The obtained table consists of a single row. So, the machine is definite. Its order is the number of steps required to obtain the single state machine, and here it is 4.

The obtained table consists of a single row. So, the machine is definite. Its order is the number of steps required to obtain the single state machine, and here it is 4.

The obtained table consists of a single row. So, the machine is definite. Its order is the number of steps required to obtain the single state machine, and here it is 4.

	Next State,Z	
Present State	X=0	X=1
Α	B,1	A,1
В	D,0	B,0
C	D,0	B,1
D	E,1	C,1
E	A,1	B,0

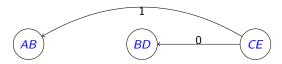
Solution: The first step to test whether a machine is lossless or not is to construct a testing table. The testing table is divided into two halves.

Solution: The first step to test whether a machine is lossless or not is to construct a testing table. The testing table is divided into two halves.

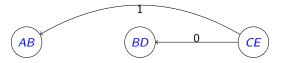
	Next State	
Present State	z = 0	z = 1
А	-	(AB)
В	(BD)	_
C	D	В
D	_	(CE)
E	В	Α
(AB)	_	_
(BD)	-	_
(CE)	(BD)	(AB)

The testing graph for the machine is

The testing graph for the machine is



The testing graph for the machine is



The testing graph for information losslessness is loop-free. The order of losslessness is $\mu=1+2=3$. The length of the longest path of the graph is 1.

 $206 \mid$ Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation

206 | Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation

206 | Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation

	Next State,O/P	
Present State	X=0	X=1
Α	B,1	C,1
В	D,0	E,0
C	A,1	F,1
D	C,0	B,0
E	F,1	A,0
F	E,0	D,0

206 | Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation

	Next State,O/P	
Present State	X=0	X=1
A	B,1	C,1
В	D,0	E,0
С	A,1	F,1
D	C,0	B,0
E	F,1	A,0
F	E,0	D,0

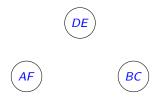
	Next State	
Present State	z = 0	z = 1
A	-	ВС
В	DE	_
C	_	AF
D	ВС	_
E	_	AF
F	DE	-
AF	_	_
BC	_	_
DE	_	_

The testing graph for the machine is



$$\left(AF\right)$$

The testing graph for the machine is



The testing graph for information losslessness is loop-free. The order of losslessness is $\mu=0+2=2$. The length of the longest path of the graph is 0.

	Next State,O/P	
Present State	X=0	X=1
A	B,0	E,0
В	E,0	D,0
C	D,1	A,1
D	C,1	E,0
E	B,0	D,0

	Next State	
Present State	z = 0	z=1
А	BE	_
В	DE	_
C	Α	D
D	Е	C
E	BD	_
BD	(DE)(EE)	
BE	(BD)(DE)	_
DE	(BE)(DE)	_

	Next State	
Present State	z = 0	z = 1
Α	BE	
В	DE	_
С	Α	D
D	Е	C
E	BD	_
BD	(DE)(EE)	
BE	(BD)(DE)	_
DE	(BE)(DE)	

The testing table contains repeated entry (EE). Therefore, the machine is a lossy machine.

	Next State,O/P	
Present State	X = 0	X = 1
Α	B, 1	C, 0
В	B, 1	D, 1
С	E, 1	B, 0
D	A, 0	E, 0
E	F, 0	D, 1
F	A, 1	D, 0

	Next State,O/P	
Present State	X = 0	X = 1
Α	B, 1	C, 0
В	B, 1	D, 1
C	E, 1	B, 0
D	A, 0	E, 0
E	F, 0	D, 1
F	A, 1	D, 0

208 | Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation

208 | Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation

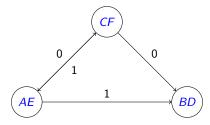
	Next State	
Present State	z = 0	z = 1
А	С	В
В		(BD)
C	В	Е
D	(AE)	
E	F	D
F	D	Α
AE	CF	BD
BD		
CF	BD	ΑE

 $208 \mid$ Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation

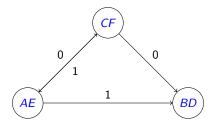
	Next State	
Present State	z = 0	z = 1
А	С	В
В		(BD)
C	В	Е
D	(AE)	
E	F	D
F	D	Α
AE	CF	BD
BD		
CF	BD	AE

The testing graph for the machine is

The testing graph for the machine is



The testing graph for the machine is



The testing graph contains a loop. So, the machine is not information lossless of finite order. The order of losslessness $\mu=2+2=4$. The length of the longest path of the graph is 2.

20. The state table of a finite state machine M is as follows. Check whether the machine M is information lossless. If it is information lossless, then determine the order of losslessness.

[WBUT 2003]

20. The state table of a finite state machine M is as follows. Check whether the machine M is information lossless. If it is information lossless, then determine the order of losslessness.

[WBUT 2003]

	Next State,O/P	
Present State	X = 0	X = 1
А	A, 0	B, 0
В	C, 0	D, 0
С	D, 1	C, 1
D	B, 1	A, 0

20. The state table of a finite state machine M is as follows. Check whether the machine M is information lossless. If it is information lossless, then determine the order of losslessness.

[WBUT 2003]

	Next State,O/P	
Present State	X = 0	X = 1
Α	A, 0	B, 0
В	C, 0	D, 0
C	D, 1	C, 1
D	B, 1	A, 0