More On Go / Personal Fiance

1st. the news

- 1. Facebook has development a high-speed blockchain payments system. They are planning on opening a SPDI bank in Wyoming to support this.
- 2. Atleast 10 major elections around the world have been run on the Blockchain. This includes a number of provinces in Spain.
- 3. Trenzor Wallets (hardware wallets) can be hacked!

2nd. Purpose of a business

1. To make a profit for the owners of the business.

What is "Fiduciary Responsibility". It means that you have been placed / are in a position of legal responsibility for managing somebody else's money.

1. Definitions / Economics

"arbitrage" ::= the simultaneous buying and selling of securities, currency, or commodities in different markets or in derivative forms in order to take advantage of differing prices for the same asset.

1. How Soros broke the Bank of England.

Price Stable Cryptocurrences (or pegged cryptocurrencies)

Reference

Soros Broke the Bank of England

Personal Finance

Two Economies in US today. The "high-tech" and the "traditional" economy.

(See Spreadsheet)

Blockchain and Mining

What is Mining and How is it implemented.

What is proof-of-work? What is proof-of-stake? What is a public blockchian / private blockchain?

Diagram of blocks

Diagram of mining

What is the mining process

1. More on Go

Maps do not synchronize automatically. So... Synchronization Primitives:

```
package main
import (
        "fmt"
        "sync"
        "time"
)
// SafeCounter is safe to use concurrently.
type SafeCounter struct {
            map[string]int
        mux sync.Mutex
}
// Inc increments the counter for the given key.
func (c *SafeCounter) Inc(key string) {
        c.mux.Lock()
        // Lock so only one goroutine at a time can access the map c.v.
        c.v[key]++
        c.mux.Unlock()
}
// Value returns the current value of the counter for the given key.
func (c *SafeCounter) Value(key string) int {
        c.mux.Lock()
        // Lock so only one goroutine at a time can access the map c.v.
        defer c.mux.Unlock()
        return c.v[key]
}
func main() {
        c := SafeCounter{v: make(map[string]int)}
        for i := 0; i < 1000; i++ {
                go c.Inc("somekey")
```

```
time.Sleep(time.Second)
fmt.Println(c.Value("somekey"))
}
```

A Go Core/Panic

First the Code

```
package main

import "fmt"

var mm map[string]int

func main() {
        fmt.Println("vim-go")
        mm["bob"] = 3
}
```

Then the bad output.

```
panic: assignment to entry in nil map
goroutine 1 [running]:
panic(0x10a5540, 0x10d03a0)
        /usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/panic.go:551 +0x3c1 fp=0xc42005
runtime.mapassign_faststr(0x10a4e80, 0x0, 0x10be68a, 0x3, 0x0)
        /usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/hashmap fast.go:696 +0x407 fp=0
main.main()
        /Users/corwin/go/src/github.com/Univ-Wyo-Education/Blockchain-4010-Fall-2018/Le
runtime.main()
        /usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/proc.go:198 +0x212 fp=0xc42005f
runtime.goexit()
        /usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/asm_amd64.s:2361 +0x1 fp=0xc420
goroutine 2 [force gc (idle)]:
runtime.gopark(0x10c5580, 0x11397a0, 0x10bfafe, 0xf, 0x10c5414, 0x1)
        /usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/proc.go:291 +0x11a fp=0xc42004a
runtime.goparkunlock(0x11397a0, 0x10bfafe, 0xf, 0x14, 0x1)
        /usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/proc.go:297 +0x5e fp=0xc42004a7
runtime.forcegchelper()
        /usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/proc.go:248 +0xcc fp=0xc42004a7
```

runtime.goexit()

/usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/asm_amd64.s:2361 +0x1 fp=0xc420 created by runtime.init.4

/usr/local/Cellar/go/1.10.3/libexec/src/runtime/proc.go:237 +0x35