AnalogSubsysRegs.ANAREFCTL.bit.ANAREFCSEL = ADC INTERNAL;
     AnalogSubsysRegs.ANAREFCTL.bit.ANAREFC2P5SEL = ADC_VREF3P3;
     DacbRegs.DACCTL.bit.LOADMODE = DACData.u16Update;
     DacbRegs.DACCTL.bit.SYNCSEL = DACData.u16UpdateSrc;
     DacbRegs.DACCTL.bit.MODE = GAIN2;
     DacbRegs.DACCTL.bit.DACREFSEL = REFERENCE VREF;
     DacbRegs.DACOUTEN.bit.DACOUTEN = ENABLE;
     DELAY US(100);
     EDIS;
 }
 void DAC vDACAWriteValue(tstDACData DACData)
     DacaRegs.DACVALS.bit.DACVALS = DACData.u16Value * DACData.fSlope +
 DACData.i160ffset;
 void DAC vDACBWriteValue(tstDACData DACData)
     DacbRegs.DACVALS.bit.DACVALS = DACData.u16Value * DACData.fSlope +
 DACData.i160ffset;
 void DAC vDACAWriteFloatValue(float Value)
     DacaRegs.DACVALS.bit.DACVALS = (Uint16) Value;
 void DAC vDACBWriteFloatValue(float Value)
     DacbRegs.DACVALS.bit.DACVALS = (Uint16) Value;
ADC:
  * ADC B.h
  * Created on: 21 oct. 2023
        Author: Paul
 #ifndef ADC B H
 #define ADC B H
 /*Defines*/
 /*ADC Triggers*/
 #define SOFTWARE 0
 #define TIMER0 1
 #define TIMER1 2
 #define TIMER2 3
 #define GPIO EXT 4
 #define EPWM1SOCA 5
 #define EPWM1SOCB 6
 #define EPWM2SOCA 7
 #define EPWM2SOCB 8
 #define EPWM3SOCA 9
 #define EPWM3SOCB 10
```

```
#define EPWM4SOCA 11
#define EPWM4SOCB 12
#define EPWM5SOCA 13
#define EPWM5SOCB 14
/*Select End of Conversion*/
#define EOC0 0
#define EOC1 1
#define EOC2 2
#define EOC3 3
/*Structures*/
typedef struct{
    Uint16 u16ADCChannel;//Input Pin
    Uint16 u16AqWindow;//
    Uint16 u16Interrupt;//Interrupt number 1 - 4
    Uint16 u16TriggerSRC;//Trigger Source(EPWM/CPU)
}tstADCBConfig;
/*Structure Initializations*/
#define ADCB1_INIT {1, 47, 1, TIMER0}
#define ADCB2_INIT {4, 14, 1, EPWM4SOCA}
#define ADCB3_INIT {3, 14, 1, TIMER0}
#define ADCB4 INIT {4, 14, 1, EPWM4SOCA}
void ADC B vADCB Group Init();
void ADC B vADCB SOC0Config(tstADCBConfig ADC);
void ADC B vADCB SOC1Config(tstADCBConfig ADC);
void ADC B vADCB SOCODisable();
void ADC B vADCB SOC1Disable();
Uint16 ADC_B_u16ADCBgetRawValue0();
Uint16 ADC_B_u16ADCBgetRawValue1();
/*Variables*/
extern tstADCBConfig stADCB1;
extern tstADCBConfig stADCB2;
extern tstADCBConfig stADCB3;
extern tstADCBConfig stADCB4;
#endif /* ADC B H */
 * ADC B.c
 * Created on: 21 oct. 2023
       Author: Paul
/* Project Headers */
#include "F28x_Project.h"
/* System Headers*/
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ADC B.h>
/* Own Headers */
#include "SYSPARAM.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "EFFECTS.h"
```

```
/* External Headers */
/* Function Prototypes */
void ADC B vADCB Group Init();
void ADC B vADCB SOCOConfig(tstADCBConfig ADC);
void ADC B vADCB SOC1Config(tstADCBConfig ADC);
Uint16 ADC B u16ADCBgetRawValue0();
Uint16 ADC_B_u16ADCBgetRawValue1();
__interrupt void adcb1_isr(void);
__interrupt void adcb2_isr(void);
__interrupt void adcb3 isr(void);
 interrupt void adcb4 isr(void);
/* Global Variables */
tstADCBConfig stADCB1 = ADCB1 INIT;
tstADCBConfig stADCB2 = ADCB2 INIT;
tstADCBConfig stADCB3 = ADCB3 INIT;
tstADCBConfig stADCB4 = ADCB4 INIT;
/*Initialize ADC Group*/
void ADC_B_vADCB_Group_Init()
    SetVREF(ADC_ADCB, ADC_INTERNAL, ADC_VREF3P3);
    SetVREF(ADC ADCC, ADC INTERNAL, ADC VREF3P3);
    EALLOW;
    AdcbRegs.ADCCTL2.bit.PRESCALE = 0;//Divide sysclk by 1
    AdcbRegs.ADCCTL1.bit.INTPULSEPOS = 1;
    AdcbRegs.ADCCTL1.bit.ADCPWDNZ = 1;
    PieVectTable.ADCB1 INT = &adcb1 isr;
    PieVectTable.ADCB2_INT = &adcb2_isr;
    PieVectTable.ADCB3_INT = &adcb3_isr;
    PieVectTable.ADCB4 INT = &adcb4 isr;
    EDIS;
    DELAY_US(1000);
/*Initialize ADC by SOC*/
void ADC_B_vADCB_SOC0Config(tstADCBConfig ADC)
{
        AdcbRegs.ADCSOCOCTL.bit.CHSEL = ADC.u16ADCChannel; //Read pin
        AdcbRegs.ADCSOCOCTL.bit.ACQPS = ADC.ul6AqWindow; //Sample window
        AdcbRegs.ADCSOCOCTL.bit.TRIGSEL = ADC.u16TriggerSRC;
        if(ADC.u16Interrupt == 1)
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT1SEL = EOCO; //end of SOCO will set
INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT1E = ENABLE; //enable INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT1 = 1; //make sure INT1 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER1.bit.INTx2 = 1; //ADCB1 Interrupt
        if(ADC.u16Interrupt == 2)
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT2SEL = EOC0; //end of SOC0 will set
INT2 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT2E = ENABLE; //enable INT2 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT2 = 1; //make sure INT2 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER10.bit.INTx6 = 1; //ADCB2 Interrupt
        }
```

```
if(ADC.u16Interrupt == 3)
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT3SEL = EOCO; //end of SOCO will set
INT3 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT3E = ENABLE; //enable INT3 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT3 = 1; //make sure INT3 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER10.bit.INTx7 = 1; //ADCB3 Interrupt
        if(ADC.u16Interrupt == 4)
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT4SEL = EOC0; //end of SOC0 will set
INT4 flag
            AdcbReqs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT4E = ENABLE; //enable INT4 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT4 = 1; //make sure INT4 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER10.bit.INTx8 = 1; //ADCB3 Interrupt
        }
       EDIS;
/*Disable the Trigger of the SOC*/
void ADC B vADCB SOCODisable()
   EALLOW;
   AdcbRegs.ADCSOCOCTL.bit.TRIGSEL = DISABLE;
   EDIS:
/*Initialize ADC by SOC*/
void ADC B vADCB SOC1Config(tstADCBConfig ADC)
       EALLOW;
       AdcbRegs.ADCSOC1CTL.bit.CHSEL = ADC.u16ADCChannel; //SOC will
convert pin A0
       AdcbRegs.ADCSOC1CTL.bit.ACQPS = ADC.u16AqWindow; //sample window is
100 SYSCLK cycles
       AdcbRegs.ADCSOC1CTL.bit.TRIGSEL = ADC.u16TriggerSRC;
        if(ADC.u16Interrupt==1)
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT1SEL = EOC1; //end of SOC will set
INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT1E = ENABLE; //enable INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT1 = 1; //make sure INT1 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER1.bit.INTx2 = 1; //ADCB1 Interrupt
       if(ADC.u16Interrupt==2)
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT2SEL = EOC1; //end of SOC0 will set
INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL1N2.bit.INT2E = ENABLE; //enable INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT2 = 1; //make sure INT1 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER10.bit.INTx6 = 1; //ADCB2 Interrupt
        if(ADC.u16Interrupt==3)
```

```
AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT3SEL = EOC1; //end of SOC0 will set
INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT3E = ENABLE;; //enable INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT3 = 1; //make sure INT1 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER10.bit.INTx7 = 1; //ADCB3 Interrupt
        if(ADC.u16Interrupt==4)
           AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT4SEL = EOC1; //end of SOC0 will set
INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTSEL3N4.bit.INT4E = ENABLE; //enable INT1 flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT4 = 1; //make sure INT1 flag is
cleared
            PieCtrlRegs.PIEIER10.bit.INTx8 = 1; //ADCB3 Interrupt
        }
        EDIS;
/*Disable the Trigger of the SOC*/
void ADC_B_vADCB_SOC1Disable()
   EALLOW;
   AdcbRegs.ADCSOC1CTL.bit.TRIGSEL = DISABLE;
}
Uint16 ADC B u16ADCBgetRawValue0()
   return AdcbResultRegs.ADCRESULTO;
Uint16 ADC B u16ADCBgetRawValue1()
   return AdcbResultRegs.ADCRESULT1;
//ADCB Interrupt 1
 interrupt void adcbl isr(void)
    #ifdef DEBUG
   GPIO vSet (DEBUG PIN3);
    #endif
   fBuffer1 = ( (float)ADC B u16ADCBgetRawValue0() ) * UINT16 TO FLOAT SLOPE
+ UINT16 TO FLOAT OFFSET;
   AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT1 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
    if(1 == AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVF.bit.ADCINT1)
        AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVFCLR.bit.ADCINT1 = 1; //clear INT1 overflow flag
       AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT1 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
    PieCtrlRegs.PIEACK.all = PIEACK GROUP1;
    #ifdef DEBUG
    GPIO vClear(DEBUG PIN3);
    #endif
```

```
//ADCB Interrupt 2
__interrupt void adcb2_isr(void)
   AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT2 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
   if(1 == AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVF.bit.ADCINT2)
        AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVFCLR.bit.ADCINT2 = 1; //clear INT1 overflow flag
        AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT2 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
    PieCtrlRegs.PIEACK.all = PIEACK GROUP10;
}
//ADCB Interrupt 3
 interrupt void adcb3 isr(void)
   AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT3 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
   if(1 == AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVF.bit.ADCINT3)
        AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVFCLR.bit.ADCINT3 = 1; //clear INT1 overflow flag
        AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT3 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
   PieCtrlRegs.PIEACK.all = PIEACK GROUP10;
//ADCB Interrupt 4
 interrupt void adcb4 isr(void)
   AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT4 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
   if(1 == AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVF.bit.ADCINT4)
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTOVFCLR.bit.ADCINT4 = 1; //clear INT1 overflow flag
            AdcbRegs.ADCINTFLGCLR.bit.ADCINT4 = 1; //clear INT1 flag
   PieCtrlRegs.PIEACK.all = PIEACK GROUP10;
```

#### Middleware:

#### • Interface:

```
/*
 * INTERFACE.h
 *
 * Created on: 19 nov. 2023
 * Author: Paul
 */
/*
Interface Map

LED1 - GPIO11
LED2 - GPIO12
LED3 - GPIO13
LED4 - GPIO14
LED5 - GPIO15
LED6 - GPIO16
LED7 - GPIO17
```

```
BT1 - GPIO32
BT2 - GPI033
BT3 - GPI039
BT4 - GPIO40
BT5 - GPI056
BT6 - GPI057
#ifndef INTERFACE_H_
#define INTERFACE H
/*Defines*/
#define LED RED 23
#define LED GREEN 34
#define INPUTS 6
#define BUTTON LEFT 32
#define BUTTON_RIGHT 33
#define BUTTON_SELECT 39
#define BUTTON BACK 40
#define BUTTON_INCREASE 56
#define BUTTON DECREAE 57
#define OUTPUTS 8
#define BASS 11
#define MID 12
#define TREBLE 13
#define NO DIST 14
#define SOFT_DIST 15
#define SYM_SOFT_DIST 16
#define HARD DIST 17
#define LED BASS 0x0001
#define LED MID 0x0002
#define LED TREBLE 0x0004
#define LED NO DIST 0x0008
#define LED SOFT DIST 0x0010
#define LED SYM SOFT DIST 0x0020
#define LED HARD DIST 0x0040
/*Structures*/
/*Function prototypes*/
void INTERFACE_vConfig();
void INTERFACE vNavigateLeft();
void INTERFACE vNavigateRight();
void INTERFACE vSelect();
void INTERFACE_vBack();
void INTERFACE_vIncrease();
void INTERFACE_vDecease();
void INTERFACE vButtonActions();
void INTERFACE vLEDActions();
/*Variables*/
extern const Uint32 u32MaskButtonLeft;
extern const Uint32 u32MaskButtonRight;
extern const Uint32 u32MaskButtonSelect;
extern const Uint32 u32MaskButtonBack;
extern const Uint32 u32MaskButtonIncrease;
extern const Uint32 u32MaskButtonDecrease;
```

```
const extern Uint32 u32MaskButtons;
extern Uint16 u16InputPinList[];
extern Uint16 u16OutputPinList[];
extern Uint16 u16ButtonPanel;
extern Uint16 u16LEDPanel;
extern Uint16 u16UpdateBass;
extern Uint16 u16UpdateMid;
extern Uint16 u16UpdateTreble;
#endif /* INTERFACE H */
 * INTERFACE.c
 * Created on: 19 nov. 2023
      Author: Paul
/* Project Headers */
#include "F28x Project.h"
/* System Headerfiles*/
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "SYSPARAM.h"
/* Own Headerfiles */
#include "INTERFACE.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "EFFECTS.h"
/* Extern Headerfiles */
/* Function Prototypes */
void INTERFACE vConfig();
void INTERFACE vNavigateLeft();
void INTERFACE_vNavigateRight();
void INTERFACE vSelect();
void INTERFACE_vBack();
void INTERFACE vIncrease();
void INTERFACE vDecease();
void INTERFACE vButtonActions();
void INTERFACE_vLEDActions();
/* Global Variables */
const Uint32 u32MaskButtonLeft = 1UL << ( BUTTON LEFT % 32 );</pre>
const Uint32 u32MaskButtonRight = 1UL << ( BUTTON RIGHT % 32 );</pre>
const Uint32 u32MaskButtonSelect = 1UL << ( BUTTON_SELECT % 32 );</pre>
const Uint32 u32MaskButtonBack = 1UL << ( BUTTON BACK % 32 );</pre>
const Uint32 u32MaskButtonIncrease = 1UL << ( BUTTON INCREASE % 32 );</pre>
const Uint32 u32MaskButtonDecrease = 1UL << ( BUTTON DECREAE % 32 );</pre>
const Uint32 u32MaskButtons = 1UL << ( BUTTON LEFT \% 32 ) | 1UL << (
BUTTON RIGHT \% 32 ) | 1UL << ( BUTTON SELECT \% 32 ) | 1UL << ( BUTTON BACK \%
32 ) | 1UL << ( BUTTON INCREASE % 32 ) | 1UL << ( BUTTON DECREAE % 32 );
Uint16 u16InputPinList[] = {BUTTON_LEFT, BUTTON_RIGHT, BUTTON_SELECT,
BUTTON BACK, BUTTON INCREASE, BUTTON DECREAE };
Uint16 u16OutputPinList[] = {BASS, MID, TREBLE, NO DIST, SOFT DIST,
SYM SOFT DIST, HARD DIST, LED RED };
Uint16 u16LEDPanel = NO DIST;
Uint16 u16ButtonPanel = LED_NO_DIST;
```

```
Uint16 u16UpdateBass = 0;
Uint16 u16UpdateMid = 0;
Uint16 u16UpdateTreble = 0;
void INTERFACE_vConfig()
    GPIO vConfigInput(u16InputPinList, INPUTS);
    GPIO vConfigOutput(u16OutputPinList, OUTPUTS);
void INTERFACE vNavigateLeft()
    if((u16ButtonPanel >= LED BASS) && (u16ButtonPanel < LED HARD DIST))</pre>
       u16ButtonPanel = u16ButtonPanel << 1UL;</pre>
       u16ButtonPanel = LED HARD DIST;
void INTERFACE_vNavigateRight()
    if((u16ButtonPanel > LED_BASS) && (u16ButtonPanel <= LED_HARD_DIST))</pre>
       u16ButtonPanel = u16ButtonPanel >> 1UL;
       u16ButtonPanel = LED BASS;
void INTERFACE vSelect()
    if(u16ButtonPanel == LED NO DIST)
       u16DistortionSelect = NO DISTORTION;
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED_SOFT_DIST)
       u16DistortionSelect = SOFT CLIP;
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED_SYM_SOFT_DIST)
       u16DistortionSelect = SYM SOFT CLIP;
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED HARD DIST)
       u16DistortionSelect = HARD CLIP;
}
void INTERFACE vBack()
void INTERFACE_vIncrease()
    if( (u16ButtonPanel == LED NO DIST) || (u16ButtonPanel == LED SOFT DIST)
|| (u16ButtonPanel == LED SYM SOFT DIST) || (u16ButtonPanel ==
LED_HARD_DIST))
    {
        if(fOverdriveGain <= GAIN_MAX)</pre>
            fOverdriveGain = fOverdriveGain + GAIN STEP;
        else fOverdriveGain = GAIN MAX;
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED BASS)
        if(fBassGain <= GAIN MAX)</pre>
            fBassGain = fBassGain + GAIN STEP;
            u16UpdateBass = 1;
```

```
}
        else
            fBassGain = GAIN_MAX;
            u16UpdateBass = 1;
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED_MID)
        if(fMidGain <= GAIN MAX)</pre>
            fMidGain = fMidGain + GAIN STEP;
            u16UpdateMid = 1;
        }
        else
            fMidGain = GAIN MAX;
            u16UpdateMid = 1;
    }
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED_TREBLE)
        if(fTrebleGain <= GAIN MAX)</pre>
            fTrebleGain = fTrebleGain + GAIN STEP;
            u16UpdateTreble = 1;
        }
        else
            fTrebleGain = GAIN MAX;
            u16UpdateTreble = 1;
        }
    }
}
void INTERFACE_vDecrease()
    if( (u16ButtonPanel == LED_NO_DIST) || (u16ButtonPanel == LED_SOFT_DIST)
|| (u16ButtonPanel == LED SYM SOFT DIST) || (u16ButtonPanel ==
LED HARD DIST))
    {
        if(fOverdriveGain >= GAIN_MIN)
            fOverdriveGain = fOverdriveGain - GAIN STEP;
        else fOverdriveGain = GAIN_MIN;
    }
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED BASS)
        if(fBassGain >= GAIN_MIN)
            fBassGain = fBassGain - GAIN_STEP;
            u16UpdateBass = 1;
        }
        else
            fBassGain = GAIN_MIN;
            u16UpdateBass = 1;
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED MID)
```

```
if(fMidGain >= GAIN MIN)
            fMidGain = fMidGain - GAIN STEP;
            u16UpdateMid = 1;
        else
            fMidGain = GAIN_MIN;
            u16UpdateMid = 1;
    else if(u16ButtonPanel == LED TREBLE)
        if(fTrebleGain >= GAIN MIN)
            fTrebleGain = fTrebleGain - GAIN_STEP;
           u16UpdateTreble = 1;
        }
        else
            fTrebleGain = GAIN_MIN;
            u16UpdateTreble = 1;
    }
}
void INTERFACE vButtonActions()
   volatile Uint32 u32Port = GPIO u32ReadPort(PORTB) & u32MaskButtons;
   if(u32Port != 0)
        if(u32Port & u32MaskButtonLeft)
            GPIO_vClear(LED_RED);
            INTERFACE_vNavigateLeft();
            GPIO vSet(LED RED);
        }
        else if( (u32Port & u32MaskButtonRight) == u32MaskButtonRight)
            GPIO vClear(LED RED);
            INTERFACE vNavigateRight();
            GPIO_vSet(LED_RED);
        }
        else if( (u32Port & u32MaskButtonSelect) == u32MaskButtonSelect)
            GPIO_vClear(LED_RED);
            INTERFACE_vSelect();
            GPIO_vSet(LED_RED);
        else if( (u32Port & u32MaskButtonBack) == u32MaskButtonBack)
            GPIO vClear(LED RED);
            INTERFACE vBack();
            GPIO vSet(LED RED);
        else if( (u32Port & u32MaskButtonIncrease) == u32MaskButtonIncrease)
```

```
GPIO vClear(LED RED);
             INTERFACE vIncrease();
             GPIO_vSet(LED_RED);
         else if ( u32Port \& u32MaskButtonDecrease) == u32MaskButtonDecrease)
            GPIO vClear(LED RED);
             INTERFACE_vDecrease();
            GPIO_vSet(LED_RED);
         }
    }
 }
void INTERFACE_vLEDActions()
    GPIO_vClear(u16LEDPanel);
    switch(u16ButtonPanel)
     {
         case LED BASS:
           u16LEDPanel = BASS;
        break;
         case LED MID:
           u16LEDPanel = MID;
         break;
         case LED TREBLE:
           u16LEDPanel = TREBLE;
         break;
         case LED_NO_DIST:
           u16LEDPanel = NO_DIST;
         break;
         case LED SOFT DIST:
           u16LEDPanel = SOFT_DIST;
         break;
         case LED SYM SOFT DIST:
            u16LEDPanel = SYM SOFT DIST;
         break;
         case LED_HARD_DIST:
            u16LEDPanel = HARD_DIST;
        break;
     GPIO_vSet(u16LEDPanel);
Effects:
 /*
 * EFFECTS.H
  * Created on: 29 oct. 2023
       Author: Paul
 #ifndef EFFECTS_H_
 #define EFFECTS_H_
```

```
/*Defines*/
#define SOFT_CLIP_THRESHOLD 1.0
#define HARD_CLIP_THRESHOLD 0.9
#define SAMPLE PERIOD 1.0417e-5
#define BASS_CENTER_FREQUENCY 77.5
#define BASS_BANDWIDTH 280.0
#define MID CENTER FREQUENCY 1095.0
#define MID_BANDWIDTH 3700.0
#define TREBLE CENTER FREQUENCY 7746.0
#define TREBLE BANDWIDTH 11000.0
#define NO DISTORTION 0
#define SOFT_CLIP 1
#define SYM SOFT CLIP 2
#define HARD CLIP 3
#define GAIN_DEFAULT 1.0
#define GAIN MAX 3.0
#define GAIN_MIN 0.1
#define GAIN STEP 0.1
/*Structures*/
typedef struct{
   float fDataInOld;
    float fDataOutOld;
    float fCoeff1;
    float fCoeff2;
    float fCoeff3;
}tstEffectHPF;
typedef struct{
   float fDataInOld1;
    float fDataInOld2;
   float fDataOutOld1;
   float fDataOutOld2;
   float fCoeff1;
    float fCoeff2;
    float fCoeff3;
    float fCoeff4;
    float fCoeff5;
}tstEffectLPF;
typedef struct{
   float fDataInOld1;
    float fDataInOld2;
    float fDataOutOld1;
   float fDataOutOld2;
    float fCoeff1;//a0
    float fCoeff2;//a1
    float fCoeff3;//a2
    float fCoeff4;//b0
    float fCoeff5;//b1
    float fCoeff6;//b2
    float fGain;
    float fBandwidth;
    float fCenterFrequency;
```

```
}tstEffectPeak;
/*Structure Initializations*/
#define HPF1 INIT { 0, 0, 0.9993, 0.9993, 0.9987} //fs = 96k
#define LPF1 INIT { 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.2262, 0.4523, 0.2262, 0.2809, 0.1956 }//fs
/*Function prototypes*/
void EFFECTS vHighPassFilterUpdate(tstEffectHPF *Filter, float Coeff1, float
Coeff2, float Coeff3);
float EFFECTS fHighPassFilterCalculate(tstEffectHPF *Filter, float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fSymmetricalSoftClipCalculate(float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fSoftClipCalculate(float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fHardClipCalculate(float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fOverdriveCalculate(float Gain, float DataIn, Uint16
GainSelect);
void EFFECTS vLowPassFilterButterUpdate(tstEffectLPF *Filter, float Coeff1,
float Coeff2, float Coeff3, float Coeff4, float Coeff5);
float EFFECTS fLowPassFilterButterCalculate(tstEffectLPF *Filter, float
DataIn);
void EFFECTS vPeakFilterInit(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float fCenterFrequency,
float fBandwidth, float fGain);
void EFFECTS vPeakFilterUpdate(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float fCenterFrequency,
float fBandwidth, float fGain);
float EFFECTS fPeakFilterCalculate(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float DataIn);
/*Variables*/
extern tstEffectHPF stHPF1;
extern tstEffectHPF stHPF2;
extern float fOverdriveGain;
extern Uint16 u16DistortionSelect;
extern tstEffectLPF stLPF1;
extern tstEffectLPF stLPF2;
extern tstEffectPeak stBass;
extern float fBassGain;
extern tstEffectPeak stMid;
extern float fMidGain;
extern tstEffectPeak stTreble;
extern float fTrebleGain;
extern float fBuffer1;
extern float fBuffer2;
extern float fBuffer3;
extern float fBuffer4;
extern float fBuffer5;
extern float fBuffer6;
```

```
extern float fBuffer7;
#endif /* EFFECTS H */
 * EFFECTS.c
 * Created on: 29 oct. 2023
       Author: Paul
 */
/* Project Headers */
#include "F28x Project.h"
/* System Headerfiles*/
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "SYSPARAM.h"
/* Own Headerfiles */
#include "EFFECTS.h"
/* Extern Headerfiles */
/* Function Prototypes */
void EFFECTS_vHighPassFilterUpdate(tstEffectHPF *Filter, float Coeff1, float
Coeff2, float Coeff3);
float EFFECTS_fHighPassFilterCalculate(tstEffectHPF *Filter, float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fSymmetricalSoftClipCalculate(float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fSoftClipCalculate(float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fHardClipCalculate(float DataIn);
float EFFECTS fOverdriveCalculate(float Gain, float DataIn, Uint16
GainSelect);
void EFFECTS vLowPassFilterButterUpdate(tstEffectLPF *Filter, float Coeff1,
float Coeff2, float Coeff3, float Coeff4, float Coeff5);
float EFFECTS fLowPassFilterButterCalculate(tstEffectLPF *Filter, float
DataIn);
void EFFECTS vPeakFilterInit(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float fCenterFrequency,
float fBandwidth, float fGain);
void EFFECTS vPeakFilterUpdate(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float fCenterFrequency,
float fBandwidth, float fGain);
float EFFECTS fPeakFilterCalculate(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float DataIn);
/* Global Variables */
tstEffectHPF stHPF1 = HPF1 INIT;
tstEffectLPF stLPF1 = LPF1 INIT;
tstEffectPeak stBass;
float fBassGain = GAIN DEFAULT;
tstEffectPeak stMid;
float fMidGain = GAIN DEFAULT;
tstEffectPeak stTreble;
float fTrebleGain = GAIN DEFAULT;
float fBuffer1 = 0.0;
float fBuffer2 = 0.0;
float fBuffer3 = 0.0;
float fBuffer4 = 0.0;
float fBuffer5 = 0.0;
float fBuffer6 = 0.0;
```

```
float fBuffer7 = 0.0;
float fOverdriveGain = GAIN DEFAULT;
Uint16 u16DistortionSelect = NO DISTORTION;
/*High Pass Filter*/
void EFFECTS vHighPassFilterUpdate(tstEffectHPF *Filter, float Coeff1, float
Coeff2, float Coeff3)
   Filter->fCoeff1 = Coeff1;
   Filter->fCoeff2 = Coeff2;
  Filter->fCoeff3 = Coeff3;
float EFFECTS fHighPassFilterCalculate(tstEffectHPF *Filter, float DataIn)
    volatile float DataOut;
    DataOut = (Filter->fCoeff1 * DataIn) - (Filter->fCoeff2 * Filter-
>fDataInOld) + (Filter->fCoeff3 * Filter->fDataOutOld);
    Filter->fDataInOld = DataIn;
    Filter->fDataOutOld = DataOut;
   return DataOut;
}
/*Distortion*/
/*
float EFFECTS fSymmetricalSoftClipCalculate(float DataIn)
    volatile float DataOut;
    volatile float IntermediateData;
    IntermediateData = 2.0 - (3.0 * DataIn);
    if( ( 0.667 < DataIn ) && ( DataIn <= 0.9 ) )
        DataOut = 0.8;
    else if ( (0.333 \le DataIn ) \&\& (DataIn < 0.667 ) )
        DataOut = ( 3.0 - (IntermediateData * IntermediateData) ) / 3.0;
    else if ( (-0.333 \le DataIn ) \&\& (DataIn < 0.333 ) )
       DataOut = 2.0 * DataIn;
    else if ( (-0.667 \le DataIn ) \&\& ( DataIn < -0.333 ) )
        DataOut = -( 3.0 - (IntermediateData * IntermediateData) ) / 3.0;
    else if( (-0.9 \le DataIn ) && (DataIn < -0.667))
        DataOut = -0.8;
    return DataOut;
float EFFECTS fSymmetricalSoftClipCalculate(float DataIn)
    volatile float DataOut = 0.0 ;
    volatile float AbsoluteDataIn = builtin fabs(DataIn);
    volatile float SignDataIn = ( DataIn >= 0.0) ? 1.0 : -1.0;
    if( AbsoluteDataIn < 0.333){</pre>
        DataOut = 2.0 * DataIn;
    }else if( AbsoluteDataIn >= 0.333 && AbsoluteDataIn < 0.667 ){</pre>
        DataOut = SignDataIn * ( 3.0 - ( 2.0 - 3.0 *AbsoluteDataIn ) * ( 2.0
- 3.0 *AbsoluteDataIn ) ) / 3.0;
    }else {
       DataOut = SignDataIn;
    return DataOut;
float EFFECTS fSoftClipCalculate(float DataIn)
```

```
volatile float DataOut;
    if( DataIn <= -SOFT CLIP THRESHOLD )</pre>
        DataOut = -0.667;
   else if( ( DataIn >= -SOFT_CLIP_THRESHOLD ) && ( DataIn <=</pre>
SOFT CLIP THRESHOLD ) )
       DataOut = DataIn - ( ( DataIn * DataIn * DataIn ) / 3 );
    else if( DataIn >= SOFT_CLIP_THRESHOLD)
       DataOut = 0.667;
   return DataOut;
float EFFECTS fHardClipCalculate(float DataIn)
   volatile float DataOut;
   if( DataIn <= -HARD CLIP THRESHOLD )</pre>
        DataOut = -1.0;
    else if ( ( DataIn > -HARD CLIP THRESHOLD ) && ( DataIn <
HARD_CLIP_THRESHOLD ) )
        DataOut = DataIn;
    else if( DataIn >= HARD CLIP THRESHOLD)
       DataOut = 1.0;
   return DataOut;
float EFFECTS fOverdriveCalculate(float Gain, float DataIn, Uint16
GainSelect)
  switch( GainSelect )
      case NO DISTORTION: return ( Gain * DataIn ) ;
       case SOFT CLIP: return EFFECTS fSoftClipCalculate( Gain * DataIn );
       case SYM SOFT CLIP: return EFFECTS fSymmetricalSoftClipCalculate( Gain
* DataIn );
      case HARD CLIP: return EFFECTS fHardClipCalculate( Gain * DataIn );
      default: return ( Gain * DataIn ) ;
}
/*Low Pass Filter*/
void EFFECTS vLowPassFilterButterUpdate(tstEffectLPF *Filter, float Coeff1,
float Coeff2, float Coeff3, float Coeff4, float Coeff5)
   Filter->fCoeff1 = Coeff1;
   Filter->fCoeff2 = Coeff2;
   Filter->fCoeff3 = Coeff3;
   Filter->fCoeff4 = Coeff4;
   Filter->fCoeff5 = Coeff5;
float EFFECTS_fLowPassFilterButterCalculate(tstEffectLPF *Filter, float
DataIn)
    volatile float DataOut;
    DataOut = (Filter->fCoeff1 * DataIn) + (Filter->fCoeff2 * Filter-
>fDataInOld1) + (Filter->fCoeff3 * Filter->fDataInOld2) - (Filter->fCoeff4 *
Filter->fDataOutOld1) - (Filter->fCoeff5 * Filter->fDataOutOld2);
   Filter->fDataInOld2 = Filter->fDataInOld1;
   Filter->fDataOutOld2 = Filter->fDataOutOld1;
   Filter->fDataInOld1 = DataIn;
   Filter->fDataOutOld1 = DataOut;
```

```
return DataOut;
}
/*Peak Filter*/
void EFFECTS vPeakFilterUpdate(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float fCenterFrequency,
float fBandwidth, float fGain)
   Filter->fGain = fGain;
   Filter->fBandwidth = fBandwidth;
   Filter->fCenterFrequency = fCenterFrequency;
  volatile float Q = fCenterFrequency / fBandwidth;
  volatile float OmegaCenter = 2 * 3.14 * fCenterFrequency;
   Filter->fCoeff1 = 4.0 + (2 * fGain / Q * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE PERIOD) +
( OmegaCenter * SAMPLE PERIOD * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE PERIOD );//a0
   Filter->fCoeff2 = ( 2 * ( OmegaCenter * SAMPLE_PERIOD * OmegaCenter *
SAMPLE PERIOD ) ) - 8.0;//a1
   Filter->fCoeff3 = 4.0 - ( 2 * fGain / Q * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE_PERIOD ) +
( OmegaCenter * SAMPLE_PERIOD * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE_PERIOD );//a2
   Filter->fCoeff4 = 4.0 + (2 / Q * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE PERIOD) + (
OmegaCenter * SAMPLE_PERIOD * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE_PERIOD );//b0
   Filter->fCoeff5 = - ( 2 * ( OmegaCenter * SAMPLE_PERIOD * OmegaCenter *
SAMPLE PERIOD ) - 8.0 );//b1
   Filter->fCoeff6 = - ( 4.0 - ( 2 / Q * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE PERIOD ) + (
OmegaCenter * SAMPLE PERIOD * OmegaCenter * SAMPLE PERIOD ) );//b2
void EFFECTS vPeakFilterInit(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float fCenterFrequency,
float fBandwidth, float fGain)
   Filter->fDataInOld1 = 0.0;
   Filter->fDataInOld2 = 0.0;
   Filter->fDataOutOld1 = 0.0;
   Filter->fDataOutOld2 = 0.0;
   EFFECTS vPeakFilterUpdate(Filter, fCenterFrequency, fBandwidth, fGain);
float EFFECTS fPeakFilterCalculate(tstEffectPeak *Filter, float DataIn)
   volatile float DataOut;
   if(Filter->fGain == 1.0)
       return DataIn;
    else
            DataOut = ( ( Filter->fCoeff1 * DataIn ) + ( Filter->fCoeff2 *
Filter->fDataInOld1 ) + (Filter->fCoeff3 * Filter->fDataInOld2 ) + (Filter-
>fCoeff5 * Filter->fDataOutOld1 ) + ( Filter->fCoeff6 * Filter->fDataOutOld2
) /Filter->fCoeff4;
            Filter->fDataInOld2 = Filter->fDataInOld1;
            Filter->fDataOutOld2 = Filter->fDataOutOld1;
            Filter->fDataInOld1 = DataIn;
            Filter->fDataOutOld1 = DataOut;
            return DataOut;
```

#### **Application**

• Main:

```
#include "F28x_Project.h"
#include "SYSPARAM.h"
```

```
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "TIMER.h"
#include "ADC B.h"
#include "DAC.h"
#include "EFFECTS.h"
#include "INTERFACE.h"
void main(void)
{
    InitSysCtrl();
    // Initialize GPIO:
    // This example function is found in the F2837xS Gpio.c file and
    // illustrates how to set the GPIO to it's default state.
    //
    InitGpio();
    // Clear all interrupts and initialize PIE vector table:
    // Disable CPU interrupts
    //
    DINT;
    // Initialize the PIE control registers to their default state.
    // The default state is all PIE interrupts disabled and flags
    // are cleared.
    // This function is found in the F2837xS PieCtrl.c file.
    InitPieCtrl();
    // Disable CPU interrupts and clear all CPU interrupt flags:
    IER = 0 \times 00000;
    IFR = 0 \times 00000;
    // Initialize the PIE vector table with pointers to the shell Interrupt
    // Service Routines (ISR).
    // This will populate the entire table, even if the interrupt
    // is not used in this example. This is useful for debug purposes.
    // The shell ISR routines are found in F2837xS DefaultIsr.c.
    // This function is found in F2837xS PieVect.c.
    InitPieVectTable();
    EALLOW;
    EFFECTS vPeakFilterInit(&stBass, BASS CENTER FREQUENCY, BASS BANDWIDTH,
fBassGain);
    EFFECTS vPeakFilterInit(&stMid, MID CENTER FREQUENCY, MID BANDWIDTH,
fMidGain);
    EFFECTS vPeakFilterInit(&stTreble, TREBLE CENTER FREQUENCY,
TREBLE BANDWIDTH, fTrebleGain);
```

```
ADC B vADCB Group Init();
    TIMER_vCPUTimerHertzInit(stCPU4);//ADCB SOC Interrupt
    TIMER vCPUTimerSecondsInit(stCPU1);//Interface Interrupt
    ADC B vADCB SOCOConfig(stADCB1);
    DAC vDACBInit(stDACData1);
    #ifdef DEBUG
    const Uint16 u16DebugPinList[] = {DEBUG PIN1, DEBUG PIN2, DEBUG PIN3};
    GPIO vConfigOutput(u16DebugPinList, DEBUG PINS);
    #endif
    INTERFACE_vConfig();
    IER |= M INT1; //Enable group 1 interrupts, TIMERO Interrupt
    IER |= M INT13;// TIMER1 Interrupt
    EINT;
    ERTM;
    EDIS;
    for(;;)
        if(u16UpdateBass)
            {
                EFFECTS vPeakFilterUpdate(&stBass, BASS CENTER FREQUENCY,
BASS BANDWIDTH, fBassGain);
                u16UpdateBass = 0;
            }
        if(u16UpdateMid)
                EFFECTS vPeakFilterUpdate(&stMid, MID CENTER FREQUENCY,
MID BANDWIDTH, fMidGain);
                u16UpdateMid = 0;
            }
        if(u16UpdateTreble)
                EFFECTS vPeakFilterUpdate(&stTreble, TREBLE CENTER FREQUENCY,
BASS BANDWIDTH, fTrebleGain);
                u16UpdateTreble = 0;
```

#### Obs:

- The project presentations will be on 08.01.2024 for ACES and on 12.01.2024 for AM, during the laboratory sessions.
- You can add chapters or subsections to the documentation, if needed.
- You must prepare a short presentation containing the essential information from your project (no more than 10 minutes presentation + questions).

- You must prepare a functional prototype of you project.
- You must create an archive with your word document (also a pdf version), power point presentation and the source code and send it to <a href="mailto:george.popescu1012@upb.ro">george.popescu1012@upb.ro</a> until 06.01.2024.
- The maximum grade for the project will be 50 points (half of the final grade).