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on Earth: 1 slug = 32.2 lb

ρ = density (kg/m^3)
or (slug/ft^3)

AERO 315 EQUATIONS

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Fluid Mechanics

Manometer:

$dP = \Delta P =$
 $(P_2 - P_1)$

$dh = \Delta h =$
 $(h_2 - h_1)$

$$dP = -\rho g dh$$

density of liquid

$$dP = -\rho V dV$$

$$\tau_w = \mu \left(\frac{dV}{dy} \right)_{y=0}$$

Manometry Equation pg. 45

$$P_2 - P_1 = -\rho g (h_2 - h_1)$$

Viscous Flow

$X =$

$$Re_x = \frac{\rho_\infty V_\infty x}{\mu_\infty}$$

$$Re_c = \frac{\rho_\infty V_\infty \bar{c}}{\mu_\infty}$$

$$Re_{x_{crit}} = \frac{\rho_\infty V_\infty x_{crit}}{\mu_\infty} \approx 500,000$$

Airfoils & Finite Wings

Drag:

Lift:

$$C_D = c_d + C_{D_i}$$

parasite induced

$C_{D_0} + k C_L^2$

$$C_{D_i} = k C_L^2$$

$\approx 0.11 / \text{deg}$
slope

$$k = \frac{1}{\pi e AR}$$

efficiency factor

$$C_L = C_{L_\alpha} (\alpha - \alpha_{L=0})$$

$$C_{L_\alpha} = \frac{c_{l_\alpha}}{1 + \left(\frac{57.3^\circ c_{l_\alpha}}{\pi e AR} \right)}$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{2W}{\rho S C_L}}$$

$$V_{stall} = \sqrt{\frac{2W}{\rho S C_{L_{max}}}}$$

Aspect Ratio

$$AR = \frac{b^2}{S}$$

span efficiency factor

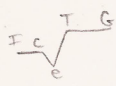
ICE-T

$$V_C = V_i + \Delta V_P$$

$$V_e = f \cdot V_C$$

$$V_T = V_e \sqrt{\frac{\rho_{SL}}{\rho_{ALT}}} = V_e \sqrt{\frac{P_{SL} T_{ALT}}{P_{ALT} T_{SL}}}$$

$$\vec{V}_G = \vec{V} + \vec{V}_W$$



dynamic pressure = $V_e^2 \rho_{SL} = V_T^2 \rho_{actual}$

Mach Effects

$$a = \sqrt{\gamma R T}$$

$$M = \frac{V}{a}$$

$$\sin \mu = \frac{1}{M}$$

$$M = \frac{1}{\sin \mu}$$

$\gamma = 1.4$ for air

Stability & Control

Static Margin

$$\bar{X} = \frac{x}{\bar{c}}$$

$$SM = \bar{X}_n - \bar{X}_{cg} = -\frac{C_{M_\alpha}}{C_{L_\alpha}}$$

only for best $\frac{L}{D}$

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$$C_L = \sqrt{\frac{C_{D_0}}{k}}$$

drag budget
(gravity $\gamma = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ or 32.2 ft/s^2)

Performance

$$n \equiv \frac{L}{W}$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{2nW}{\rho S C_L}}$$

$$V_{stall} = \sqrt{\frac{2nW}{\rho S C_{L_{max}}}}$$

$$V^* = \sqrt{\frac{2n_{max}W}{\rho S C_{L_{max}}}}$$

$$c_{t_{ALT}} = c_{t_{SL}} \sqrt{\frac{T_{ALT}}{T_{SL}}} = c_{t_{SL}} \left(\frac{a_{ALT}}{a_{SL}} \right)$$

$$T_{A_{ALT}} = T_{A_{SL}} \left(\frac{\rho_{ALT}}{\rho_{SL}} \right) \text{ (dry)}$$

$$T_{A_{ALT}} = T_{A_{SL}} \left(\frac{\rho_{ALT}}{\rho_{SL}} \right) (1 + 0.7M) \text{ (wet)}$$

$$\frac{L}{D} = \frac{W}{D} = \frac{W}{T_R}$$

$$D_{min} = 2W \sqrt{k C_{D_0}}$$

$$\left(\frac{L}{D} \right)_{max} = \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{k C_{D_0}}}$$

Glides

$$\gamma = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\frac{L}{D}}\right) = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{D}{W}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{L}{W}\right)$$

$$R = h\left(\frac{L}{D}\right)$$

$$ROD = \frac{P_R}{W} = V \sin \gamma$$

$$\gamma = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{D}{L}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{C_D q S}{C_L q S}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{C_D}{C_L}\right)$$

Climbs

$$\sin \gamma = \frac{T_x}{W}$$

$$ROC = \frac{P_x}{W}$$

$$C_t = TSFC ?$$

Cruise

Avg. Value Method

$$R = \frac{\Delta W_{fuel}}{c_t \left(\frac{D}{V}\right)_{ave}}$$

Breguet

$$R = \frac{1}{c_t} \sqrt{\frac{8}{\rho S}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{C_L}}{C_D}\right) (\sqrt{W_1} - \sqrt{W_2})$$

Avg. Value Method (use w/charts)

$$E = \frac{\Delta W_f}{c_t D_{ave}}$$

Breguet (when you have drag polar: $C_D = C_{D0} + k C_L^2$)

$$E = \left(\frac{1}{c_t}\right) \left(\frac{C_L}{C_D}\right) \ln\left(\frac{W_1}{W_2}\right)$$

takeoff wt
landing wt

Take Off / Landing

(ie. the value of these parameters at $0.7 V_{TO}$)

$$s_{TO} = \frac{1.44 W_{TO}^2}{\rho S C_{L_{max}} g [T - D - \mu(W_{TO} - L)]_{0.7V_{TO}}}$$

$$V_{TO} = 1.2 V_{stall}$$

$$s_{TO} = \frac{1.44 W_{TO}^2}{\rho S C_{L_{max}} g T}$$

(thrust >> retarding forces)

$$T_{Alt} = T_{SL} \left(\frac{\rho_{Alt}}{\rho_{SL}}\right)$$

$$s_L = \frac{1.69 W_L^2}{\rho S C_{L_{max}} g [D + \mu(W_L - L)]_{0.7V_L}}$$

$$V_L = 1.3 V_{stall}$$

Steady Level Turn

$$n = \frac{1}{\cos \phi}$$

$$r = \frac{V^2}{g \sqrt{n^2 - 1}}$$

$$\omega = \frac{g \sqrt{n^2 - 1}}{V}$$

Pull-up (instantaneous, bottom of loop)

$$r = \frac{V^2}{g(n-1)}$$

$$\omega = \frac{g(n-1)}{V}$$

Pull-down (instantaneous, top of loop)

$$r = \frac{V^2}{g(n+1)}$$

$$\omega = \frac{g(n+1)}{V}$$

Energy Height & Specific Excess Energy

$$H_e = E_s = h + \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

Specific Excess Energy (power)

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$$P_s = \dot{E}_s = \frac{dh}{dt} + \frac{V}{g} \frac{dV}{dt} = V \left(\frac{T_x - D}{W} \right) = \frac{P_x}{W}$$

$$E = mgh + \frac{1}{2} m V^2$$

h + $\frac{V^2}{2g}$