In this lab you will make minor modifications and minor additions to the source code for the teaching operating system Pintos.

Specifically, you will implement a more efficient version of the Pintos system call timer\_sleep found in src/devices/timer.c in the Pintos distribution supplied for this lab.

This lab is worth 5% of your final grade.

Submissions are due NO LATER than 23:59, Wednesday January 17, 2018 (one week)

### Setup

SSH in to the CMPS111 teaching server using your CruzID Blue password:

```
$ ssh <cruzid>@noggin.soe.ucsc.edu (use Putty <a href="http://www.putty.org/">http://www.putty.org/</a> if on Windows)
```

Set your SAMBA password: ( only do this the first time you log in )

```
$ smbpasswd
```

Your initial password ("Old SMB password") is your student id - change it to something memorable. Your CruzID Blue password is as good a choice as any.

Create a suitable place to work: ( only do this the first time you log in )

```
$ mkdir -p CMPS111/Lab1
$ cd CMPS111/Lab1
```

Install the lab environment: ( only do this the first time you log in )

```
$ tar xvf /var/classes/CMPS111/Winter18/Lab1.tar.gz
$ ./setenv
$ . ~/.bashrc
```

#### **Build Pintos:**

```
$ cd \sim CMPS111/Lab1/pintos/src/threads (always work in this directory) $ make
```

#### Also try:

```
$ make check (runs the required functional tests - see below)
$ make grade (tells you what grade you will get - see below)
```

### Accessing the teaching server file system from your personal computer

The teaching server has Samba (<a href="https://www.samba.org">https://www.samba.org</a>) installed, which lets you access its file system from another machine using a Microsoft standard protocol. To access the teaching server file system from your personal computer, follow these instructions:

macOS: <a href="https://users.wfu.edu/yipcw/atg/apple/smb/">https://users.wfu.edu/yipcw/atg/apple/smb/</a>
<a href="https://users.wfu.edu/yipcw/atg/apple/smb/">https://users.wfu.edu/yipcw/atg/apple/smb/</a>
<a href="https://users.wfu.edu/yipcw/atg/apple/smb/">https://users.wfu.edu/yipcw/atg/apple/smb/</a>

Linux: <a href="https://help.ubuntu.com/community/Samba/SambaClientGuide">https://help.ubuntu.com/community/Samba/SambaClientGuide</a>

In all cases, use:

Server Address: smb://noggin.soe.ucsc.edu/<cruzid>

Registered User Name: <cruzid>

#### Additional Information

void timer\_sleep(int64\_t ticks) should suspend execution of the calling thread until time has advanced by at least the requested number of ticks. Unless the system is otherwise idle, the thread need not wake up after exactly ticks. It is entirely valid to just put it on the ready queue after they have waited for the right number of ticks.

The ticks argument is expressed in timer ticks, not in milliseconds or any other unit. Do not change this data type unless you want lots of the tests to fail.

Separate functions timer\_msleep, timer\_usleep, and timer\_nsleep exist for sleeping a specific number of milliseconds, microseconds, and nanoseconds respectively, but these will call timer\_sleep as appropriate. You do not need to modify them.

### Requirements

#### Basic:

- You have modified the implementation of void timer\_sleep(int64\_t ticks) function found in src/devices/timer.c
- Your modified implementation passes the following functional tests:
  - o alarm-single
  - o alarm-multiple
  - o alarm-simultaneous
  - o alarm-zero
  - o alarm-negative
- Your implementation is demonstrably efficient (a non-functional test).

### What steps should I take to tackle this?

Come to the sections and ask.

#### How much code will I need to write?

A model solution that satisfies all requirements adds approximately 20 lines of executable code.

#### **Grading scheme**

The following aspects will be assessed:

- 1. (100%) Does it work?
  - a. Tests pass [5% per test] (25%)
  - b. Your implementation is demonstrably more efficient than the original (75%)
- 2. (-100%) Did you give credit where credit is due?
  - a. You submission is found to contain code segments copied from on-line resources and you failed to give clear and unambiguous credit to the original author(s) in your source code (-100%)
  - b. You submission is determined to be a copy of another past or current CMPS111 student's submission (-100%)

### What to submit

In a command prompt:

- \$ cd ~/CMPS111/Lab1/pintos/src/threads
- \$ make submit

This creates a gzipped tar archive named CMPS111-Lab1.tar.gz in your home directory.

#### UPLOAD THIS FILE TO THE APPROPRIATE CANVAS ASSIGNMENT.

# Looking ahead

Subsequent labs will require a short report and will have additional assessment criteria, including:

Is it well written?

Marks awarded for:

- · Compilation free of errors and/or warnings.
- Clarity
- Modularity.

Marks deducted for:

- Failing to do any of the above.
- Not following C language good practice (e.g. don't use magic numbers)

I strongly recommend you consider these issues in this lab to get some practice in.

 8<	
 0 <	-

# Appendix 1 - Running on your own computer

1) Download and install Oracle Virtual Box:

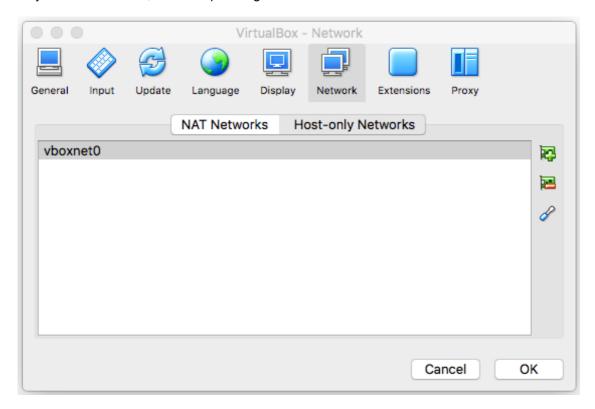
https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads

Make sure to get the right one for your host operating system.

2) Download and Install Virtual Box Extension Pack, also from:

https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads

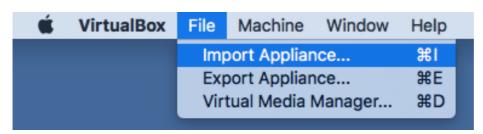
3) Create a Host-only Network by selecting the "Preferences" menu, then the "Network" tab, then the "Host-only Network" sub-tab, and then pressing the button.



4) Download and install the CMPS111 virtual appliance:

https://classes.soe.ucsc.edu/cmps111/Winter18/SECURE/CMPS111.ova

Import this appliance into Virtual Box using the "File->Import Appliance" menu:



Select the downloaded .ova and accept all defaults.

Once imported, the Virtual Box Manager should look something like this - note that this is an old screen shot, the Appliance name is now "CMPS111" as it is used for all labs:



Note that Network Adapter 2 is connected to the Host-only Adapter you created earlier.

Click the button to start the lab appliance, an Ubuntu Desktop instance.

## Appendix 2 - Log in to the virtual appliance from the host operating system

The supplied virtual appliance Ubuntu instance has an SSH daemon running. To log into the appliance from your host operating system, simply connect an SSH client using the following information:

Server Address: 192.168.56.104

User Name: pintos Password: pintos

On Linux or macOS, this is as simple as typing:

\$ ssh pintos@192.168.56.104

Accepting the ECDSA key fingerprint of the appliance (only needs to be done once) and entering the password.

On Windows, you'll have to download Putty (<a href="http://www.putty.org/">http://www.putty.org/</a>) and configure a new session using the information above.

Once logged in, you'll need to follow the instructions in the "setup" section, the only difference being that when you need to get the lab environment, you'll fetch it via scp from the teaching server:

\$ scp <cruzid>@noggin.soe.ucsc.edu:/var/classes/CMPS111/Winter18/Lab1.tar.gz .

# Appendix 3 - Accessing the virtual appliance file system from host operating system

The supplied virtual appliance Ubuntu instance has Samba Server (<a href="https://www.samba.org">https://www.samba.org</a>) installed which lets you access it's file system from another machine using a Microsoft standard. To access the virtual appliances file system from you host, follow these instructions:

macOS: https://users.wfu.edu/yipcw/atg/apple/smb/

Windows: <a href="https://help.lafayette.edu/samba/win7nondomain">https://help.lafayette.edu/samba/win7nondomain</a>

Linux: https://help.ubuntu.com/community/Samba/SambaClientGuide

In all cases, use:

Server Address: smb://192.168.56.104/pintos

Registered User Name: pintos Password: pintos

# Appendix 4 - Using an IDE to modify the Pintos code

Whilst it is entirely possible to compete this lab and the following two using command line editors, most people prefer to use an IDE these days.

If you've followed the instructions in Appendix 2, you have access to the appliance file system from your host, so feel free to fire up the IDE of your choice and point it at the Pintos installation.

If you're using a "New Project with Existing Makefile" style of IDE (like Eclipse), use one found at CMPS111/Lab1/pintos/src/threads/Makefile.

If you'd rather use an IDE inside the virtual appliance, a copy of NetBeans for C/C++ is installed

Simple click the button in the appliance to start NetBeans.

```
Default
    × Files Ser... Cla... ■
                                                                                                          4 F T
                                ∰ timer.c ×
🔻 🎬 CMPS111-Lab
                                 Source History
                                                                   Q 😓
 ▶ 📠 src - /home/pintos/pintos/src
                                  ರತ
 ▶ 🛅 threads - /home/pintos/pinto
                                  84
 ▶ 🔓 Important Files
                                            Returns the number of timer ticks elapsed since THEN, which
                                  85
                                            should be a value once returned by timer ticks().
                                  86
                                  87
                                         int64 t
                                  88
                                         timer_elapsed (int64 t then)
                                  89
                                  90
                                  91
                                           return timer_ticks () - then;
                                  92
                                  93
                                  94
                                      早
                                  95
                                            Sleeps for approximately TICKS timer ticks.
                                  96
                                            Interrupts must be turned on.
                                  97
timer_sleep(int64_t ticks) - ... ×
                                  98
                                         void
                                  99
                                         timer_sleep (int64_t ticks)
  @ timer_calibrate()
                                 100
      timer_elapsed(int64_t then)
    timer_init()
                                 101
                                           int64_t start = timer_ticks ();
                                 102
 w timer_interrupt
                                           ASSERT (intr_get_level () == INTR_ON);
                                 103
 timer_interrupt(intr_frame* a
                                 104
                                           while (timer_elapsed (start) < ticks)
  timer_mdelay(int64_t ms)
                                 105
                                             thread_yield ();
  timer_msleep(int64_t ms)
                                 106
                                 107
  timer_ndelay(int64_t ns)
                                 108
  timer_nsleep(int64_t ns)
                                 109
                                            Sleeps for approximately MS milliseconds.
  fimer_print_stats()
                                 110
                                            Interrupts must be turned on.
                                 111
  @ timer_ticks()
                                 112
                                         void
  timer_udelay(int64_t us)
                                 113
                                         timer msleep (int64 t ms)
  timer usleep(int64 t us)
                                 114
🗗 屆 Output
                                                                                                       98:1
```