

1. What is $\|x\|$ when $x = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$

2. $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} =$

3. TRUE or FALSE: If x and y are perpendicular (orthogonal) then $x^T y = 0$.
Hint: what operation is equivalent to $x^T y$? What is the geometric definition of this operation?

4. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} =$

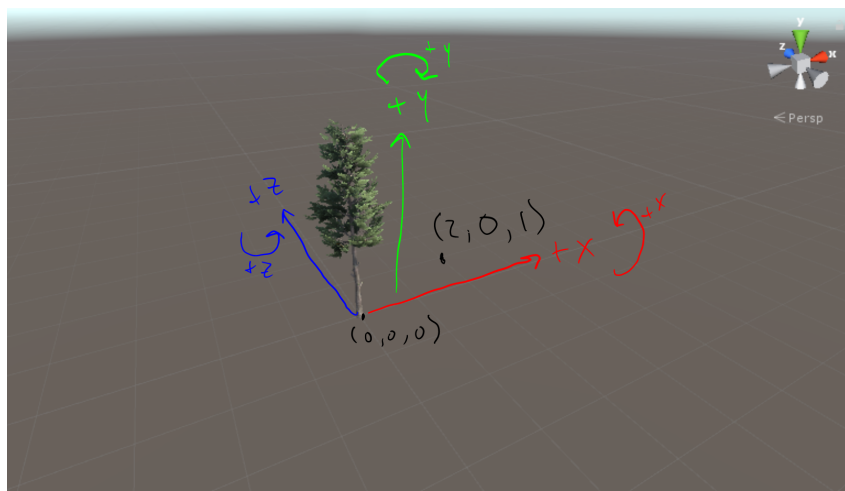
5. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} =$

6. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -2 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -6 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} =$

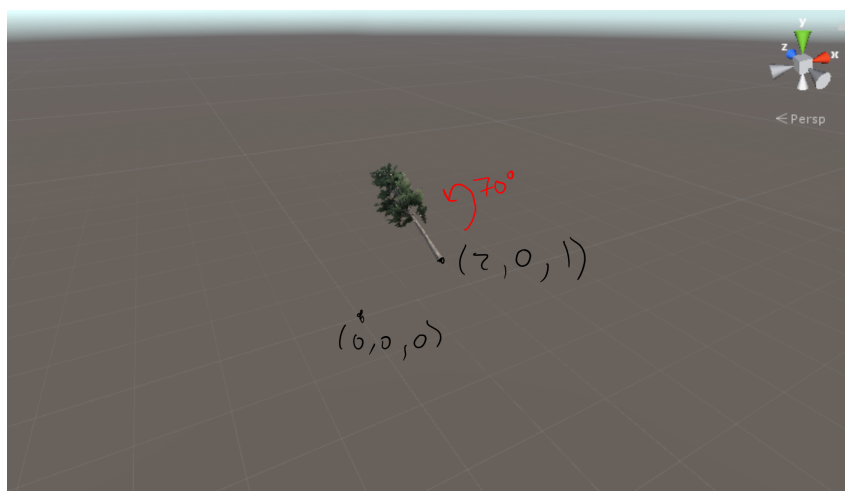
7. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & -5 \\ 5 & -1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} =$

8. $\begin{bmatrix} -4 & -y \\ -2x & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -4x & 0 \\ 2y & -5 \end{bmatrix} =$

9. Consider the following scene in Unity:



This scene shows a tree located at the origin, position $(0, 0, 0)$ in world space, with no rotation. We would like to apply a translation and rotation transformation to move the tree such that it is located at position $(2, 0, 1)$ in world space and is rotated 70° around the x axis, as in the following figure (remember that for rotation Unity uses a *left-handed* coordinate system):



To accomplish this transformation, we can first apply a *translation* and then apply a *rotation*. Fill in the translation and rotation matrices below that would accomplish this transformation:

<i>Translation</i>	<i>Rotation</i>
$\begin{bmatrix} _ & _ & _ & _ \\ _ & _ & _ & _ \\ _ & _ & _ & _ \\ _ & _ & _ & _ \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} _ & _ & _ & _ \\ _ & _ & _ & _ \\ _ & _ & _ & _ \\ _ & _ & _ & _ \end{bmatrix}$

10. What would the world space coordinates of the tree be if we reversed the order of multiplication in Problem 9 (i.e., if we first rotated the tree and then translated it)?

Hint: You can think about this either as an affine transformation or as a conversion to a new coordinate system. If we consider it a conversion to a new coordinate system, we first rotate our local coordinate system around the global x -axis by 70° . What does that do to our local x , y , and z axis? What does one unit of translation along each of these new basis vectors represent in terms of translation along our original basis vectors? If we translate from $(0, 0, 0)$ to $(2, 0, 1)$ in the new coordinate space, that's the same as saying move two units along our new local x -axis and one unit along our new local z axis, so what is our new coordinate in world space?