

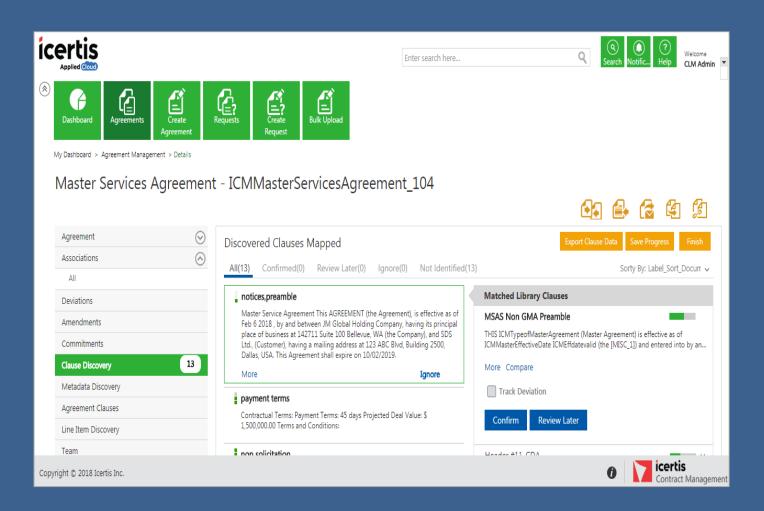


What we do in AIML team ...



#### ICM DiscoverAl App

AI Powered NLP & Semantics Driven Clause Discovery, Deviations and Verifications

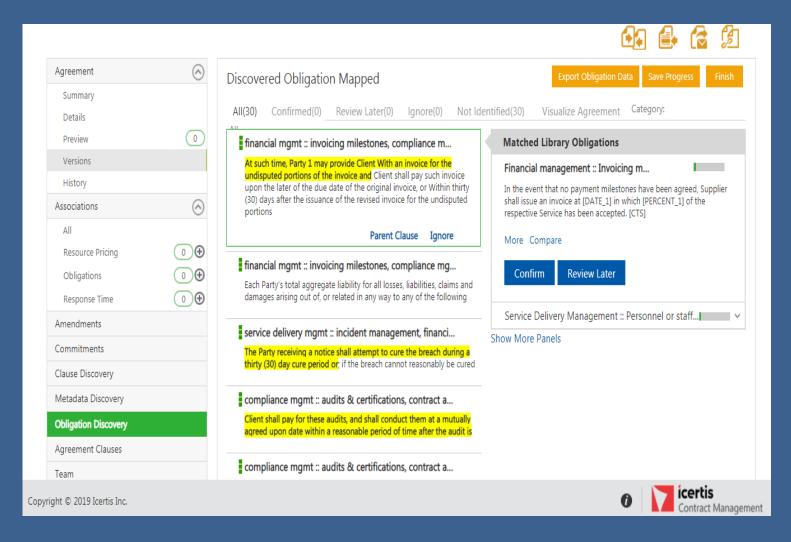


- Image/PDF Conversion
- Clause and Attribute Discovery
- Accurate Clause Matching
- Deviation Tracking
- Attribute Verification
- Driven by NLP & Machine Learning



#### ICM Obligation Management (Al Powered) App

Al Powered Obligations discovery and insights into your contracts

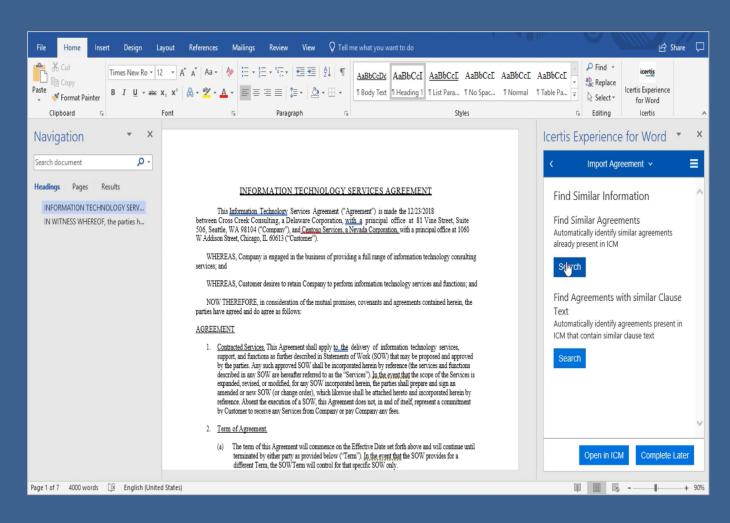


- Easy Obligation Management
- Extract obligations & Categorize them with Customer Taxonomy
- Extract key meta data from discovered obligations, automatically
- Automate obligations assignment to both internal and external users
- Take direct action based on intelligent insights
- Reduced risks by complying with contractual obligations



#### ICM NegotiateAl App

AI-powered insights to optimize contract negotiation, reduce risk, and negotiate better outcomes

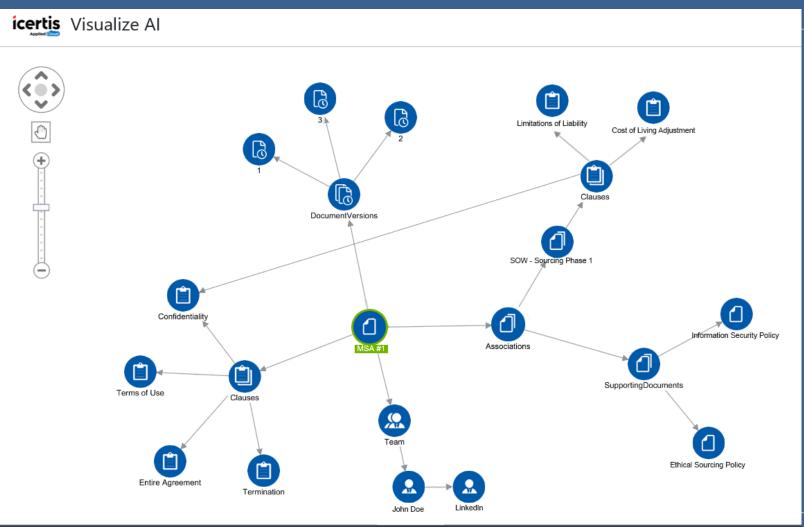


- Automated contract discovery
- NLP & Semantics powered extractions
- Finds similar contract and clauses
- Highlight clause deviations to ensure compliance
- Powerful Al-infused negotiations
- Familiar Microsoft Experiences
- Efficient Business Outcomes



#### **ICM VisualizeAl App**

Visualize complex contract structures, relationships and connections



- Unified view of Contracting Across the Organization
- Auto discover dependencies, structures associations & relationships
- Unlock hidden contract insights, connections and get contextual views
- Link to external data sources
- Unprecedented insights into your entire contract portfolio
- Take direct actions based on such intelligent insights



#### Overall Data Flow of Discover/Digitize Al





#### A Sample Digitization Project ...

Number of Contracts to be Digitized : 60K

Number of Clauses to be discovered: 32 ("Term", "Warranty", ...)

Number of Attributes to be discovered: 12 ("Effective Date", "Contract Value",...)

Time: 3 months



#### Steps ...

Build AI Engine using annotated samples to extract attributes Show results of training to the Customer and get approval Start extractions (production) for all the contracts, in batches ...



## Halfway through the production ...





#### A sample dialog

Customer: The extractions are looking ok, but...

AIML team: But??

Customer: Why are you digitizing these 'DELLA' contracts?

AIML team: Meaning?

Customer: You should not digitize contracts having 'DELLA Corporation' in the footer.

AIML team: But you never told us. No mention of any such rules in SOW also...

Customer: We are just asking you to NOT process these, not adding to your work/scope!!

AIML team: But....

Customer: Shouldn't be difficult, right? AI will find out...



(we keep hearing...)

# Al will find out!!





(sometimes...)

# Al should find out!!





(what if...)

# Al can not find out!!





(and worse if ...)

## Al finds it and finds it wrongly!!





(bottom line... we need to understand that)

Al is not Magic!!





(But still, you need to explain me)

## Why AI gave this result!!



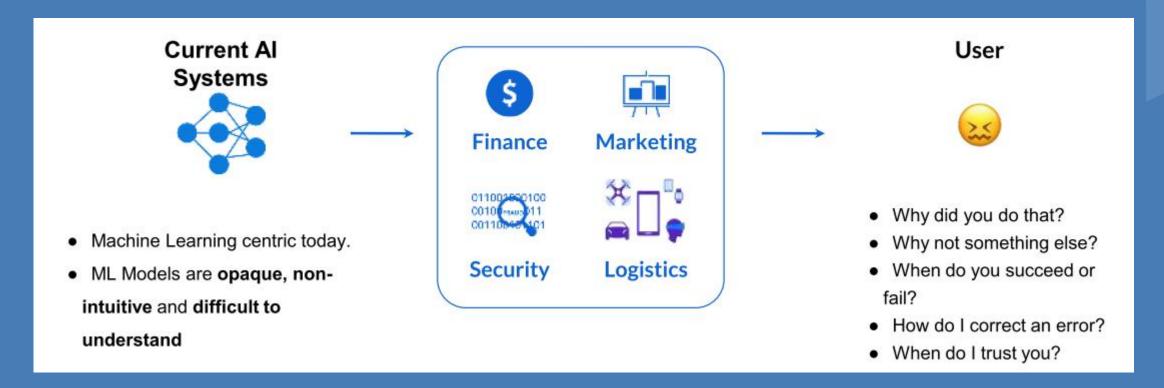


# (that's) Explainable AI





#### Need for Explainable Al



Explainable AI is essential for customers to understand and trust the decisions by AI. (Explainable AI in Industry, KDD 2019 Tutorial, Sahin Cem Geyik, Krishnaram Kenthapadi & Varun Mithal)



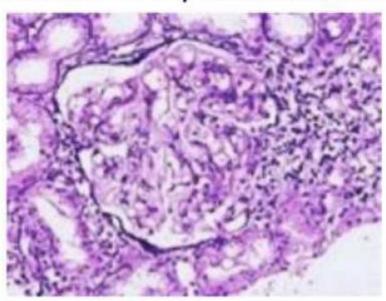


#### Wrong decisions: Costly and dangerous

"Autonomous car crashes, because it wrongly recognizes ..."



"Al medical diagnosis system misclassifies patient's disease ..."



(Credit: Samek, Binder, Tutorial on Interpretable ML, MICCAI'18)





#### Al missed!!

Dog vs Wolf classifier

Instead of animal body features it started detecting based on 'presence of snow'.

So Siberian Husky (a dog) got classified as Wolf.

Training data of wolves was with snow landscapes.

http://innovation.uci.edu/2017/08/husky-or-wolf-using-a-black-box-learning-model-to-avoid-adoption-errors/





(a) Husky classified as wolf

(b) Explanation

Figure 11: Raw data and explanation of a bad model's prediction in the "Husky vs Wolf" task.

	Before	After
Trusted the bad model	10 out of 27	3 out of 27
Snow as a potential feature	12 out of 27	25 out of 27

Table 2: "Husky vs Wolf" experiment results.



# -- "Al can make decisions better, but Can it make better decisions"--





#### Al as Black Box

Why did the AI system do that?

Why didn't the AI system do something else?

When did the AI system succeed?

When did the AI system fail?

When does the AI system give enough confidence in the decision that you can trust it?

How can the Al system correct an error?

Explainable AI (XAI) – A Perspective, Saurabh Kaushik





### **Explainable AI**



#### Three Key Pillars of Explainable Al

Reasonable AI: The ability to understand the reasoning behind each individual prediction

Traceable AI: The ability to trace prediction process from algorithm to data.

Understandable AI: The ability to fully understand the AI decision-making is based

"Right to Explanation" – GDPR

Explainable AI (XAI) – A Perspective, Saurabh Kaushik

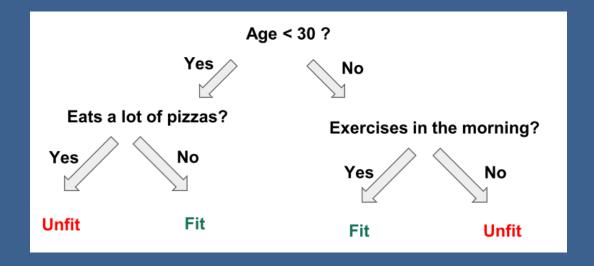


#### **Achieving Explainable Al**

#### Prediction explanations

- Important features
- Features weights
- Decision tree plotting

Build an interpretable model using libraries like LIME, SHAP, etc.



Explainable AI in Industry, KDD 2019 Tutorial, Sahin Cem Geyik, Krishnaram Kenthapadi & Varun Mithal



# "Interpretability is the degree to which a human can understand the cause of a decision."

(Miller, Tim. 2017. "Explanation in Artificial Intelligence: Insights from the Social Sciences.")







So, What (exactly) is AI?

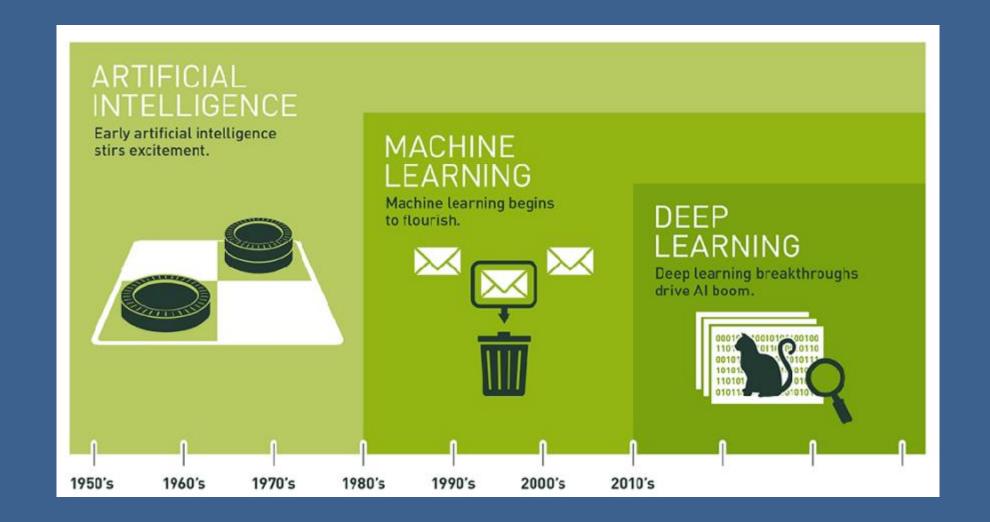


(typical understanding)

# If Machines show intelligence, like Humans that's Al









#### **Traditional Programming** Data → Output Computer Program **Machine Learning** Data → Program Computer Output







Test

Grades

Student 1

Test: 9/10 💟

Grades: 8/10

Student 2

Test: 3/10

Grades: 4/10

Student 3

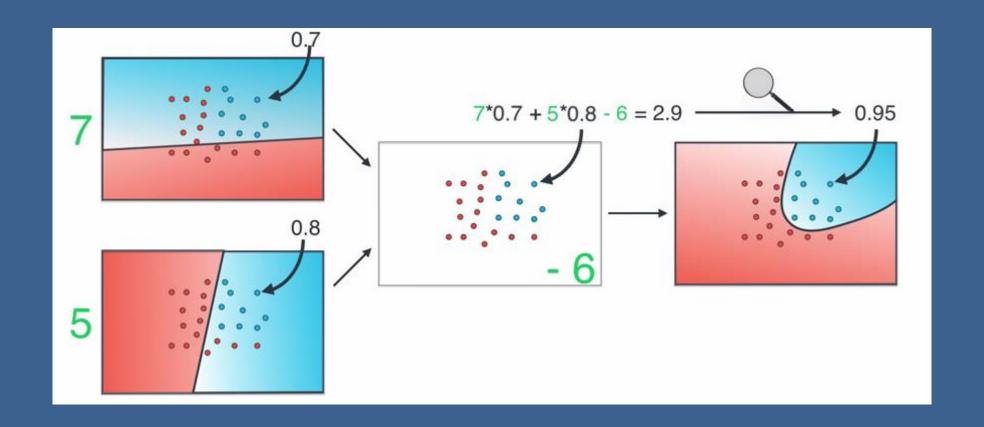
Test: 7/10 🙎

Grades: 6/10

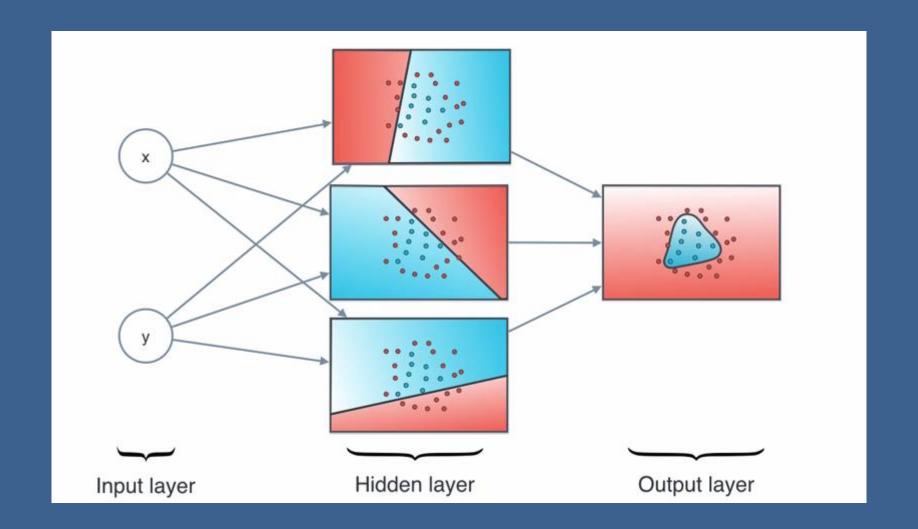




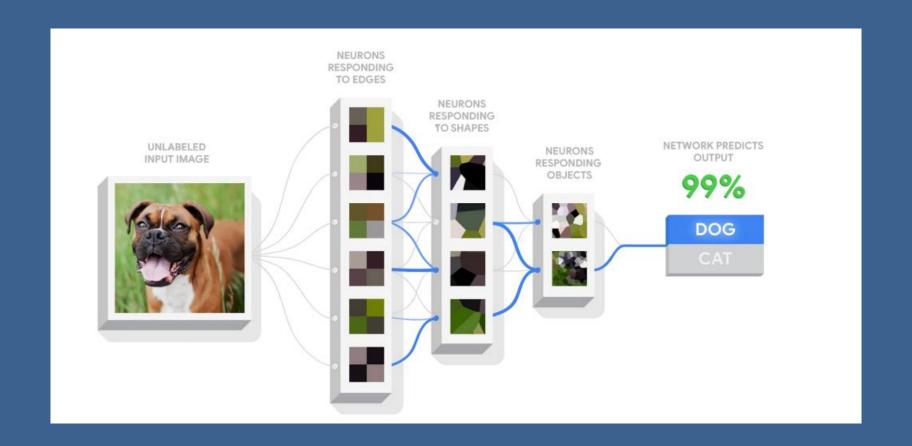






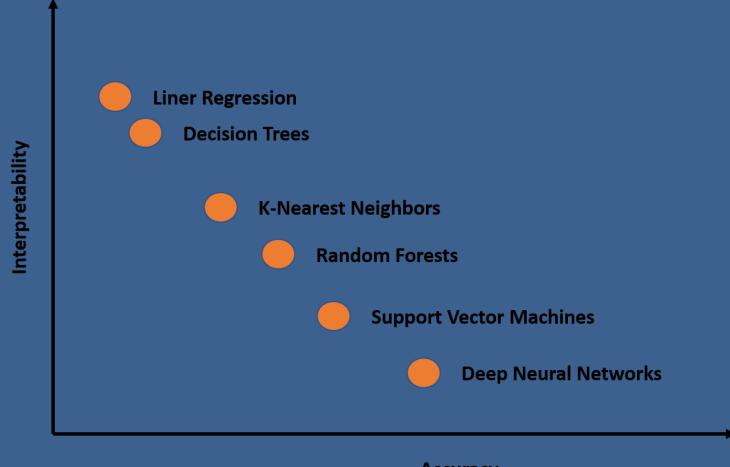








#### But...



#### Accuracy

(Application of artificial intelligence in gastroenterology, April 2019, World Journal of Gastroenterology 25(14):1666-1683)



#### **Explain-ability of AI Algorithms**

Regression – Multinomial Equation can be messy

Random Forrest – Multiple Tree and their Data Set and Voting

SVM – Kernel and Data Partition effect on Feature

K Mean – Nature of Centroid don't describe cluster well.

NN – Hidden Nodes and their way of creating features

Explainable AI (XAI) – A Perspective, Saurabh Kaushik









# Al is just a set of algorithms, which (predominantly ) work given Inputs as well as Outputs





#### For example: to find out clause "Term"...

Need to supply AI algorithm with 100s/1000s of "Term" clause samples

Gets trained on patterns, word frequencies, context words

Stores this information as 'model'

Can be used to classify unseen clause, whether "Term" or not.





#### Quiz

If you want to find something new say "LIBOR" clause, what would be needed?





#### Let's Summarize together

AI-ML-DL approaches are not deterministic (but <>?)

For good results, need good annotated data and lots of it

Annotations need to be perfect ("Gold"), else Garbage-In-<??-<??>

Data should cover all possible variations

AI-ML-DL just fits the data, just that, but, it does it automatically!!

ML has better explain-ability than DL (why?)





#### Btw, thoughts to ponder on...

'Al is biased' because of it's training/data

'Explainable Al' is to understand how/why it is biased

But then...

Human are biased too...

'Explainable Humans'... the next topic for talk? Anyone?





