Algorithms for Automatized Detection of Hook Effect-bearing Amplification Curves

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1 Abstract

abstract: | This is a supplemental document for the study Algorithms for Automatized Detection of Hook Effect-bearing Amplification Curves. Quantitative real-time PCR (qPCR) is a widely used method for gene expression analysis, forensics and medical diagnostics (Dvinge and Bertone 2009, Martins et al. (2015), Sauer, Reinke, and Courts (2016)).

Numerous algorithms have been developed to extract features from amplification curves such as the cylce of quantification and the amplification efficiency (Ruijter et al. 2013). There is an agreement, that these algorithms need to be evaluated and benchmarked for their performance (Kemperman and McCall 2017). But at an earlier level it is important to have a solid foundation for the data preprocessing (A.-N. Spiess et al. 2015, A.-N. Spiess et al. (2016), Ronde et al. (2017)). Digitalization of processes holds the promise that potential human mistakes can be spotted and that diagnostic processes can be automatized.

The aim of the study is to provide software tools and algorithms, which assist qPCR users during the analysis and quality management of their data. In particular, this study shows how it is possible to automatically detect hook effects (see Barratt and Mackay (2002)) or hook effect-like curvatures.

2 Introduction

The functions and data presented in the paper are available from https://github.com/devSJR/PCRedux. The data, including the RDML file, are part of the PCRedux package and are made available in the CSV or RDML format (Rödiger et al. 2017) for vendor independent analysis.

All analyses were implemented and conducted with the \mathbf{R} statistical computing language (R Core Team 2017, Rödiger et al. (2015)) and dedicated integrated development environments such as \mathbf{RKWard} (Rödiger et al. 2012). Further documentation can be found in the help files of the \mathbf{R} packages.

3 Installation

The **hookreg()** and **hookregNL()** functions are part of the PCRedux package for the **R** statistical computing language. Download from CRAN http://cran.r-project.org/ the **R** version for the required operating system and install **R**. Then start **R** and type in the prompt:

```
# Select your local mirror
install.packages("PCRedux")
```

The PCRedux package should just install. If this fails make sure you have write access to the destination directory and follow the instructions of the \mathbf{R} documentation:

```
# The following command points to the help for download and install of packages
# from CRAN-like repositories or from local files.
?install.packages()
```

The package can be installed as the latest development version using the devtools R package.

```
# Install devtools, if you haven't already.
install.packages("devtools")

library(devtools)
install_github("devSJR/PCRedux")
```

It is recommended to use software with an integrated development environment such as RKWard (Rödiger et al. 2012). To work with RDML data it is recommend to use the RDML package (\geq_v .0.9-9) by invoking the rdmlEdit() function (for details see Rödiger et al. (2017)) or the rdmlEdit GUI web server (section ??). The RDML file hookreg.rdml contains the amplification curve data. However, other software package (e.g., (Lefever et al. 2009, Ruijter et al. (2015))) can also be used to work with the RMDL data file format.

4 Results for the analysis of the hookreg.rdml data set by humanrater()

All calculations in the following sections were employed on the hookreg.rdml data set, which is part of the PCRedux package. The data were transfered to the **R** environment by the RDML package (Rödiger et al. 2017). An overview of the used samples and the qPCR detection chemistries and the classification by two humans ("Hook effect-like Rater 1", "Hook effect-like Rater 2") is shown in Table 1.

Loading experiment: exp1 run: run1 All amplification curves were plotted according to their experiment conditions. They differed in the target molecules (e.g., MLC-2v, BRCA1) and the detection chemistries (e.g., EvaGreen, SybrGreen, hydrolysis probes). Figure 1 shows seven plots for the corresponding experiments. The amplification curves were not preprocessed to preserve the curvature. Selected amplification curves were noisy (e.g., Figure 1F), had overshots or undershot in the background phase (e.g., Figure 1E-G), a short hook phase (e.g., Figure 1D). Amplification curves of Figure 1A, D, F and F exhibited a clearly visible hook effect or a hook like effect.

```
par(mfrow=c(4,2))
# Plot all data of the hookreq.rdml-file according to their type.
# Synthetic template, detected with Syto-13
matplot(data[, 1], data[, 2:13], type="l", lty=1, lwd=2, ylab="RFU", xlab="Cycle")
mtext("A", cex = 1.8, side = 3, adj = 0, font = 2)
# Human MLC-2v, detected with a hydrolysis probe.
matplot(data[, 1], data[, 14:45], type="1", lty=1, lwd=2, ylab="RFU", xlab="Cycle")
mtext("B", cex = 1.8, side = 3, adj = 0, font = 2)
# S27a housekeeping gene, detected with SybrGreen I.
matplot(data[, 1], data[, 46:69], type="l", lty=1, lwd=2, ylab="RFU", xlab="Cycle")
mtext("C", cex = 1.8, side = 3, adj = 0, font = 2)
# Whole genome amplification, detected with EvaGreen.
matplot(data[, 1], data[, 70:71], type="l", lty=1, lwd=2, ylab="RFU", xlab="Cycle")
mtext("D", cex = 1.8, side = 3, adj = 0, font = 2)
# Human BRCA1 gene, detected with a hydrolysis probe.
matplot(data[, 1], data[, 72:87], type="l", lty=1, lwd=2, ylab="RFU", xlab="Cycle")
mtext("E", cex = 1.8, side = 3, adj = 0, font = 2)
# Human NRAS gene, detected with a hydrolysis probe.
matplot(data[, 1], data[, 88:95], type="1", lty=1, lwd=2, ylab="RFU", xlab="Cycle")
mtext("F", cex = 1.8, side = 3, adj = 0, font = 2)
# Water control, detected with a hydrolysis probe.
matplot(data[, 1], data[, 96:97], type="1", lty=1, lwd=2, ylab="RFU", xlab="Cycle")
mtext("G", cex = 1.8, side = 3, adj = 0, font = 2)
```

Printout of all measured samples, their rating by two humans (rater 1 and rater 2) with their dichotomous ratings (0, no hook; 1, hook) and their sources.

- The boggy data (qpcR::boggy) set was taken from the qpcR package (Ritz and Spiess 2008, A.-N. Spiess, Feig, and Ritz (2008)).
- The C127EGHP data (chipPCR::C127EGHP) set was taken from the chipPCR package (Rödiger, Burdukiewicz, and Schierack 2015).
- The testdat data (qpcR::testdat) set was taken from the qpcR package (Ritz and Spiess 2008, A.-N.

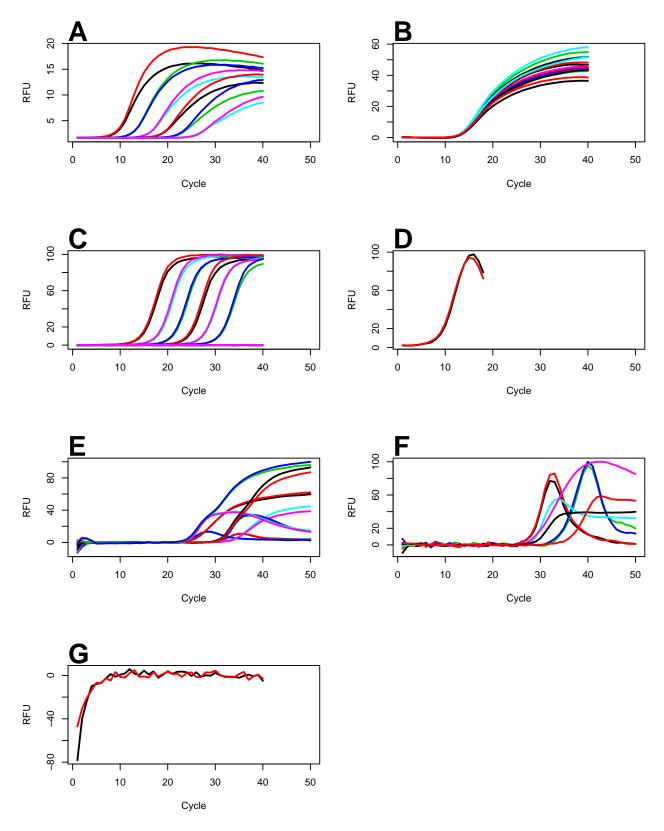


Figure 1: Amplification curves. A) Synthetic template, detected with Syto-13. B) Human MLC-2v, detected with a hydrolysis probe. C) S27a housekeeping gene, detected with SybrGreen I. D) Whole genome amplification, detected with EvaGreen. E) Human BRCA1 gene, detected with a hydrolysis probe. F) Human NRAS gene, detected with a hydrolysis probe. G) Water control, detected with a hydrolysis probe. See Table 1 for details. RFU, relative fluorescence units.

Spiess, Feig, and Ritz (2008)).

• Other data were prepared by Evrogen laboratory experiments.

Table 1: Overview of the used amplification curve data. The samples names, data source (origin of data either from an existing data set or prepared for this study), the detection chemistries (intercalator (Syto-13, SyberGreenI, EvaGreen), hydrolysis probes (TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2), TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1))) and calculations by tow humans.

Page Case Committy Hook effect-like Rates Hook effect-like Ra	man	nans.							
1	#	Sample	Data Source	Target	Chemistry	Hook effect-like Rater 1	Hook effect-like Rater 2	Rating Conformity	
2 1	1	F1.1				1	1	1	
\$\frac{9}{2}			qpcR::boggy	synthetic template		1	1	1	
5 1.5			qpck::boggy						
1			apcR::boggy	synthetic template	Syto-13				
8	6		qpcR::boggy	synthetic template	Syto-13		o o		
1			qpcR::boggy	synthetic template					
10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			qpcR::boggy						
10			qpck::boggy						
12 PG-2 open-though op			ancR::boggy						
19		F6.2	qpcR::boggy			ő	0	1	
### Tables (CS)*** Ta			chipPCR::C127EGHP		TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
16 1876					TagMan (Cv5/BHQ2)				
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18					TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18					TagMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19					TagMan (Cv5/BHO2)				
18		HP7		MLC-2v	TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)	ő	0		
HP10					TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
HP11	21				TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
HP12	22		chipPCR::C127EGHP		TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
Phi Phi ChipPCRC C17FG Phi Phi C17FG Phi Phi C17FG Phi									
BP14					TagMan (Cv5/BHO2)				
Bir Bir Company Co	26	HP14	chipPCR::C127EGHP	MLC-2v	TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)	0	0	1	
	27								
10 11 11 12 12 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 12 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 11 13 12 12					TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18					TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
1					TagMan (Cv5/BHQ2)				
1872					TagMan (Cv5/BHO2)				
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	33				TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
Bit									
	35				TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
B	37				TagMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
HP27					TagMan (Cv5/BHQ2)				
HP29					TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
HP30					TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
HP31				MLC-2v	TaqMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
HP32				MLC-2v					
45 F1.1_td qpcR:testdat S27a housekeeping gene SybrGreen 0 0 0 1					TagMan (Cy5/BHQ2)				
F1.2_td	45				SybrGreen I				
48 Fl.4_	46	F1.2 td				0	0		
49 F2.1_td qpcRt:testdat S27a housekeeping gene SybeGreen 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	47	F1.3_td							
50 F2.2_td qpcRt:testdat S27a housekeeping gene SybrGreen 0 0 1		F1.4_td							
51 F2.3_td qpcRt:testdat S27a housekeeping gene SybrGreen 0 0 0 1		F2.1_td							
52 F2.d_td qpcRt:testdat S27a housekeeping gene SybrGreen 0 0 1	51	F2.2_td		S27a housekeeping gene	SybrGreen I			1	
53	52								
50 F3.1 d. d. d. d. d. d. d.	53	F3.1_td				0	0	1	
55 F3.d_									
F4.1_td	55	F3.3_td		S27a housekeeping gene					
58 F4.2_td	50								
59 F4.3_td qpcRt:testdat S27a housekeeping gene SybrGreen 0 0 0 1	58	F4.2 td							
61 F5.1_td qpcRt:testdat S27a housekeeping gene Syb-Green 0 0 0 1	59		qpcR::testdat	S27a housekeeping gene	SybrGreen I	0	0	1	
F5.2_td	60	F4.4_td							
55		F5.1_td	qpcR::testdat	S27a housekeeping gene				1	
64 F5.4_td qpcRt:testdat S27a housekeeping gene SybrGreen 0 0 0 1			qpcr::testdat					1	
Feb. International Content Feb. International Content International	64	F5.4 +d	qpcR::testdat	S27a housekeeping gene	SybrGreen I				
F6.2_td									
Section Sect	66	F6.2_td	qpcR::testdat	S27a housekeeping gene	SybrGreen I	0	0	1	
F09 WGA						0	0	1	
F10 WGA	68	F6.4_td	qpcR::testdat	S27a housekeeping gene	SybrGreen I	0	0	1	
71 F11" 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	70		Evrogen lab experiment	Whole genome amplification		÷	1	1	
Fig.				BRCA1 gene		i	î	1	
73 G01*100ng/mlk Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TapMan (HEX/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	72	F12~1ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TagMan (HEX/BHO1)	ī	1	1	
75 G03*Ing/mkl Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TapMan (HEK/BHQ1) 0 0 1	73	G01~100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)	1	1		
76 G04*Ing/mkl Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1) 0 0 1	74	G02~100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
77 G05*100ag/mlk		G03 Ing/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment		TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)			1	
78 G00°100ng/mlk Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1) 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	76	G05~100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TagMan (HEX/BHQ1)		0	1	
79 G07" lng/mkl Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEK/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	78	G06~100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TagMan (HEX/BHQ1)		0	1	
So Gols*ing/mkl Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		G07~1ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)	1	1		
Section Sect	80	G08~1ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
St. G11*Ing/mk1 Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1) 0 0 1	81	G09~100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
Section Sect		G10 100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
85 H01'100ng/mkl Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1) 0 0 1 86 H02'100ng/mkl Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1) 0 0 1 87 s1 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 88 s2 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 89 s3 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 90 s4 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 91 s5 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 91 s6 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 94 s7 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 1 95 NTC Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 96 SNT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 1 97 NT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 0 98 NT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 0 99 NT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 90 NT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 91 NT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 91 NT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 91 NT Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 91 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 91 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 0 91 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 0 91 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 0 0 0 91 Evrogen lab experiment 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	84	G12"lng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TagMan (HEX/BHQ1)			1	
MOZ 100mg/ml Evrogen lab experiment BRCA1 gene TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1) 0 0 1	85	H01~100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)			1	
87 s1 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 88 s2 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1	86	H02~100ng/mkl	Evrogen lab experiment	BRCA1 gene	TaqMan (HEX/BHQ1)	ő	0	i	
89 3 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 90 s4 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 2	87	s1	Evrogen lab experiment	NRAS gene	TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
90 s4 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	88	s2	Evrogen lab experiment	NRAS gene	TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
91 s5 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 5 6 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 s				NRAS gene	TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
92 s6 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 7 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 1 1 1 4 8 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 5 5 NTC Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 1 1			Evrogen lab experiment	NRAS gene NRAS gene	TagMan (FAM/BHQ1)	1	1	1	
93 s7 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 1 94 s8 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	92	s6	Evrogen lab experiment	NRAS gene	TagMan (FAM/BHO1)	1	1	1	
94 s8 Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	93	s7	Evrogen lab experiment	NRAS gene	TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1)	0	0	1	
95 NTC Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 1 96 NTC Evrogen lab experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1) 0 0 0 1	94	s8		NRAS gene	TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1)	1	1		
90 NIC Evrogen iad experiment NRAS gene TaqMan (FAM/BHQI) U 0 1				NRAS gene	TaqMan (FAM/BHQ1)		0	1	
	96	NIC	Evrogen ian experiment	NAAO gene	raqwan (FAM/BHQ1)	0	0	1	

5 Results for the analysis with hookreg() and hookregNL()

This section contains the results of the analysis of the amplification curve data with the **hookreg()** function and the **hookregNL()** function. As in the previous sections, all code was commented to make it reproducible. Some rows in Table 2 and Table 3 appear to be empty. This expected behaviour may occur in cases where the corresponding functions were not able to calculate the coefficients due to a failed model fit or violation of the truncation criterion.

5.1 Results for the analysis of the hookreg.rdml data set with hookreg()

The following code was used to analyze the hookreg.rdml data set with hookreg() function. The hookreg() function fits a linear model to a region of interest. The linear model is used to decide if the amplification curve as a hook effect or hook effect-like curvature.

```
# Load PCRedux package to obtain the data and make the hookreg() function
# available.
library(PCRedux)
# Load the magrittr to use the %>% pipe-operator
library(magrittr)
# `data` is a temporary data frame of the hook.rdml amplification curve data file.
# Apply the hookreq() function over the amplification curves and arrange the
# results in the data frame `res_hookreg`.
res_hookreg <- sapply(2L:ncol(data), function(i) {</pre>
    hookreg(x=data[, 1], y=data[, i])
}) %>% t %>% data.frame(sample=colnames(data)[-1],.)
# Fetch the calculated parameters from the calculations with the hookreg()
# function as a table `res_hookreg_table`.
res_hookreg_table <- data.frame(sample=as.character(res_hookreg[["sample"]]),</pre>
                                intercept=signif(res_hookreg[["intercept"]], 2),
                                slope=signif(res_hookreg[["slope"]], 1),
                                hook.start=signif(res_hookreg[["hook.start"]], 0),
                                hook.delta=signif(res_hookreg[["hook.delta"]], 0),
                                p.value=signif(res_hookreg[["p.value"]], 4),
                                CI.low=signif(res_hookreg[["CI.low"]], 2),
                                CI.up=signif(res_hookreg[["CI.up"]], 2),
                                hook.fit=res_hookreg[["hook.fit"]],
                                hook.CI=res_hookreg[["hook.CI"]],
                                hook=res_hookreg[["hook"]]
)
```

Finally a pretty printout (Table 2) of the results from the **hookreg()** function for the **hookreg.rdml** data set with the following code was prepared.

The results of the **hookreg()** function are fairly comprehensive. The meaning of the columns is as followed:

Table 2: Results from the hookreg() function for the hookreg.rdml data set.

. ICSUIUS	пош	UIIC		/S() Iu	110 0101.	101		HOOKI	05.10	iiii u
sample	intercept	slope	hook.start	hook.delta	p.value	CI.low	CI.up	hook.fit	hook.CI	hook
A01°F1.1 A02°F1.2	1.20 1.20	-0.01	30.00 30.00	20.00 20.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.01 -0.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
A02 F1.2 A03°F2.1	1.20	-0.01 -0.01	30.00	9.00	0.00	-0.01 -0.01	-0.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
A04~F2.2	1.20	-0.01	30.00	9.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
A05~F3.1	1.10	-0.00	40.00	6.00	0.05	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
A06~F3.2	1.10	-0.00	40.00	6.00	0.02	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
A07°F4.1 A08°F4.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
A08 F4.2 A09°F5.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
A10~F5.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
A11~F6.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
A12~F6.2 B01~HP1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B01~HP1 B02~HP2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B03~HP3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B04~HP4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B05~HP5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B06~HP6 B07~HP7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B08"HP8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B09"HP9	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B10~HP10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B11~HP11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
B12"HP12 C01"HP13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C02"HP14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C03"HP15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C04~HP16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C05~HP17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C06°HP18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C07~HP19 C08~HP20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C09"HP21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C10~HP22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C11~HP23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
C12~HP24 D01~HP25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
D01 HP25 D02~HP26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
D03"HP27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
D04~HP28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
D05~HP29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
D06~HP30 D07~HP31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
D08"HP32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
D09~F1.1 td	1.00	-0.00	30.00	7.00	0.01	-0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D10~F1.2_td	1.10	-0.00	30.00	10.00	0.00	-0.00	-0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
D11~F1.3_td	0.73	-0.02 -0.00	10.00	30.00 40.00	0.05	-0.05 -0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
D12~F1.4_td	1.00	-0.00	30.00	40.00 7.00	0.42	-0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
E01~F2.1_td E02~F2.2_td	1.10	-0.00	40.00	5.00	0.15	-0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
E03 F2.3_td E04 F2.4_td	-0.13	0.00	20.00	20.00	0.90	-0.06	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
E04~F2.4_td	3.10	-0.08	30.00	8.00	0.24	-0.36	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
E05 ^{F3.1} _td E06 ^{F3.2} _td E07 ^{F3.3} _td	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
E06 F3.2_td E07 F3.3_td	0.00	-0.02	10.00	30.00	0.09	-0.05	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.11	-0.00	10.00	30.00	0.84	-0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
E09 F4.1_td E10 F4.2_td	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
E10 F4.2_td	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
E11~F4.3_td E12~F4.4_td	2.90 0.26	-0.08 -0.02	30.00 6.00	10.00 40.00	0.14	-0.29 -0.06	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
F01~F5.1_td	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
F02°F5 2 td	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
F03~F5.3_td	2.20	-0.06	30.00	10.00	0.06	-0.17	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
F04~F5.4_td F05~F6.1_td	-0.08 0.00	0.00	20.00 0.00	20.00 0.00	0.89	-0.06	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
F06 F6.1_td F06 F6.2_td	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
F07~F6.3_td	0.67	-0.02	20.00	20.00	0.24	-0.07	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
F08~F6.4_td	0.09	-0.00	4.00	40.00	0.73	-0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
F09~WGA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
F10~WGA F11~1ng/mkl	0.00 2.40	0.00 -0.04	0.00 40.00	0.00 20.00	0.00	-0.06	-0.02	0.00 1.00	0.00 1.00	0.00
F12~1ng/mkl	2.30	-0.04	40.00	20.00	0.00	-0.07	-0.02	1.00	1.00	1.00
G01~100 ng/mkl	1.60	-0.03	30.00	20.00	0.00	-0.04	-0.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
G02~100 ng/mkl	1.70	-0.03	30.00	20.00	0.00	-0.05	-0.02	1.00	1.00	1.00
G03~1ng/mkl G04~1ng/mkl	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
G05~100 ng/mkl	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
G06~100 ng/mkl G07~1ng/mkl	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
G07~1ng/mkl	3.00	-0.05	40.00	10.00	0.00	-0.06	-0.04	1.00	1.00	1.00
G08~1ng/mkl	3.00	-0.05	40.00	10.00	0.00	-0.06	-0.04	1.00	1.00	1.00
G09~100 ng/mkl	2.50 2.60	-0.04 -0.05	30.00 30.00	20.00 20.00	0.00	-0.05 -0.05	-0.04 -0.04	1.00	1.00	1.00
G10~100 ng/mkl G11~1ng/mkl	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00	-0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
G12~1ng/mkl H01~100 ng/mkl	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
H01~100 ng/mkl	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00	0.00
H02~100 ng/mkl H03~s1	0.00 2.40	0.00	0.00 30.00	0.00 20.00	0.00	-0.07	-0.03	0.00 1.00	0.00 1.00	0.00
H03"s1 H04"s2	2.40	-0.05 -0.05	30.00	20.00	0.00	-0.07	-0.03	1.00	1.00	1.00
H05~s3	4.10	-0.08	40.00	10.00	0.00	-0.13	-0.03	1.00	1.00	1.00
H06~s4	4.60	-0.09	40.00	10.00	0.00	-0.15	-0.04	1.00	1.00	1.00
H07~s5	1.60	-0.02	30.00	20.00	0.00	-0.04	-0.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
H08~s6 H09~s7	1.80	-0.02 0.00	40.00 0.00	9.00	0.00	-0.03	-0.01	1.00	1.00	0.00
H10~s8	1.50	-0.01	40.00	8.00	0.00	-0.02	-0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
H11"NTC	0.92	-0.03	10.00	30.00	0.00	-0.05	-0.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
H12~NTC	0.50	-0.01	10.00	30.00	0.19	-0.05	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00

- intercept, is the intercept from the start of the potential hook to the end of the amplification curve.
- *slope* is the slope from the start of the potential hook to the end of the amplification curve. A negative slope is indicative for a hook effect.
- hook.start is the estimated starting cycle of the hook region.
- hook.delta is the number of cycles from the hook.start to the end of the amplification curve.
- p.value describes the significant relationship between the variables in the linear regression model.
- CI.low and CI.up is the confidence interval (low and up) for the slope parameters in the fitted linear model.
- hook.fit is a logical parameter indicating if the fit is significant at a default threshold of 0.005.
- hook. CI is a logical parameter indicating if the slope of fitted linear model is within the confidence interval (0.995).
- *hook* is a logical parameter, which combines the significance test and confidence interval test (negative slope).

5.2 Results for the analysis of the hookreg.rdml data set with hookregNL()

The following code was used to analyze the hookreg.rdml data set with hookregNL() function. The procedure is similar to the analysis with the hookreg() function.

The hookreg() function fits a six parameter sigmoidal model to amplification curve. The non-linear model

$$f(x) = c + k \cdot x + \frac{d - c}{(1 + exp(b(log(x) - log(e))))^f}$$

is used to decide, based on the k parameter, if the amplification curve as a hook effect or hook effect-like curvature.

```
# Note that the PCRedux package and the magrittr package need to be loaded (see above).
# Load the qpcR package to prevent messages during the start.
suppressMessages(library(qpcR))
# `data` is a temporary data frame of the hook.rdml amplification curve data file.
# Apply the hookregNL() function over the amplification curves and arrange the
# results in the data frame `res_hookregNL`.
# Not that `suppressMessages()` to prevent warning messages from the qpcR package.
res_hookregNL <- suppressMessages(sapply(2L:ncol(data), function(i) {</pre>
    hookregNL(x=data[, 1], y=data[, i])
}) %>% t %>% data.frame(sample=colnames(data)[-1],.))
res_hookregNL_table <- data.frame(sample=as.character(res_hookregNL[["sample"]]),</pre>
                                  slope=signif(as.numeric(res_hookregNL[["slope"]]), 1),
                                  CI.low=signif(as.numeric(res_hookregNL[["CI.low"]]), 2),
                                  CI.up=signif(as.numeric(res_hookregNL[["CI.up"]]), 2),
                                  hook.CI=unlist(res_hookregNL[["hook"]])
)
```

Finally we prepare a pretty printout (Table 3) of the results from the **hookregNL()** function for the **hookreg.rdml** data set with the following code with the code shown next.

The results of the **hookregNL()** function are less comprehensive then from the **hookreg()** function . The meaning of the columns is as followed:

- *slope* is the slope from the start of the potential hook to the end of the amplification curve that was fitted by a six parameter model. A negative slope is indicative for a hook effect.
- CI.low and CI.up is the confidence interval (low and up) for the slope parameters in the fitted linear model.
- \bullet hook is a logical parameter, which combines the significance test and confidence interval test (negative slope).

```
caption.placement = "top",
comment=FALSE,
table.placement = "!ht", scalebox='0.65'
)
```

Table 3: Results from the hookregNL() function for the hookreg.rdml data set.

1100111051	(/	Idil	01011	101 0
sample	slope	CI.low	CI.up	hook.CI
A01°F1.1 A02°F1.2	-0.10	-0.16	-0.12	1.00
	-0.20	-0.20	-0.15	1.00
A03°F2.1 A04°F2.2	-0.09 -0.09	-0.13 -0.12	-0.06 -0.06	1.00
A04 F2.2 A05°F3.1	-0.09	-0.12	0.00	0.00
A04°F2.2 A05°F3.1 A06°F3.2	-0.02	-0.06	0.01	0.00
	0.00			0.00
	0.00	-0.01	0.02	0.00
A09~F5.1	0.01			0.00
A08°F4.2 A09°F5.1 A10°F5.2	0.01			0.00
A11~F6.1	0.00			0.00
A11°F6.1 A12°F6.2 B01°HP1	0.00			0.00
B01 HP1	0.01			0.00
B02~HP2 B03~HP3 B04~HP4	0.08			0.00
B04°HP4	0.03			0.00
B05~HP5 B06~HP6	0.04			0.00
B06~HP6	0.02			0.00
DO7~UD7	-0.10			0.00
B08"HP8 B09"HP9	0.03			0.00
B09~HP9	0.05			0.00
B10~HP10 B11~HP11	0.05			0.00
B11"HP11 B12"HP12	0.06			0.00
C01~HP13	0.07			0.00
C02"HP14	-0.04			0.00
C02~HP14 C03~HP15	0.08			0.00
C04~HP16 C05~HP17	0.09			0.00
C05~HP17	0.05			0.00
C06"HP18 C07"HP19	0.03			0.00
C07"HP19 C08"HP20	0.10			0.00
COOSTIDO	0.02			0.00
C107HP21	0.06			0.00
C10"HP22 C11"HP23	0.01			0.00
C12~HP24 D01~HP25	0.06			0.00
D01~HP25	0.09			0.00
D01 HP25 D02~HP26 D03~HP27	0.10			0.00
D03~HP27	0.10			0.00
D04 HP28 D05 HP29	0.10			0.00
D05 HP29	0.20			0.00
D06~HP30 D07~HP31	0.10			0.00
D08"HP32	0.04			0.00
D09°F1 1 td	0.09	0.01	0.16	0.00
D07 HP31 D08 HP32 D09 F1.1_td D10 F1.2_td	-0.05	-0.12	0.02	0.00
				0.00
D12 F1.4_td E01 F2.1_td				0.00
E01 F2.1_td E02 F2.2_td	0.10	0.06	0.23	0.00
	0.05 -0.00			0.00
E04°F2.4 td	-0.00			0.00
	0.10	0.06	0.21	0.00
E06~F3.2_td	0.09	0.04	0.15	0.00
	-0.00			0.00
	-0.00			0.00
	0.10	0.02	0.17	0.00
E10~F4.2_td	0.08	0.02	0.13	0.00
E11 F4.3 td E12 F4.4 td	0.00			0.00
	0.05	0.01	0.10	0.00
	0.05	0.02	0.08	0.00
	-0.01			0.00
				0.00
F05 F6.1_td F06 F6.2_td	0.03			0.00
F06 F6.2_td F07 F6.3_td	0.03			0.00
	-0.04			0.00
F09 F6.4_td F09 WGA F10 WGA	-0.04	-45.00	-8.80	1.00
F10°WGA	-20.00	-37.00	-9.30	1.00
F11 Ing/mkl	-0.40			0.00
F12~1ng/mkl	-0.40			0.00
G01~100 ng/mkl	-0.40			0.00
F11 ⁻ 1ng/mkl F12 ⁻ 1ng/mkl G01 ⁻ 100 ng/mkl G02 ⁻ 100 ng/mkl	-0.40			0.00
G03 Ing/mki	0.02 -0.01			0.00
	0.03			0.00
	0.10			0.00
	-1.00			0.00
	-1.00			0.00
G08"1ng/mkl G09"100 ng/mkl G10"100 ng/mkl	-1.00			0.00
G10~100 ng/mkl	-1.00			0.00
G10 100 ng/mki G11~1ng/mki G12~1ng/mki	-0.03			0.00
G12~1ng/mkl H01~100 ng/mkl	-0.02			0.00
	-0.10 0.01			0.00
	-4.00			0.00
H04~=2	-4.00			0.00
H057=3	-5.00			0.00
H06~s4	-8.00			0.00
H07~s5	-0.80			0.00
H08~s6	-0.50	-0.93	-0.10	1.00
H09°s7	0.05	0.01	0.09	0.00
H10°s8 H11°NTC	-0.04 40.00			0.00
H11 NTC H12 NTC	40.00			0.00
	40.00			0.00

6 Comparison of the hookreg() and hookregNL() methods

The decisions from the human classification (see Table 1) and the results from the machine decision (section 5.1 and section 5.2) were aggregated in Table 4.

Finally a pretty printout (Table 4) of the aggregated data set with the following code was prepared:

```
# A simple logic was applied to improve the classification result. In this case
# the assumption was, that an amplification curve has an hook effect or hook effect-like
# curvature, if either the hookreg() or hookregNL() function are positive.

meta_hookreg <- sapply(1:nrow(res), function(i){
    ifelse(res[i, "hookreg"] == 1 || res[i, "hookregNL"] == 1, 1, 0)</pre>
```

```
})
res_out <- data.frame(Sample=res[["Sample"]], res[["Human rater"]],</pre>
                      res_hookreg[["hook"]], res_hookregNL_table[["hook.CI"]],
                      meta_hookreg)
colnames(res_out) <- c("Sample",</pre>
                        "Human rater",
                        "hookreg",
                        "hookregNL",
                        "hookreg and hoohkreNL combined"
library(xtable)
options(xtable.comment=FALSE)
print(xtable(res_out, digits=0,
             caption = "Aggregated decisions from the human classification and
the results from the machine decision of the hookreg() and hookregNL()
functions.", label='method_comparision'), ,
      caption.placement = "top",
      scalebox='0.65')
```

The performance of the **hookreg()** and **hookregNL()** functions was analyzed with the **performeR()** function of the PCRedux package (Table 5). The methods were adopted from Brenner and Gefeller (1997) and Kuhn (2008). Note that the formula for the calculations of the sensitivity, specificity, precision, Negative predictive value, fall-out, alse negative rate, false discovery rate, Accuracy, F1 score, Matthews correlation coefficient and kappa by Cohen are described in the documentation of the PCRedux package.

```
res_performeR <- rbind(</pre>
    hookreg=performeR(res_out[["hookreg"]], res_out[["Human rater"]]),
                       hookregNL=performeR(res_out[["hookregNL"]], res_out[["Human rater"]]),
                       combined_hookreg=performeR(res_out[["hookreg and hoohkreNL combined"]],
                                                   res_out[["Human rater"]])
) %>% t %>% signif(4)
colnames(res_performeR) <- c("hookreg", "hookregNL", "hookreg and hookregNL")</pre>
library(xtable)
options(xtable.comment=FALSE)
print(xtable(res_performeR, digits=4,
             caption = "Analysis of the performance of both algorithms. The
performance of the individual test and the combination of the tests is shown.
Note that the classification improved if the hookreg() and hookregNL() function
were combined by a logical statement. The measure were determined with the
\\textit{performeR()} function from the \\texttt{PCRedux} package. Sensitivity,
TPR; Specificity, SPC; Precision, PPV; Negative predictive value, NPV; Fall-out,
FPR; False negative rate, FNR; False discovery rate, FDR; Accuracy, ACC; F1
score, F1; Matthews correlation coefficient, MCC, Cohen's kappa (binary
classification), $\\kappa$", label='res_performeR'),
      size = "normalsize",
      include.rownames = TRUE,
      include.colnames = TRUE,
      caption.placement = "top",
```

```
comment=FALSE,
table.placement = "!ht", scalebox='0.75'
)
```

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Table 4: Aggregated decisions from the human classification and the results from the machine decision of the hookreg() and hookregNL() functions.

egN	$\mathrm{L}()$ function	ns.			
	Sample	Human rater	hookreg	hookregNL	hookreg and hoohkreNL combined
1	F1.1	1	1	1	1
2	F1.2	1	1	1	1
3	F2.1	1	1	1	1
4	F2.2	1	1	1	1
5	F3.1	0	0	0	0
6	F3.2 F4.1	0	0	0	0
7 8	F4.1 F4.2	0	0	0	0
9	F5.1	0	0	0	0
10	F5.2	0	0	0	0
11	F6.1	0	ő	0	0
12	F6.2	0	0	0	0
13	HP1	0	0	0	0
14	HP2	0	0	0	0
15	HP3	0	0	0	0
16	HP4	0	0	0	0
17	HP5	0	0	0	0
18	HP6	0	0	0	0
19	HP7	0	0	0	0
20	HP8	0	0	0	0
21 22	HP9 HP10	0	0	0	0
23	HP11	0	0	0	0
24	HP12	0	0	0	0
25	HP13	0	0	0	0
26	HP14	0	0	0	0
27	HP15	0	0	0	0
28	HP16	0	0	0	0
29	HP17	0	0	0	0
30	HP18	0	0	0	0
31	HP19	0	0	0	0
32	HP20	0	0	0	0
33	HP21	0	0	0	0
34 35	HP22 HP23	0	0	0	$0 \\ 0$
36	HP24	0	0	0	0
37	HP25	0	0	0	0
38	HP26	0	0	0	0
39	HP27	0	0	0	0
40	HP28	0	0	0	0
41	HP29	0	0	0	0
42	HP30	0	0	0	0
43	HP31	0	0	0	0
44	HP32	0	0	0	0
45	F1.1_td	0	0	0	0
46	F1.2_td	0	1	0	1
47 48	F1.3_td F1.4_td	0	0	0	0
49	F2.1_td	0	0	0	0
50	F2.2 td	0	ő	0	0
51	F2.3_td	0	0	0	0
52	$F2.4$ _td	0	0	0	0
53	F3.1_td	0	0	0	0
54	F3.2_td	0	0	0	0
55	F3.3_td	0	0	0	0
56	F3.4_td	0	0	0	0
57	F4.1_td	0	0	0	0
58	F4.2_td	0	0	0	0
59 60	F4.3_td F4.4_td	0	0	0	0
61	F5.1_td	0	0	0	0
62	F5.2 td	0	0	0	0
63	F5.3_td	0	0	0	0
64	F5.4_td	0	0	0	0
65	F6.1_td	0	0	0	0
66	$F6.2_td$	0	0	0	0
67	F6.3_td	0	0	0	0
68	F6.4_td	0	0	0	0
69	F09~WGA	1	0	1	1
70	F10~WGA	1 1	0	1 0	1
71 72	F11~1ng/mkl F12~1ng/mkl	1	1	0	1 1
73	G01~100ng/mkl	1	1	0	1
74	G02~100ng/mkl	1	1	0	1
75	G03~1ng/mkl	0	0	0	0
76	G04~1ng/mkl	0	0	0	0
77	G05~100ng/mkl	0	0	0	0
78	G06~100ng/mkl	0	0	0	0
79	$G07^{-}1ng/mkl$	1	1	0	1
80	G08~1ng/mkl	1	1	0	1
81	G09~100ng/mkl	1	1	0	1
82	G10~100ng/mkl	1	11	0	1
83	G11~1ng/mkl	0	0	0	0
84 85	G12~1ng/mkl	0	0	0	0
86 86	H01~100ng/mkl H02~100ng/mkl	0	0	0	0
87	s1	1	1	0	1
00		1	1	0	1

Table 5: Analysis of the performance of both algorithms. The performance of the individual test and the combination of the tests is shown. Note that the classification improved if the hookreg() and hookregNL() function were combined by a logical statement. The measure were determined with the performeR() function from the PCRedux package. Sensitivity, TPR; Specificity, SPC; Precision, PPV; Negative predictive value, NPV; Fall-out, FPR; False negative rate, FNR; False discovery rate, FDR; Accuracy, ACC; F1 score, F1; Matthews correlation coefficient, MCC, Cohen's kappa (binary classification), κ

hookreg hookregNL hookreg and hookregNL TPR 0.9048 0.3333 1.0000 SPC 0.9733 1.0000 0.9733 PPV 0.9048 1.0000 0.9130 NPV 0.9733 0.8427 1.0000 FPR 0.0267 0.0000 0.0267 FNR 0.0952 0.6667 0.0000 FDR 0.0952 0.0000 0.0870 ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000 counts 96.0000 96.0000 96.0000						
SPC 0.9733 1.0000 0.9733 PPV 0.9048 1.0000 0.9130 NPV 0.9733 0.8427 1.0000 FPR 0.0267 0.0000 0.0267 FNR 0.0952 0.6667 0.0000 FDR 0.0952 0.0000 0.0870 ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000		hookreg	hookregNL	hookreg and hookregNL		
PPV 0.9048 1.0000 0.9130 NPV 0.9733 0.8427 1.0000 FPR 0.0267 0.0000 0.0267 FNR 0.0952 0.6667 0.0000 FDR 0.0952 0.0000 0.0870 ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	TPR	0.9048	0.3333	1.0000		
NPV 0.9733 0.8427 1.0000 FPR 0.0267 0.0000 0.0267 FNR 0.0952 0.6667 0.0000 FDR 0.0952 0.0000 0.0870 ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	SPC	0.9733	1.0000	0.9733		
FPR 0.0267 0.0000 0.0267 FNR 0.0952 0.6667 0.0000 FDR 0.0952 0.0000 0.0870 ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	PPV	0.9048	1.0000	0.9130		
FNR 0.0952 0.6667 0.0000 FDR 0.0952 0.0000 0.0870 ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	NPV	0.9733	0.8427	1.0000		
FDR 0.0952 0.0000 0.0870 ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 75.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	FPR	0.0267	0.0000	0.0267		
ACC 0.9583 0.8542 0.9792 F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 75.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	FNR	0.0952	0.6667	0.0000		
F1 0.9048 0.5000 0.9545 MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	FDR	0.0952	0.0000	0.0870		
MCC 0.8781 0.5300 0.9427 LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	ACC	0.9583	0.8542	0.9792		
LRp 33.9300 Inf 37.5000 kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	F1	0.9048	0.5000	0.9545		
kappa 0.8781 0.4386 0.9411 TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	MCC	0.8781	0.5300	0.9427		
TP 19.0000 7.0000 21.0000 TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	LRp	33.9300	Inf	37.5000		
TN 73.0000 75.0000 73.0000 FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	kappa	0.8781	0.4386	0.9411		
FP 2.0000 0.0000 2.0000 FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	TP	19.0000	7.0000	21.0000		
FN 2.0000 14.0000 0.0000	TN	73.0000	75.0000	73.0000		
	FP	2.0000	0.0000	2.0000		
counts 96.0000 96.0000 96.0000	FN	2.0000	14.0000	0.0000		
	counts	96.0000	96.0000	96.0000		