

$$EX = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_X(x) dx$$

$$Eg(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x) \cdot f_X(x) dx \Rightarrow$$

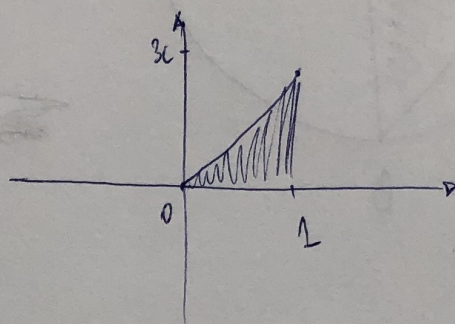
$$\Rightarrow EX^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f_X(x) dx$$

$$P(X \in [a, b]) = \int_a^b f_X(x) dx = F_X(b) - F_X(a)$$

2. $f_X(x) = \begin{cases} c(x^2 + 2x) & x \in [0, L] \\ 0 & x \notin [0, L] \end{cases}$

состояние на X

$$f_X(y) = \begin{cases} c(y^2 + 2y) & y \in [0, L] \\ 0 & y \notin [0, L] \end{cases}$$



а) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) dx = 1$

$$\int_0^L c(x^2 + 2x) dx = 1$$

$$c \left(\frac{x^3}{3} + 2 \frac{x^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^L = c \left(\frac{L^3}{3} \right) = 1$$

найд. $c = \frac{3}{L^3}$

б) EX и $DX = ?$

$$EX = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_X(x) dx = \int_0^L x \cdot \frac{3}{L^3} (x^2 + 2x) dx =$$

$$= \frac{3}{L^3} \left(\frac{x^4}{4} + 2 \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^L = \frac{3}{L^3} \left(\frac{L^4}{4} + \frac{2L^3}{3} \right) = \frac{11}{16}$$

$$DX = EX^2 - (EX)^2$$

$$EX^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f_X(x) dx = \int_0^L x^2 \cdot \frac{3}{L^3} (x^2 + 2x) dx$$

$$DX = EX^2 - (EX)^2 \text{ и значение}$$

3) $P(X \leq EX) = P(X \leq \frac{11}{16})$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{11}{16}} \frac{3}{L^3} (x^2 + 2x) dx = \text{найд}$$

Найд. $F_X(x)$

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{ако } x < 0 \\ \int_0^x \frac{3}{L^3} (y^2 + 2y) dy & \text{ако } x \in [0, L] \\ 1 & \text{ако } x > L \end{cases}$$

* $P(X \leq a) = F_X(a)$!

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