Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock II

Solution 🖹

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Run Code

Say you have an array **prices** for which the *i*th element is the price of a given stock on day *i*.

Design an algorithm to find the maximum profit. You may complete as many transactions as you like (i.e., buy one and sell one share of the stock multiple times).

Note: You may not engage in multiple transactions at the same time (i.e., you must sell the stock before you buy again).

Example 1:

```
Input: [7,1,5,3,6,4]
Output: 7
Explanation: Buy on day 2 (price = 1) and sell on day 3 (price = 5), profit = 5-1 = 4.
            Then buy on day 4 (price = 3) and sell on day 5 (price = 6), profit = 6-3 = 3.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: [1,2,3,4,5]
Output: 4
Explanation: Buy on day 1 (price = 1) and sell on day 5 (price = 5), profit = 5-1 = 4.
             Note that you cannot buy on day 1, buy on day 2 and sell them later, as you are
             engaging multiple transactions at the same time. You must sell before buying again.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: [7,6,4,3,1]
Output: 0
Explanation: In this case, no transaction is done, i.e. max profit = 0.
```

Constraints:

```
• 1 <= prices.length <= 3 * 10 ^ 4
• 0 <= prices[i] <= 10 ^ 4
```

☐ Custom Testcase (Contribute ●)

```
Java
                                                                                                                                      ob €
 1 ▼ class Solution {
        public int maxProfit(int[] prices) {
 3
4 v
            if(prices.length == 0) {
 5
                return 0;
 6
8
            int profit = 0;
9
            int max = 0;
10 🔻
            for(int i = 1; i < prices.length; i++) {</pre>
11 ▼
                if(prices[i-1] < prices[i]) {</pre>
12
                    max += prices[i] - prices[i-1];
13
14
            }
15
            return max;
16
        }
17 }
```