## $\frac{\text{ECE250: Signals and Systems}}{\text{Practice Sheet 5}}$

1. (CO4)Suppose  $g(t) = x(t) \cos t$  and the Fourier transform of g(t) is

$$G(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & for & |\omega| \le 2\\ 0 & for & otherwise \end{cases}$$
 (1)

- (a) Determine x(t).
- (b) Specify the Fourier transform  $X_1(j\omega)$  of a signal  $x_1(t)$  such that

$$g(t) = x_1(t)\cos\left(\frac{2}{3}t\right) \tag{2}$$

2. (CO4)A causal and stable LTI system S has the frequency response

$$H(j\omega) = \frac{j\omega + 4}{6 - \omega^2 + 5j\omega} \tag{3}$$

- (a) Determine a differential equation relating the input x(t) and output y(t) of S.
- (b) Determine the impulse response h(t) of S.
- (c) What is the output of S when the input is

$$x(t) = e^{-4t}u(t) - te^{-4t}u(t)? (4)$$

3. (CO4)Consider a discrete-time LTI system with impulse response

$$h[n] = \left[ \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^n \cos \left( \frac{\pi n}{2} \right) \right] u[n] \tag{5}$$

Use Fourier transforms to determine the response to each of the following input signals:

- (a)  $x[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n u[n]$
- (b)  $x[n] = \cos(\pi n/2)$
- 4. (CO4)Consider a causal LTI system described by the difference equation

$$y[n] + \frac{1}{2}y[n-1] = x[n] \tag{6}$$

- (a) Determine the frequency response  $H(e^{j\omega})$  of this system
- (b) What is the response of the system to the following inputs?
  - i.  $x[n] = (1/2)^n u[n]$
  - ii.  $x[n] = \delta[n] + 1/2\delta[n-1]$
- (c) Find the response to the inputs with the following Fourier transforms:

i. 
$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1 - 1/4e^{-j\omega}}{1 + 1/2e^{-j\omega}}$$

ii. 
$$X(e^{j\omega}) = 1 + 2e^{-3j\omega}$$

- 5. (CO4)Compute the Fourier transform of the following signals:
  - (a)  $x[n] = 2^n sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)u[-n]$

(b) 
$$x[n] = x[n-6]$$
, and  $x[n] = u[n] - u[n-5]$  for  $0 \le n \le 5$ 

(c) 
$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2}^{|n|} cos(\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1))$$

6. (CO4)Let

$$g(t) = x(t)\cos^2(t) * \frac{\sin t}{\pi t}$$
(7)

Assuming that x(t) is real and  $X(j\omega) = 0$  for  $|\omega| \ge 1$ , show that there exists an LTI system S such that

$$x(t) \xrightarrow{S} g(t)$$
 (8)