

# Mathematical modeling in science, engineering, and economics

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## 1 Network of springs and dashpots

We consider a network of springs and dashpots which connect some masses. Define the following physical parameters:

$M_k$  = mass at node  $k$

$S_{jk}$  = spring constant between node  $j$  and node  $k$

$D_{jk}$  = dashpot constant between node  $j$  and node  $k$

$R_{jk}^0$  = resting link of spring between node  $j$  and node  $k$

For a mass  $k$ , let  $N(k)$  be the index set of masses which are connected to mass  $k$ . Let  $\mathbf{X}_k$  and  $\mathbf{U}_k$  be the position and velocity vectors of mass  $k$  respectively. The equations of motion for this network of masses connected by springs and dashpots are

$$M_k \frac{d\mathbf{U}_k}{dt} = \sum_{j \in N(k)} T_{jk} \frac{\mathbf{X}_j - \mathbf{X}_k}{\|\mathbf{X}_j - \mathbf{X}_k\|} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{d\mathbf{X}_k}{dt} = \mathbf{U}_k \quad (2)$$

$$T_{jk} = S_{jk} (\|\mathbf{X}_j - \mathbf{X}_k\| - R_{jk}^0) + D_{jk} \frac{d}{dt} \|\mathbf{X}_j - \mathbf{X}_k\| \quad (3)$$

Equation (1) is a statement of force balance. Notice the total force on mass  $k$  is the sum of forces which each point in the direction from mass  $j$  to  $k$  given by the unit vector  $\frac{\mathbf{X}_j - \mathbf{X}_k}{\|\mathbf{X}_j - \mathbf{X}_k\|}$ , with magnitude  $T_{jk}$ .