Michinari Sakai

Email: michsakai@gmail.com • Phone: 808-206-4357 • Address: 1235 Solano Ave Apt 10, Albany, CA, 94706, USA

Summary

- Expertise in GEANT4 particle transport simulations with 8 years of experience.
- Experience with nuclear decay radiation, photon propagation in 3 major particle physics experiments.
- Innovative problem solving skills with the ability to interface original work with larger collaboration.

Experience

Post-doctoral Researcher, UC Berkeley

June 2018 — Present

- Supervisor for GEANT4 modeling of photon interactions with wavelength shifters and detector materials.
- Lead researcher for characterization of micro-physical optical properties of wavelength shifter thin films.

Post-doctoral Researcher, UCLA

2016 - 2018

- Mentor for 2 PhD students to simulate radiation shielding structures in GEANT4 to mitigate γ/β backgrounds for next generation $0\nu\beta\beta$ searches requiring ultra-low backgrounds.
- Lead developer of precision α decay spectrum model to improve characterization of backgrounds in $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay searches.

Research Assistant, University of Hawaii at Manoa

2009 - 2016

- Lead developer of GEANT4 detector simulation to conducted case studies of neutron capture doping agents in solid scintillator. Simulation results were later used to oversee detector design and construction.
- Spearheaded development of a novel directional neutrino detection technology in scintillator and demonstrated with data for the first time that this can be applied to conduct indirect dark matter searches in scintillator. First ever physics application of neutrino directionality in scintillator. Paper in preparation.

Skills

 $Software/Tools: \quad GEANT4, ROOT, SolidWorks, AutoCAD, ComSol, Pads$

Programming Languages: Proficient in C, C++, Python, Mathematica, Fortran, BASH Human Languages: English (native), Japanese/Korean (trilingual proficiency)

Leadership

Mentor, UC Berkeley/UCLA

March 2016 — Present

- Advised 2 students with GEANT4 based optical simulation for current hardware project. Students are now undertaking independent research tasks and contribution original work.
- Taught weekly GEANT4 tutorials to 3 PhD-level students for a semester. Students successfully learned to take on independent simulation projects.

Teaching Assistant, University of Hawaii at Manoa

2007 - 2009

• Planned coursework and taught 2 weekly physics laboratory curriculum for classes of over 20 students each for 3 semesters. Received especially positive reviews for clarity of explanation of material, and teaching style.

Education

PhD, Experimental Particle Physics

2016

- GPA: 3.97/4.00, University of Hawaii at Manoa
- Dissertation: High Energy Neutrino Analysis at KamLAND and Application to Dark Matter Search

Double BS, Physics and Mathematics

2005

- GPA: 4.33/4.50, Sun Moon University, S. Korea
- President's Award 2005, Award for Outstanding Academic Achievement Samsung Corp.

Presentations and Posters

1 Tobolitations and 1 Osters	
Talk: Results from the CUORE experiment Sanford Underground Research Facility (SURF), South Dakota - Conference on Science at SURF 2019	May 2019
• Seminar: Search for Physics Beyond the Standard Model with Neutrinos Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	May 2018
• Invited Talk: Monte Carlo Tools in CUORE Durham University, UK - Monte Carlo Tools for Beyond the Standard Model Physics	Apr 2018
• Seminar: CUORE: A Bolometric Search for Lepton Number Violation Argonne National Laboratory	Feb 2018
 Talk: CUORE and Background Reduction Case Studies for CUPID Pittsburgh/Carnegie Mellon University - Division of Nuclear Physics 2017 	Oct 2017
• Invited talk: Status of the CUORE $0\nu\beta\beta$ Decay Search Sanford Underground Research Facility (SURF), South Dakota - Conference on Science at SURF 2017	May 2017
• Invited talk: Particle ID and event reconstruction algorithms in scintillator Fermilab - Frontiers of Liquid Scintillator Technology	Mar 2016
• Seminar: High Energy Analysis at KamLAND and Application to Dark Matter Search Los Alamos National Laboratory	Nov 2015
• Seminar: High Energy Analysis at KamLAND and Application to Dark Matter Search California Institute of Technology	Nov 2015
• Seminar: High Energy Analysis at KamLAND and Application to Dark Matter Search University of California, Los Angeles	Oct 2015
• Talk: High Energy Analysis and Application to Dark Matter Search in KamLAND University of Hawaii at Manoa - DOE project review	Jul 2015
 Poster: Indirect Dark-Matter Detection Through KamLAND Neutrino 2012, Kyoto, Japan 	Jun 2012
• Talks: What is a Neutrino?, mini-TimeCube: The World's Smallest Neutrino Detector University of Hawaii at Manoa - Campus Open-house	Nov 2010/2011
• Talk: mini-TimeCube: A Portable Directional Neutrino Detector Applied Antineutrino Physics 2010, Sendai, Japan	Aug 2010
• Talk: KamLAND Summary University of Hawaii at Manoa - DOE project review	Sep 2009
• Talk (Student Presentation): How to solve θ_{23} degeneracy Fermilab - International Neutrino Summer School 2009	Jul 2009

Publications

- [1] M. Sakai (corresponding author) *et al.*, "Directional Neutrino Detection and Topological Event Reconstruction Methods for GeV Scale Neutrinos in KamLAND," *Draft currently in preparation*, 2019 (tentative).
- [2] C. Alduino *et al.*, "Study of Rare Nuclear Processes with CUORE," *Submitted to: Int. J. Mod. Phys. A*, 2018. https://arxiv.org/abs/1801.05403.
- [3] C. Alduino et al., "First Results from CUORE: A Search for Lepton Number Violation via 0νββ Decay of ¹³⁰Te," Phys. Rev. Lett., vol. 120, no. 13, p. 132501, 2018. https://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/10.1103/ PhysRevLett.120.132501.
- [4] C. Alduino *et al.*, "Search for Neutrinoless β ⁺EC Decay of ¹²⁰Te with CUORE-0," 2017. https://journals.aps.org/prc/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevC.97.055502.
- [5] C. Alduino *et al.*, "Low Energy Analysis Techniques for CUORE," *Eur. Phys. J.*, vol. C77, no. 12, p. 857, 2017. https://link.springer.com/article/10.1140/epjc/s10052-017-5433-1.
- [6] C. Alduino et al., "CUORE sensitivity to $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay," Eur. Phys. J., vol. C77, no. 8, p. 532, 2017. https://link.springer.com/article/10.1140/epjc/s10052-017-5098-9.
- [7] C. Alduino *et al.*, "The projected background for the CUORE experiment," *Eur. Phys. J.*, vol. C77, no. 8, p. 543, 2017. https://link.springer.com/article/10.1140/epjc/s10052-017-5080-6.
- [8] V. A. Li et al., "Invited Article: miniTimeCube," Rev. Sci. Instrum., vol. 87, no. 2, p. 021301, 2016. https://aip.scitation.org/doi/abs/10.1063/1.4942243.
- [9] A. Gando *et al.*, "Search for electron antineutrinos associated with gravitational wave events GW150914 and GW151226 using KamLAND," *Astrophys. J.*, vol. 829, no. 2, p. L34, 2016. https://aip.scitation.org/doi/abs/10.1063/1.4942243.
- [10] K. Asakura *et al.*, "Search for the proton decay mode $p \to \overline{\nu}K^+$ with KamLAND," *Phys. Rev.*, vol. D92, no. 5, p. 052006, 2015. https://journals.aps.org/prd/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevD.92.052006.
- [11] K. Asakura *et al.*, "KamLAND Sensitivity to Neutrinos from Pre-Supernova Stars," *Astrophys. J.*, vol. 818, no. 1, p. 91, 2016. https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.3847/0004-637X/818/1/91.
- [12] C. Lane *et al.*, "A new type of Neutrino Detector for Sterile Neutrino Search at Nuclear Reactors and Nuclear Nonproliferation Applications," 2015. https://arxiv.org/abs/1501.06935.
- [13] K. Asakura *et al.*, "Study of electron anti-neutrinos associated with gamma-ray bursts using KamLAND," *Astro-phys. J.*, vol. 806, no. 1, p. 87, 2015. https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/0004-637X/806/1/87/meta.
- [14] T. I. Banks *et al.*, "A compact ultra-clean system for deploying radioactive sources inside the KamLAND detector," *Nucl. Instrum. Meth.*, vol. A769, pp. 88–96, 2015. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0168900214011000.
- [15] A. Gando *et al.*, "⁷Be Solar Neutrino Measurement with KamLAND," *Phys. Rev.*, vol. C92, no. 5, p. 055808, 2015. https://journals.aps.org/prc/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevC.92.055808.
- [16] S. Abe *et al.*, "Measurement of the 8B Solar Neutrino Flux with the KamLAND Liquid Scintillator Detector," *Phys. Rev.*, vol. C84, p. 035804, 2011. https://arxiv.org/abs/1106.0861.
- [17] J. Kumar, J. G. Learned, M. Sakai, and S. Smith, "Dark Matter Detection With Electron Neutrinos in Liquid Scintillation Detectors," *Phys. Rev.*, vol. D84, p. 036007, 2011. https://journals.aps.org/prd/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevD.84.036007.

Statement of Research

I have a strong background in radiation/particle transport simulations and how they affect real particle detector hardware. My expertise also involves processing and analyzing large-scale physics data using analysis tools such as ROOT and Python. I have experience working in 3 multinational collaboration physics experiments where I spear-headed independent research initiatives and successfully interfaced my original work with the larger team. Some of my past accomplishments that I take pride in include development of unprecedented particle detection algorithms that I project will open whole new physics searches by the collaborations that I have worked with.

I have been involved with the CUORE (Cryogenic Underground Observatory for Rare Events) experiment at the University of California, Los Angeles, and University of California, Berkeley since 2016. The main objective of the CUORE experiment is to observe neutrinoless double beta $(0\nu\beta\beta)$ decay in 130 Te, one of the most rarest processes thought to occur in nature. My work in the collaboration involves developing a GEANT4 based precision background model together with a PhD student colleague to better understand the radioactive contaminations in the detector that undergo α decay. The energy spectrum of the background isotopes that produce α daughters ($\geq 2.7 \,\text{MeV}$) exhibit peculiar features that, if understood correctly, will better explain the types of contamination sources and their distributions in the materials comprising the experiment. This can help us to better understand our background sources and extrapolate this understanding to the energy region of interest (2465 keV to 2575 keV) for $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay in 130 Te. I have previously also mentored 2 undergraduate students and worked together with them to simulate and investigate new radioactivity shielding schemes for further background reduction in future $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay experiments that will cover the inverted hierarchy region of the effective Majorana neutrino mass. A paper for our first $0\nu\beta\beta$ analysis using CUORE data was published in March 2018 (https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.07988).

I led the development of the GEANT4 simulation code for the mini-TimeCube (mTC) experiment at the University of Hawaii at Manoa from 2009 to 2016. mTC was an ambitious project to build the world's smallest portable neutrino detector. In this project, I mentored 3 students and worked in collaboration with them to conduct case studies for optimizing the detector design, test candidate neutron capture doping elements in plastic scintillator, and simulate the response of the multi-channel-plate (MCP) photomultiplier tubes (PMTs) deployed in the detector. The studies were used to develop directional particle detection algorithms and to guide the overall design of the detector during its construction phase. I have also conducted simulation studies for cosmic-ray muons and long-lived cosmogenic background isotopes such as ⁸He and ⁹Li. These backgrounds are extremely difficult to tag due to their long life-time (≳ s scale) and travel distances. The studies have been vital to the project. A paper summarizing our accomplishments was published in 2016 (V.A. Li et al. Feb 3, 2016. 19 pp. Rev.Sci.Instrum. 87 (2016) no.2, 021301).

While working at the University of Hawaii at Manoa, I also developed a novel directional event reconstruction algorithm for high-energy \gtrsim GeV scale neutrinos while working with KamLAND (Kamioka Liquid Scintillation Antineutrino Detector), and demonstrated with data that this technique can be applied to indirect dark matter search by looking for a directional flux of neutrinos from the core of the Sun and Earth. Studies done with Monte Carlo suggest that the accuracy of deducing the neutrino direction using this new method is better than that of water-Cherenkov detectors (the conventional method for directional neutrino detection) by \sim 10° in this energy regime. This method was verified using never before observed neutrino events spilling into KamLAND from the T2K neutrino beam-line. The results were consistent with expectation. According to my knowledge, this is the first ever physics application of neutrino directionality in scintillator.

In summary my strong background in radiation/particle transport simulations, as well as, my experience in using tools to analyze large-scale physics data makes me a strong candidate. Also I would like to reemphasize my previous accomplishments in innovating novel particle detection techniques to solve complex problems and interface my original work with a large team of collaborators. I believe I can make a significant impact in your team.

References

*Reference letters supplied upon request or please contact in person.

Yury Kolomensky Professor, University of California, Berkeley

Phone: 510-642-9619

Email: ygkolomensky@lbl.gov

Address: LeConte Hall #319, Berkeley, CA, 94720-7300, USA

Huan Z. Huang Professor, University of California, Los Angeles

Phone: 310-825-9297

Email: huang@physics.ucla.edu

Address: 475 Portola Plaza #5-136, Los Angeles, CA 90095-1547, USA

John G. Learned Professor, University of Hawaii at Manoa

Phone: 808-956-2964

Email: jgl@phys.hawaii.edu

Address: 2505 Correa Rd. #327, Honolulu, Hawaii 96822, USA

Lindley Winslow Jerrold R. Zacharias Assistant Professor, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Phone: 617-253-2332 Email: lwinslow@mit.edu

Address: 77 Massachusetts Avenue, Bldg. 26-569, Cambridge, MA 02139,

USA

Thomas O'Donnell Assistant Professor, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

Phone: 540-231-3308 Email: tdonnell@vt.edu

Address: 850 West Campus Drive #313, Blacksburg, VA 24061, USA