#### Markus Raab

Institute of Information Systems Engineering, TU Wien

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### Points in Time

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# **Learning Outcomes**

Points in Time

#### Students will be able to

- recall points of time relevant in configuration management.
- remind some arguments about pull vs. push.
- remember various strategies for earlier reduction of misconfiguration.

From the application's perspective:

Implementation-time: Configuration accesses are hard-coded in the source code. For example, architectural decisions [1] lead to implementation-time settings.

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Compile-time: Configuration accesses are resolved by the build system while

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Deployment-time: Configuration accesses are while the software is installed.

Load-time: Configuration accesses are during the start of applications.

Run-time: Configuration accesses are during execution after the startup

procedure.

#### Viewpoint

Different viewpoint: now from configuration management perspective.

Phases when we can detect misconfigurations:

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Phases when we can detect misconfigurations:

- Compilation stage in configuration management tool
- Writing configuration settings on nodes
- Starting applications (load-time)
- When configuration setting is actually used (run-time)
  - $\rightarrow \ \, \text{Latent Misconfiguration}$

#### Viewpoint

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Phases when we can detect misconfigurations:

- Compilation stage in configuration management tool
- Writing configuration settings on nodes
- Starting applications (load-time)
- When configuration setting is actually used (run-time)
  - → Latent Misconfiguration

#### Problem

Earlier versus more context.

Points in Time

# L08 Early Detection of Misconfiguration

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- Points in Time
- 2 Push vs. Pull
- Early Detection
- 4 Meeting

• Push is more interactive.

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#### Task

Do you prefer push or pull? What does your CM tool of choice use?

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# Early Detection

- Points in Time
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- Applications often have latent misconfigurations (14% 93%).
- Latent misconfigurations are particular severe (75 % of high-severity misconfigurations).
- Latent misconfiguration needs longer to diagnose.

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Because the checks occur before the resources are actually used, the checks are subject to race conditions.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For example, a path that was present during the check, can have been removed when the application tries to access it.

Points in Time

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Because the checks occur before the resources are actually used, the checks are subject to race conditions.<sup>1</sup>

In some situations facilities of the operating system  $help^2$ , in others we have fundamental problems.<sup>3</sup>

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ For example, a path that was present during the check, can have been removed when the application tries to access it.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For example, we open the file during the check and pass /proc/<pid>/fd/<fd> to the application. This file cannot be unlinked, but unfortunately the file descriptor requires resources.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>For example, if the host we want to reach has gone offline after validation.

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# Example [2]

Squid uses diskd\_program but not before requests are served. Latent misconfiguration caused 7h downtime and 48h diagnosis effort.

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# Example [2]

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#### Finding

Configuration from all externals programs need to be checked, too.

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## Conclusion

• provide external specifications for other tooling and configuration management

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## Conclusion

- provide external specifications for other tooling and configuration management
- use code generation to keep internal specifications consistent with external specifications (e.g. for refactoring)
- implement checkers as plugins
- execute checkers as early as possible, also for external programs executed later
- keep important resources allocated after checking

# L08 Early Detection of Misconfiguration

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# Meeting

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- [1] Neil B Harrison, Paris Avgeriou, and Uwe Zdun. Using patterns to capture architectural decisions. *Software, IEEE*, 24(4):38–45, 2007. ISSN 0740-7459. doi: 10.1109/MS.2007.124.
- [2] Tianyin Xu, Xinxin Jin, Peng Huang, Yuanyuan Zhou, Shan Lu, Long Jin, and Shankar Pasupathy. Early Detection of Configuration Errors to Reduce Failure Damage. In *Proceedings of the 12th USENIX Symposium on Operating Systems Design and Implementation (OSDI'16)*, Savannah, GA, USA, November 2016.