

The diagram illustrates the relationships between several tables in a database schema. The central table is 'anime table'. Other tables include 'anime ranking table', 'demo 1', 'genres 1', 'rank table', 'studios 1', and 'anime_recommendations_table'. Lines connect attributes in different tables, indicating foreign key relationships.

anime ranking table

- tm_ky
- mal_id
- title
- demo_id
- genres_id
- studio_id
- mean
- rank
- popularity
- num_scoring_users
- statistics.watching
- statistics.completed
- statistics.on_hold
- statistics.dropped
- statistics.plan_to_watch
- statistics.num_scoring_users

anime table

- tm_ky
- mal_id
- title
- demo_id
- club_status.de
- genres_id
- studio_id
- synonyms
- mal_id
- main_picture.medium
- main_picture.large
- alternative_titles.en
- alternative_titles.ja
- start_date
- end_date
- synopsis
- media_type
- status
- start_season.year
- start_season.season
- rating
- nsfw
- streaming_service

demo 1

- tm_ky
- demo_id
- demo_de

genres 1

- tm_ky
- genres_id
- genres_de

rank table

- tm_ky
- mal_id
- title
- rank
- rank_category

studios 1

- tm_ky
- studio_id
- studio_de

anime_recommendations_table

- tm_ky
- mal_id
- title
- recommendation_id
- num_recommendation

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Data Import and Container Setup

- ```

❯ via v1.9.13-13
❯ docker cp /Users/kholovnikov/Documents/Eclipse/AS/Structure_mes_donnees_cload/
lib/variable/tmp/cvme_detail/genes.1.csv esvil-sompo:/tmp/
Successfully copied 2.568K to esvil-sompo:/tmp/
(bash)

❯ via v1.9.13-13
❯ docker cp /Users/kholovnikov/Documents/Eclipse/AS/Structure_mes_donnees_cload/
lib/variable/tmp/cvme_detail/genes.1.csv esvil-sompo:/tmp/
Successfully copied 14.88K to esvil-sompo:/tmp/
(bash)

❯ via v1.9.13-13
❯ docker cp /Users/kholovnikov/Documents/Eclipse/AS/Structure_mes_donnees_cload/
lib/variable/tmp/cvme_detail/rankb.table.csv esvil-sompo:/tmp/
Successfully copied 66.99K to esvil-sompo:/tmp/
(bash)









❯ via v1.9.13-13
❯ docker cp /Users/kholovnikov/Documents/Eclipse/AS/Structure_mes_donnees_cload/
lib/variable/tmp/cvme_detail/ranking.csv esvil-sompo:/tmp/
Successfully copied 9398K to esvil-sompo:/tmp/
(bash)

❯ via v1.9.13-13 task 26
❯ docker cp /Users/kholovnikov/Documents/Eclipse/AS/Structure_mes_donnees_cload/
lib/variable/tmp/cvme_detail/ranking.csv esvil-sompo:/tmp/
Successfully copied 93.99K to esvil-sompo:/tmp/
(bash)

❯ via v1.9.13-13
❯ docker cp /Users/kholovnikov/Documents/Eclipse/AS/Structure_mes_donnees_cload/
lib/variable/tmp/cvme_detail/ranking.csv esvil-sompo:/tmp/
Successfully copied 1278K to esvil-sompo:/tmp/
(bash)

❯ via v1.9.13-13

```

| Nom                                                                                 |                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
|  | anime.csv          |
|  | demo_1.csv         |
|  | genres_1.csv       |
|  | rank_table.csv     |
|  | ranking.csv        |
|  | recommendation.csv |
|  | studios_1.csv      |
|  | tm_ky.csv          |

- The MongoDB database, named '**animeDB**', is used.
- Each CSV file is imported as a separate collection in '**animeDB**', facilitating organized data management and efficient query execution.

- Collections created include 'anime\_recommendation\_table' and others based on different CSV files.

## Queries and Data Analysis

- The database is structured to support various queries related to anime genres, rankings, and studio information.
- Queries are designed to leverage MongoDB's aggregation framework, allowing for complex data manipulation and analysis.
- Example of queries with their results :

```
def execute_and_print_query_5():
 results = db.anime_ranking_table.aggregate([
 {"$lookup": {
 "from": "demo_1",
 "localField": "demo_id",
 "foreignField": "demo_id",
 "as": "demo_data"
 }},
 {"$unwind": "$demo_data"},
 {"$group": {
 "_id": "$demo_data.demo_de",
 "averagePopularity": {"$avg": "$popularity"}}},
 {"$project": {
 "_id": 0,
 "Type": "$_id",
 "Average_Popularity": {"$round": ["$averagePopularity", 2]}},
 {"$sort": {"averagePopularity": -1}}
])
 for result in results:
 print(result)
 execute_and_print_query_5()
```

✓ 0.2s

```
{'Type': 'Shounen', 'Average_Popularity': 1625.98}
{'Type': 'Seinen', 'Average_Popularity': 1601.88}
{'Type': 'Kids', 'Average_Popularity': 4514.74}
{'Type': 'Josei', 'Average_Popularity': 1917.42}
{'Type': 'Shoujo', 'Average_Popularity': 1752.13}
```

```
def execute_and_print_query_3():
 results = db.anime_ranking_table.aggregate([
 {"$match": {
 "$or": [
 {"title": "Yakitate!! Japan"},
 {"title": "Haikyuu!!"},
 {"title": "Gakuen Alice"},
 {"title": "Magi: The Kingdom of Magic"}
]
 }},
 {"$group": {
 "_id": "$title",
 "rank": {"$first": "$rank"},
 "popularity": {"$first": "$popularity"}}},
 {"$sort": {"rank": 1}},
 {"$project": {
 "_id": 0,
 "title": "$_id",
 "rank": 1,
 "popularity": 1}}
])
 for result in results:
 print(result)
 execute_and_print_query_3()
```

✓ 0.0s

```
{'rank': 131.0, 'popularity': 38, 'title': 'Haikyuu!!'}
{'rank': 278.0, 'popularity': 178, 'title': 'Magi: The Kingdom of Magic'}
{'rank': 649.0, 'popularity': 1816, 'title': 'Yakitate!! Japan'}
{'rank': 1213.0, 'popularity': 1787, 'title': 'Gakuen Alice'}
```

- performances.ipynb file

## Performance Measurement

- Each query function is designed to measure the time it takes to execute a MongoDB aggregate query.
- The `execute_query_10` function, for example, starts by recording the current time, runs the query, and then calculates the difference from the current time to get the execution time.
- This process is repeated 10 times for the query, each time appending the execution time to a list `execution_times_query_1`.
- After all repetitions are done, the maximum and minimum values are removed from this list to exclude outliers.
- The average execution time is then calculated by summing the remaining execution times and dividing by the number of these times, which should be 8 after removing the max and min values.
- The average time is then rounded to two decimal places for readability and printed out.

```
Query 6 Execution Function
def execute_query_6():
 start_time = time.time()
 db.anime_ranking_table.aggregate([
 {"$group": {
 "_id": "$studio_id",
 "averageRank": {"$avg": "$rank"}},
 {"$sort": {"averageRank": 1}},
 {"$limit": 5},
 {"$lookup": {
 "from": "studios.L",
 "localField": "_id",
 "foreignField": "studio_id",
 "as": "studio_info"}},
 {"$unwind": "$studio_info"},
 {"$group": {
 "_id": "$studio_info.studio_de",
 "averageRank": {"$first": "$averageRank"}},
 {"$sort": {"averageRank": 1}},
 {"$project": {
 "_id": 0,
 "studio": "$_id",
 "averageRank": {"$round": ["$averageRank", 2]}}}
])
 return time.time() - start_time

Measure the execution times for query 6
execution_times_query_6 = []
for _ in range(10):
 execution_time = execute_query_6()
 execution_times_query_6.append(execution_time)

Remove the maximum and minimum values for query 6
execution_times_query_6.remove(max(execution_times_query_6))
execution_times_query_6.remove(min(execution_times_query_6))

Calculate the average for query 6
average_time_query_6 = sum(execution_times_query_6) / len(execution_times_query_6)
average_time_query_6 = round(average_time_query_6, 2)
print(f"Average execution time for query 6: {average_time_query_6} seconds")

✓ 0.1s
```

Average execution time for query 6: 0.01 seconds

```
def execute_query_7():
 start_time = time.time()
 db.anime_ranking_table.aggregate([
 {"$lookup": {
 "from": "anime_table",
 "localField": "mal_id",
 "foreignField": "mal_id",
 "as": "anime_details"}},
 {"$unwind": "$anime_details"},
 {"$group": {
 "_id": {
 "year": "$anime_details.start_season.year",
 "season": "$anime_details.start_season.season"},
 "average_popularity": {"$avg": "$popularity"}},
 {"$project": {
 "_id": 0,
 "year": "$_id.year",
 "season": "$_id.season",
 "average_popularity": {"$round": ["$average_popularity", 2]}}}
])
 return time.time() - start_time

Measure the execution times for query 7
execution_times_query_7 = []
for _ in range(10):
 execution_time = execute_query_7()
 execution_times_query_7.append(execution_time)

Remove the maximum and minimum values for query 7
execution_times_query_7.remove(max(execution_times_query_7))
execution_times_query_7.remove(min(execution_times_query_7))

Calculate the average for query 7
average_time_query_7 = sum(execution_times_query_7) / len(execution_times_query_7)
average_time_query_7 = round(average_time_query_7, 2)
print(f"Average execution time for query 7: {average_time_query_7} seconds")

✓ 1m 53.9s
```

Average execution time for query 7: 11.4 seconds

- performances.ipynb file

## II. Description of Architecture

Our application use Streamlit

### Application Components

- **app\_user.py:**
  - The main functionalities could include querying the MongoDB database for specific data, displaying results to the user
- **app\_admin.py:**
  - There are features for performance monitoring, such as tracking query execution times, database load or statistics.
- **app\_analyst.py:**
  - This script offers an interactive interface for data analysts and business users to execute complex MongoDB queries. It includes customizable query parameters for manual input or dropdown selections.
  - Combines end-user queries and data analyst queries. End-user queries can be modified and come with options. Data analyst queries display certain statistics of the dataset

### MongoDB Database Configuration

- The MongoDB setup is configured for robust data handling and querying. The scripts include connection configurations to the MongoDB instance.
- The database is structured with multiple collections, each optimized for specific types of queries and data storage.

## Integration and Workflow

- The applications (app\_user.py and app\_admin.py) interface with the MongoDB database, facilitating data retrieval, manipulation, and administration.
- There might be a flow of data from MongoDB to these applications, enabling real-time data processing and presentation.

## III. Code Organization

- **Import Statements:** The script begins with importing necessary libraries such as `streamlit` for the web application interface, `pymongo` for MongoDB interaction, and `pandas` for data manipulation.
- **MongoDB Connection Configuration:** It establishes a connection to the MongoDB server and selects the `animeDB` database, setting up the foundation for database operations.
- **Utility Function:** A formatting function `format_without_commas` is defined to format numerical data, improving data readability in output.
- **Database Query Functions:** Several functions (`execute_query_1` to `execute_query_8`) are defined to execute specific queries on the MongoDB database. These functions are tailored to perform various analytical tasks like fetching popular anime by genre, retrieving data based on studio, and analyzing anime popularity over time, among others.
- **Streamlit Interface Setup:** The script uses Streamlit to create a user-friendly web interface. It includes layout definitions and input components (like select boxes and buttons) to interact with users.
- **Dynamic Query Execution:** Based on user selections, appropriate query functions are called to fetch and display results. This dynamic approach allows for a flexible and interactive user experience.
- **Results Presentation:** The script formats and presents the query results in a tabular format using Streamlit, making the data easily understandable and accessible to the end-users.

This structure demonstrates a well-organized and functional approach to building an analytical application with interactive features and efficient data processing capabilities.

